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G.m.b.H.
STRASSBURG/E.

Quartett

für

Pianoforte, Violine, Bratsche
und Violoncell

komponiert von

Leander Schlegel.

Op. 14.



Eigentum des Verlegers für alle Länder.

Süddeutscher Musikverlag G. m. b. H., Strassburg i. E.

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165068

51311
aan mijn getrouwen vriend
O. D. Emrik
in hartelijke begroetingen
L. Schlegel
September 1908

Ihrer Durchlaucht

Prinzessin Hermann zu Solms-Braunfels,

geborene Prinzessin Reuß, jüngerer Linie,

gewidmet

SCHNVC.

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L

S



QUARTETT.

I.

L. Schlegel, Op. 14.

*Allegro moderato.**

Violine.

Bratsche.

Violoncell.

Klavier.

p *mp* *p* *mp*

p (*sehr ruhig*) *R.* *L.* *R.* *R.*

Steter Pedalwechsel.

poco espress. e sosten. p

R. *L.* *R.* *R.*

L. *mf* *(p)* *S.* *(p)* *R.* *dim.*

* Die Bezeichnung „alla breve“ hat nur metrische Bedeutung und durchaus keinen Einfluss auf die Temponahme.

This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a complex texture with triplets and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *p* (piano). The second system continues the piano accompaniment with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The third system introduces a vocal line with lyrics "1" and "2" and a piano accompaniment with a *cresc.* marking. The fourth system features a vocal line with lyrics "3" and "4" and a piano accompaniment with a *cresc.* marking. The fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics "5" and "6" and a piano accompaniment with a *cresc.* marking. The sixth system features a vocal line with lyrics "7" and "8" and a piano accompaniment with a *cresc.* marking. The page concludes with a section marked "A" and a *f appass.* (forte appassionato) instruction.

Musical notation includes various dynamics (*mp*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *appass.*), articulation (*tr.*, *acc.*), and performance instructions (*poco f. ed animato*, *cresc. molto*, *ben f.*, *ris. f.*, *espress.*). The notation also includes triplets, sixteenth notes, and a variety of rests.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line in treble clef, a vocal line in alto clef, and a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The piano part begins with the instruction *espress.* (espressivo).

Second system of musical notation, continuing the vocal and piano parts from the first system.

Third system of musical notation, continuing the vocal and piano parts.

Fourth system of musical notation. This system includes the instruction *sempre f* (sempre forte) written above the vocal staves and below the piano accompaniment staves.

First system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music includes a melodic line in the treble and a more active line in the bass. A measure rest of 8 measures is indicated in the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, marked with a section letter 'B'. It includes dynamic markings *mp* and *meno f espress.*. A measure rest of 8 measures is indicated in the bass staff.

Third system of musical notation, featuring dynamic markings *espress.* and *mf*. The bass staff includes fingerings 1, 5, and 5.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring tempo markings *rit.* and *a tempo*, and dynamic markings *p* and *espress.*. The bass staff includes the marking *rit.*.

First system of the musical score. It features three staves: two vocal staves (soprano and alto) and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has a treble and bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo/mood is marked *mp*. The system concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending marked *L.* and a second ending marked *R.*

Second system of the musical score. The piano part continues with a treble and bass staff. The vocal staves have notes with lyrics. The piano part is marked *poco f* and *espress.* (expressive). The system concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending marked *L.* and a second ending marked *R.*

Third system of the musical score. The piano part continues with a treble and bass staff. The vocal staves have notes with lyrics. The piano part is marked *poco f* and *espress.* (expressive). The system concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending marked *L.* and a second ending marked *R.*

Fourth system of the musical score. The piano part continues with a treble and bass staff. The vocal staves have notes with lyrics. The piano part is marked *poco f* and *espress.* (expressive). The system concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending marked *L.* and a second ending marked *R.*

Fifth system of the musical score. The piano part continues with a treble and bass staff. The vocal staves have notes with lyrics. The piano part is marked *poco f* and *espress.* (expressive). The system concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending marked *L.* and a second ending marked *R.*

sul C
 pochettino portato
 molto sosten.
 mild
 molto sost.
 pp
 pp
 sempre sost.
 dolce
 a tempo
 Tenore espress.
 mp
 mf
 mf
 aspress.

Musical score for piano and voice, page 8. The score is in G major and 4/4 time. It features a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has a complex texture with many triplets and sixteenth notes. The vocal line is sparse, with long rests. The score includes various dynamics and tempo markings.

Dynamics and markings include: *mp*, *poco rit.*, *p*, *ben rit.*, *poco rit.*, *molto*, *D a tempo*, *mf espress.*, *p a tempo*, *poco f espress.*, *mf*, *f risoluto*, *f*, and *f risoluto*.

risoluto

appass.

appass.

appass.

appass.

la melodia ware, e ben f

dolce

dolce

express.

dolce

dolce

mp duftig

R

Musical score for piano and voice. The score is written for three systems, each containing a vocal line (soprano, alto, and tenor) and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

Dynamics and markings include:

- p* (piano)
- molto f* (very forte)
- f* (forte)
- espress.* (espressivo)
- trca.* (trancelato)
- p duftig* (piano, dreamy)
- sempre dim.* (diminuendo)
- agitato* (agitated)
- impetuoso* (impetuous)
- sostenuto* (sustained)
- stets einsamer* (always alone)
- 4 3* (fingerings)
- L R* (left and right hand)

The score features a variety of musical textures, including melodic lines, arpeggiated figures, and dense harmonic blocks. The piano part includes a section marked *sostenuto* with a long, sustained melody in the right hand.

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely a score for a piano piece. The notation is arranged in several systems, each containing multiple staves. The top system includes a vocal line (soprano, alto, and tenor) and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle system is marked 'F' and 'tempo sostenuto', with a piano part featuring a wide interval and a melodic line. The bottom system includes a piano part with a wide interval and a melodic line, and a vocal line with a melodic line. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p', 'rit.', 'espress.', and 'ben pronunciato'. The page is numbered '1' in the top right corner.

Musical score for piano and orchestra, page 12. The score is in G major and 3/4 time. It features a piano part with a left hand (L) and a right hand (R), and an orchestra part with strings and woodwinds. The piano part includes a section with a "cresc." marking and a "p subito" marking. The orchestra part includes a section with a "sempre" marking and a "molto f" marking. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with various dynamics and articulations.

First system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: two vocal staves (soprano and alto) and a piano accompaniment staff. The vocal staves have lyrics. The piano part features a complex melodic line with many accidentals and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5.

dim. *espress.* *p* *espress.* *dolce* *p poco espress.*

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The piano part has a more active, rhythmic character.

pp *espress.* *dolce* *dim.* *poco rit.* *dim.* *poco rit.* *dim.* *poco rit.*

Third system of the musical score, starting with a section marked 'a tempo'. It includes vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has a more active, rhythmic character. The vocal part has lyrics. The piano part has a more active, rhythmic character.

a tempo *a tempo* *a tempo* *weich, doch sehr gehoben* *L* *poco f*

Fourth system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano part has a more active, rhythmic character. The vocal part has lyrics. The piano part has a more active, rhythmic character.

appass. *espress.* *sempre*

The musical score is written for piano and includes the following elements:

- First System:** Features a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur and the instruction *sempre più f*. The left hand provides harmonic support. Dynamics include *ben f* and *ff rit.* The tempo marking *largamente* is present.
- Second System:** Includes a section marked with a large 'H' and the tempo *f appassionato molto*. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur.
- Third System:** Continues the *f appassionato molto* section. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur. The tempo marking *al tempo* is present.
- Fourth System:** Features a section marked *più f* in both hands. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur.
- Fifth System:** Continues the *più f* section. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur.
- Sixth System:** Features a section marked *f marcato* in both hands. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur.
- Seventh System:** Continues the *f marcato* section. The right hand has a melodic line with a slur, and the left hand has a bass line with a slur.

etwas drängen
mp espress.

