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TEMPLI CARMINA.

SONGS OF THE TEMPLE,

BRIDGEWATER COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC.

"Καὶ ὑμεῖς εἰσέλθον εἰς τὸ οἴκος τῶν ἵλατῶν." Mark xiv. 26.

Ninth Edition, improved and enlarged.

BOSTON:

PUBLISHED BY RICHARDSON & LORD, NO. 75, CORNHILL.

PRINTED BY J. H. A. FROST, CONGRESS-STREET.

October, 1821.

DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS.

DISTRICT CLERK'S OFFICE.

BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the tenth day of October, A. D. 1820, and in the forty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America, RICHARDSON & LORD, of the said District, have deposited in this office, the title of a Book, the right whereof they claim as Proprietors, in the words following, to wit:—

"*Templi Carnuta.* Songs of the Temple, or Bridgewater Collection of Sacred Music. "Καὶ ὑπερτάτης ἵξεν τὸ εἶπος τῶν Ιακών." Mark xiv. 26.
"Improved and enlarged."

In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "An Act for the encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned;" and also to an Act entitled, "An act supplementary to an Act, entitled, An act for the encouragement of Learning, by securing the copies of Maps, Charts and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies during the times therin mentioned; and extending the benefits thereof to the Arts of Designing, Engraving and Etching Historical and other Prints."

JOHN W. DAVIS,
Clerk of the District of Massachusetts.

To the Compilers and Publishers of the Bridgewater Collection of Sacred Music.

BOSTON, OCTOBER 31, 1816.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Trustees of the Handel and Haydn Society having seen the work entitled "SONGS OF THE TEMPLE, OR BRIDGEWATER COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC," could not refrain from expressing the satisfaction they derived in the examination of its pages. For beauty of style, justness of adaptation, and correctness of harmony, it is equalled by few, and excelled by none of which they have any knowledge.

Much praise is due to the Compilers for their great research and superior taste; and to the Publishers for its handsome execution. The Trustees hope that its circulation may be as extensive as its merits. I am, Gentlemen, with much respect, your obedient servant.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the Handel and Haydn Society,

M. S. PARKER, Secretary.

**Letter from BENJAMIN ARMITAGE, Esq. President of the Handel and Haydn Society, New-York, to the Publishers
—dated New-York, August 27, 1819.**

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING lately examined a Collection of Sacred Music published by you, entitled "SONGS OF THE TEMPLE, OR BRIDGEWATER COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC," I avail myself of this means of saying, I consider this Collection as being by far the best I have met with published in the United States; and I should be glad to find it generally used in our Churches, as a means of fostering an improved taste for this interesting part of Christian Worship.

I am, respectfully, your humble servant,

BENJAMIN ARMITAGE.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE public opinion in favour of former editions of this work, has been so fully expressed, by the sale they have met with, that the Proprietors now have it in their power to offer the public the present enlarged and improved edition. They flatter themselves, that it contains a larger collection of approved church or congregational Music, than can be found in any one book extant. Besides a very competent number of short tunes, in all the variety of measures for usual Sunday service, there is added a selection of Anthems and longer Hymn Tunes, for particular occasions. This will render it more suitable and convenient for the practice and improvement of common schools and church choirs. A considerable proportion of the music has never before been published in this country, and will therefore have all the effect of original compositions. The Proprietors and Compilers have omitted no pains or exertions in their power, to render the work as perfect in all respects, as the nature of the subject will admit.

A few variations in the harmony have been made in the present edition; but if the learned musician should still find many deviations from the strict principles of *modern* harmony, he must attribute it principally to a reluctance on the part of the Compilers to change tunes from the form in which they have long been presented to the public. More complaints are made of the frequent changing of the harmony, than of its incorrectness. There may be found some errors of the press, which, however, the eye of a master will readily discover, and which can easily be corrected with the pen. Perfect typography in a work like this is not to be expected, and is indeed impossible. It is hoped, however, and believed, that errors of this kind are few and not very material.

Figuring has been added in this edition, which it is hoped may be of some use to the organist; and as utility has been a leading object, the character of the music, it is believed, will be found suited to every sober, sacred, and religious purpose, and adapted to the use of public worship, among all societies and denominations of Christians.

A DICTIONARY OF MUSICAL CHARACTERS.

ADAGIO, (or *Ado.*) slow.

Affettuoso, or *Con Affetto*, tenderly.

Alla Breve, an Italian term for church music of four minims in a bar, to be performed quick; it is usual however at the present day, to insert a bar after every semibreve or two minims, and the movement is denoted by a bar drawn through the Adagio character.

Allegretto, a little brisk.

Allegro, (or *Allo.*) brisk.

Allegro ma non troppo, brisk, but not too fast.

Alto, or *Altus*, the contra Tenor.

Andante, a little slow, or by gentle steps, as in walking.

Andantino, a light sort of andante.

Amoroso, see *Affettuoso*.

Anthem, a portion of Scripture set to music.

Bis, signifies a repeat.

Canon, a regular and exact fugue, in either the unison, fifth, or eighth. In these pieces one singer begins alone, and when he comes either to the end of his part, or to a repeat, if written on one staff, a second begins, and then a third in like manner, and so of the rest.

Cadences, are closes in music, similar in effect, to stops in reading.

Canto, or *Contus*, the Treble.

Capella, a chapel or church, as *Alla Capella*, in church style.

Cantabile, in a graceful and melodious style; an extreme cadence made by the principal performer while the rest stop.

Chorus, full, all the voices.

Con, as *Con Spirito*, with spirit.

Crescendo, (or *Cres.*) to swell the sound.

Con Lamento, in a melancholy style.

E, and, as *Moderato e Mastoso*, moderate and majestic.

Da Capo, (or *D. C.*) to repeat and conclude with the first strain.

Deconi and Cantoris, the two sides of a choir.

Diminuendo, to diminish the sound.

Dolce, sweet and soft.

Duo, Duetto, for two voices or instruments.

Del Segno, (or *D. S.*) from the sign.

Fagotto, the Bassoon part.

Fine, the end of a piece or book.

Forte, (or *For.*) loud.

Fortissimo, or *F. F.* very loud.

Fuga, or *Fugue*, a piece in which one or more parts lead, and the rest follow in regular intervals.

Grazioso, gracefully, with taste.

Grare, the slowest time.

Larghetto, pretty slow.

Largo, Lentamente or Lento, very slow.

Ligature, a slur.

Mastoso, slow, firm, and bold.

Moderato, moderately.

Motetto, a kind of Latin Anthem.

Mezzo, moderately, rather, as

Mezzo Forte, moderately loud.

Mezzo Piano, rather soft.

Organo, the Organ part.

Piano, (or *Pia.*) soft.

Pianissimo, (or *P. P.*) very soft.

Piu, prefixed to another word, increases its force.

Poco, the contrary of *Piu*.

Presto, quick.

Prestissimo, very quick.

Primo, the first part.

Pomposo, in a grand or pompos style.

Ricercare, kind of musical recitation, between speaking and singing.

Ritornello, see *symphony*.

Secondo, the second part.

Semi Chorus, half the voices.

Siciliano, a slow, graceful movement in Compound Time.

Solo, for a single voice or instrument.

Soprano, the Treble.

Spirituoso, or *Con Spirito*, with spirit.

Stoccatto, very distinct and pointed.

Sotto Voce, middling strength of voice.

Symphony, a passage for instruments.

Tempo, time; as, *A Tempo*, or *Tempo Giusto*, is true time.

Trio, a piece in three parts.

Tempo di Marcia, martial time.

Tutti, when all join after a solo.

Thorough Base, the instrumental Base, with figures for the Organ.

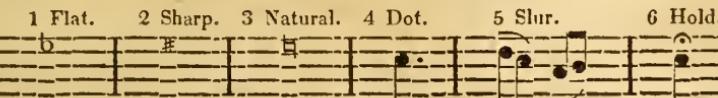
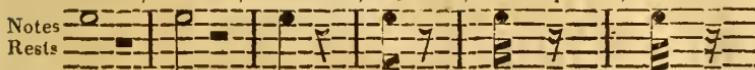
Verse, one voice to a part.

Vivace, with life and spirit.

Volti Subito, turn over quick.

NOTES, RESTS AND OTHER MUSICAL CHARACTERS EXPLAINED.

1 Semibreve, 2 Minims, 4 Crotchets, 8 Quavers, 16 Semiquavers, 32 Demisemis.



7 Repeat. 8 Choice Notes. 9 Figure 3. 10 Trill. 11 Appogiatura.



12 Bar. 13 Double Bar. 14 Syncopation. 15 Staccato Marks. 16 Brace.



1. A *Flat*, set before a note, sinks it half a tone.
2. A *Sharp*, set before a note, raises it half a tone.
3. A *Natural*, restores a note made flat or sharp to its original sound.
4. A *Dot*, after a note, adds to it one half of its original length.
5. A *Slur* is drawn over or under those notes which are sung to one syllable.
6. The *Hold* shews that the sound of the note over which it is placed may be continued longer than its usual length.

7. The *Repeat* shews what part of a tune is to be sung twice, and is placed at the beginning and end of the strain to be repeated.

8. *Choice Notes* give the performer liberty to sing which he pleases.

9. The *Figure 3*, over or under three notes, directs that they be performed in the time of two of the same kind.

10. The *Trill*, shews that the note over which it is placed should be shaken.

11. The *Appogiaturas* are small notes, which divide the time of the principal note, unless it be followed by a point or rest, and then they take the whole time of the principal note, and that takes the time of the point or rest only.

12. A *Bar* divides the tune into equal parts, according to its measure note.

13. *Double Bars* shew the end of a strain.

14. *Syncopation*, or *Driving Note*, is when a note begins on the weak and ends on the strong part of the measure.

15. Notes having *Staccato Marks*, should be performed distinctly; and when dots are used instead of marks, the performance should be soft and distinct.

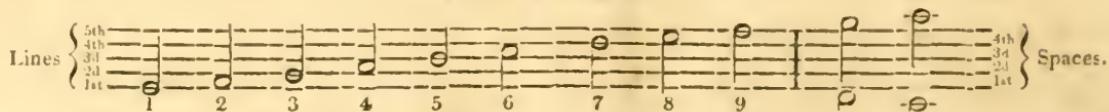
16. The *Brace* connects those parts of a tune which move together.

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

MUSIC is written on five parallel lines, and their four intermediate spaces, and are called a *Staff*, making nine *Degrees* or places for the heads of the notes, which are counted upwards. When more de-

grees are necessary, the spaces above and below the staff, and also short or *Leger* lines are used, and thus the number of degrees may be increased at pleasure.

THE STAFF.



There are but seven original sounds, called the *Scale*, which may be repeated upwards or downwards at pleasure, but every series will be the same as the first, differing only in the pitch, being one eighth more acute or grave, that is, higher or lower. To these sounds the seven first letters of the Alphabet are applied, and also certain syllables, instead of words, to aid the learner in singing them. There is also prefixed to each *Staff* a certain character called a *Clef*, which represents one of the letters of the scale and its corresponding sound, and this shews the application of the scale to the staff. There are but two Clefs used in this work; which are the F and G Clefs. The

F Clef is confined to the Base; and is placed on the fourth line. The G Clef is used in all the upper parts, and is placed on the second line. Another Clef, formed thus,  called the C Clef, was formerly used for the Counter and Tenor parts, and sometimes for all the upper parts, and was moveable at pleasure to any line in the staff; but this Clef is now very generally rejected as unnecessary.—The Counter and Tenor parts are designed for male, and the Treble for female voices. This being understood, different Clefs are unnecessary.

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

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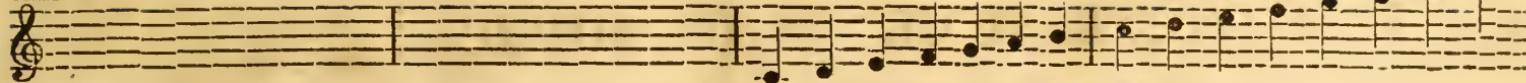
1st Octave.

2d Octave.

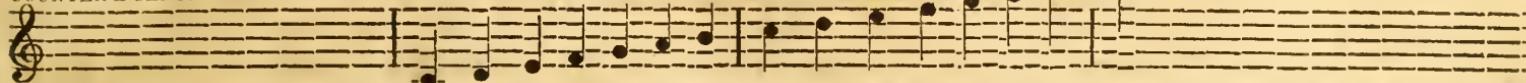
3d Octave.

4th Octave.

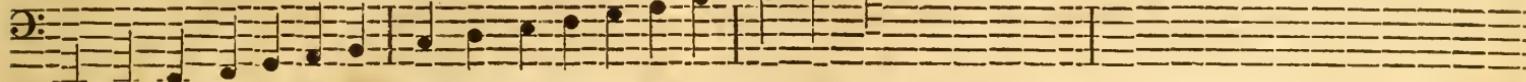
TREBLE.



COUNTER & TENOR.



BASE.



C D E F G A B c d e f g a b C D E F G A B c d e f g a b C&c.
fā sol là fā sol là mi fā sol là mi fā

The second octave in the Base, and the first in the Counter and Tenor are in unison; and the third in the Base, the second in the Counter and Tenor, and the first in the Treble, are also in unison; and should all the four octaves, and as many more as could be conceived, be sounded at once, they would be in perfect concord. Although the second line, being the Clef line, in both the upper parts, is G; yet it is to be observed, that the Treble is an octave higher than the Counter and Tenor. The parts here are placed in their natural order; but the Treble, which is the Air or principal melody, is generally written next to the Base, for the accommodation of organists; it being most convenient for them, that the Air and Base should stand together.

In applying syllables to the seven sounds, which is called *Solfeggio*, or *Solmisation*, nations differ. The English use

C. D. E. F. G. A. B.
fa. sol. la. fa. sol. la. mi.

The French use ut. re. mi. fa. sol. la. si.
The Italians use do. re. mi. fa. sol. la. si.
others have used da. me. ni. po. tu. la. be.

The sound of *a* in *fa* and *la* is broad, and *i* in *mi* has the sound of *e*. The scale consists of five tones and two half tones or semitones, and when the five tones are divided by sharps or flats, it will consist of twelve semitones..

DIVISION OF THE SCALE INTO SEMITONES.

Ascending by Sharps.

Musical staff showing the ascending scale by sharps from C to C. Notes are C, C sharp, D, D sharp, E, F, F sharp, G, G sharp, A, A sharp, B, C (repeated). Below the staff are numbers 1 through 12 under each note.

Descending by Flats.

Musical staff showing the descending scale by flats from C to C. Notes are C, B flat, B, A flat, G flat, F, E flat, E, D flat, D, C (repeated). Below the staff are numbers 1 through 12 under each note.

