

Neue Compositionen für Violine mit Begleitung des Pianoforte.

	Mk.		Mk.		Mk.
Barth, Richard, Op. 20. Sonate (H moll) . . .	8 —	Hegar, Friedrich, Op. 14. Walzer. 2 Hefte . à	5 —	Ondříček, Franz, Op. 3. Danses Bohèmes No. 1	3 —
Besekirsky, N., 24 ^{te} Caprice de Paganini . .	2 50	Heyssig, Alfred, Op. 1. Airs slaves. 2 Hefte à	4 —	Op. 9. Fantastie über Motive von Smetana („Die verkaufte Braut“)	4 50
Brahms, Johannes, Ungarische Tänze, bearbeitet von Joseph Joachim. 4 Hefte . . . à	5 —	Op. 4 No. 1. Ballade	1 20	Op. 10. Barcarole	2 —
— Ungarische Tänze, bearbeitet von Friedrich Hermann (leicht). 4 Hefte	3 —	Op. 4 No. 2. Polonaise	3 —	Op. 12. Romance	1 50
— Wiegensied (Op. 49 No. 4)	1 30	Op. 5. Legende	2 —	Op. 13. A la Canzona. Morceau de Concert . .	1 50
Op. 52. Liebeslieder	4 50	Op. 6. Rondeau burlesque	2 —	Op. 14. Klagendes Gedenken (aus den „Poetischen Stimmungsbildern“, Op. 85, von Anton Dvořák)	1 50
Andante a. d. Streichquartett B dur, Op. 67 . .	2 —	Holländer, Gustav, Op. 59. Sonate (D moll) .	8 —	Op. 15. Skocna — Böhmischer Tanz — (nach dem gleichnamigen Tanz aus der Oper „Die verkaufte Braut“ von Friedr. Smetana) . . .	2 —
Op. 77. Violin-Concert (D dur)	10 —	Huber, Hans, Op. 123. Sonata lirica (No. 8 A dur)	9 —	Op. 16. Fantaisie sur des motifs de l'Opéra „La vie pour le Czar“ de Glinka	4 50
Op. 78. Sonate (G dur)	7 50	Joachim, Joseph, Op. 12. Notturmo	3 —	Paganini, N., 12 Sonatinen. Heft 1, 2 . . . à n.	2 —
Op. 100. Zweite Sonate (A dur)	8 —	Kahn, Robert, Tonskizzen.	2 —	Persoglia, St., Sonate (ré mineur)	6 —
Op. 108. Dritte Sonate (D moll)	8 —	No. 1. Andantino. — No. 2. Moderato. — No. 3. Allegretto. — No. 4. Andante. — No. 5. Allegro . . . à	2 —	Posa, Op. 7. Sonate	9 —
Op. 115. Quintett als Sonate	1 50	Kahn, Op. 36. „Tonbilder“.	2 —	Pressel, G., „An der Weser“, Lied einger. von Carl Bohm	1 50
aus Op. 116 No. 4. Intermezzo	1 50	No. 1. Canzone. — No. 2. Romanze. — No. 3. Intermezzo. — No. 4. Elegie. — No. 5. Capriccio	1 50	Rabl, W., Op. b. Sonate (D dur) n.	6 —
aus Op. 117 No. 1. Intermezzo	1 50	Karbulka, Jos., Op. 18. Berceuse	3 —	Rehfeld, Fabian, Op. 85. Vier leichte Fantasiestücke.	1 —
aus Op. 118 No. 2. Intermezzo	1 50	Op. 19. Perpetuum mobile	3 —	No. 1, 2, 3.	2 —
Op. 120. Zwei Sonaten für Clarinette und Pianoforte, bearbeitet von Klengel	8 —	Op. 20. Chanson d'amour	1 50	Op. 86. Andante pathétique	2 —
Bruch, Max, Op. 42. Romanze (A moll)	4 —	Op. 21. Deux feuillets d'Album. No. 1, 2 . . à	1 50	Reissiger, C. G., Ouverture zur Oper „Die Feisenmühle“	2 —
Op. 44. Zweites Violin-Concert (D moll) . . .	8 —	Op. 22. Barcarole	2 50	Sarasate, Pablo de, Op. 21. Spanische Tänze. Heft 1	4 50
Op. 46. Schottische Fantasie	9 —	Op. 23. 3 Morceaux.	1 —	Op. 22. Spanische Tänze. Heft 2	4 50
Op. 47. Kol Nidrei. Adagio	3 —	No. 1. Chanson du soir. No. 2. Melodie. No. 3. Gavotte à	3 —	Op. 23. Spanische Tänze. Heft 3	4 50