This system contains three staves. The top two staves (treble and alto clefs) show a melodic line with some rests. The bottom staff (bass clef) provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The tempo/mood marking *mp espress.* is placed above the bottom staff.

mp *f*

This system continues the musical piece. The bottom staff features a more active accompaniment with triplets and dynamic markings *mp* and *f*. The top two staves continue their melodic development.

con impeto
ben f *sempre f*

This system is characterized by a strong, driving accompaniment in the bottom staff, marked *con impeto* and *ben f*. The top two staves have melodic lines with slurs and dynamic markings *sempre f*.

sosten.
mp *sosten.*

This system shows a change in texture. The bottom staff has a sustained accompaniment marked *sosten.* and *mp*. The top two staves have melodic lines with a final *sosten.* marking. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Sehr ruhig.

[illegible]

First system of the musical score. It includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are marked *sosten.* and *ff*. The piano part features *sosten. R* and *dim.* markings. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat).

Second system of the musical score. It includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are marked *rit.* and *sempre*. The piano part features *rit.* and *p* markings. A section marked **K** *Tempo I.* begins. The key signature changes to two flats (B-flat, E-flat).

Third system of the musical score. It includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are marked *mp* and *p*. The piano part features *mp* and *p* markings. The key signature remains two flats (B-flat, E-flat).

Fourth system of the musical score. It includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are marked *p* and *R*. The piano part features *p* and *R* markings. The key signature remains two flats (B-flat, E-flat).

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century manuscript. It consists of five systems of staves, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a single staff for the right hand. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and ornaments. Dynamics like *mp*, *p*, *f*, *dim.*, *cresc.*, and *ben f* are used throughout. Performance instructions such as *dim.*, *cresc.*, *ben f*, and *risoluto f* are also present. The page is numbered 10 in the bottom right corner.

This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and dynamic markings. The first system features a vocal line with a fermata and a piano accompaniment starting with a *f* *passionato* marking. The second system includes a piano accompaniment with a *f* *pass.* marking and a vocal line with a *R* (ritardando) marking. The third system shows a piano accompaniment with an *espress.* (espressivo) marking. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment with a *f* marking. The fifth system features a piano accompaniment with a *tr* (trill) marking. The sixth system shows a piano accompaniment with a *tr* marking and a vocal line with a *tr* marking. The notation is written in a style typical of 19th-century musical manuscripts, with a focus on expressive performance.

f *passionato*

espress.

f *pass.*

R

espress.

f

tr

tr

sempre *f*

sempre *f*

sempre *f*

sempre *f*

8

molto rit. molto

a tempo, molto più sosten.

cresc.

molto rit. molto

a tempo, molto più sosten.

cresc.

molto rit. molto

a tempo, molto più sosten.

cresc.

molto rit.

a tempo, molto più sosten.

cresc. - - - molto

gran f

ben rit.

gran f

ben rit.

gran f

ben rit.

gran f

ben rit. - - -

M. a tempo

a tempo

a tempo

a tempo

legato

f

p mit gehobener Declamation

sul G

poco

molto rit.

a tempo

cresc.

più dolce

pp

pp

portato

pp

p

sehr ruhig

f sempre molto appass.

f

molto rit.

dolce teneramente
cresc.
subito
molto espress.
a tempo, ben sosten.
N *Più lento.*
ritard.
poco dim.
Più lento.
cresc. e rit. molto -
cresc. e rit. molto -
cresc. e rit. molto -
cresc. e rit. molto
espress. dolce
a tempo (Hauptzeitmaß)
a tempo (Hauptzeitmaß)
espress. dolce
a tempo (Hauptzeitmaß)
3
p a tempo (Hauptzeitmaß)
2

poco f
poco f
mf
molto cresc.
molto cresc.
molto cresc.
molto cresc.
f
risoluto animato
risoluto animato
risoluto animato
risoluto animato
appass.
appass.
appass.
appass.

0 *br. f* *la melodia molto marc.*
br. f
br. f
ben f
sosten.
sosten.
sosten.
dim.
sosten.
a tempo
p *dolce*
a tempo *p* *dolce*
a tempo *p* *dolce*
p
a tempo
L *(duftig)*
L
E
 51

poco f
mp
poco f
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
espress.
espress.
p sosten.
p sosten.
p sosten.
sosten.
p

mp
mp
p
c.8
c.8
c.8
p
p
p
p
p

arco

arco

arco

1

2

2

langsamer, (sehr ruhig)

p (traumverloren)

p dolce

p

sempre p (dolce)

Tempo I.

poco accel. *ppp* *rit. molto* *p*

poco accel. *cresc.* *sempre* *poco espressa.* *rit. molto* *p*

poco accel. *cresc.* *sempre* *rit. molto* *p*

accelerando poco a poco - cresc. - sempre

Ped. ten.

B langsamer (sehr ruhig) *p*

p *traumverloren*

p

p

The musical score is organized into five systems, each containing three staves (two for piano and one for voice). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

System 1: The piano part begins with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a 2/4 time signature. It features a series of chords and moving lines. The voice part enters with a melody. Dynamics include *espress.*, *poco espress.*, *accel.*, *cresc.*, *acc.*, *cresc. sempre*, and *cresc.*.

System 2: The tempo changes to *a tempo*. The piano part has a section marked *L* (Lento). The voice part has a section marked *rit.* (ritardando). Dynamics include *mp*, *mp espress.*, and *mp*.

System 3: The tempo returns to *a tempo*. The piano part has a section marked *L*. The voice part has a section marked *sempre*. Dynamics include *più p*, *sosten.*, *p*, *mf*, *animato*, *cresc. molto*, and *mf*.

System 4: The piano part has a section marked *più p*, *sosten.*, *p*, *mf*, *animato*, *cresc. molto*, and *mf*. The voice part has a section marked *più p*, *sosten.*, *p*, *mf*, *animato*, *cresc. molto*, and *mf*.

System 5: The piano part has a section marked *più p*, *sosten.*, *p*, *mf*, *animato*, *cresc. molto*, and *mf*. The voice part has a section marked *più p*, *sosten.*, *p*, *mf*, *animato*, *cresc. molto*, and *mf*.

The score concludes with a final section marked *L* (Lento) in the piano part, featuring a series of chords and a final cadence.

The musical score is written for piano and includes the following dynamic markings and performance instructions:

- ben f* (very fortissimo)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- mf appass. molto* (mezzo-forte, very passionate)
- G* (Crescendo hairpin)
- sempre più f* (always getting louder)
- sempre f* (always fortissimo)

The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5). The piece is in a key with two sharps (D major or F# minor) and a 2/4 time signature.

D

poco f

meno f

sosten.

f

molto f

tonvoll

E

rit.

più moderato sin al 8

espress. mp

più moderato sin al 8

legato molto

Musical score for a piano and voice piece, page 31. The score is in G major and 4/4 time. It features a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has a complex harmonic structure with many chords and arpeggios. The vocal line is in a higher register and includes some melodic leaps. The score includes various musical markings such as *cresc.*, *rit.*, *Tempo I.*, *più lento*, *p*, *espress.*, *dim.*, *poco f*, *ben f*, *mp legg.*, and *poco f espress.*

III. Sarabanda.

Andante, ma molto sostenuto.

The musical score is for a piece titled "III. Sarabanda." in 3/4 time, marked "Andante, ma molto sostenuto." The score is written for a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a piano part (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score is divided into four systems. The first system shows the grand staff with a piano part. The second system continues the piano part. The third system shows a change in tempo to "das Tempo ein wenig dringender" and includes dynamics like "mf", "molto", and "f". The fourth system continues the tempo change and includes dynamics like "mp", "mf", "molto", and "f".