Ascending by Flats.

Descending by Sharps.

In ascending by flats or descending by sharps it is necessary after every flat or sharp, to insert a *natural*, otherwise the sharp or flat would continue its effect, and the half tone would not be produced. Two of these are called natural semitones, as between E and F and B and C, and all the other ten are called artificial, as being changed by sharps or flats from their *natural* state. The natural semitones are sometimes called diatonic, and the artificial ones chromatic, in reference to the ancient Grecian scales.

It may be proper to observe that any two of the five whole tones, separated by an interval of one degree only, as from C to D—D to E—F to G—G to A and A to B will be brought together, to all practical purposes, either when sung or struck on keyed instruments, if

the upper note of the interval be flattened and the lower one sharpened ; that is, C \sharp and D b , for instance, are the same in sound, although they stand on different degrees in the scale ; and so it is with the other four.

When one octave is taken by itself, and the first note is repeated, that is, when it extends from C to C inclusive, and each is counted, there will be thirteen semitones or sounds, which has led some writers to say, that the scale consisted of thirteen semitones. This is incorrect, for there are but twelve distinct sounds, or intervals, and each of these may become a tonic, pitch, or key ; and there can be no more to any practical purpose.

THE Scale may be theoretically divided into smaller intervals, called quarter tones, thus :—



This is altogether an imaginary division of the scale in modern music, as the quarter tones cannot be struck on keyed instruments ; and it arises from writing one and the same key as the sharp of the key below, or as the flat of the key above, that is, making, for instance, a theoretic difference of *nearly* a quarter tone between G# and Ab, or C# and Db, which to all practical purposes are really the same.—This is called, in reference to the Grecian scales, the *Enharmonic*, as that by semi-tones is called the *Chromatic*, division. These names and distinctions, however, have but little use or applicability in modern music.

There are two modes in Music, the Major, and Minor. In the Major mode the tonic or Key note is the first above mi, and proceeds

upwards with three full tones, as C D E in the above examples
 fa. sol. la.
 which gives a *Major* third, whence its name arises. In the Minor mode the tonic, or Key note, is the first below mi, and proceeds upwards with two tones and a semi-tone, making a *Minor* third, as A B C (from B to C being a semi-tone,) whence also its name
 la. mi. fa.
 arises. In the Base of every tune a perfect close is in one or the other of these tonics, which will determine the mode. If it be the first above mi, that is, fa, it is in the Major; if the first below mi, that is, la, it is in the Minor mode. This is given as a rule for a beginner, but the air of the tune will immediately discover the mode to a proficient. In the Minor mode the sixth and seventh ascending must be sharpened, but not in descending; thus,

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

This peculiarity, or alteration of the 6th and 7th, from their *natural* state, is the occasion of its having been denominated by some an *artificial* scale. The ancients had no knowledge of (they certainly made no use of) the Major mode. The application of the letters, which was first made by them, shews at least that their scale was in the Minor mode, and all their music was plaintive. The two sharps in ascending was a later refinement.

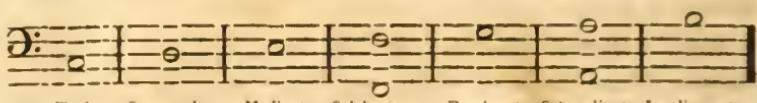
It has already been stated that the Key, pitch, or tonic, may be elevated or depressed by sharps and flats to any of the twelve semi-tones in the scale. This may be done by flats or sharps placed at the beginning of the Tune on such lines or spaces as are necessary to bring the tones and semi-tones into their relative and proper order, required by the alteration intended. For to whatever space or line in the staff the pitch is removed, the seven sounds must retain the same relative order, as in their natural state. These flats or sharps at the beginning of the staff are called, the *Signature*; when there are none placed there, it is a sign or *Signature* of the natural Key, and mi is in B; but

If B be Flat	} Mi is in	E	} Mi is in	F	
If B and E		A		If F be sharp	C
If B, E and A		D		If F and C	G
If B, E, A and D		G		If F, C and G	D

And having thus found Mi, the notes above are fa, sol, la, fa, sol, la, and then comes Mi again—and below are la, sol, fa, la, sol, fa, and then comes Mi again; as the foregoing examples will shew.

Sometimes in the course of a tune the Key or tonic will be changed by flats or sharps occasionally inserted and restored again by naturals. These incidental sharps or flats, as also naturals, when they are intended to remove the effects of sharps or flats in the *Signature*, are always indicative of a change of Key, excepting when sharps or naturals are used on the 6th and 7th of the Minor mode; in which case they are said to be the *sign* of that mode; but incidental flats always produce a change of Key. All these incidental changes from the Key established by the *Signature* are called *Modulation*.

The seven sounds have also distinct names from their situation and effect in the scale. The Key note is called the Tonic, the next above, or its second, the Supertonic,—its third, the Mediant,—its fourth, the Subdominant,—its fifth, the Dominant,—its sixth, the Submediant,—its seventh, the leading note.



The *Tonic* is so called from its being the principal *Tone* or pitch of the tune.

The *Supertonic* is so called from its being the next note above the *Tonic*.

The *Mediant* is so called from its being in the *middle* way between the *Tonic* and *Dominant*.

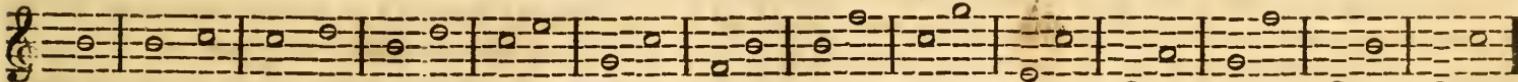
The *Subdominant* is so called from its being the fifth *below* the Tonic, as the *Dominant* is the fifth *above*.

The *Dominant* is so called from its being a principal note, and requires the Tonic generally to be heard after it, especially at a close, and is therefore said to *govern* it.

The *Submediant* is so called from its being in the *middle* way between the tonic and its fifth *below*.

The *Leading Note* is so called from its *leading* naturally to the Tonic, and is the sharp seventh of the scale, and therefore in the Minor mode is necessarily sharpened in ascending.

There are also fourteen intervals in the scale bearing distinct names; viz. Unison, Minor second, Major second, Minor third, Major third, perfect fourth, sharp fourth, flat fifth, perfect fifth, Minor sixth, Major sixth, Minor seventh, Major seventh, Octave.



Unison. Minor second. Major second. Minor third. Major third. Perfect fourth. Sharp fourth. Flat fifth. Perfect fifth. Minor sixth. Major sixth. Minor seventh. Major seventh. Octave.

As the scale admits of only 12 semitones, so an Octave although by counting the first and last note, which are octaves to each other, and really one and the same sound in effect, it contains 13 sounds, yet it has but 12 intervals; because the Unison cannot properly be called an interval, and the sharp fourth and flat fifth, although necessarily distinguished in harmony, are performed on keyed instruments with the same keys, and make but one interval.

When any one of these intervals is subtracted from 9, or when the lower note is placed an Octave higher, or the upper one an Octave lower, its *inversion* will be produced. Thus unison or one subtracted from 9 leaves 8, its *inversion*; a second from 9, leaves 7, its *inversion*; a third, from 9, leaves a 6th, its *inversion*; and so on. Also place the unison an Octave higher and it will be an 8th—place the lower

note of the *second* an Octave higher, and it will be a seventh, or place the upper note an Octave lower, and it will be a 7th, and so on.

There are other intervals produced by sharps or flats, or both, which are called *extremes*, namely, the *extreme* or chromatic semitone, the *extreme sharp* 2d, the *extreme flat* 3d, the *extreme flat* 4th, the *extreme sharp* 5th, the *extreme sharp* 6th, the *extreme flat* 7th, and the *extreme flat* 8th.—These all arise from the five additional intervals made by the semitonic division of the scale. These are principally theoretic distinctions, as on keyed instruments the *extreme sharp* second, is the same as the minor third; and the *extreme flat* third, the same as a tone, containing only two degrees, and the most of the rest correspond to other *natural* intervals.

OF TIME.

'There are three kinds of time, viz. *Common*, *Triple*, and *Compound*.

COMMON TIME has four characters.



The first is the slowest, containing four crotchets in a bar. It has four beats, two down, and two up: and is performed in four seconds.

The second is beat as the first, but one fourth faster.

The third has two beats in a bar, one down and one up, and is performed in two seconds.

The fourth is beat as the third, but performed one fourth faster.

In all, the accent falls on the first and third parts of the bar.

TRIPLE TIME has three characters.



The first has three minims in a bar, each minim sounded in a second of time; and is performed with three beats to a bar, the two first with the hand down, and the last with it up.

The second has three crotchets in a bar; the time measured as in the first, but performed one fourth faster.

The third has three quavers in the bar; the time measured as in the others, but performed one fourth faster than the second. In Triple Time, the accent falls principally on the first, and faintly on the third part of the bar.

COMPOUND TIME has two characters.

First.



Second.



The first contains six crotchets in a bar; three sung with the hand down, and three with it up, in the time of two seconds. It is accented on the first part of the bar.

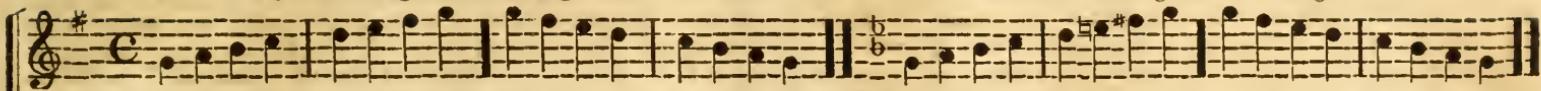
The second has six quavers in a bar; performed like the first, but one fourth faster, and accented in the same manner.

Where figures are employed as characters to express the Time, they are to be understood as denoting the fractional parts of a semibreve that are contained in each bar; as three halves, is three minims; three fourths, is three crotchets; three eighths, is three quavers; six fourths, is six crotchets; six eighths, is six quavers, the upper figure denoting the number, and the lower one the kind, of notes, which are necessary to fill the bar. Other similar characters, as $\frac{5}{4}$, $\frac{7}{4}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, &c. are sometimes used; but generally in instrumental music.

The proportions here given to the different species of time are not to be found in many of the best European treatises; but are such as have been generally observed in this country, and are well enough for general regulations. But all the species in each kind of time are really the same, and may, and ought to be, performed, slower or faster, according to the sentiment to be expressed.

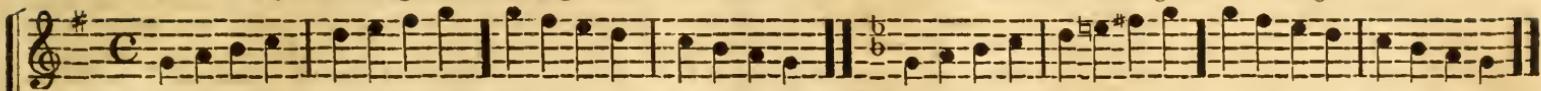
LESSONS FOR THE EXERCISE OF THE VOICE.

G Major ascending and descending.

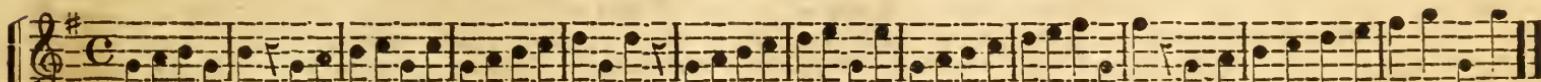


fa, sol, la, fa, sol, la, mi, fa, fa, mi, la, sol, fa, la, sol, fa.

G Minor ascending and descending.



la, mi, fa, sol, la, fa, sol, la, la, sol, fa, la, sol, fa, mi, la.



GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

THE early Christians had a propensity to singing Psalms, Hymns, and Spiritual Songs, as the New Testament teaches us; and Lucien, and Pliny the younger, bear their testimony to the same fact. It does not appear, however, what their music was. They were probably compelled to adopt the music of the times, and perhaps pagan hymns. Origen said, "we sing hymns to none but the Supreme Being, and to his only Son, in the same manner as the pagans sing to the sun, moon, stars, and all the heavenly hosts." Christianity became the established religion in the year 312, and in the time of Constantine, chants were first established. That of Ambrose, called the *Ambrosian chant*, was first introduced, by which the Psalms were chanted after the Eastern manner, till about the year 600, when St. Gregory reformed it, and established, what was afterwards called the *Gregorian chant*. This plain chant, or *canto fermo*, adapted to prose only, was distinguished from the *canto figurato*, or florid song, to which verse and rhymes were sung, and which was banished from the church, as being too lively and paganish: hence Psalmody degenerated into plain monotonous song, or chant. This was a single part, in which most of the notes were on one and the same line or degree, in which all the voices united; but in time, *diaphonia*, *organum*, *discant*, *counterpoint*, or *faburden*, (all which terms mean the same thing, namely, music in parts, or harmony, in contradistinction to *plain chant*, or single melody,) began to take place. This at first was only singing the plain song a fifth, fourth, or eighth higher or lower. At length they began to vary some of the tones from constant consecutive fourths, fifths, or eighths, to some other concordant tone, as to a third or sixth. Thus they proceeded from one step to another, till at length they built all kinds of *florid counterpoint*, or *harmony* on these plain songs or chants. These additional parts were at first extemporaneous, and not written; but finally written counterpoint or *harmony* took place, and gave rise to all the arts of *canon*, *fugue*, *imitation*, *inversion*, *augmentation* and *diminution*. But

while the artists and professors were exercising their skill on these different superadded parts in florid counterpoint, the congregation were singing only the plain chant and well known song. This holding on in the plain song, is what has given the name of *Tenor* to the principal melody; which, in modern times, however, is generally called the *Treble*. The mode of performance was generally by way of *question* and *answer*, by different choirs, or different parts of the same choir. This mode of singing, together with such licentious accompaniments, it is easily conceived, would almost totally obscure the plain tune or melody, and lead to the greatest confusion. And hence we are told that it gave great offence to the first reformers. They admitted "the people to join with one voice in a plain tune," but nothing more. In 1586, they prayed Parliament, "that all cathedral churches might be put down, where the service of God was grievously abused by singing, ringing, and trowling of Psalms from one side of the choir to the other." This reproof would but too well apply to the "light, fuguing, and ballad-like" kind of music, which has heretofore overrun our country, but is now giving way to a better taste, and a more sober and devotional kind of psalmody.