Op. 56. Adagio nach Keltischen Melodien . .	3 —	Op. 24. Mazourka de Concert	3 50	Op. 26. Spanische Tänze. Heft 4	4 50
Op. 57. Adagio appassionato	3 —	Op. 25. Polonaise de Concert	4 50	Op. 28. Sérénade andalouse (Heft 5 der Spanischen Tänze)	4 50
Op. 58. Drittes Violin-Concert (D moll) . . .	12 —	Kiel, Friedrich, Op. 35. Zwei Sonaten. . . .	8 —	Op. 29. Le Chant du Rossignol (Heft 6 der Spanischen Tänze)	4 50
Op. 61. Ave Maria. Concertstück	3 —	(No. 1 D moll. — No. 2 F dur)	4 50	Op. 30. Bolero (Heft 7 der Spanischen Tänze) . .	4 50
Op. 63. Schwedische Tänze. 2 Hefte	4 50	Op. 51. Sonate (E moll)	4 50	Op. 33. Navarra, für zwei Violinen mit Pflc. . .	6 —
Op. 65. In Memoriam. Adagio	4 —	Op. 54. Deutscher Reigen. 2 Hefte	4 50	Op. 34. Airs écossais	4 50
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Op. 79. Lieder und Tänze nach russischen und schwedischen Volksmelodien. 2 Hefte . . . à	4 —	Op. 90. 12 Fantasiestücke. 2 Hefte	4 50	Op. 38. Viva Sevilla! Danse espagnole	5 —
Brüll, Ignaz, Op. 81. Sonate (E moll)	6 —	Klein, Bruno Oscar, Op. 31. Sonate (No. 2) H moll	9 —	Op. 39. Zortzico. Danse espagnole	2 —
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Dessau, Bernhard, Op. 28. Fantasiestück . .	1 50	Op. 14. Sérénade	1 —	No. 1. „Chanson sans paroles“	3 —
Op. 30. Capriccio	2 —	Op. 18. Concerto espagnol	8 —	No. 2. „Vision“	3 —
Op. 35. Menuett	2 50	Op. 20. Apléch. II. Caprice Catalane	4 —	No. 3. „Souvenir de Pologne“	6 —
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Op. 57. Sonate (F dur)	7 50	No. 3—7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 26 à	2 50	Op. 70. Deux Mélodies. No. 1. Solitude. No. 2. Cantique d'amour	1 50
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idem, zum Concert-Vortrag eingerichtet von Richard Barth, 2 Hefte	6 —	Melville, M., Op. 6. Sonate (G moll)	4 —	Suk, Jos., Op. 17. Vier Stücke.	4 —
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aus Op. 95. Largo	1 50	Nápravník, E., Op. 60. Suite	8 —	Zajíc, Fl., Op. 5. Dreissig Etüden. 3 Hefte . . à	3 —
aus Op. 98. Andante	1 50	Nedbal, Oskar, Op. 9. Sonate	8 —	Studien (f. Violine solo)	3 —
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Op. 101 No. 7. Humoreske	1 50				
idem, Concert-Bearbeitung v. Auguste Wilhelmj .	1 50				
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idem, — v. Fabian Rehfeld	1 50				
idem, leichte Bearbeitung v. E. Hadlock . .	1 50				
Waldersee. Klid. Adagio	1 50				
Fuchs, Robert, Op. 40. Fünf Intermezzi. 2 Hefte	4 —				
Gernsheim, Fr., Op. 33. Fantasiestück	3 —				
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No. 1 und 3 à Mark 1,50, No. 2, 4, 5	2 —				
Goldmark, Carl, Op. 43. Zweite Suite (Es dur) n.	9 —				
Grünfeld, Alfred, Op. 48. Albumblatt	2 —				