The first system includes dynamics *mp* and *più p*. The second system includes dynamics *p* and *dim.*. The third system includes dynamics *mf*, *molto*, and *f*. The fourth system includes dynamics *mp*, *mf*, *molto*, and *f*.

molto con affetto

molto con affetto *sempre* *dim. subito*

molto con affetto *sempre* *dim. subito*

molto con affetto *sempre* *dim. subito*

dim.

p con gran espressione *f* *mf*

p *crac.* *f* *mf*

espress. molto *f* *mf*

auf stets mit gehobener Deklamation
 auf stets mit gehobener Deklamation

dim. mf
 molto f ff
 molto f ff
 meno f dim.
 meno f dim.
 meno f dim.
 mp f dim.
 mp dim. R

Violin I: *dolce, e espress.* *molto espress.* *sosten.*

Violin II: *dolce* *molto espress.* *sosten.*

Piano: *dolce* *molto espress.* *sosten.*

lunga

Poco meno sostenuto.

Poco meno sostenuto.

The score is written for a piano and features a variety of musical textures and dynamics. It includes several systems of staves, with some systems having multiple staves for different instruments or voices. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and various musical notations such as notes, rests, and ornaments. Dynamics like *pp*, *p*, *mf*, *f*, *ppress.*, and *ppocof* are used throughout. There are also markings for *3* (triplets) and *pp* (pianissimo). The score is presented in a clear, professional layout with a light background and dark musical notation.

poco rit. *a tempo*

poco f *poco rit.*

poco f *virt. Ten*

poco f *poco rit.* *f a tempo*

molto cresc. *ff*

molto cresc. *ff*

molto cresc. *ff*

meno f *meno f*

meno f

L *R*

S. M. V. 220

etwas drängen im Tempo

etwas drängen im Tempo

etwas drängen im Tempo

etwas drängen im Tempo

poco dim.

poco dim.

poco dim.

poco dim.

sempre

sempre

sempre

sempre

p

dim.

p

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

ben p

cresc. molto

trem.

f

ff impetuoso

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely for a piano piece. The page contains several systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The music is written in a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system features a complex piano introduction with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the bass and sustained chords in the treble. Subsequent systems include vocal or instrumental lines with the instruction "sempre f larg." (always forte and largo). The notation continues with more complex passages, including triplets and rapid runs, interspersed with simpler harmonic sections. The page concludes with a final system featuring a triplet in the bass and a sustained chord in the treble.

Musical score for a piano piece, page 40. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It features a complex piano introduction with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the right hand and sustained chords in the left. The main section begins with a *larg. molto* tempo marking. The score includes various dynamics such as *mf espress.*, *f*, *meno f*, *mp*, *p*, and *dim.*. A section marked *con malinconia* appears towards the end of the page. The piece concludes with a final chord in the piano.

con malinconia
mf espress.
con malinconia
mf
mf
espress.
ten.
ten.
ten.
ten.
ben f
ben f
ben f
ben f
cant.
con gran espressione
appass.
appass.
appass.
poco f
mp
mp
mp
dim. sempre
p
molto f
molto f
attacca
attacca
attacca
dim. sempre
p
molto f
molto f
attacca
col ottava
molto f
attacca

IV. Finale.

Allegro brioso, più tosto moderato, ma risoluto.

The musical score is arranged in three systems, each containing four staves. The first system includes the following markings: *molto f marc.* (repeated on the first three staves) and *molto f marc.* (on the fourth staff). The second system includes a large 'L' marking at the bottom right. The third system includes the following markings: *mp*, *cresc. molto*, *f*, and *ben rit.* (repeated on the first three staves); *mp*, *cresc. molto*, *f*, and *ben rit.* (repeated on the fourth staff); and *mp*, *cresc. molto*, *f quasi Tromba*, and *ben rit.* (on the fifth staff). The score concludes with a double bar line and a final 'L' marking.

f molto rit. *a tempo* *espress.* *meno f*

f molto rit. *a tempo* *espress.* *meno f*

f molto rit. *a tempo* *espress.* *meno f*

molto rit. *a tempo* *meno f*

molto f

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

f

f

f

L.

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

cresc. molto

44

ben rit. a tempo

ben rit. a tempo

ben rit. a tempo

ff ben rit. a tempo

sempre f

sempre f

rit. a tempo, ma larg.

rit. a tempo, ma larg.

rit. a tempo, ma larg.

rit. a tempo, ma larg.

rit. pesante molto

rit. pesante molto

rit. pesante molto

rit. pesante molto

a tempo, sosten. p espress.

a tempo, sosten. p espress.

a tempo, sosten. p espress.

a tempo, sosten. p espress.

Musical score for a piece in G major, featuring a guitar and piano. The score is written in 3/4 time and consists of 12 measures. The notation includes various dynamics (forte, piano, mezzo-forte, mezzo-piano), articulations (accents, slurs), and performance instructions (fret 4, colla parte, cresc., espress.). The guitar part is written in treble clef, and the piano part is written in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

First system of the musical score. It consists of five staves: two treble clefs, two bass clefs, and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. Dynamics include *mf*, *mp*, and *dim.* (diminuendo). The grand staff features complex chordal textures.

Second system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: two treble clefs and one bass clef. The music continues with a *mf* dynamic. The notation is simpler, focusing on melodic lines.

Third system of the musical score. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The music is marked *p* (piano). Above the treble staff, the text "die nämliche Viertelbewegung" (the same quarter-note movement) is written. The bass staff has a *legato* marking. The system ends with a *con anima* marking and a *mf* dynamic.

Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The music is marked *4* (quarta). The treble staff has a *poco* (poco) marking. The bass staff has a *sosten.* (sostenuto) marking. The system ends with a *p* (piano) dynamic.

Fifth system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: two treble clefs and one bass clef. The music is marked *pp* (pianissimo). The treble staff has a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The system ends with a *poco f* (poco fortissimo) marking.

Sixth system of the musical score. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The music is marked *espress.* (espressivo). The system ends with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking.

mf immer wärmer *appass.*

mf immer wärmer

f *mf* *mf* *f*

benf *sosten.* *mf espress.*

benf *sosten.* *f*

benf *sosten.* *f*

mf espress. *sosten.*

sosten.

10

First system of the musical score. It consists of five staves: three vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and two piano staves. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked *cresc. molto* for the vocal parts and *cresc. molto* for the piano. The dynamics include *f* (forte) and *sosten.* (sostenuto). The system ends with a repeat sign.

Second system of the musical score, marked with a large 'E' at the beginning. It consists of five staves. The tempo is marked *a tempo* for all parts. The dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *sim.* (simile). The system ends with a repeat sign.

Third system of the musical score. It consists of five staves. The tempo is marked *sempre f* (sempre forte) for the vocal parts and *sempre f* for the piano. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of five staves. The tempo is marked *molto rit.* (molto ritardando) for the vocal parts and *molto rit.* for the piano. The dynamics include *marcato molto* and *L.* (Lento). The system ends with a repeat sign.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century manuscript. It consists of several systems of staves, including vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Key markings and dynamics include:

- a tempo* (multiple instances)
- cresc.* (crescendo)
- largo.* (multiple instances)
- ff* (fortissimo)
- f* (forte)
- meno f* (meno forte)
- meno* (meno)
- espress.* (espressivo)
- dim.* (diminuendo)
- p* (piano)
- più p* (più piano)
- p espress.* (piano espressivo)

The notation is written in a style characteristic of 19th-century musical manuscripts, with a focus on expressive performance.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The system includes a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The vocal line begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, a quarter note B4, and a half note C5. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. Dynamic markings include *cresc.* and *dim.*.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The vocal line continues with a half note D5, a quarter note E5, a quarter note F5, and a half note G5. The piano accompaniment maintains its rhythmic pattern. Dynamic markings include *mp a parte*, *poco f. espress.*, and *mp*.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The vocal line features a half note A5, a quarter note B5, a quarter note C6, and a half note D6. The piano accompaniment continues with its characteristic eighth-note texture. Dynamic markings include *molto espress.* and *espress.*.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. The vocal line concludes with a half note E6, a quarter note F6, a quarter note G6, and a half note A6. The piano accompaniment features a final cadence. Dynamic markings include *L.* and *5/2*, *5/3*, *5/2*.