Metrical or Parochial Psalmody in slow notes of equal length had its origin in Germany, and was thence spread by reformers into other parts of Europe. Clement Marot, in France, translated 30 of the Psalms in 1540, into French verse, which were sung to the tunes of the most favorite songs of the times. He soon after fled from persecution to Geneva, where he versified 20 more. The whole 50 were printed at Geneva in 1543, with a preface by Calvin himself. Marot dying the next year, Theodore Beza versified the rest, and the whole 150 were published at Strasburgh in 1545 with single melodies, which are still extant, and in possession of the compilers of this work. These Tunes or melodies, were said to be composed by one William Franc. In all these there are but three tunes, which are now used, namely, Old Hundred, Old 50th, or Laudaff, and the 46th Psalm, in

this collection. It is upon these single melodies, that most of the able harmonists have laboured in constructing parts. Claude Le Jeune first harmonized Old 100, which is here inserted, page 267. These Psalms of Marot and Beza began afterwards in 1549, to be translated into English Metre, when Thomas Sternhold's 51 Psalms were published. The entire version by Sternhold and Hopkins, and others, was not published, however, till 1562, with the simple melodies in one part only, which are chiefly German Tunes. These were again published in 1594, and fully harmonized in four parts, by John Dowland, E. Blanks, E. Hooper, J. Farmer, R. Allison, G. Kirby, W. Cobbold, E. Johnson, and G. Farnaby. But the most complete publication of Psalm Tunes in four parts, which perhaps ever appeared in England, was that of Thomas Ravenscroft, now in the possession of the compilers, in small octavo, in 1621, containing a melody for each of the Psalms, many of them by the editor himself. Many of these melodies are still in use. The three added parts were composed by 21 English musicians, among whom were Tullis, Dowland, Morley, Bennet, Stubbs, Farnaby, and John Milton, father of the Poet. Dr. Dowland harmonized Old 100, but Ravenscroft ranks the melody among the old French tunes. This publication informs us who composed the parts to old melodies, and who added new ones, and is therefore in some measure historical. A great number of other smaller publications were made, but all becoming scarce, honest John Playford, about 1560, furnished the lovers of Psalmody with the whole book of Psalms and Hymns in three parts, which being printed in a pocket volume, at a very reasonable price, encouraged and excited a passion for this species of music, throughout Great Britain, equal to that of the Calvinists and other Protestants on the continent. This publication was used nearly 100 years without any alteration; the only two tunes introduced into general use during that time, being St. Michael's and Easter Hymn, and these perhaps by a kind of necessity on account of their peculiar metres. These old Tunes have since,

many of them at least, been a thousand times published in England and this country, and almost as often varied in some particulars, as it respects harmony or the number of parts. The complaints, therefore, which are often made of the alteration of the old Tunes, are unfounded, and only expose the ignorance of those who make them. No one can say, which is the original. Probably the oldest Tunes now in use, like Old 100, were originally composed without parts, and have been harmonized many different ways, as that of Old 100 by Claude Le Jeune will show. When the English books containing these Tunes were first brought to this Country, as Tansur, Williams, Knapp, J. Arnold, &c. who were by no means, musicians of the first class in England, they were evidently, set or harmonized, as Tansur professes, in the most simple manner; containing principally the common chords, without any regard to the modern rules of relation and progression. If any complaint, therefore, of the alteration of these old tunes is well founded, it lies as well against these authors, from whom we first learnt them in this country, as against those, who are endeavouring to render them conformable to the modern rules of harmony.—Late English publications present them with very different harmony from the former ones, and different from each other. Many of them, however, are still retained in this publication with the same dress and accompaniment in which they have been most accustomed to be seen in this country; and although not strictly agreeable, in many instances to the present rules of counterpoint, yet, having become familiar to us, more injury than benefit would probably result from any supposed alterations of them whatever. Plain common chords were exclusively used in ancient church music, and applied, without regard to connexion, to six of the seven different notes in the scale; and it is doubtful if it has gained much by the modern doctrine of relation. Palestrina in his famous *stabat mater*, as well as other celebrated authors, used perfect chords of the same kind diatonically, and every note in the scale except the 7th, as a fundamental base.

And Dr. Burney, from whom most of this account is derived, says, “the modulation was so qualified by the disposition of the parts, that though it looked unscientific and licentious on paper, its effects, of which no idea can be acquired from keyed instruments, were admirable.” He further says, that “this disregard of relation, is doubtless the true secret of ancient church music; and the principal cause of its effects so widely different from that of modern compositions; an effect, compounded of solemnity, wildness, and melancholy.”

If those, who complain of the alterations of the old Tunes, will take the trouble to examine the latest English Collections of Psalmody, they will find many of their favorite old Tunes, as *St. Martin's*, *Colchester*, *All Saints*, and others, so much changed, not merely in harmony, but sometimes in the melodies themselves, that they will scarcely be able to recognize them. The compilers of this work have not, for reasons already mentioned, adopted these alterations but in a few instances; and those, where the change was not great, and where the good effects were believed to be important.

In the following work, the air or principal melody is universally placed next above the Base, to accommodate those who perform on organs, or other keyed instruments. The natural order is to place the air or Treble at the top, and the other parts in order downwards, as Counter, Tenor and Base. It has however for a long time been customary to place the parts as we have here arranged them, and is perhaps the most convenient, for the reasons above mentioned.—Females should, however, generally sing the air or principal melody,

otherwise the harmony will often be destroyed, or at least it will not have its intended and proper effect. Singers should also be informed, that where a piece is set for one, two or three voices, and contains such directions, only the number of voices prescribed should be employed in the performance. Such directions are generally misunderstood, and instead of one person only on each part, all the singers on the parts mentioned unite, which is altogether wrong in practice, and should be corrected. When three voices, for instance, are directed to perform a piece, three persons are intended, and not three parts; one person only on each part is meant. After such directions, they will generally find the word *Tutti*, or *Chorus*, used, which indicates that the whole choir is again to unite. And generally where *Tutti*, or *Chorus* occurs, it is understood that the previous strain should be performed by one voice on each part, whether such directions are expressly given or not. This rule, however, is not absolute, but is generally proper, and in some instances essential.

The Compilers have thought it unnecessary to enlarge on the Rudiments of Music in a school-book like the present, as a master will be able to supply all that is wanting, and even more than could be well inserted in a collection of music for general use. It is hoped the additional rules in this edition will be found amply sufficient for beginners. Those who wish to perfect themselves in the rules of music, must not expect to find sufficient instruction in a mere collection of music for public worship, but must have recourse to grammars, and other professed works of instruction.

ARLINGTON. C. M.

Dr. Arne.

17

Jesus, with all thy saints above, My tongue would bear her part, Would sound aloud thy saving love, And sing thy bleeding heart.

6 5 6 6-5 6 6 6 7 4

ARUNDEL. C. M.

All glory be to God on high, And to the earth be peace, Good will henceforth from heav'n to men Begin and nev - er cease.

6 6 5 6 7 #6 6 7 6 6 6 7

Blest is the man who shuns the place,
Where sinners love to meet,
Who fears to tread their wicked ways,
And hates the scighter's seat.

6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 7 5

CANTERBURY. C. M.

Why do we mourn departing friends, Or shake at death's alarms? 'Tis but the voice that Jesus sends, To call them to his arms.

8 7 5

FUNERAL THOUGHT.

C. M.

Smith.

19

Hark! from the tombs a mournful sound! My ears, attend the cry; Ye living men come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.

St. MARTIN's. C. M.

Smith.

O thou, to whom all creatures bow, Within this earthly frame, Thro' all the world how great art thou, How glorious is thy name!

36 65 5 6 65

DURHAM. C. M.

H. Purcell.

Lord, who's the happy man that may, To thy blest courts repair,
And while he bows before thy throne, Shall find acceptance there.

6 6 6 6 5 # 6 - # 5 6 # 6 6 6 5 # # # 7 6 *

CHAPEL. C. M.

See, gracious God, before thy throne, Thy mourning people bend, 'Tis on thy sovereign grace alone, Our humble hopes depend, Our humble hopes depend.

6 # 6 4 7 6 * 6 7 6 5 6 6 7 6 5 # 6 6 5 6 6 6 5

BELMONT. C. M.

21

SOFT.

Hark, how he
See Israel's gentle Shepherd stands, With all en-gag-ing charms;
calls the ten-der lambs,
And folds them in his arms.

LOUD.

calls the ten-der lambs,
And folds them in his arms.
And folds them in his arms.

Org.

Voice.

7

St. ANNE's. C. M.

Dr. Croft.

Musical notation for two hymns. The first section, "St. ANNE's. C. M.", consists of two staves of music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The second section, "Dr. Croft.", continues the music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. A vocal line is added below the music, reading: "My trust is in my heav'nly friend, My hope in thee my God, Rise, and my helpless life defend, From those who seek my blood." Below the vocal line are numerical markings: 6, 5, 6, 7, 4, 6, 5, *, 6, 6, *, 6, 6.

St. MARY's. C. M.

Dr. Croft.

Musical notation for two hymns. The first section, "St. MARY's. C. M.", consists of two staves of music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The second section, "Dr. Croft.", continues the music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. A vocal line is added below the music, reading: "Thee we adore Eternal Name, And humbly own to thee, How feeble is our mortal frame, What dying worms are we." Below the vocal line are numerical markings: 6, 6, *, 4, 6, 7, 6, #6, 6, #6, *, 6, 7, #.

KIPPIS. C. M.

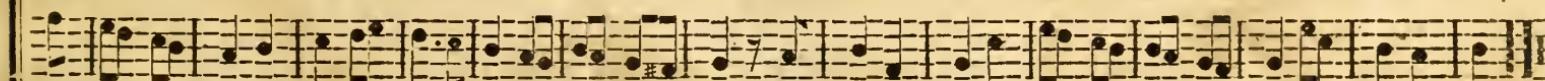
Dalmer.

23



When pale with sickness, oft hast thou With health renew'd my face; And when in sin and sorrow sunk, Reviv'd my soul with grace.

6 6 6 -5- 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 5



Thy bounteous hand, with worldly good, Has made my cup run o'er, And in a kind and faithful friend, Has doubled all my store..



BRAINTREE. C. M.

A musical score for two voices and piano. The top staff is for the soprano voice, the bottom staff is for the alto voice, and the right hand of the piano is shown. The music is in common time, key of G major. The vocal parts sing a hymn tune, while the piano provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The lyrics describe shepherds watching their flocks at night when an angel of the Lord comes down.

While Shepherds watch'd their flocks by night, All seated on the ground, The an - gel of the Lord came down, And glory shone around.

WINDSOR. C. M.

Kirby.

My God, how many are my fears ! How fast my foes increase ! Their number, how it multiplies ! How fatal to my peace !

My God, how many are my fears! How fast my foes increase! Their number, how it multiplies! How fatal to my peace!

BROOMSGROVE. C. M.

Dr. Green.

25

Musical score for Broomsgrove Hymn, C. M. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and the third staff is in common time (indicated by '2'). The music uses a soprano vocal line with harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics are as follows:

My God, I cry with ev'ry breath, For some kind power to save, To break the yoke of sin and death, And thus redeem the slave.

Below the music, the notes are numbered with figures: 5, #, 6, 7, #, #, 7, 5, 6, 6, #, 5, 5, 6, #, #, 6, 7, #.

PLYMOUTH. C. M.

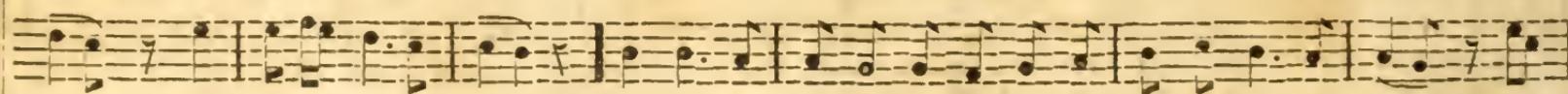
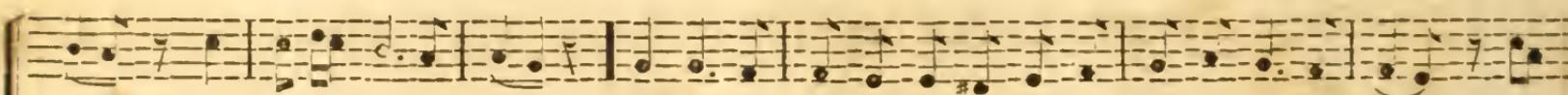
Musical score for Plymouth Hymn, C. M. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and the third staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2'). The music uses a soprano vocal line with harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics are as follows:

Now let our lips, with holy fear, And mournful pleasure, sing The sufferings of our great High Priest, The sorrows of our King.

Below the music, the notes are numbered with figures: 6, #, 6, 5, #, --, 6, #, --, #, #, #, #, #, 6, #.



Behold the glories of the Lamb, Amidst his Father's throne! Prepare new honours for his name, Prepare new honours for his



name, And songs before un - known. Let elders worship at his feet, The church adore a . round, With



A musical score for three voices and hand chimes. The top staff consists of three measures of music for soprano, alto, and bass. The middle staff consists of three measures of music for soprano, alto, and bass. The bottom staff shows hand-chiming notation with numbers 6, 5, 3 indicating which fingers to use for each note. The lyrics are: "vials full of odours sweet, With vials full of odours sweet, And harps of sweeter sound, And harps of sweeter sound." The music includes various dynamics like forte and piano, and rests.

BEDFORD. C. M.

Wheal.

The heav'n's declare thy glory, Lord, Which that alone can fill: The firmament and stars express Their great Creator's skill.

ROCKBRIDGE. C. M.

There is a fountain, fill'd with blood, Drawn from Immanuel's veins, And sinners, plung'd beneath that flood, And

65 7 -5- 65
43

sinners, plung'd beneath that flood, Lose all their guilty stains, Lose all their guilty stains.

T. S. 45

6 6 5
4 3

GREENWALK. C. M.

29

How vain are all things here below! How false, and yet how fair! Each pleasure has its poison too, And every sweet a snare.

6 5 6 # # 6 # 5 #

DUNDEE. C. M.

Let not despair nor fell revenge Be to my bosom known; O give me tears for other's woe, And patience for my own.

#6 5 #7 5 6 6 # 5 7

Let heaven arise, Let earth appear, Said the Almighty Lord, The heavens arose, the earth appea'd, At his creating word.

6 5 6 6 6 5 * 6 6 6 6 6 4 5 3

Thick darkness brooded o'er the deep; God said, let there be light; The light shone round with smiling ray, And scatter'd ancient night.

5 6 6 7 * 6 4 #3 * 6 6 6 6 5 7 3

HERMON. C. M.

Mason.