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u 3762-59

Schwedische Tänze.

VIOLINE.

1

Langsam M.M. ♩ = 92.

Einleitung.

Max Bruch, Op. 63. Heft 1.

f
p
cresc.
rit.
attacca
4ta Corda

Sehr mässig. ♩ = 96

1.

f
p
cresc.
rit.
attacca
4ta Corda

Ruhig bewegt. ♩ = 92.

2.

p
f
cresc.
rit.
attacca
Clav.

VIOLINE.

3.

Frisch, nicht zu schnell. ♩ = 112.

Musical score for Violin 3, measures 1-12. The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. It features six staves of music with various dynamics and articulations.

Dynamics: *f*, *rfz*, *ff*, *ten.*, *mf*, *expres.*, *ff*, *ten.*, *ff*, *ten.*, *ten.*, *ten.*, *p*, *un poco string. cresc.*, *sfz*, *rfz*, *attacca*.

Articulations: *4^{ta} Corda*, *1*, *2*, *3*, *4*, *12*.

4.

Langsam, nicht schleppend. ♩ = 69.

Musical score for Violin 4, measures 1-12. The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. It features four staves of music with various dynamics and articulations.

Dynamics: *p*, *sfz*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *sfz*, *p*, *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, *rit.*, *attacca*.

Articulations: *4^{ta} Corda*, *0*, *1*, *2*, *3*, *4*, *12*.

Tempo: *Tempo I. ♩ = 69.*, *sostenuto*.

VIOLINE.

3

5.

Ziemlich schnell. ♩ = 108.

ten. *p* *pp poco rit.*

a tempo *p* *cresc. e string.*

f (♩ = 116.) *vf*

(♩ = 108.) *p tranquillo* *pp*

ten. *pp* *cresc. e string.*

4 *0* *1* *1* *1* *1*

ff *4* *4* *3* *4* *triquillo pizz.* *p*

cresc. e string. *f* *arco* *2* *3*

ten. *p* *pp*

cresc. e string. *ff* *attacca*

VIOLINE.

6.

Langsam, mit Ausdruck. ♩ = 66.

7.

Lebhaft. ♩ = 92.

[illegible]

Schwedische Tänze.

Einleitung.

Langsam. M.M. ♩ = 92.

Max Bruch, Op. 63. Heft 1.

VIOLINE.

Klavier.

The musical score is written for Violin and Piano. It begins with a 2/4 time signature and a tempo marking of 'Langsam. M.M. ♩ = 92.'. The Violin part is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The Piano part is also marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The score is divided into three systems. The first system contains the initial measures. The second system continues the development of the themes. The third system concludes the introduction with a piano (pp) dynamic and a ritardando (rit.) marking. The score ends with a double bar line and the word 'attaca'.

1.

Sehr mässig. ♩ = 96.

f

Mit Pedal.

f

sf

fed espress.

mf



First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef, and the bottom two staves are in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The top staff contains a melodic line with trills and slurs, marked *poco rit.*. The bottom two staves contain a piano accompaniment with chords and slurs, also marked *poco rit.* and *cresc.*



Second system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef, and the bottom two staves are in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The top staff contains a melodic line with trills and slurs, marked *ff*. The bottom two staves contain a piano accompaniment with chords and slurs, marked *ff* and *f*.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef, and the bottom two staves are in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The top staff contains a melodic line with trills and slurs, marked *rit.*. The bottom two staves contain a piano accompaniment with chords and slurs, marked *rit.* and *ottaca*.