[illegible]

The musical score is arranged in systems of five staves each. The first system includes a piano (p) dynamic marking. The second system features a *cresc. poco a poco* marking. The third system continues the *cresc. poco a poco* instruction. The fourth system introduces a *poco f* dynamic and a *molto cresc.* marking. The fifth system includes a *Tempo I.* marking and a *ben f* dynamic. The sixth system features a *larg.* marking and a *ben f* dynamic. The seventh system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The eighth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The ninth system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The tenth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The eleventh system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The twelfth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The thirteenth system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The fourteenth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The fifteenth system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The sixteenth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The seventeenth system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The eighteenth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The nineteenth system includes a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic. The twentieth system features a *ben f* dynamic and a *ben f* dynamic.

The score is written for a piano and strings. The piano part is on the left, and the string parts are on the right. The piano part includes a variety of musical notations, including chords, scales, and arpeggios. The string parts are primarily composed of sustained notes and chords. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *ben f* (very forte). The tempo markings include *Tempo I.* and *larg.* (largo). The score is numbered 53 in the top right corner.

C. 82

Musical score for a piece in G major, featuring vocal and piano parts. The score is divided into systems, each containing vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano staves (Right and Left Hand).

System 1: The vocal parts begin with a melodic line. The piano accompaniment features a prominent arpeggiated figure in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand.

System 2: The vocal parts continue their melodic development. The piano accompaniment maintains the arpeggiated texture. Dynamics include *sempre f* (always forte) and *cresc. molto* (increase very much).

System 3: The vocal parts show more complex phrasing. The piano accompaniment includes a section marked *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *cresc. molto*.

System 4: The vocal parts reach a more active section. The piano accompaniment features a dense chordal texture. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *rit. molto* (ritardando very much), *a tempo*, and *meno f* (less forte).

System 5: The vocal parts conclude with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a section marked *molto rit. f* (very much ritardando, forte) and *a tempo*.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The piano part includes a section marked *c. s.* (crescendo) and *ben rit.* (ben ritardando).

This page of musical notation consists of eight systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line (treble and bass clefs) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The third system features a grand staff for piano with a 'cresc.' marking. The fourth system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment, with 'cresc.' and 'f' markings. The fifth system features a grand staff for piano with a 'cresc.' marking. The sixth system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment, with 'cresc.' and 'f' markings. The seventh system features a grand staff for piano with a 'cresc. molto' marking. The eighth system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment, with 'cresc. molto' and 'ff molto rit.' markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

a tempo
sf
a tempo
sf
a tempo
sf
sf a tempo

rit.
rit.
ff
ff
rit.
L1
L1
rit.

rit.
rit.
lorg.
rit.
rit.
a tempo
mp espress
a tempo
a tempo
p

K
a tempo, die nämliche Viertelbewegung
p

rit.
sfz
mf
con anima
cresc.

This page of musical notation consists of eight systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures (primarily B-flat major and C minor), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Dynamics like *mp*, *p*, *mf*, *f*, and *espress.* are used throughout. Performance instructions such as *mpress.*, *cresc.*, *rit.*, and *immer wärmer* are present. The piece features complex textures with multiple voices and intricate piano accompaniment, including triplets and rapid passages.

a tempo *larg.*
 a tempo *larg.*
 a tempo *larg.*
 a tempo *larg.*
sfz rit. *ff a tempo*
sfz rit. *ff a tempo*
sfz rit. *ff a tempo*
sfz rit. *ff a tempo*
scopre ff
sempre ff
sempre ff
sempre ff
 4 3 3
 S M V 220

The musical score is for a piano and orchestra piece, page 59. It is written in G major and 3/4 time. The piano part is on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs), and the orchestra part is on five staves (flute, oboe, violin I, violin II, and cello/bass).

The piano part begins with a *molto cresc. e larg.* marking and a *ff* dynamic. It features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures. The tempo is marked *sempre allarg.* (ritardando) and then *a tempo*. The piano part includes a *molto cresc.* marking and a *ff* dynamic. The tempo is marked *a tempo* and then *molto cresc.*. The piano part ends with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking.

The orchestra part begins with a *ff* dynamic. It features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures. The tempo is marked *a tempo* and then *molto cresc.*. The orchestra part ends with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking.