31st

Nor eye hath seen, nor ear hath heard, Nor sense nor reason known, What joys the Father hath prepar'd, For those who seek his Son. Pure are the

7 5 6 6 4 4 5 - 5 - 6 6 4 4 5 - 5 - 7 6 6 6 5 6 7 5 Base Viol.

joys above the sky, And all the region peace, No wanton lip, nor envious eye, Can see or taste the bliss.

 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

The righteous souls that take their flight,
Far from this world of pain, In God's paternal bosom blest,
For - ev - er shall remain.

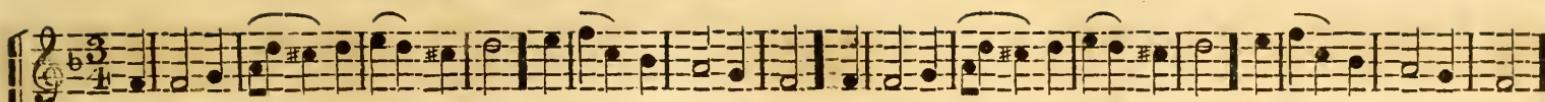
WORKSOP. C. M.

To calm the sorrows of the mind, Our heav'nly Friend is nigh, To wipe the anxious tear that starts And trembles in the eye.

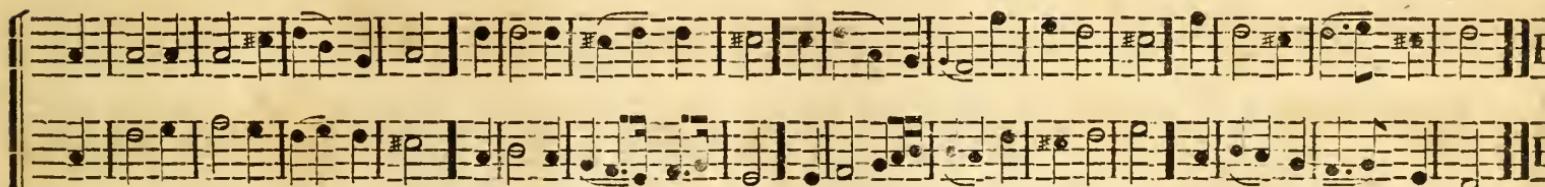
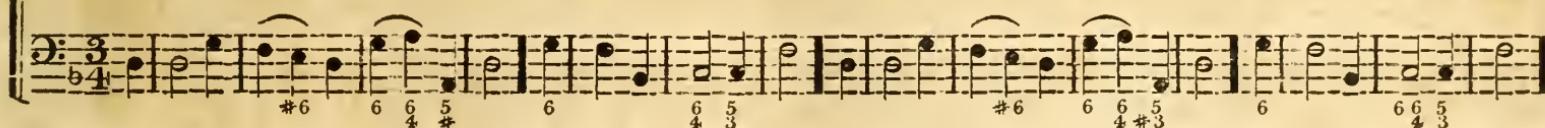
DORSET. C. M.

Dr. Burney.

33



Hear, gracious God, my humble moan, To thee I breathe my sighs: When will the tedious night be gone, And when the dawn arise!



My God, O could I make the claim, My Father and my Friend, And call thee mine by every name, On which thy saints depend.



Now let our drooping hearts re - vive, And ev'ry tear be dry:

Why should these eyes be drown'd in grief, Which view a Saviour nigh?

57 65 6 6 5 6 6 5

BUCKINGHAM. C. M.

35

Help, Lord, for men of virtue fail, Religion loses ground, The sons of wickedness prevail, And treacheries abound.

9 * * # 67 * # *

KENDALL. C. M.

Clark.

Lord, when together here we meet, And taste thy heavenly grace, Thy smiles are so di - vine - ly sweet, We're loth to leave the place.

6 67 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 -- 6 6 5 6 7

More gaily smiles the blooming spring, When wintry storms are o'er; Retreating sorrow thus may bring Delight un - known before.

6 5 6 5 4 3 2 3 5 4 3 5 - 5 - 5 - 4 6 5 6 4 5

Then, Christian, send thy fears away, Nor sink in gloomy care; Though clouds o'erspread the scene to-day, To - mor - low may be fair.

6 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 7 6 6 6 6 4 3

MARTYRS. C. M.

37

The year rolls round and steals away,
The breath that first it gave;
Whate'er we do, whate'er we be,
We're hast'ning to the grave.

LINCOLN. C. M.

Coombs.

Blest be the dear u - nit - ing love, That will not let us part;
Our bodies may far off remove; We still are one in heart.

Music for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) in common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and tenor clefs. The lyrics are:

Come, Holy Ghost, Cre - a - tor come, In - spire the souls of thine, In - spire the souls of thine,

Below the music, the basso continuo part is shown with a bass clef and a bass staff. The bass notes are marked with numbers below the staff: 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 6, 5, 7, 6, 5, 5.

Music for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) in common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and tenor clefs. The lyrics are:

Till every heart which thou hast made, Is fill'd with grace divine. Is fill'd with grace divine.

Below the music, the basso continuo part is shown with a bass clef and a bass staff. The bass notes are marked with numbers below the staff: 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 6, 5.

FLORENCE. C. M.

Jomelli.

39

Soft.

Loud.

Lies mingled,

How long shall death the tyrant reign, And triumph o'er the just, While the rich blood of martyrs slain Lies mingled, Lies mingled with the dust.

6 6 5 6 7 6 5
4.3 5 6 7 6 5
Organ. 6 6 6 4 3
Voice. 6 6 5

Lo faith beholds the scatter'd shades, The dawn of heaven appears, and the bright morning gently spreads Its blushes, Its blushes, Its blushes round the spheres.

5 6 5 7 - 5 - - 5 -
4 3 4 4 6 6 6 5
Organ. 6 6 5
Voice. 6 6 5

How large the promise, how divine, To Abr'ham and his seed ; I'll be a God to thee and thine,

75 7 -5- 6 6 56 75 7 -5-

Sup - ply - ing all their need. I'll be a God to thee and thine, Sup - ply - ing all their need.

6 6 6 7 6 6 6 5

WELKIN. C. M.

41

Indulgent Father, how divine, How bright thy glories are! Thro' nature's ample round they shine, Thy goodness to declare.

6 6 6 6 5 6 6 7 6 5 4 6 5 6 6 5 6 36 6 6 87 4

LONDON. C. M.

Dr. Croft.

O holy, holy, holy Lord, Whom heavenly hosts obey, The world is with thy glory fill'd, Of thy majestic sway.

5 6 5 7 5 4 5 4 6 7
[4 5]

6

Jesus, the friend of sinners, calls, With pity in his eyes; And warns them of the dang'rous foes, That all around them rise.

Fingerings below the staff:

- 0 6 6 *
- 5 6 6 6 6 7
- 5 3

WANTAGE. C. M.

Our days run thoughtlessly along, Without a moment's stay; Just like a story or a song, We pass our lives away.

Fingerings below the staff:

- 6 6 5 *
- 6 6 6 *

8#3
2 God of my life, look gently down, Behold the pains I feel; But I am dumb before thy throne, Nor dare dispute thy will.
2 54 5 6 6 6 5 # 6 6 6 6 5 4 3 5 55 6 6 6 6 5 6#6 5 6 6 5 4 #

ROCHESTER. C. M.

9#2
God my supporter and my hope, My help for ever near, Thine arm of mercy held me up, When sinking in despair.
2 5 6 5 # 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 5

I know that my Redeemer lives, And ever prays for me; Salvation to his saints he gives, And life and lib - er - ty.

6 7
5
6 7
5 6
5 6 4
6 6 7
5
5 6
5 6
5 6
6 5
8 7

COLLINGHAM. C. M.

T. Jackson.

The dear delights we here en - joy, And call our own in vain, Are but short favours borrow'd now, To be repaid again.

6 5
6
6 5
6 6
6 1 5
6
6 6 5
6 5
6 6 5
6 6
6 6 5

ARCADIA. C. M.

45

The Lamb shall lead his heav'nly flock, Where living fountains rise; And love divine shall wipe away, The sorrows of their eyes.

56 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 7
34 4 4 4 48 45

St. JAMES'. C. M.

Courteville.

To celebrate thy praise, O Lord, I will my heart prepare; To all the list'ning world thy works, Thy wond'rrous works, declare.

6 6 7 5 87 5 6 6 7

PETERBOROUGH. C. M.

Once more, my soul, the rising day, Salutes my waking eyes; Once more, my voice, the tribute pay, To him that rolls the skies.

56 5 6 6 6 57

COLCHESTER. C. M.

Lord, in the morning thou shalt hear, My voice ascending high; To thee will I direct my prayer, To thee lift up mine eye.

6 6 6 5 6 7 6 5 * 6 6 7

BANGOR. C. M.

47

Return, O God of love, return, Earth is a tiresome place, How long shall we, thy children, mourn Our absence from thy face.

87 # 5 6 6 5 # 87 6 5 #

MEAR. C. M.

Sing to the Lord ye distant lands, Ye tribes of ev'ry tongue: His new discover'd grace demands A new and nobler song.

5 6 6 * 5 5

Arise, O King of grace, arise, And enter to thy rest; Lo! thy church waits with longing eyes, Thus to be own'd and blest.

BURFORD. C. M.

Purcell.

How shall the young secure their hearts, And guard their lives from sin; Thy word the choicest rules imparts, To keep the conscience clean.

FORELAND. C. M.

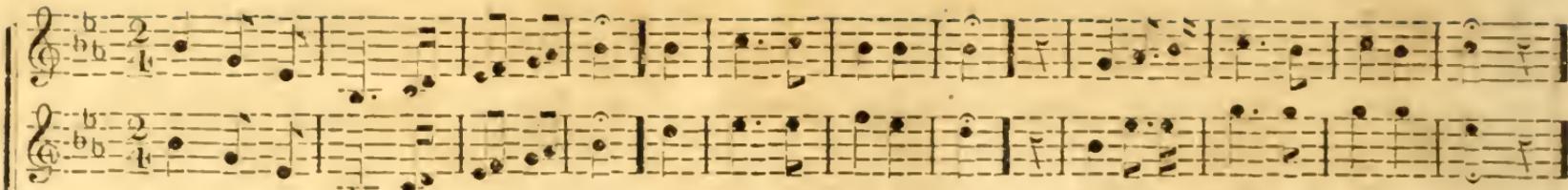
Callcott.

49

Thy words the raging winds control, And rule the boisterous deep, And rule the boisterous deep;

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$

Thou mak'st the sleeping billows roll, The rolling billows sleep, The rolling billows sleep.



Let earth stand tremblung on her base, And clouds the heavens deform; Blow, all ye winds, from every place,



T. S.

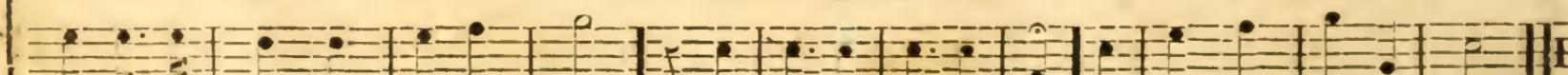
4 5

6 6

6 6



Blow, all ye winds, from every place, And rush the final storm, And rush the final storm.



6 5 6 6 6 5
4 3

6 5
4

6 6 6 5 7
4 5

SWANWICK. C. M.

Lucas.

51

Soon shall the glorious morning come, When all thy saints shall rise, And cloth'd in

6 6 7
4 5

Bassoon. 8 7
6 5 6 4

their im - mor - tal bloom, At - tend thee to the skies, At - tend thee to the skies.

6 5 6 4 8 7 6 5 6 2 5

6 9 4 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 5 3

Praise ye the Lord, immortal choir, That fill the realms above, Praise him who form'd you of his fire, Praise him, &c. And feeds you with his love.

T. S. 6 6 7 6 5
4 4 4 3

Hope looks beyond the bounds of time, When, what we now deplore, Shall rise in full im - mortal prime, And bloom, to fade no more.

6 56 65 3

GARLAND. C. M.

53

He sends his showers of blessings down, To cheer the plains below; He makes the wood the mountains crown, And corn in vallies grow.

6 5 6 5 4 3

Org. 6 4 7

6 5 4 3 Voice. 6 6 4 3

NEWTON. C. M.

T. Jackson.

In every joy that crowns my days, In every pain I bear, My heart shall find delight in praise, Or seek relief in prayer.

6 6 5

6 5

4 3

5 6 5 6 2

6 6

6 5

6 5

6 5

6 5

To meditate thy precepts, Lord, Shall be my sweet employ; My soul shall ne'er forget thy word, Thy word is all my joy.

6 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 5

Awake, my soul, arise, my tongue, Prepare a tuneful voice; In God, the life of all my joys, Aloud will I rejoice.

6 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 5

PENROSE. C. M.

Tucker.

55

Tenor.

Alto.

2d Treble.

Air.

Your lofty thoughts are vain, But ye must die like men, But ye must die like men.

Know that his kingdom is supreme, He calls you gods, that awful name,

DUNKENFIELD. C. M.

R. Harrison.

Thee we adore, Eternal Name, And humbly own to thee, How feeble is our mortal frame, What dying worms are we.

Hark ! how the feather'd warblers sing, 'Tis nature's cheerful voice, 'Tis nature's cheerful voice, Soft music hails the lovely
spring,

6 5 7 6 5 Soft

4 3

music— Soft music hails the lovely spring, And woods and fields re - joice.
spring, And woods and fields rejoice.
music hails the lovely spring,

5 6 6 6 6 6 5
4

CLIFTON. C. M.

W. Arnold.

57

Hark! the glad sound, the Saviour comes, The Saviour promis'd long; Let ev' - ry

heart a throne prepare, And every voice a song. And every voice a song.

6 5 43

6 4 5

6 7 5

6



When rising from the bed of death, O'erwhelm'd with guilt and fear, I see my Maker face to face, O how shall I appear!

7 5 -5- 6 6 5 65 7 5 -5- 6 6 6 6 7
43

6 6 6 6 6 65 65 6 7 5 -5- 6 6 6 6 7
4 4 4 4

If yet while pardon may be found, And mercy may be sought, My heart with inward horror shrinks And trembles at the thought.

FARRINGDON. C. M.

Wyvill.

59

Hence from my soul, sad thoughts be gone, And leave me to my joys. My tongue shall triumph in my God, And make a joyful noise.

Pia.

Cres.

For.

Pia.

For.

Darkness and doubts had veil'd my mind, And drown'd my head in tears, Till sovereign grace with shining rays Dispell'd my gloomy fears, Dispell'd my gloomy fears.

Now to draw near to thee, my God, Shall be my sweet employ; My tongue shall sound thy
 works a broad, And tell the world my joy.