2.

Ruhig bewegt. ♩ = 92.

p tranquillo

pp

cresc.

p *cresc.* *f*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

tranquillo

pp *cresc.*

pp *tranquillo* *p*

f *rit.* *p*

cresc. *rfz rit.* *p*

attacca

3.

Frisch, nicht zu schnell. ♩ = 112.

f *rfz*

f *rfz*

rfz *rfz*

First system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo leading to fortissimo (*ff*). It features a melodic line with trills and slurs, ending with a trill marked *ten.* and *espress.* The lower staff (bass clef) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*f*), and then a piano (*p*) dynamic. It includes a trill marked *ten.* and a final piano (*p*) dynamic.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*ff*). It features a melodic line with trills and slurs, ending with a trill marked *ten.* The lower staff (bass clef) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*f*), and then a piano (*p*) dynamic. It includes a trill marked *ten.* and a final piano (*p*) dynamic.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*ff*). It features a melodic line with trills and slurs, ending with a trill marked *ten.* The lower staff (bass clef) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*f*), and then a piano (*p*) dynamic. It includes a trill marked *ten.* and a final piano (*p*) dynamic.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*ff*). It features a melodic line with trills and slurs, ending with a trill marked *ten.* The lower staff (bass clef) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a crescendo to fortissimo (*f*), and then a piano (*p*) dynamic. It includes a trill marked *ten.* and a final piano (*p*) dynamic.

4.

Langsam, nicht schleppend. ♩ = 69.

First system of music. The tempo is marked 'Langsam, nicht schleppend. ♩ = 69.' The music is in 3/4 time and B-flat major. It features a piano (p) melody in the right hand and a piano accompaniment in the left hand. Dynamics include *p*, *cresc.*, *sfz*, and *p* again. The system ends with a *cresc.* marking.

Ein wenig belebter. ♩ = 88.

Second system of music. The tempo is marked 'Ein wenig belebter. ♩ = 88.' The music continues in 3/4 time and B-flat major. Dynamics include *f*, *sfz*, *p*, and *f*. The left hand features a *f* *pesante* section. The system ends with a *f* *pesante* marking.

Tempo I.

♩ = 69, *sosten.*

Third system of music. The tempo is marked 'Tempo I. ♩ = 69, *sosten.*' The music continues in 3/4 time and B-flat major. Dynamics include *p*, *f*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The left hand features a *f* *pesante* section. The system ends with a *p* *cresc.* marking.

Fourth system of music. The tempo is marked 'rit.' (ritardando). The music continues in 3/4 time and B-flat major. Dynamics include *sfz*, *p*, and *rit.*. The system ends with an *attacca* marking.

5.

Ziemlich schnell. ♩ = 108.

ten. p pp poco rit. a tempo

cresc. e string. f ♩ = 116.

mf ♩ = 108. p tranquillo rfz p b

ten. pp cresc. pp

pizz.
p tranquillo
cresc. e string.
p tranquillo
cresc. e string.

arco

f

ten.

p

f

p tranquillo

ten.

p

[illegible]

6.

Langsam, mit Ausdruck. ♩ = 66.

The musical score is written for violin and piano. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Langsam, mit Ausdruck' with a quarter note equal to 66 beats per minute. The score is divided into four systems, each with a violin staff and a piano grand staff (treble and bass clef).