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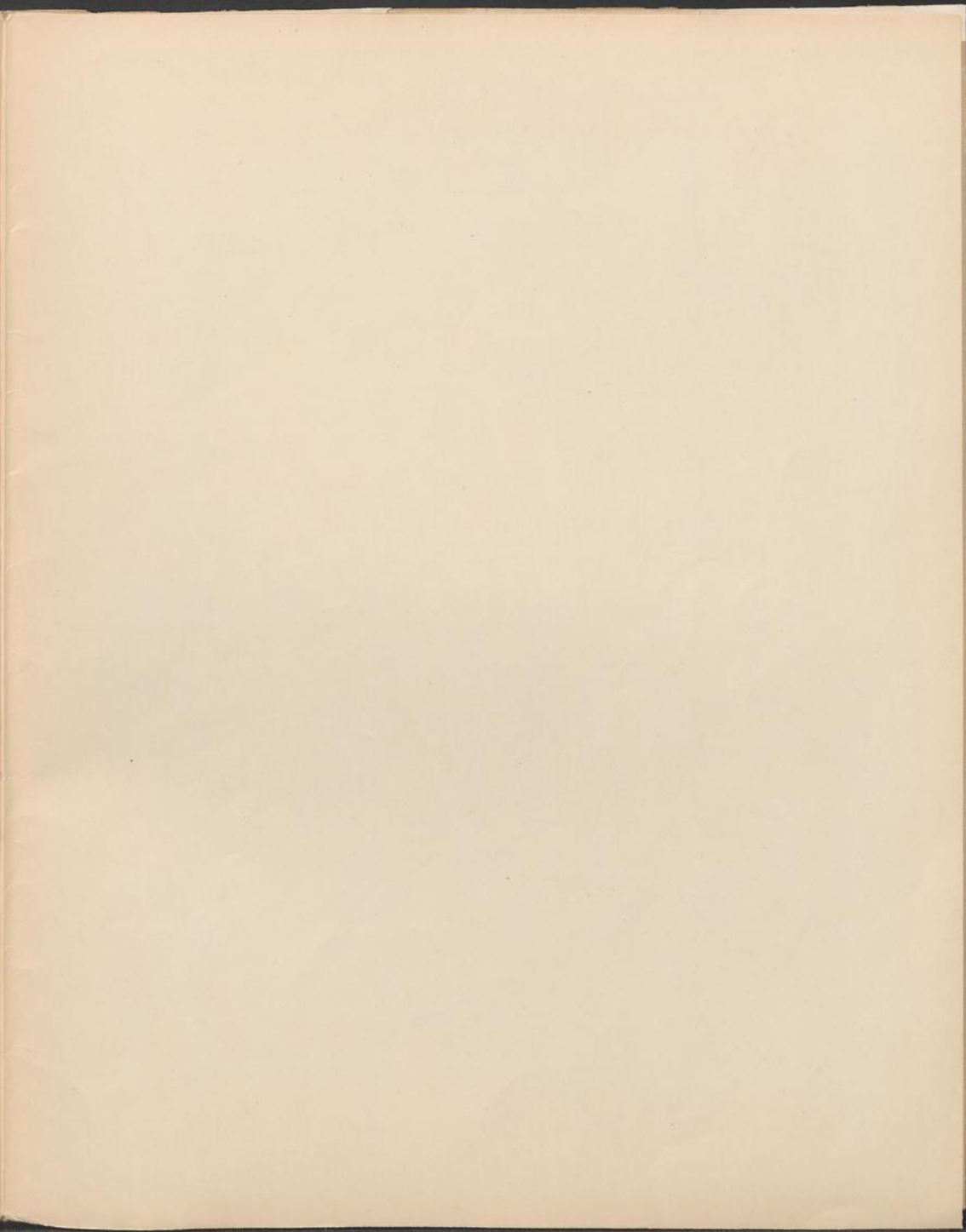
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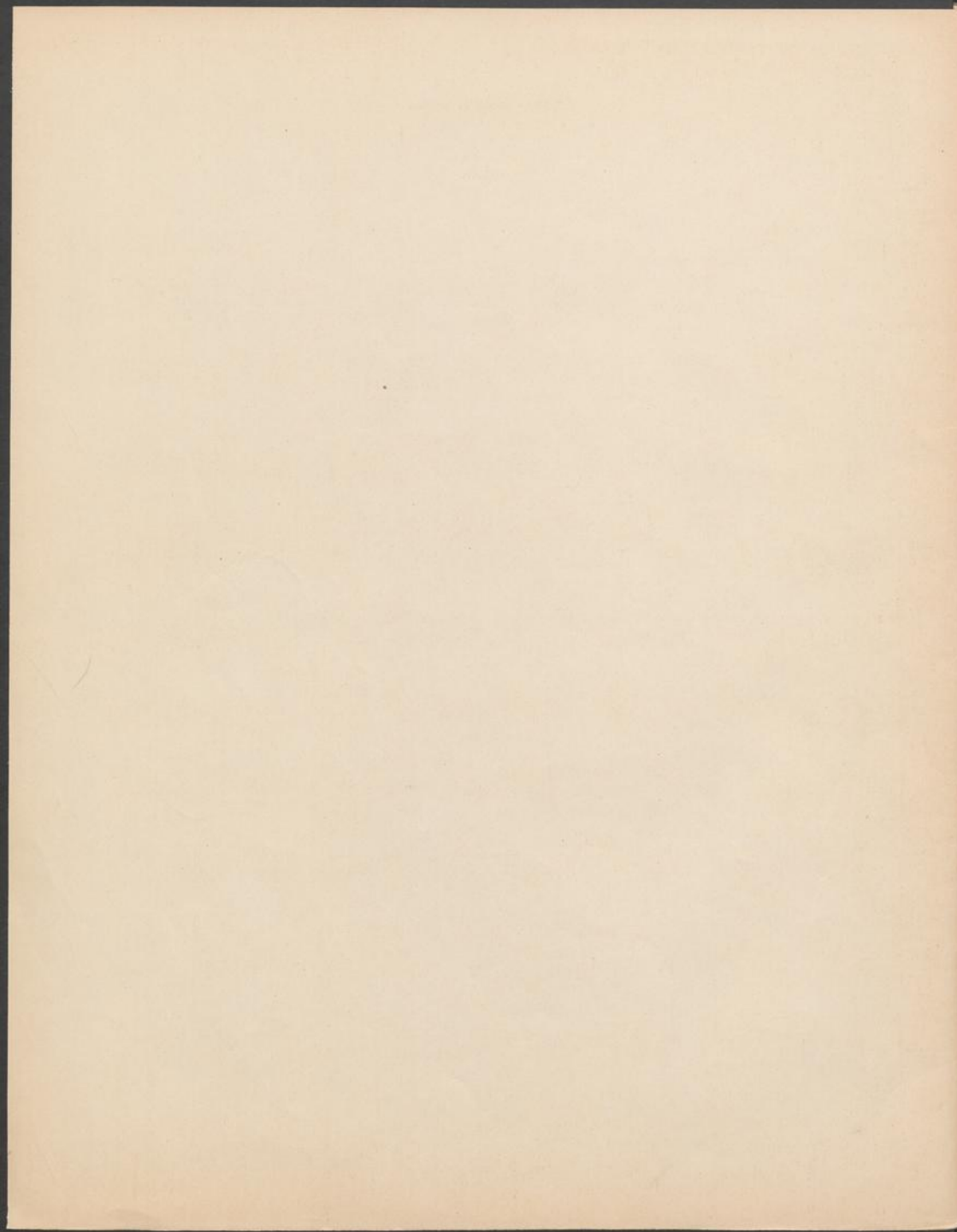
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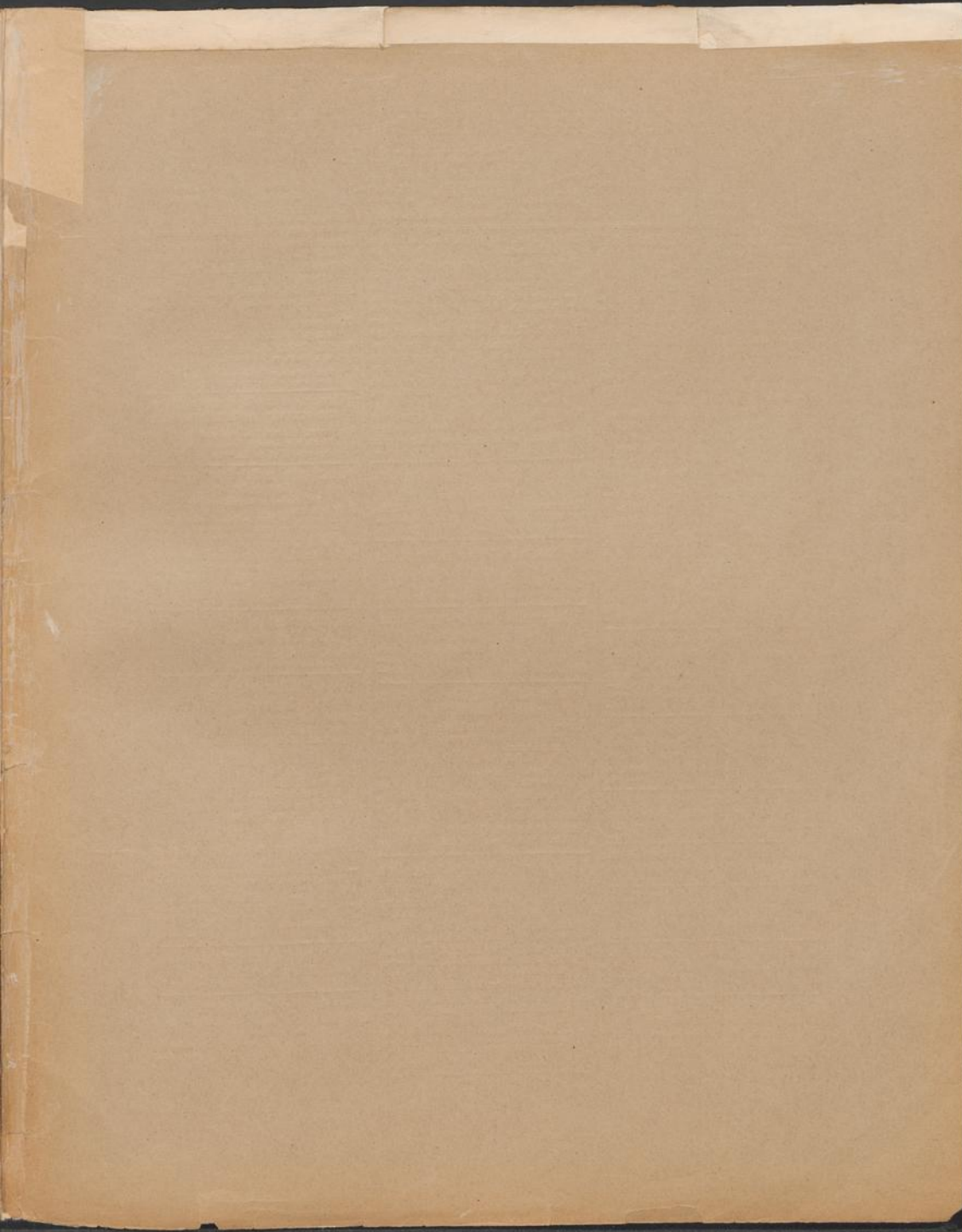
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Dalcroze, E. Jaques. l. op. 1. Valse des Mouettes (Mövenwalzer), Text franz., deutsch, englisch. M. 3.—