67 65 6 65
 45 43 5 43
 3 6 7 6

And tell the world my joy.

5 6-5 4-3 6 7 6

1

HOLBORN. C. M.

61

Now to thy heavenly Father's praise, My heart, thy tribute bring; That goodness which prolongs my days, With grateful pleasure sing.

b7 *6 6 7* *6 5* *6* *6 5* *6 6 6 4 7*

CHRISTMAS. C. M.

Handel.

Awake, my soul, stretch every nerve, And press with vigour on; A heavenly race demands thy zeal, And an immortal crown. And an immortal crown.

6 *6 6* *6 6 6 5* *43* *6 5 7* *6 5 6 5 6 5* *6 6 6 7* *4 5*

CONCORD. C. M.

Trebles.

O God, my Father, I a - dore That all com - mand - ing name: It will my soul to

Org.

life re - - store, And kindle all my flame. And kin - - dle all my flame.

Voice.

6 6 (5) 6 6 6 7 6 5

SALEM. C. M.

63

The various months thy goodness crowns,
How beauteous are thy ways! The bleating
shepherds shout, And shepherds shout thy praise.
flocks spread o'er the downs, And shepherds shout, And shepherds shout, and shepherds shout thy praise.

6 5 6 6 6 5 And 6 6 5 6 5 3 4 5 6 5 7 6 6 6 4 5 6 5

As pants the hart for cooling streams, When heated in the chase, So longs my soul, O God, for thee, And thy re-fresh-ing grace.

5 6 5 7 6 7 8 # 7 7 6 5 6 5 6 6 5
4 3

QUEENBOROUGH. C. M.

Allison.

Thro' all the changing scenes of life, In trouble and in joy; The praises of my God shall still My heart and tongue employ.

6 6 6 7
6 6 6 6
6 6 6 6

TISBURY. C. M.

Husband.

65

There is a land of pure delight, Where saints im - mor-tal reign; In - fi - nite day ex - cludes the night, In-

Bassoon part:

6 6 6 5
4 3

6 6 6 5
4 3

6 6 5
4 #

finite day excludes the night, And pleasures banish pain, And pleasures banish pain, And pleasures, pleasures banish pain.

Bassoon part:

6 6 6 6

6 6 6 7
4 5

Soft.

Where'er I turn my gazing eyes, Thy radiant footsteps shine; Ten thousand pleasing wonders rise, And speak the hand di - vine.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Org.

Loud.

wonders rise, Ten thousand pleasing wonders rise, And speak the hand di - vine.

11 12 13 14 15

Voice.

43

HARTFORD. C. M.

Dr. Heighington.

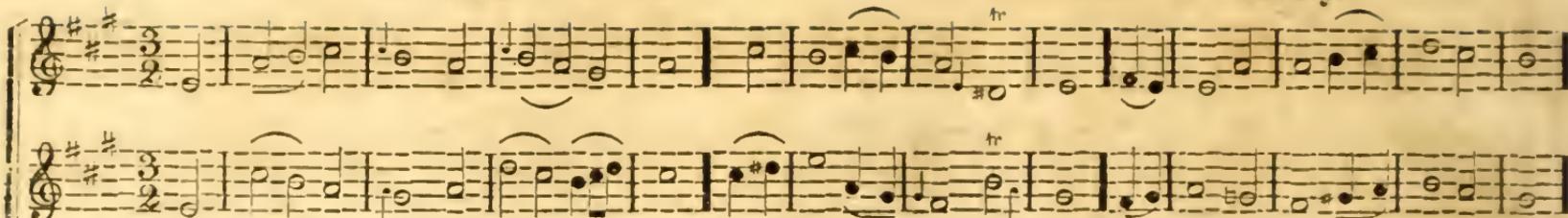
67

The Lord sup - plies his peo - ple's need, Je - ho - vah is his name; In pas - tures

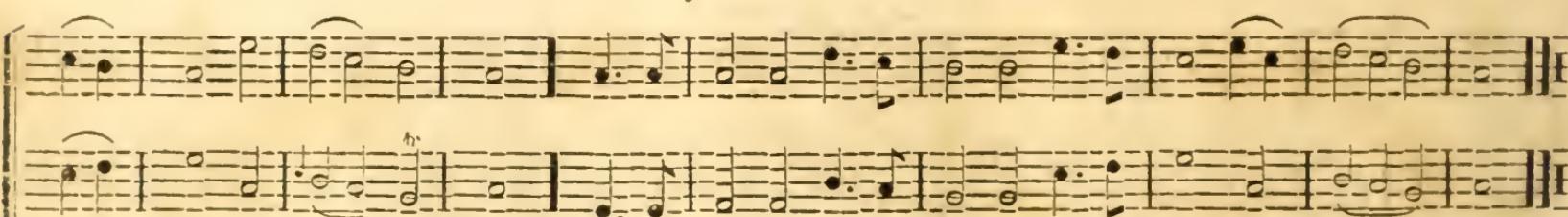
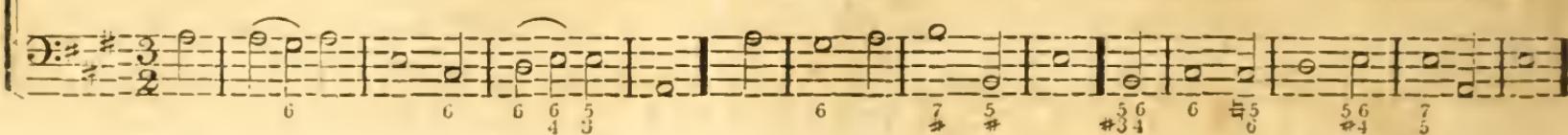
Bass Chords:
6 7 6 5 9 8 6 3 6 6 5
4 5 4 3 4 3 4 3 6 5 4 3

fresh he makes me feed, Be - side the liv - ing stream. Be - side the liv - ing stream.

Bass Chords:
9 8 7 9 8 6 6 5 6 6 5 9 8
7 6 5 4 3 4 3 6 4 3 5 7 3 6
6 6 5 6 6 5 9 8 6 6 5



With pity - ing eyes, the Prince of grace Beheld our helpless grief: He saw, and (O a - mazing love!)



He came to our re - lief. Halle - lujah, Halle - lujah, Halle - lujah, A - men.



ANNIVERSARY. C. M.

69

Father, how wide thy glories shine, How high thy wonders rise ! Known thro' the earth by thousand signs, By thousands thro' the skies. By thousands,

6 6 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 7 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 — 5 By thousands 6 6 7 5
 4 4 3 4 2 2

ROCKINGHAM. C. M.

Dr. Burney.

He is a God of sovereign love, That promis'd heav'n to me, And taught my soul to soar above, Where happy, where happy, where happy spirits be.

4 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 5 * 6 #6 * # 6 — 6 6 6 5 4 #

ARNOLD's. C. M.

With transport, Lord, we view the page, Where all thy mercies shine, And joy to tell the rising race, What bound - less grace is thine.

What, &c. 6 6 7
5

CHARMOOUTH. C. M.

My Saviour, my Almighty friend, When I begin thy praise, Where will the growing numbers end, The numbers of thy grace!

4 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 4 43

PORTSEA. C. M.

Kingsbury.

71

God of our mercy and our praise, Thy glory is our song; We'll speak the honours of thy grace, With a rejoicing tongue.

6 65 6 6 5 6 6 5 7 5 -5- 65 6 6 6 7
43 4 3 4 3 4 3 43 4 5
3

PALMYRA. C. M.

Buononcini.

That once lov'd form, now cold and dead, Each mournful thought employs, And nature weeps, her comforts dead, And wither'd all her joys.

6 6*6 6 6 6 5
6 6 6 6 6 6 4 5

ADVENT. C. M.

Callcott.

A musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time and G major. The vocal parts are arranged in two staves: soprano and alto on top, tenor and bass on the bottom. The music consists of eight measures of melodic line, followed by lyrics in a cursive font. Below the music, a harmonic analysis is provided, showing Roman numerals above the staff and specific chord symbols (e.g., 6/5, 4/3, 7, 5) below the staff.

Let Zion and her sons rejoice: Behold the promis'd hour; Her God hath heard her mourning voice, And will exalt his pow'r. And will, &c.

6 5 6 5 6 6 7 5 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 3 7 5

PANVILLE, C. M.

Dixon.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The vocal parts are in common time, treble clef, and B-flat major. The piano part is in common time, bass clef, and B-flat major. The lyrics are: "When I am buried deep in dust, My flesh shall be thy care; These with'ring limbs with thee I trust, To raise them strong and fair. To raise, &c." The score includes measure numbers 6, 5, 6, 43, 46, 5, 6, 65, and 7.

BRATTLE STREET. C. M.

Pleyel.

73

Slow.

While thee I seek, protecting Pow'r,
Be my vain wishes still'd,
And may this consecrated hour
With better hopes be fill'd.

Pia.

For.

Thy love the pow'r of thought bestow'd,
To thee my thoughts would soar:
Thy mercy o'er my life has flow'd,
That mercy I adore.

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4} - \frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$

Soft.

Shepherds, rejoice, lift up your eyes, And send your fears a - way; News from the region of the skies,

4 65 6 65

Lou.

Soft.

Loud.

Sal - va - tion's born to - day. News, &c.

6 6 5 6 6 -5- 65 7 -5- 65

Sal - va - tion's, &c.

DEVIZES. C. M.

75

Behold the glories of the Lamb, Amid his Father's throne, Prepare new honors

-5- 67 65 43 6 6

for his name, And songs be - fore un - known. And songs be - fore un - known.

65 - 43

87
65
.3

Soft.

As pants the hart for cool - ing streams, When heated in the chase; So longs my soul, O

Note heads below staff:

- Measures 1-2: 6 5 6 5 6 7
- Measure 3: 6 4
- Measure 4: 7 5

Loud.

God, for thee, And thy re - fresh - ing grace. And thy re - fresh - ing grace.

Note heads below staff:

- Measures 1-2: 6 4 3
- Measure 3: 6
- Measure 4: 6 6 4 7 6 5

MIDDLEBURG. C. M.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in G major (two sharps) and the bottom two are in E major (one sharp). The music is in common time. The lyrics are as follows:

When God reveal'd his gracious name, And chang'd my mournful state, My rapture seem'd a pleasing dream, The grace appear'd so great. The grace, &c.

Below the music, there are fingerings and rests indicated by numbers: 6 7, 6 5, 4 3, -5-, 6 7, 6 5 3, 6 6 4, 5 #, 7, 6 6 5, 4 3.

BABYLON. L. M.

Ravenscroft.

Now let our mournful songs record The dying sorrows of our Lord, When he complain'd in tears and blood, As one forsaken of his God.

Be thou, O God, exalted high, And as thy glory fills the sky, So let it be on earth disp'ay'd, Till thou art here as there obey'd.

5 6 5 5 5 6 65 6 87

BATH. L. M.

Come hither, all ye weary souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come; I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to my heavenly home.

6 65 60 6 6 6 5 57

WELDON. L. M.

Costellow.

79

The heav'n's declare thy glory, Lord, In every star thy wisdom shines; But when our eyes be-

6 6 6 5
4 3

5 5 6
4 3

5 6 5
4 3

hold thy word, We read thy name in fairer lines. We read thy name in fairer lines.

7 6 6 5
4 3

6 8 7 6
4 6 5 4

5 6 5
3 4

6 5
4 3

Thus saith the high and lofty One, I sit up - on my ho - ly throne, My name is God, I

Pia.

6 6 5 T. S. 9 4 8

Pia. **For.**

dwell on high, Dwell in my own e - ter - ni - ty. Dwell in my own e - ter - ni - ty.

6 - 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 4 5 3

SURRY. L. M.

Costellow.

81

No more fa - tigue, no more dis - tress, Nor sin nor death shall reach the place, No groans shall mingle with the songs,

7 6 6 6 6 7 6 6

Which warble from im - mor - tal tongues. Which war - ble from im - mor - tal tongues.

7 6 6 5 4 7 6 5 6 6 6 7 3

EVENING HYMN. L. M.

Clark.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3'). The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a '2') and the third staff is in A major (indicated by an 'A' with a '2'). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Below the notation is a hymn text:

Sleep, downy sleep, come close my eyes, Tired with beholding vanities, Welcome, sweet sleep, that driv'st away The toils and follies of the day.

Below the notes are numerical fingerings: 65, #, 66, #, 6 6 6 7, 4 5, 6 7, #6, --, 6, #, 6 6 5, 4 #.

KENT. L. M.

Dr. Green.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3'). The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a 'b') and the third staff is in A major (indicated by an 'A' with a 'b'). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Below the notation is a hymn text:

Where shall we go to seek and find A habi - ta - tion for our God! A dwelling for th'Eternal Mind Among the sons of flesh and blood.

Below the notes are numerical fingerings: 7, 5, 6 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5 7.

LUTON. L. M.

Burder.

83

With all my powers of heart and tongue, I'll praise my Maker in my song : Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Approve the song, and join the praise.

WINCHESTER. L. M.

Dr. Croft.

Life is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'insure the great reward ; And while the lamp holds out to burn, The vilest sinner may re - turn.

ARMLEY. L. M.

Thou, whom my soul ad - mires, a - bove All earth - ly joys, all earth - ly love,

Tell me, dear Shep - herd, let me know, Where do thy sweetest pastures grow.

LEYDEN. L. M.

Costellow.

85

O let us to his courts re-pair,
And bow with ado ration there.
Down on our knees de-

6 6 5
4 3

6

voutly all Be-fore the Lord our Maker fall.
Be-fore the Lord our Maker fall.

6 #6
6 5
T. S.
6 7
3

Shew pity, Lord, O Lord, for - give ; Let a re - pent - ing rebel live, Are not thy mercies
 large and free ? May not a sin - ner trust in thee ? May not a sinner trust in thee ?

6 6 5 5
 4 3 6 5
 -5- 6 5
 7 6 6 5
 4 3 5

6 6 5 5
 4 3 6 5
 -5- 6 5
 7 6 6 5
 4 3 5

6 6 5 5
 4 3 6 5
 -5- 6 5
 7 6 6 5
 4 3 5

6 6 5 5
 4 3 6 5
 -5- 6 5
 7 6 6 5
 4 3 5

CARTHAGE. L. M.

Dalmer.