- System 1 (Measures 1-4):** The violin part begins with a half note G3, followed by a half note A3, and then a half note B3. The piano part starts with a half note G2, followed by a half note A2, and then a half note B2. Dynamics include *p* and *espress.* in the violin, and *p* in the piano. A triplet of eighth notes is marked in the piano's right hand.
- System 2 (Measures 5-8):** The violin part continues with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, and then a half note E4. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand. Dynamics include *p* and *cresc.* in the violin, and *p* and *cresc.* in the piano. A *dolce* marking appears in the piano's right hand.
- System 3 (Measures 9-12):** The violin part has a half note F4, followed by a half note G4, and then a half note A4. The piano part includes a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand. Dynamics include *poco rit.* and *a tempo* in the violin, and *poco rit.* and *a tempo* in the piano. The violin part ends with a *cresc.* and *f* marking.
- System 4 (Measures 13-16):** The violin part has a half note B4, followed by a half note C5, and then a half note D5. The piano part includes a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand. Dynamics include *p* and *cresc.* in the violin, and *p* and *cresc.* in the piano. The system concludes with a *len.* marking in the violin and a *f* marking in the piano.

First system of the musical score. It consists of a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line begins with a melodic phrase marked *a tempo*. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern in the right hand, marked *rit.* (ritardando), and a steady bass line in the left hand. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is common time.

Second system of the musical score. The vocal line has two first endings (1. and 2.) marked *rit.*. The piano accompaniment also has two first endings. The second ending in the piano part is marked *pp* (pianissimo). The system concludes with a final melodic phrase in the vocal line.

Third system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase marked *p* (piano). The piano accompaniment features a *dolce* (sweet) texture in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand, also marked *p*. The system ends with a final chord in the piano part.

Fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line begins with a melodic phrase marked *pp*. The piano accompaniment features a *p* texture in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand. The system concludes with a final melodic phrase in the vocal line, marked *rit.*, and a final chord in the piano part, marked *attacco*.

Lebhaft. ♩ = 92.



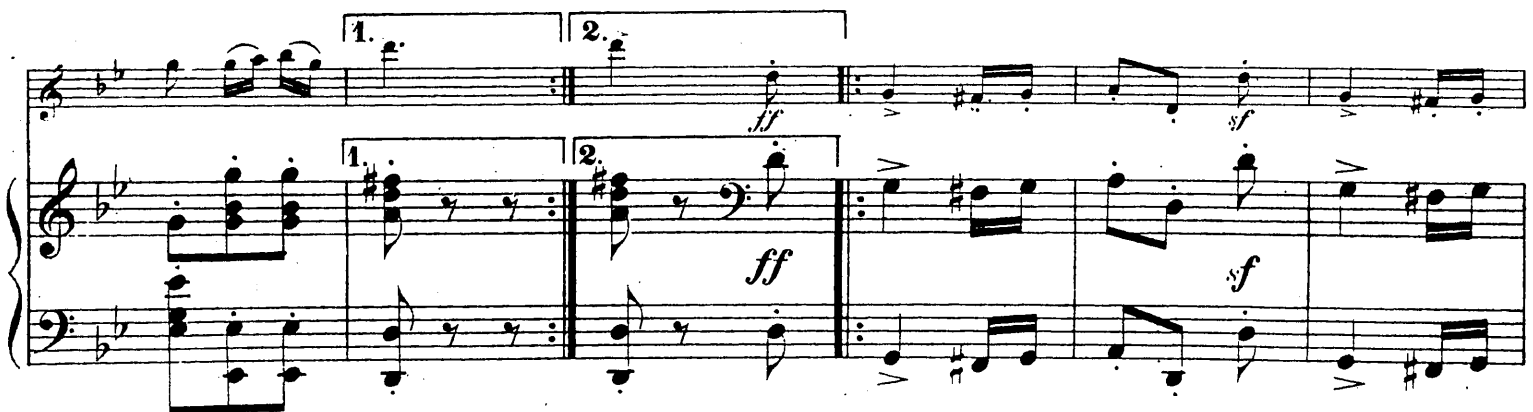
First system of musical notation. The top staff is a single melodic line in G major, 3/8 time, starting with a half rest and followed by eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff is a piano accompaniment in G major, 3/8 time, featuring a continuous eighth-note arpeggiated pattern. Dynamics include *p legg. e grazioso* in the top staff and *p grazioso* in the bottom staff.



Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff continues the arpeggiated pattern, with a *pp* dynamic marking appearing in the middle. A *sempre pe legg.* marking is present in the top staff.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line. The bottom staff continues the arpeggiated pattern, with a *ff* dynamic marking appearing in the middle. A *ff* dynamic marking also appears in the top staff.



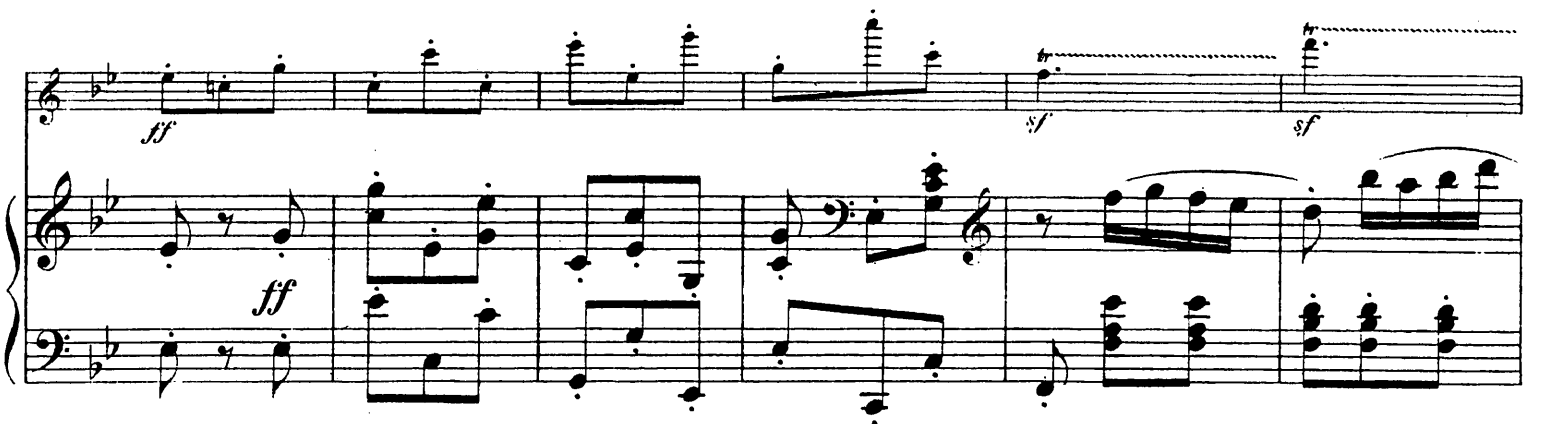
Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff features a first ending (1.) and a second ending (2.) marked with repeat signs. The bottom staff also features first and second endings. Dynamics include *ff* and *sf* in both staves.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line in treble clef, featuring a key signature of two flats and a 3/4 time signature. It includes a first ending bracket labeled '1.' and a second ending bracket labeled '2.'. The bottom two staves are a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a steady eighth-note bass line and chords in the right hand. Dynamics include *sf* (sforzando) in both the melodic and piano parts.



The second system continues the musical piece. The top staff has a melodic line with various intervals and a key signature change to one flat. The piano accompaniment in the bottom two staves features a more active right hand with sixteenth-note patterns and a consistent eighth-note bass line. Dynamics include *sf* and *f* (forte).



The third system shows a continuation of the piano accompaniment. The top staff has a melodic line that includes a long note with a fermata. The piano part in the bottom two staves features a more active right hand with sixteenth-note patterns and a consistent eighth-note bass line. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *sf*.



The fourth system concludes the musical piece. The top staff has a melodic line that includes a long note with a fermata. The piano part in the bottom two staves features a more active right hand with sixteenth-note patterns and a consistent eighth-note bass line. Dynamics include *sf* and *ff*.