Katz, Jul. 6 Lieder. Heft I u. II. à M. 1.50

Koessler, Hans. Prof. Einstimmige Lieder und Gesänge. Heft I—III. à M. 3.—

— I. Kol nidre, nach zahlreichen Ausgaben kritisch revidiert und gesetzt f. 1. Solostimme mit Pianoforte M. 4.—

Lewandowsky, Max. m. s. op. 6. 10 Gesänge. Heft I—III à M. 3.—

Mikorey, Franz. Landschaft (Jacouben). M. 2.—

Spiller, Hermann. op. 62. 3 Kinderbilder, vertont nach Worten von Gertrud Nibmeyer. M. 2.—

Weismann, Jul. op. 7. 5 Lieder. No. 1, 4 u. 5 à M. 1.50, No. 2 u. 3 à M. 1.20

Wolff, Erich J. op. 3. 4 Lieder. a) 1. Lena. 2. Volkslied. 3. Irminia Rose. M. 2.50

b) 4. Schmecht (Lewitz) M. 1.—

5. 1. Irminia Rose allein M. 1.50

Gesänge mit Begleitung mehrerer Instrumente.

Marteau, Henri. l. op. 4. No. 1. Ave Maria für Gesang, Violine, Harfe (Klavier) und Orgel (Harmonium). M. 3.—

Gesänge mit Orchesterbegleitung.

Für Orchester eingerichtet von **Blech, Leo.**

Schwanen. Reih. Die beiden Grenadiere. Part. Solo-Stimme u. Orchesterstimmen M. 7.— no.

Lew, Carl. Kleiner Haushalt. Part. Stimme u. Orchesterstimmen. M. 6.— no.

Dalcroze, E. Jaques. op. 1. Valse des Mouettes (Mövenwalzer), Text franz., deutsch, englisch. Direktionssatz M. 2.—, Orchesterst. M. 6.— no.

Gesangsst. M. 1.50 no.

Soloquartette für Sopran, Alt, Tenor und Bass.

Blech, Leo. l. op. 8. 2 Quartette in oberbayrischer Mundart.

Chorwerke: Frauenchöre.

Schlegel, Leander. op. 23. 2 Frauenchöre mit Klavierbegleitung. Part. M. 2.50, Stimmen M. 0.60 no.

Männerchöre.

Koessler, Hans. Prof. Altdeutsche Minnelieder, in Madrigalweise für Männerchor nebst Gaudeamus igitur als Canon für 4 Männerchöre gesetzt. Part. M. 2.50, Stimmen M. 0.80 no.

Gemischte Chöre.

Koessler, Hans. Prof. 3 Ernste Chöre. Part. M. 4.— no., Stimm. M. 1.50 no.

— I. Kol nidre, nach zahlr. Ausg. kritisch revidiert u. gesetzt f. eine Solost. m. gem. Chor. Part. M. 3.—, Solost. M. 1.50, Chorst. M. 1.—

— s. 146. Psalm. 16-stimmiger Chor a capella. Vom Wiener Tonkünstler-Verein preisgekröntes Werk. Partitur M. 8.— netto

Streichquartett.

Blech, Leo. Gondellied aus op. 11. Part. u. Stimmen M. 2.50

Volles Orchester.

Dalcroze, E. Jaques. op. 1. Valse des Mouettes (Mövenwalzer). Direktionssatz M. 2.—, Orchesterst. M. 6.— no.

Ansichtsendungen sind durch jede Buch- und Musikalienhandlung, sowie direkt durch die Verlagshandlung zu haben.

165068

QUARTETT.



Violine.

I.

L. Schlegel, Op.14.

Allegro moderato.

14 Bratsche. *mp* *p* *mf* *3* *3* *3* *3* *2*

mp cresc. *poco f ed animato* *cresc. molto* *ben f*

A *f* *espress.*

f

sempre f **B** *rit. a tempo* *espress.* *p*

mp *mf* *poco f* *più sost. e dim..*

C *molto sosten. -* *a tempo* *pp* *mp*

mf *f* *3*

poco rit. **D** *a tempo* *3*

mp

S. M.- V. 220

Violine.

3

marc.
f

f con impeto

sempre f

I
mf espress. *dim.* *dolce cantabile*

mf *f* cantabile *f*

sempre più f *rit. ff* *sosten. ff* *dim.* *sempre* *p*

K Tempo I. 12

Bratsche.
mp *p* *mf* *mp cresc.*

poco f ed animato *cresc. molto* *ben f* *f*

espress. *f*

sempre f

molto rit. a tempo *molto più sosten.* *p* *cresc.* *gran f* *ben rit.*

M a tempo 7 10
f *pp* sehr ruhig

Violine.

N più lento
p *cresc. e rit. molto* *dolce espress.* *a tempo (Haupt-Zeitmaß.)*

poco f *molto cresc* *fris. animato*

appass.

ben f *a tempo* *la melodia molto marc.* *sosten.*

p *dolce* *più f* *mp* *cresc.*

sosten. *espress.* *p*

II.

Allegretto piacevole con moto.

p *espress.*

dim. *p* *poco f* *cresc.* *ben f*

pizz. *mf* *f*

arco *1.* *langsamer (sehr ruhig)* *p* *traumverloren*

poco accel. *4* *Tempo I.* *p*

2. *langsamer (sehr ruhig)* *f* *B* *p* *1* *p* *6* *rit.* *a tempo* *2*

Violine.

5

mp espress. *più p* *p* *mf* *cresc. molto*
f *cresc. più f*
più f *ben f* *mf* *sempre più f*
sempre f
sempre f
tonvoll *f* *sosten.* *rit.* *E*
4 *vell.* *rit.* *più lento* *Tempo I.* *F* *espress.*
dim. *poco f* *cresc.* *ben f* *1*
pizz. *mf* *1* *f* *1*
arco *mp* *bis zu Ende immer leiser*
molto piano *viel schneller* *9* *lunga* *ppp*

Violine.

III. Sarabanda.

Andante, ma molto sostenuto.

das Tempo ein wenig dringender

8 *p* *mf* *mf* *molto f* *molto con affetto* *sempre f* *dim. subito mp* *p* *cresc.* *f* *mf* *stets mit gehobener Declamation* *molto f* *ff* *meno f* *dim.* *mp* *f* *7* *lunga* *p* *Poco meno sostenuto.* *2* *mp* *p* *mf* *appass.* *poco f* *p* *poco f* *poco rit.* *a tempo* *1* *f* *f* *molto cresc.* *ff*

Violine.

7

etwas drängen im Tempo

meno f

poco dim. sempre

f

p

cresc. molto

ff

sempre f larg.

ff

sf

larg. molto

mf espress.

f

meno f

p

con malinconia

mf espress.

ten. ten.

f

sf

ben f

appass.

mp cantabile

con gran espressione

dim. sempre p

molto f

attacca

Violine.

VI. Finale.

Allegro brioso, più tosto moderato, ma risoluto.

molto f marc.

mp *cresc. molto* *f* *f molto* *espress. meno f*

cresc. *f*

cresc. molto *ff ben rit.* *f*

rit. *ff a tempo ma larg.*

f *rit.* *pesante molto* *p* *espress.*

colla parte *forte soave* *Bratsche.*

mp *espress.* *mf* *cresc. poco a poco*

Violine.