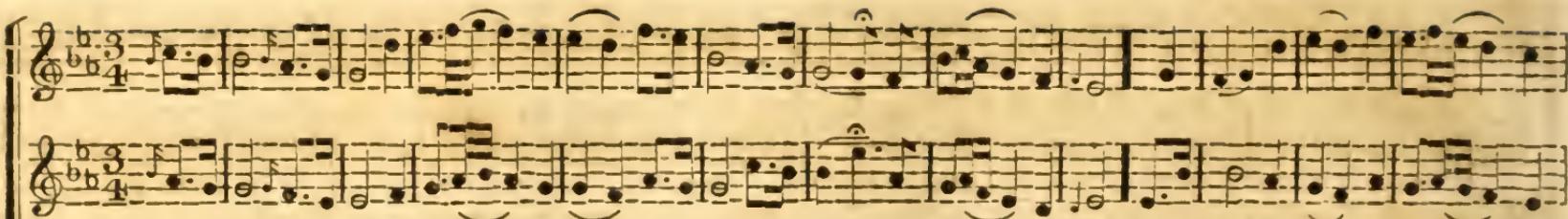
87

Father of all, omniscient Mind, Thy wisdom who can comprehend ? Its highest point what eye can find, Or to its

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{6}{5}$

lowest depths descend ! Its highest point, what eye can find, Or to its lowest depths descend !

 $\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$



7 5- 6 5 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 6 5 7
ray, And darkness veil'd the mourning day. No, he withdrew his sick'ning ray, And darkness veil'd the mourning day.

9 8 2 6 6 5 6 6 5 7 5- 6 5 7 6 5 7 5 5 5- 6 6 5
ray, And darkness veil'd the mourning day. No, he withdrew his sick'ning ray, And darkness veil'd the mourning day.

SPRING. L. M.

Dalmer.

89

Great God, at whose all pow'rful call, At first aroese this beauteous frame,
Thy bounty bids the
Thou mak'st the seasons change, and all The changing seasons speak thy name.

6 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 6 5
I II

infant year From wint'ry storms recover'd rise, When thousand grateful scenes appear, When thousand, &c.

Fresh op'ning to our wond'ring eyes.
I II

-5- 67 T. S.

6

6 6 6 6 7
I II

CASTLE-STREET. L. M.

Lord in thy great, thy glorious name, I place my hope, my on - ly trust: Save me from sorrow,

guilt and shame, Thou ev - er gracious, ev - er just. Thou ever gracious, ev - er just.

LIMERICK. L. M.

91

Handwritten musical score for "LIMERICK" in L. M. (Long Measure) time signature. The score consists of two systems of music, each with four staves. The key signature is common time (indicated by a 'C'). The first system begins with a treble clef, a bass clef, and a common time signature. The lyrics for this system are:

Deep in our hearts let us re - cord The deeper sorrows of our Lord ; Behold the rising

The second system begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. The lyrics for this system are:

billows roll, To over - whelm his holy soul. To over - whelm his holy soul.

Below the staff numbers are provided for some notes: 4, 6, 6, 5, 6, 7, 4; 6, 5, 6, 7, 4; 6, 5, 6, 7, 4; 6, 5, 6, 7, 4.

GOULDBOURN. L. M.

T. Walker.

I send the joys of earth a-way, A-way, ye tempt-ers of the mind, False as the smooth de-

5 7 65 4 76 5

ceit - ful sea, And empty as the whistling wind. And empty as the whistling wind.

6 65 6 5 6 65 6 5 6 65 6 5

OXFORD. L. M.

93

On ev' - ry side I cast mine eye, But find no friend, no help - er nigh,

No lenient tongue my grief to cheer, No eye to drop a so - cial tear.

His hand will smooth my rug - ged way, And lead me to the realms of day,

87 5 6 6 57 6 6 5 6
4 3 4 . 3 4 57

To milder skies, and brighter plains, Where ev - er - last - ing plea - sure reigns.

6 34 0 56 65 67 5 6 6 57
6 4 3

MONMOUTH. L. M.

Martin Luther.

95

In robes of judgment, lo! he comes, Shakes the wide earth, and cleaves the tombs; Be - - fore him
burns de - vour - ing fire, The mountains melt, the seas re - tire. The mountains melt, the seas re - tire.

5 6 5 6 87 6 7 6 4 5 3

Musical score for "Portugal" in 2/4 time, key of G major. The score consists of four staves of music with corresponding lyrics below them. The music includes various note values (eighth and sixteenth notes) and rests. Hand-chromatic notation is present above the first three staves, with numbers (e.g., 87, 5, 65, 3, 7, 5, *) placed above specific notes. The lyrics are:

O could I soar to worlds a - - bove,
The blest a - - bode of peace and love,

How gladly would I mount and fly,
On angel's wings to joys on high.

Hand-chromatic notation numbers:

- Staff 1: 87, 5
- Staff 2: 65, 3
- Staff 3: 3
- Staff 4: 7
- Staff 5: 5
- Staff 6: *
- Staff 7: 6 - 5 -
- Staff 8: 4
- Staff 9: 3
- Staff 10: 65
- Staff 11: 43
- Staff 12: 3
- Staff 13: 87
- Staff 14: 5
- Staff 15: 65
- Staff 16: 3
- Staff 17: 3

MAGDALEN. L. M.

Tallis.

97

My God, permit me not to be A stranger to myself and thee, Amidst ten thousand thoughts I rove, Forgetful of my highest love.

6 6-5- 6 6 5 5 -5- 6 5 6 6 7 4

BLENDON. L. M.

Giardini.

Lord, when thou didst ascend on high, Ten thousand angels fill'd the sky; Those heav'nly guards around thee wait, Like chariots that attend thy state.

6 6 6 -5- 4 5 6 7 2 3 5 7 5 6 7

Great God, whose universal sway, The known and unknown worlds obey, Extend the kingdom of thy Son, Till every land his laws shall own.

6 6 6 5 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 6 4 3 6 5 6 6 5 - 4 3 5 - 6 5 6 7 4

PUTNEY. L. M.

Spare us, O Lord, a - loud we pray, Nor let our sun go down at noon, Thy years are one eternal day, And must thy children die so soon!

* .65 #-- 65 * 6 * 6 * 6 * 6 87 *

ANTWORTH. L. M.

99

No bleeding bird, nor bleeding beast, Nor hyssop branch, nor sprinkling priest, Nor running brook, nor flood nor sea, Can wash the dismal stain away.

Fingerings below the music:

- Staff 1: 5, 6, 5, 6, 6, 4, #, *, 6, 5, 6, 5, 4, 3
- Staff 2: 6, 5, 6, 7, 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 2
- Staff 3: 6, 6, 5, 4, 4, #

WINCHELSEA. L. M.

Prelleur.

Incumbent on the bending sky, The Lord descended from on high, And bade the darkness of the pole, Beneath his feet tremendous roll.

Fingerings below the music:

- Staff 1: 6, --, 6, 4, 3, 6, #, 6, *, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3
- Staff 2: 6, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3
- Staff 3: 6, 6, 5, 7

He comes, he comes, the judge se . vere ; The seventh trumpet speaks him near ; His lightnings flash, his

-5- -5- 7

Pia.

For.

thunders roll, He's welcome to the faithful soul. He's welcome to the faithful soul.

6 5 6 7
4 3

BECKWITH. L. M.

Dr. Madan.

104

Buried in shadows of the night, We lie till Christ re - stores the light, Wis - dom de-

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 4 & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 3 & \end{matrix}$

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$

scend to heal the blind, And chase the darkness of the mind. And chase the darkness of the mind.

-5- $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 3.4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 & 6 \\ 7 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{matrix}$

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ -5- $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$

Who, from the shades of gloomy night, When the last tear of hope is shed,

6 6 6 5

Can bid the soul re - turn to light, And break the slumber of the dead!

6 6 6 4

BARNSTEAD. L. M.

103

Soft.

Loud.

He guides our feet, di - rect s our way, His morning smiles en - liven day ; And when the

6

6 5

Org.

-5-7

7

6

4

5

3

Voice.

5

Soft.

Loud.

sun with - draws the light, His presence cheers the shades of night. His presence cheers the shades of night.

6

-5-

7

6 5

Org.

6

-5-7

7

Voice.

-5-

6

6

7

4

43

Soft.

Thou, whom my soul ad - mires a - bove All earthly joys, all earthly love, Tell me, my Shepherd, let me know, Where do thy sweetest pastures grow. Where do thy sweetest pastures grow.

6 7 63 7 6 63

Loud.

Shepherd, let me know, Where do thy sweetest pastures grow. Where do thy sweetest pastures grow.

6 5 6 56 45 65 43 Voice. 87 6 6 65 7 43

PILESGROVE. L. M.

105

Awake, my soul, to hymns of praise, To God the song of triumph raise ; Adorn'd with majesty divine, What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine !

5 6 7 5 6 6 6 6 6 5
4 5 4 3

ALL SAINTS. L. M.

Knapp.

God of the sabbath, hear our vows, On this thy day, in this thy house ; And own, as grateful sacrifice, The songs that in thy temple rise.

8 7 7 6 6 7 6 # 6 3 4 6 6 4 7 * 6 5 6 5 6 5 8 7 6 6 6 7
4 4 4 4 5

Great God, a - - midst the darksome night,
Thy glories dart up - on my sight,

6 6 6 7 7 6 6 5 - 6 4 3 7 6 5

While wrapt in wonder, I be - hold
The silver moon, and stars of gold.

6 6 -5 6 3 6 6 4 7

St. GEORGE. L. M.

Stanley.

107

God of my life, through all its days, My grateful tongue shall sound thy praise, The song shall wake with dawning light, And warble to the silent night.

6 6 6 6 #6 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 4

ROTHWELL. L. M.

Blest be the Father and his love, To whose celestial source we owe Rivers of endless joys above, And rills of comfort, And rills of comfort here below.

6 7 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 7

What sinners value I re-sign, Lord, 'Tis enough that thou art mine ; This life's a dream, an empty show, But the bright world to
I shall behold thy blissful face, And stand complete in righteousness.

8 7 6 6 3 7 8 7 7 5 6 7

which I go, Hath joys substantial, and sincere, When shall I wake and find me there ? When shall I wake and find me there ?
7 6 7
8 7 6 4 6 6 5 6 4-6 7 5 6 3 4 6 6 6 6 4 6 7

CUMBERLAND. L. M.

Carey.

109

When I sur - vey the wond'rous cross, On which the Prince of glo - ry died,

#6 43 65 65 43 5 6 4 5 #

My rich - est gain I count but loss, And pour con - tempt on all my pride.

65 6 6 56 5 3

Awake, my soul, to hymns of praise, To God the song of triumph raise; Adorn'd with majes-

6 6 0 -6- 6 -5- 65 76
43 54 6

ty di - vine, What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine! What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine!

6 6 6 6 6 5 3 6 5 3

ISLINGTON. L. M.

111

The flocks which graze the mountain's brow,
The corn which clothes the plains be - low,
To ev'ry heart new transports bring,
And hills and vales, And hills and vales re - joice and sing.

7 6 6 6
6 56 5
34 3

7 6 6 6
6 6 6 6

Now to the Lord, a noble song, Awake, my soul, awake, my tongue, Hosanna to th'Eter - nal Name, And all his boundless love proclaim.

6 6 6 6 - 5 - 6 6 6 5 7 6 5 6 6 7 6 7
4 4 4

QUERCY. L. M.

With all my pow'rs of heart and tongue, I'll praise my Maker in my song, Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Approve the song, and join the praise.

6 6 # 6 6 6 5 6 6 6
4 #

Sweet is the work, my God, my King, To praise thy name, give thanks and sing, To show thy love by morning light, And talk of all thy truth at night.

KIRKE. L. M.

O Lord my God, in mercy turn, In mercy hear a sinner mourn: To thee I call, to thee I cry, O leave me, leave me not to die.

Sing to the Lord, who loud proclaims His various and his saving names; O may they not be heard alone, But by our sure experience known.

NINETY-SEVENTH PSALM. L. M.

Tuckey.

Darknes and clouds of awful shade His dazzling glory shroud in state, Justice and truth his guards are made, And fix'd by his pavilion, wait.

DRESDEN. L. M.

115

Finis.

Preserve me, Lord, in time of need. For succour to thy throne I flee, But have no merit there to plead, My goodness cannot reach to thee. D. C.

6 6 7 6 7 4

MAYHEW. L. M.

Were I inspir'd to preach and tell All that is done in heav'n or hell, Or could my faith the world remove, Still I am nothing without love.

6 6 5 6 6 7-5- 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7

Come, gentle patience, smile on pain, Then dying hope revives again, And wipes the tear from sorrow's eye,

7 5 6 4 7 #6 6 6 5 7

While faith points upwards to the sky. And wipes the tear from sorrow's eye. While faith points upwards to the sky.

5 6 7 6 3 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 7

FAWCET. L. M.

R. Keene.

117

To whom but thee shall mortals go, To find the true and living way, That leads us

6 46 96 87

thro' this world of woe, To the bright realms of endless day.

thro' this world of woe, To the bright realms of endless day.

6 7 6 7 6 6 5 7 6 6 6 7

Un - veil thy bosom, faith - ful tomb, Take this new treasure to thy trust, And give these sacred reli - cies room,

To slum - ber in the si - lent dust. And give these sac - red reli - cies room, To slumber in the si - lent dust.

2 2
Is he a star? he breaks the night, Piercing the shades with dawning light; Piercing the shades with dawning light.
2 2
6 6 6 9 8 6 5 -5- 7 9 8 -7 6 5 6 9 5 -6. 6 4 5
Pia. For.

Pia. For.
I know his glories from a far, I know the bright, the morning star. I know the bright, the morning star.
6 6 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 7 6 5 3 6 6 5 6 7 6 5
.

Musical score for 'SHOEL' in common time (indicated by '8') and 2/4 time. The score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (8), and the last two staves are in 2/4 time. The key signature changes between staves. The lyrics are:

Now shall the trembling mourner come,
And bind his sheaves, and bear them home;

6 6 7 6 6 5

Continuation of the musical score for 'SHOEL'. The score consists of four staves of music. The lyrics are:

The voice, long broke with sighs, shall sing,
Till heav'n with hal - le - lu - jahs ring.

6 6 5

WELLS ROW. L. M.

121

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by '2' over '4'). The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the third staff begins with an alto clef. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes, aligned with the first two staves. Measure numbers are indicated below the third staff.

Lord, I will bless thee all my days, Thy praise shall dwell up - on my tongue,

My soul shall glory in thy grace, And saints re - joice to hear the song.

6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 -5-

6 5 6 5 6 6 6 8 7 6 7 3

In mem'ry of your dy - ing Friend, Do this, he said, till time shall end;

6 5 6 4 5 *

6 5 3 6 6 5 4 5 *

Meet at my ta - ble, and re - cord The love of your de - part - ed Lord.

6 6 6 6 4 5 *

The King of saints, how fair his face,
A - dorn'd with maj - es - ty and grace!

6 6
4

T. S.

He comes with blessings from a - bove,
And wins the nations to his love.

6 # 4 3 6 5 6 6 7
 5 5

O what a - mazing joys they feel, While to their golden harps they sing, And sit on ev' - ry
heav'n - ly hill, And sit on ev' - ry heav'nly hill, And sing the triumphs of their King.

6 6 6 6 6 7
3

6 6 6 4 5 3
6 6 6 5 4 3

6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3

6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3

SOMERSWORTH. L. M.

125

Soft.

My sad complaints in praises end, And tears of gratitude descend; I throw my sackcloth.

6 6 6 7 6 7 6 5

Loud.

on the ground, And ease and gladness gird me round, And ease and gladness gird me round.

7 6 6 5 5 6 6 7

Soft.

Lord, when my thoughts de - light - ed rove Amidst the wonders of thy love, Glad hope re-

Note below staff 3: 6 4 6 7 - 5 - 6 6 6 3 4 5 3

Loud.

vives my drooping heart, And bids in - trud - ing fear de - part. And bids in - trud - ing fear de - part.

Note below staff 3: 5 - 6 5 4 3 6 6 5 6 5 6 7

Pia.

Thou dost the raging sea control,
And change the surface of the deep;
Thou mak'st the sleeping billows roll,

7 6 5 3 4 -5- 6 6 6 6 7 5 6 7 7 #

For.

Thou mak'st the rolling billows sleep.
Thou mak'st the sleeping billows roll,
Thou mak'st the rolling billows sleep

6 6 6 6 7 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 5 3

2d Treble.

2d Treble.

How transient is the life of man! At most, a brief contract-ed span;

Tenor:

It blooms, it fades, and serves to show, How vain, how frail, are things below.

Bass:

6 7 6 7 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 4 6 7 5 3

6 5 6 6 5 6 4 6 6 5 6 4 6 5

COSTELLOW. L. M.

Costellow.

129

Be earth with all her scenes withdrawn, Let noise and van - i - ty be gone; In secret silence of the mind, My heav'n and there my God I find.

6 5 6 4 7 6 #6 6 8 7 4 7
6 6 7 6 6 7 4

STERLING. L. M.

O come, loud anthems let us sing, Loud thanks to our Almighty King, For we our voices high should raise, When our salvation's Rock we praise.

6 7 6 6 7 6
6 6 7



My passions rise and soar above, I'm wing'd with faith and fir'd with love; Fain would I reach eternal things, And learn the

Continuation of the musical score for Rowlston, L. M. featuring two staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. The top staff consists of two measures of music, followed by lyrics. The bottom staff continues the musical line. Measure numbers 5, 6, 5, 4, 3 are indicated below the notes.

Continuation of the musical score for Rowlston, L. M. featuring two staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. The top staff consists of two measures of music, followed by lyrics. The bottom staff continues the musical line.

notes which Gabriel sings. Soon the kind minute will appear, When we shall leave these bodies here, And mount aloft to worlds on high,

Continuation of the musical score for Rowlston, L. M. featuring two staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. The top staff consists of two measures of music, followed by lyrics. The bottom staff continues the musical line. Measure numbers 5, 6, 5, 4, # are indicated below the notes.

To join the songs above the sky. And mount a - lost to worlds on high, To join the songs a - bove the sky.

5 # 6 6 6 - 5 - 6 7
5 5 5

ORLAND. L. M.

Eternal are thy mercies, Lord ! Eternal truth attends thy word ; Thy praise shall sound from shore to shore, Till suns shall rise and set no more.

6 * 6 6 6 5 6 5 Org. 6 Voice. 6 6 7
4 4 4 4

5 3
4 We bless the Lord, the just, the good, Who fills our mouths with joy and food;

5 3
4 6 6 7 7 56 6 5 6 6 6 7 4 5

b 3
4 Who pours his blessings from the skies, And loads us with his rich supplies.

6 6 6 5- 6 6 6 5- 6 7 4 5 3

CARMEL. L. M.

Handel.

133

Earth from afar hath learnt thy fame, And men have learn'd to lisp thy name; But the full glories of thy mind, Leave all our soaring thoughts behind.

5 6 5 6 6 6 6 8 7 6 5 6 6 7 3

HALIFAX. L. M.

Dr. Madan.

Come, all ye weary fainting souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come, I'll give you rest from all your toils, And lead you to my heav'nly home.

--- 6 6 5 6 5 3 6 7 6 6 5 4 3 5 6 6 * #6 6 * 6 3 6 5 4 3

Musical score for the first section of "The Spacious Firmament". The score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a 'G'). The top two staves are for voices, and the bottom staff is for piano. The vocal parts are in soprano range. The piano part includes bass notes and harmonic chords. Measure numbers 6, 6, 7, 65, 43, 66, 66, 6, 65, 43, 6, 6, 65, 43, 66, 6, 6, 5 are written below the piano staff.

The spacious firmament on high,
With all the blue ethereal sky;
And spangled heav'ns, a shining frame,
Their great Original proclaim.

Musical score for the second section of "The Spacious Firmament". The score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a 'G'). The top two staves are for voices, and the bottom staff is for piano. The vocal parts are in soprano range. The piano part includes bass notes and harmonic chords. Measure numbers 6, #6, 6, #6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5 are written below the piano staff.

Pia.
For.

Th'unwearied sun, from day to day,
Does his Cre . a . tor's pow'r display ; And publishes to ev'ry land,
The work of an Almighty hand.

MUNICH. L. M.

Pia

For.

German.

135

'Tis fin - ish'd, 'Tis fin - ish'd, so the Saviour cried, And meekly bow'd his head and died.

5

#

#

'Tis finish'd, yes, the race is run, The battle's fought, the vic - t'ry won.

87 *

6 *

6 *

6 *

87 *

OLD TESTAMENT COMMANDMENTS. L. M.

From all that dwell below the skies, Let the Creator's praise arise, Let the Redeemer's name be sung, Thro' ev'ry land, by ev'ry tongue.

From all that dwell below the skies, Let the Creator's praise arise, Let the Redeemer's name be sung, Thro' ev'ry land, by ev'ry tongue.

MORIAH. L. M.

Heptinstall.

GUILFORD. S. M.

J. Arnold.

137

I bear the voice of woe, I hear a brother's sigh, Then let my heart with pity flow, With tears of love mine eye.

FAIRFIELD. S. M.

Let diff'ring nations join, To cele - brate thy fame, And all the world, O Lord, combine, To praise thy glorious name.

2 3
Froome. S. M.
Husband.

Shall wisdom cry aloud, And not her speech be heard ? The voice of God's eternal word, Deserves it no regard ? Deserves it no regard ?

Warton. S. M.

T. Jackson.

6 6 7 3
6 5 6
6 6 6 7 3

2 3
Warton. S. M.
T. Jackson.

Behold the lofty sky Declares its Maker God, And all the starry works on high Proclaim his pow'r abroad.

5. 6 5 #
6 6 5 6
6 5 7 3

PECKHAM. S. M.

Smith.

139

Behold, the morning sun Begins his glorious way, His beams through all the na - tions run, And life and light convey.

6 6 6 7 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 5 43 6 6 5

USTICK. S. M.

O lead me to the rock, That's high above my head, And make the covert of thy wings, My shelter and my shade.

6 6 6 4 5 6 6 7 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5

Pia.

My soul repeat his praise, Whose mercies are so great, Whose anger is so slow to rise, So ready to abate. High as the

5 6 6 7 9 8 6 6 6 9 8 5 6 5 3 4 3 6 5-

For.

Pia.

For.

heav'n's are rais'd Above the ground we tread, So far the riches of his grace Our highest thoughts exceed. Our highest thoughts exceed.

heav'n's are rais'd Above the ground we tread, So far the riches of his grace Our highest thoughts exceed. Our highest thoughts exceed.

5 6 5 T. S. 6 6 5 6 6 5

THACHER. S. M.

Handel.

141

Sing to the Lord aloud, And make a joyful noise, God is our strength, our Saviour God, Let Israel hear his voice.

7 5 6 6 7 5 3 6 6 6 6 6 *6 6 4 3 6 6 6 7 3

St. BRIDGE's. S. M.

Dr. Howard.

From lowest depths of woe, To God I send my cry; Lord, hear my supplianting voice, And graciously reply.

6 6 4 # 6 6 3 5 * 5 7 # 6 4 5

O thou, whose mercy hears Contrition's humble sigh, Whose hand, in - dulgent, wipes the tears From ev'ry weeping eye.

65 # 6 #--- 6 6 #--- 6 #

SUTTON. S. M.

Maker and sovereign Lord Of heav'n and earth and seas, Thy providence con - firms thy word, And answers thy decrees.

6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 4 5

DOVER. S. M.

Behold the morning sun begins his glorious way,
His beams through all the nations run, And life and light con - vey.

tr

6 5 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 5 6- 6 4 5 3

St. THOMAS. S. M.

A. Williams.

ST. THOMAS. S. M.

Hark! it is wisdom's voice, That spreads itself around; Come hither, all ye sons of death, And listen to the word.

6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6- 6 6 6 6 5 3

Musical score for two voices and piano, page 144. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are for voices, and the bottom two are for piano. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts sing in unison. The piano part includes harmonic notation below the staff, such as '6' and '4 3' under the bass line. The lyrics are:

Grace, 'tis a charming sound, Har - monious to the ear; Heav'n with the echo shall resound,

6 6 6 7
4 3

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts continue their melody. The piano part provides harmonic support with various chords indicated by numbers below the staff. The lyrics are:

And all the earth shall hear. Heav'n with the echo shall re - sound, And all the earth shall hear.

6 6 6 5

6 5 6 5

6 -----

6 5

6 -----

6 4 7 5

St. FRANCIS. S. M.

145

Soft.



Loud.

tongue to spread, His loud - est praise a - broad. His loud - est praise a - broad.

7 6-5 4-3 6-5 4-3 6-5

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature varies between common time (indicated by 'C') and 6/8 time (indicated by '6'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and grace notes. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is:

On the fair heav'nly hills, The saints are blest a - bove, Where joy like

morning dew dis - tils, And all the air is love. And all the air is love.

Below the music, under the bass staff, are Roman numerals indicating harmonic progressions: 6 5, 6 4, 6 5, 6 4, 6 7, 6 4, 6 5, 6 4, 6 5, 6 4, 6 3, 6 5, 6 4, 6 3.

He leads me to the place Where heav'nly pasture grows, Where living waters gently pass, And full sal - va - tion flows.

6 6 4 5# 4 3 5 5 3 3 8 7 5 3 6 6 4 5 3

LUCERN. S. M.

Dixon.

The hill, the lawn, the lake, With thousand beauties shine, The silent grove, and awful shade, Proclaim his pow'r divine.

6 6 5 3 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 5 3

Come, sound his praise abroad, And hymns of glory sing; Jehovah is the sovereign God, The u . ni - versal King.

6 65 666 666-5-643

CHORUS.

Praise ye the Lord, Hallelujah, Praise ye the Lord, Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Praise ye the Lord.

T. S. T. 8. 5 666 7

Let all our songs a - bound, And all our tears be dry, We're marching

through Im - man - uel's ground, To fairer worlds on high, To fairer worlds on high.

6 6 6-5
4-3 6 5
 6 5- 6
 4 3-

6-5 6 6
6-5
- 5- 6
6 4
6 5
5

Thou centre of my rest, Look down with pitying eye, While with pro-tracted pain oppress'd, I breathe the plaintive sigh.

6 6 6 5 6 5 6 4 3 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 5

WINTHROP. S. M.

T. Jackson.

Far as thy name is known, The world declares thy praise; Thy saints, O Lord, before thy throne, Their songs of honour raise.

5 5 5 5 6 6 5 6 5 5 6 6 6 5 6 5 5 6 6 5

My thirsty fainting soul Thy mercy does implore, Not travellers, in desert lands, Can pant for water more.

6 6 6 5
4 3 6 5
6 5 6 4
5 6 5 4

MOUNT EPHRAIM. S. M.

Milgrove.

Great is the Lord our God, And let his praise be great; He makes his church his blest abode, His most delightful seat.

6 5 5 6 6 5
4 3 7 5 6 6 5
6 5 6 -5- *6 6 5 6
6 5 6 6 5 6 6 5
6 5 6 6 5 6 6 5
6 5 6 6 5 6 6 5

If God af - ford me aid, Why should I yield to fear? Tho' I may walk thro' death's dark shade,

6 6 6 6 7 #6 6 6 6 4 6 6 5 6 6 7 5

My Shepherd's with me there. Though I may walk thro' death's dark shade, My Shepherd's with me there.

5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 G G 6 5

Pia.

O may the church be - low Re - sem - ble that a - bove, Where springs of purest pleasure flow,

67 6 65
45 4 43
3

For.

And ev'ry heart is love. Where springs of purest pleasure flow, And ev'ry heart is love.

6 6 5
65 6 6 6
4 35

My soul, with joy at - tend, While Je - sus si - lence breaks:

6 6 6 5 4 3 6 5 4 3

No an . gel's harp such mu - - sic yields, As what my Shep - herd speaks.

6 3 6 5 4 3 6 6 4 7 5 3

With looks se - rene, he said, Go vis - it Christ your king : And straight a

6 6 6 6 7 65 65 6

flaming ³ troop appear'd, The shepherds heard them sing. The shepherds heard them sing.

6 6 5 6 - 6,7 45 3 6 6 6 7 4 5 3

Musical score for "AYLESBURY. S. M." by Dr. Green. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, treble clef, and G major. The lyrics are:

Shall we go on to sin, Because thy grace abounds ? Or crucify the Lord again, And open all his wounds ?

Accompaniment figures below the staves:

- Staff 1: 6, *, 5
- Staff 2: -
- Staff 3: 6, 5, 6, 5, 4, *

FOUNDER'S HALL. S. M.

Walker.

Musical score for "FOUNDER'S HALL. S. M." by Walker. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, bass clef, and F major. The lyrics are:

Behold, with awful pomp, The Judge prepares to come, Th'archangel sounds the dreadful trump, And wakes the gen'ral doom. And wakes, &c.

Accompaniment figures below the staves:

- Staff 1: 6, 5, 6, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3
- Staff 2: 6, 6, 5, 7, 4
- Staff 3: 6-, 6-, 6-*, 6-, 6-, 6-, 6-, 6-, 6-, 6-, 6-

Accompaniment figures at the bottom:

- Staff 1: 43
- Staff 2: 5, 3, 4
- Staff 3: 7

SWITHIN. H. M.