9

f *mf* *dim.*

C *die nämliche Viertelbewegung* *mf* *mf*

con anima *poco f*

mf *immer wärmer* *appass.* *f* *sosten.*

D *f* *ben f* *sosten.*

sempre f *sempre f*

cresc. molto *sosten.* *ff* *a tempo*

sempre f *molto rit.* *f* *cresc.* *sf* *larg.* **F** *a tempo* *7*

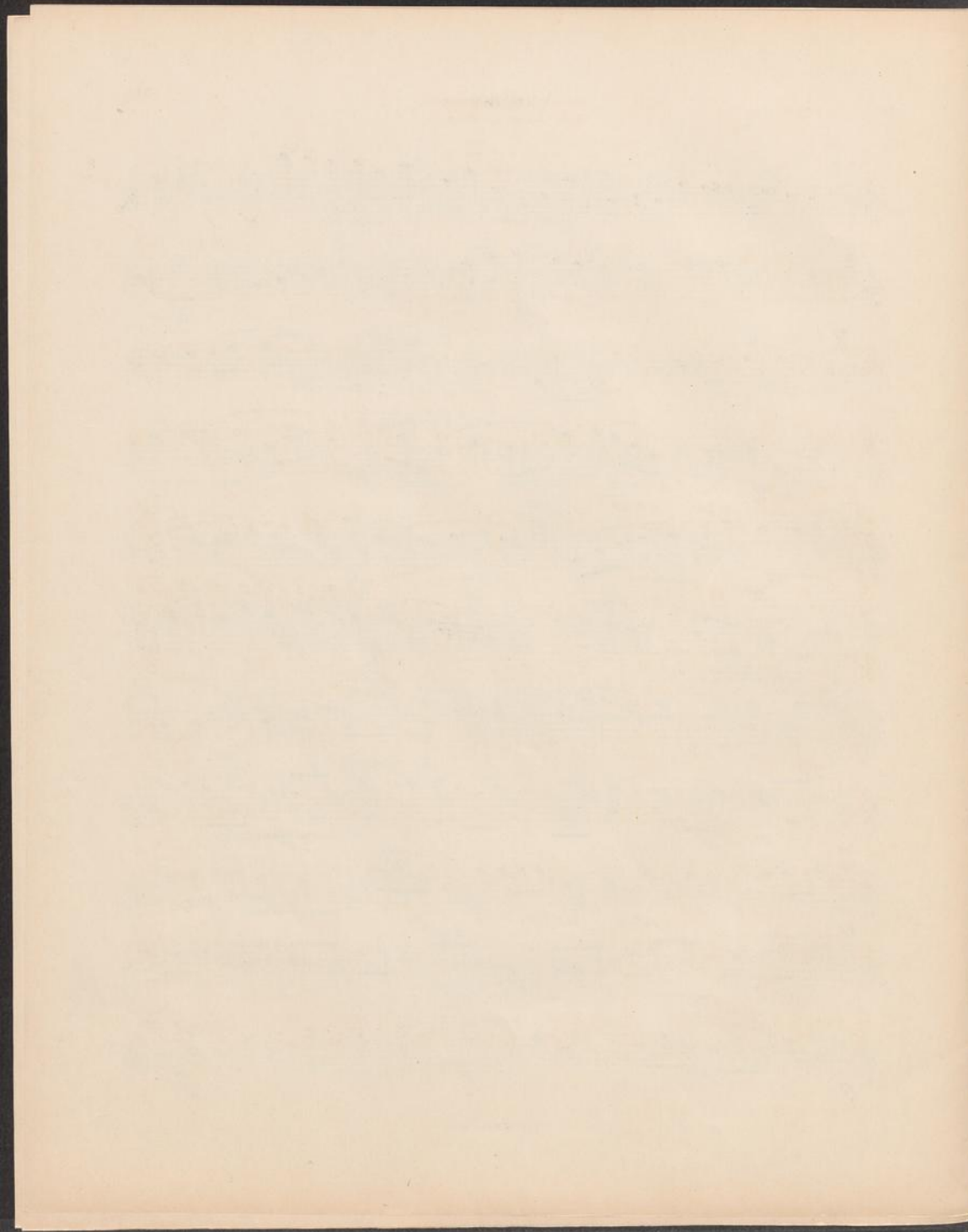
Violine.

p *espress.* *cresc.* *dim.*
mp *suave* *p* *molto espress.*
cresc. molto *mf* *poco f*
G *p* *1* *V* *mf* *p* *cresc. poco a poco*
poco f *molto cresc.* *ff* *larg.*
Tempo I. *H* *ben f* *sempre f* *molto rit.*
I a tempo *meno f* *mp* *cresc. molto* *f* *ben rit.* *molto f*
cresc. *f*

Violine.

11

cresc. molto *ff* *molto rit.* *a tempo* *sf* *f*
rit. *ff* *rit.*
K *a tempo* *mp espress.* *mp espress.*
mf *f* *immer wärmer*
f *f*
rit. *a tempo* *larg.* *sf*
L *a tempo* *ff* *sempre ff* *molto cresc. larg.* *sempre allarg.* *a tempo* *molto cresc.* *a tempo* *rit.* *sf* *sfz*



165068

QUARTETT.

Bratsche.

I.

L. Schlegel, Op. 11.

Allegro moderato.

p *mp* *p* *mf* *mp cresc.* *poco f ed animato* *cresc. molto* *ben f*
f appassionato *sempre f* *meno f espress.* *a tempo* *rit.* *espress.* *poco f* *più sosten. e dim.* *a tempo* *pp molto sosten.* *mp* *f* *mp* *poco rit.* *a tempo*

Bratsche.

mf *f risoluto*
appass.
f
E dolce espress.
p *1* *2* *espress.*
agitato
p *molto f* *rit.*
F Tempo sostenuto. *Viol.* *dolce, espress.*
 41
cresc. *p subito* *f*
molto f *meno f* *dim.*
2 *dolce espress.* *poco rit.* *1* *G a tempo* *H* *Viol.*
 46
f *più f* *f marc.*

Viol. *ben f*

sempre f

sosten.

mp *mp*

Sehr ruhig.

dim. *dolce cantabile* *mf*

f *sempre più f e rit.* *ff* *ff* *dim.* *sempre* *rit.*

K *Tempo I.*

p *mp*

p *mf*

mp *p*

L *mp cresc.* *poco f ed animato* *cresc. molto* *mf* *ben f*

Bratsche.

Musical score for Bratsche (Violin). The score consists of 11 staves of music. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The tempo and dynamics markings are as follows:

- Staff 1: *f appassionato*
- Staff 2: *f*
- Staff 3: *sempre f*
- Staff 4: *molto rit. a tempo*, *molto p molto più sosten. cresc.*, *gran f*, *ben rit.*
- Staff 5: *M*, *f*, *pp*, *12*, *p*
- Staff 6: *N*, *più lento*, *cresc. e rit. molto - a tempo (Haupt-Zeitmaß)*, *p*
- Staff 7: *mf*
- Staff 8: *molto cresc.*, *f risoluto animato*
- Staff 9: *3*, *passionato*, *ben f*
- Staff 10: *sosten.*, *a tempo*, *p dolce*
- Staff 11: *mf*, *mp*, *cresc.*, *sosten.*, *p*

II.

Allegretto piacevole con moto.

p
cresc. *ben f*
dim. *pizz.* *p* *poco f*
mf
arco
1. langsamer, sehr ruhig *2. poco accel.*
p dolce *cresc.*
rit. molto **Tempo I.**
- sempre *poco espress.* *p*
12. B *p traumverloren* *poco espress.*
accelerando *rit.* *- a tempo*
cresc. *cresc. sempre*
5. rit. animato *cresc. molto*
mp *mf*
f *cresc.* *più f* *ben f*
7 C 7 Viol. *mf* *sempre f*
D *5* *sempre f*

Bratsche.

poco f *sostenuto* *tonvoll*
E Più moderato. 8 *Vell.* 4
 Più lento. *p* Tempo I. **F**
dim.
poco f *cresc.* *ben f*
pizz. *mf* 1
arco
mp bis zu Ende immer leiser
molto p *pp* 9 *lunga* *ppp*

III. Sarabanda.

Andante ma molto sostenuto.
 8 *p* *dim.*
 das Tempo ein wenig dringender
mp *mf* *f* *molto a. affetto*
dim. subito *p*

Bratsche.

7

4 6

mf *dim.* *mf*

molto f *ff*

meno f *dim.* *mp*

f *dim.* *dolce espress.* *molto espress.*

sostenuto *p* *lunga* *8* *poco f*

poco rit. *poco f* *f*

molto *f*

etwas drängen im Tempo *meno f* *3* *poco dim.*

sempre *f* *1* *p*

cresc. molto *f* *ff* *sempre f larg.*

larg. molto. *f* *5*

Bratsche.

IV Finale

mp *p* *con malinconia* *mf* *ten. ten.* *f* *ben f* *appass.* *mp* *1* *2* *molto f* *attacca!*

IV. Finale.

Allegro brioso più tosto moderato ma risoluto.

[illegible]

Bratsche.

9

mp *cresc. poco a poco* *f*
mf *dim.*
p *mp* *1*
mp *f* *mf*
f *mf*
sosten. *D* *ben f* *f* *cresc.* *9*
ben f *sempre f*
sempre f
E a tempo *cresc. molto* *sosten.* *ff*
rit. *f* *cresc.* *ff larg.* *F a tempo* *8*

Bratsche.

p espress. *cresc.* *dim.* *mp soave*
espress.
cresc. molto
mf poco f *p* *p*
mf *p* *cresc. poco a*
poco *poco f* *molto cresc.* *ff larg.*
Tempo I. H
ben f
sempre f *molto cresc.*
rit. molto *a tempo* *3*
f *3* *3* *ben rit. f* *f*
cresc. molto *ff molto rit.*

Bratsche.

11

a tempo
f *f* *ff* *rit.*

largo **K** 9 *mp* *mp*

mf *rit.* *a tempo* *f* *f*

rit. **L** *a tempo* *ff* *sempre ff*

molto cresc. e larg

ff *a tempo* *molto cresc.*

sempre allarg. *rit.* *a tempo* *f* *ff*

1911

165068

QUARTETT.

Violoncell.

I.

Allegro moderato.

L. Schlegel Op. 14.

p *mp* *mf* *mp* *cresc.* *poco f ed animato* *cresc. molto* *ben f* *f* *f* *sempre f* *meno f* *espress.* *rit.* *a tempo* *espress.* *poco f* *molto sosten. sul C* *pochettino portato* *più sosten. e dim.* *p* *pp*



Violoncell.

a tempo
mp *mf* *f*
espress.
mp *poco rit.*
D *a tempo*
mf *espress.* *poco f* *espress.*
f *ris.*
appass. *f*
ten. *p* *stets einsamer*
poco rit. *a tempo* *p* *agitato* *f* *molto*
rit. *a tempo sosten.* *p*
ben pronunciato.

Violoncell.

3

cresc.
p subito
cresc.
sempre
espress.
molto f
meno f
dim.
poco rit.
G a tempo
15 H Viol.
dolce
dim.
f appass. molto
più f
f marc.
ben f
sempre f
I
mp
Sehr ruhig.
dolce, cantabile
mf
f cantabile
f
sempre più f e rit.
ff
sosten. ff
dim.
sempre
K Tempo 1.
p
mp
p
mf
mp
p
L
mp cresc.
poco f e animato
cresc. molto
ben f

Violoncell.

f
f
sempre f
molto rit.
a tempo, molto più sosten.
p
cresc.
gran f
ben rit.
M a tempo
5
sul G poco portato
p
pp
12
N più lento
p
a tempo (Hauptzeitmaß)
cresc. e rit. molto
dolce espress.
poco f
risoluto animato
molto cresc.
f
appass.
0
ben f
sosten.
a tempo
p
dolce
mf
mp
p sosten.
p

Violoncell.

5

Allegretto piacevole con moto.

II.

The musical score is written for Violoncell in 3/4 time. It begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a tempo marking of "Allegretto piacevole con moto." The score is divided into two main sections, 1. and 2., each with a key signature change.

Section 1: Starts with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is "Allegretto piacevole con moto." The first staff has a dynamic of *p*. The second staff has a dynamic of *mf* and a marking of "viel Ton". The third staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "dim.". The fourth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "arco". The fifth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "langamer sehr ruhig". The sixth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "rit. molto". The seventh staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "Tempo I.". The eighth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "sempre". The ninth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "langamer sehr ruhig". The tenth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "espress.". The eleventh staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "acc.". The twelfth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "cresc.". The thirteenth staff has a dynamic of *p* and a marking of "a tempo". The fourteenth staff has a dynamic of *mp* and a marking of "cresc. molto". The fifteenth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "sosten.". The sixteenth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "animato". The seventeenth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "cresc.". The eighteenth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "più f". The nineteenth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "ben f". The twentieth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-first staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-second staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-third staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-fourth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-fifth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-sixth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-seventh staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-eighth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The twenty-ninth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirtieth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-first staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-second staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-third staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-fourth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-fifth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-sixth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-seventh staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-eighth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The thirty-ninth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The fortieth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-first staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-second staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-third staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-fourth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-fifth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-sixth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-seventh staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-eighth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The forty-ninth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf". The fiftieth staff has a dynamic of *f* and a marking of "mf".

Violoncell.

appass.
sempre più f *sempre f*

sempre f

D *1* *sosten.*

tonvoll *poco f* *f* *rit.*

E *1* *mf* *rit.* *§ Più lento.* *p*

Tempo I. *cresc.* *viol Ton*

pizz. *dim.* *f* *cresc.* *f* *1*

mf

f *arco* *mp bis*

zu Ende immer leiser

molto piano pp *9* *ppp lunga*

III. Sarabanda.

Andante, ma molto sostenuto.

10 *Viol.* *mp* *das Tempo*

ein wenig dringender *mf* *molto* *f* *molto con affetto*

sempre f *dim. subito* *p*

dim. *6* *espress. molto*

f *dim.* *mf* *stets mit gehobener Deklamation*

f *molto* *ff*

V *meno f* *dim.*

f *dolce*

Poco meno sostenuto.

sosten. *p* *lunga* *mp*

p *mf* *poco f* *2*

Violoncell.

poco rit. *viel Ton*

poco f

molto cresc. *ff*

etwas drängen im Tempo

poco dim.

sempre f *dim.* *p*

cresc. molto *f* *ff*

larg. *sempre f* *ff*

f *larg. molto* *mf espress.* *f*

meno f *mp*

p *con malinconia*

mf *ten. ten.* *f* *sf* *ben f*

appass. *poco f* *mp*

dim. sempre *p* *molto f* *attacca*

Violoncell.

IV. Finale.

Allegro brioso più tosto moderato ma risoluto.

molto f marcato
ben rit.
molto rit. A a tempo
meno f espress. cresc.
cresc. molto ff
rit. a tempo ma larg. ff f rit. pesante B 10
Viol. forte soave espress.
cresc. f
dim. p 7 mp
appass. f
mf ben f D 3

Violoncell.

espress. a tempo
mf sosten. cresc.

cresc. molto *ben f* *sempre f*

sosten. cresc. molto *ff*

rit. molto *sempre f* *a tempo* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *meno f* *6*

p espress. *cresc.* *poco f espress.*

mf *molto espress.* *cresc. molto, f*

G *mf* *p* *p* *mf*

cresc. poco a poco *poco f* *molto cresc.*

Tempo I. H *ff* *larg.* *ben f*

Violoncell.

11

sempre *f*
mp *molto cresc.* *f* *ben rit.* *rit. molto*
 I *a tempo, meno f* *espress.* *cresc.* *f*
cresc. molto *ff rit. molto* *a tempo* *f*
rit. *a tempo, ma larg.* *ff*
larg. *rit.* **K** *a tempo* *p* 7 *p*
 2 *mf*
rit. *tempo* *f* *f*
 3 *larg.* *rit.* *fz*
 L *a tempo* *ff*
sempre ff *molto cresc. e larg.* *ff* *fz*
sempre allarg. *p* *a tempo molto cresc.*
ff *rit.* *a tempo* *fz*