Array'd in beauteous green, The hills and vallies shine, And man and beast are fed By Prov-i-

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 — 6 6

dence di - vine. The harvest bows its golden ears, The copious seed of future years.

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3 6 6 6 6 6 4 7 5

Blow ye the trumpet, blow The gladly solemn sound; Let all the na - tions know,

5 — 6 — 6 6 6 5 — 6 — 6

To earth's re - mot - est bound. The year of Jubilee is come, Return, ye ransom'd sinners, home. Return, Return, ye

6 6 7 2 4 6 6 5 6 6

ransom'd sinners, home. Re - turn, ye ran - som'd sinners, home. Re - turn, ye ran - som'd sinners, home.

N. B. In singing other words, omit what is between the two last double bars.

6 6 6 7
9 6 6 4

GROVE. H. M.

The God who rules above: And makes them taste his love. His saints shall raise his honours high.

Let all the nations fear He brings his people near, While earth and sky Attempt his praise,

6# 6 5 6 6 6+5- 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 4 6 7 3

We give immortal praise To God the Father's love, For all our comforts here, And better hopes above. And better hopes above.

7 4 3 4 6 5 6 3 6 5 7

He sent his own be - loved Son To die for sins which man had done. To die for sins which man had done.

6 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 5 7

Musical score for 'DARWELL.' H. M. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal line is in soprano range. The lyrics are:

Ye tribes of Adam, join, With heav'n and earth and seas, And offer notes di - vine, To your Cre-

The measure endings are indicated by numbers below the staff:

6 5 6 6 6 # 6

Continuation of the musical score for 'DARWELL.' H. M. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal line continues from the previous page.

ator's praise. Ye holy throng Of angels bright, In worlds of light, Be - gin the song.

The measure endings are indicated by numbers below the staff:

6 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 5 6 4

Ye boundless realms of joy, Exalt your Maker's fame; His praise your songs employ, His

6 5 6 5 6 6 -5- 6 6 5

praise your songs employ Above the starry frame, Above the starry frame. Ye holy throng of

7 6 6 6 5 6

angels bright, In worlds of light, Begin the song. Ye holy throng Of angels bright, In worlds of light, Begin the song.

NORWICH. H. M.

Dr. Green.

To save our souls from death? To keep our mortal breath. Nor fear to die, Thou call us home.

Hast thou not given thy word, And we can trust thee, Lord, We'll go and come, Till from on high,

Loud to the Prince of heav'n Your cheerful voices raise; To him your vows be giv'n, And fill his courts with praise.

6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 3

With conscious worth, All clad in arms, All bright in charms, He sallies forth, All bright in charms, He sallies forth.

6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 -

Forth in the flowery spring We see thy beauty move; The birds on branches sing Thy tender-

ness and love. Wide flush the hills; The air is balm; Devotion's calm The bosom fills.

Musical notation: The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp (indicated by a '#'). The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, and #6 are marked below the staves. The lyrics are integrated with the music, appearing under the first three staves. The fourth staff contains only musical notes and rests corresponding to the lyrics in the third staff.

Musical score for "Blow ye the trumpet" featuring three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the third staff is in triple time (indicated by a '3'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "Blow ye the trumpet, blow The gladly solemn sound: Let all the nations know To earth's re-

Musical score for the second part of the hymn, featuring three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the third staff is in triple time (indicated by a '3'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "motest bound, The year of Ju - bi - lee is come; Re - turn, ye ransom'd sinners, home." Below the staves are numerical markings: '6 5' under the first staff, '5' under the second staff, and '6 6' under the third staff, followed by '6 4' and '5 3'.

To God, the mighty Lord, Your joyful thanks re - peat : To him due praise af - ford,

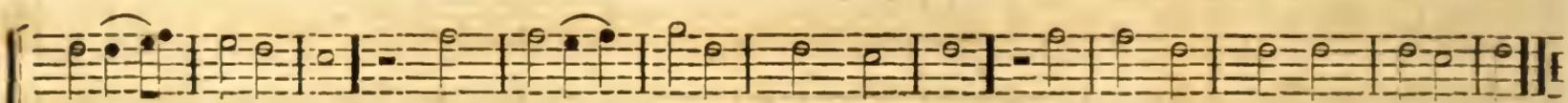
6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 5

As good as he is great. For God does prove Our constant friend ; His boundless love Shall never end.

6 6 6 b7 6 6 6 6 4 5



To God I lift my eyes, From whom is all my aid : The God who built the skies, And



earth's foun - dations laid. God is the tow'r, to which I fly; His grace is nigh, In ev'ry hour.



Think, mighty God, on feeble man, How few his hours, how short his span ! Short from the cra - dle to the grave !

Note: The music staff has a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The lyrics are placed below the staff. Measure numbers 6, 5, 4, and 3 are indicated under the staff.

Who can secure his vital breath, Against the bold demands of death, With skill to fly or pow'r to save ?

Note: The music staff has a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The lyrics are placed below the staff. Measure numbers 6, 5, 4, 3, 7, 5, 6, 4, 5, 6, 5, 4, 6, 6, 4, and 5 are indicated under the staff.

Great God, the heav'n's well order'd frame Declares the glories of thy name! Here thy rich works of wonder shin:

6 65 43 65 6 6 5 43 6 6 6 5

A thousand starry beauties there, A thousand radiant marks appear, Of boundless pow'r and skill divine. Of boundless pow'r and skill divine.

6 6 6 6 65 43 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 5

3

He fram'd the globe, he spread the sky, And all the shining worlds on high, And reigns complete in glory there.

6 * 6

His beams are majes - ty and light, His glories, how di - vine - ly bright ? His temple, how di - vine - ly fair !

6 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6

God is our refuge in distress, A present help when dangers press, In him undaunted we'll confide,

6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 * 6 6 #

Though earth were from her centre cast, And mountains in the ocean lost, Torn piecemeal by the roaring tide.

6 6 6 * 6 7 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3

FORTY-SIXTH PSALM. L. P. M.

173



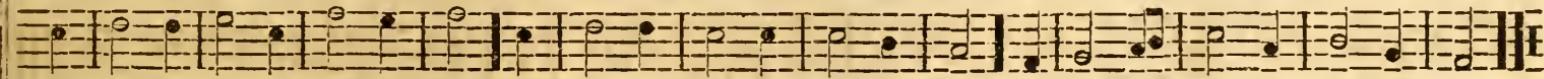
I'll praise my Maker with my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler pow'r's.



-5- 6 5 6 5 6 7
4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3



My days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life and thought and being last, Or im - mor - tal - i - ty en - dures.



6 6 6 6 7 6 5 6 5 8 7
4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5

Yet a few years, or days, perhaps, Or moments pass, in silent lapse, And time, to me, shall be no more, No more the sun these eyes shall view, Earth o'er these limbs her dust shall strew, her dust shall strew, And life's de - lu - sive dream be o'er.

175

A musical score for three staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics are: "Come, sinners, attend, And make no de - lay; Good news from a friend I bring you to - day;" Measure 3 contains a bass note "6". Measures 4-6 contain bass notes "6 *6", "6", and "6 5*". The key signature changes between measures 4 and 5.

Come, sinners, attend, And make no de - lay; Good news from a friend I bring you to - day;

A continuation of the musical score for three staves in common time. The lyrics are: "Glad news of sal - va - tion, Come now and re - ceive; There's no condem - nation, To them who be - lieve." Measure 7 contains a bass note "#". Measures 8-9 contain bass notes "6". The key signature changes between measures 8 and 9.

Glad news of sal - va - tion, Come now and re - ceive; There's no condem - nation, To them who be - lieve.

O praise ye the Lord, Prepare your glad voice, His praise in the great As - sembly to sing;

6 6 *6

In their great Cre - a - tor Let all men re - joice, And heirs of sal - va - tion Be glad in their King.

5 *6 6

How can we adore, Or worthily praise, Thy goodness and pow'r, Thou God of all grace! With honor and blessing Be-

6 6 5
4 36 6 5
4 3

7

6

6 5
4 3

5

5

fore thee we fall, Most gladly confessing Thee Father of all. Most gladly con . fes - sing Thee Father of all.

6 5
4 3

5

6

6 5
4 3

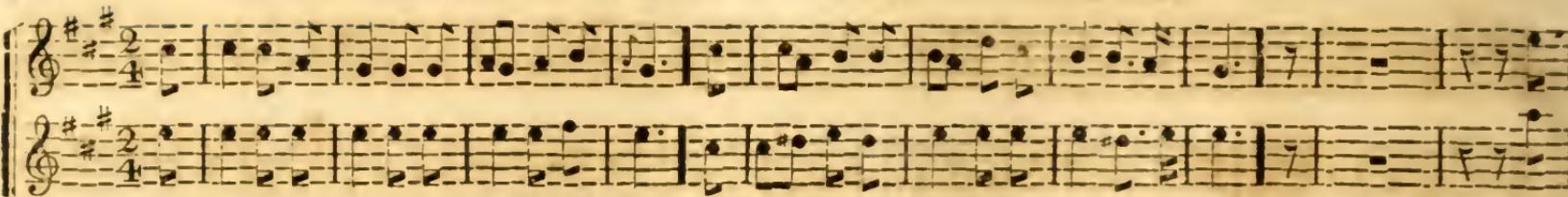
7

6

6

5

6 5
4 3



The Lord is our shepherd, our guardian, and guide, Whatever we want he will kindly provide; To sheep of his pasture his

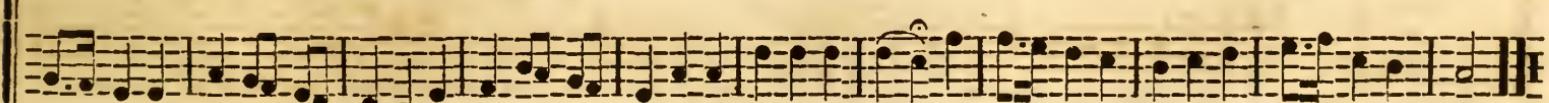
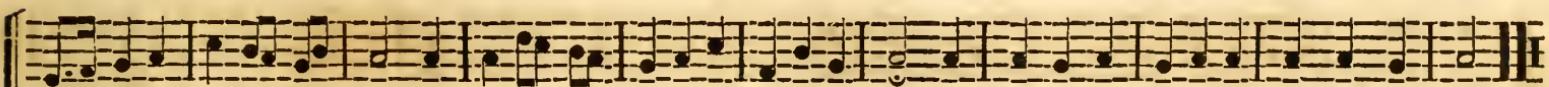
65 43 6 65 43 5 #6 * -5- 6 5 7

6 6 65 6 #6 6 6 6 4 5 7

mercies abound, His care and protection, His care and protection, His care and protection his flock will surround.



Bless God, O my soul! Rejoice in his name, And let my glad voice Thy greatness proclaim, Thy greatness proclaim. Surpassing in

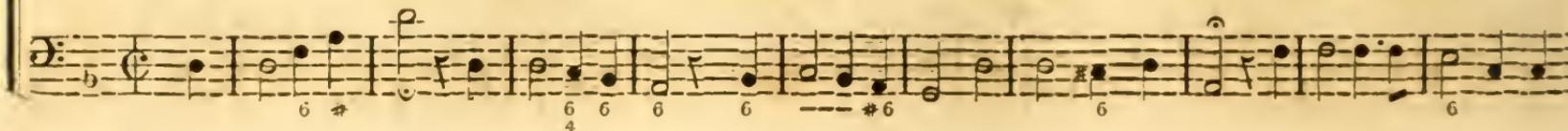


honour, Dominion and might, Thy throne is the heaven, Thy robe is the light. Thy throne is the heaven, Thy robe is the light.





Bless God, O my soul, Rejoice in his name, And let my glad voice Thy greatness proclaim. Surpassing in honour, Do-



minion and might, Thy throne is the heaven, Thy robe is the light, Thy throne is the heaven, Thy robe is the light.





Jesus, we hang upon the word Our faithful souls have heard of thee; Be mindful of thy promise, Lord,



Thy promise made to all and me, Thy foll'wers, who thy steps pursue, And dare believe that God is true.



Eternal Spirit, Source of light, Enliv'ning con - se - crating Fire, Descend, and with ce - lestial heat, Our
dull, our frozen hearts inspire; Our souls refine, our dross consume; Come, con - de - scend - ing Spirit, come.

6 6 6 4-3 6 6 6 4-3 7 5 6 5 6 5 4#

6 6 7 6 6 5 6 5 6 5 7 5 3

MORNING HYMN. Six Line L. M.

Costellow.

183

Soon as the morn salutes your eyes, And from sweet sleep, refresh'd, you rise, Think on the author of the light,

Soon as the morn salutes your eyes, And from sweet sleep, refresh'd, you rise, Think on the author of the light,

7 6 4 5 6 6 5. 6 6 6 6 2 4 5 6 5

And praise him for that glorious sight : His mercy infinite implore. His goodness infinite adore.

A page from a musical manuscript featuring two staves. The top staff begins with a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff begins with a bass F-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It also contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes.

—
—
—
—
—

•

3.

Musical score for "CLAYBURY. SIX LINE L. M." by Walker. The score consists of two staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first staff uses a treble clef, and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music is set in a six-line hymn tune. The lyrics are:

Come, thou dear Lord, thyself reveal,
And let the promise now take place;
Be it according to thy will

Below the music, there are numerical markings under the notes: 6, 6, 6, 6, 5, *, 6, 87, 65, 65, 42.

Continuation of the musical score for "CLAYBURY. SIX LINE L. M." by Walker. The score consists of two staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first staff uses a treble clef, and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music continues in the six-line hymn tune.

The lyrics are:

According to thy word of grace.
Thy sorrow - ful dis - ci - ples cheer,
And send us down the Comforter.

Below the music, there are numerical markings under the notes: 6, 5, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 6-5, 5-4.

PASTORAL HYMN.

Six Line L. M.

Dr. Boyce.

185

The Lord my pasture shall prepare,
And feed me with a shepherd's care;
His presence shall my wants supply,

And guard me with a watch - ful eye,
My noonday walks he shall at - tend,
And all my midnight hours de - fend.

Son of God, thy blessing grant,
Still supply our ev'ry want,
Tree of life, thine influence shed,

6 5 7 5 6 76 3 6 5 6 65
4 3

With thy sap our spirits feed.
Here we suppli . cate thy throne,
Here thou mak'st thy glories known.

6 7 6 7 6 5 6 6 4 6 7 6 5 6 6 4
6 7 5 3

Christ our Lord is ris'n to day, Hal - - - le - lu - jah. Sons of men and angels say, Hal - - - le - lu - jah.

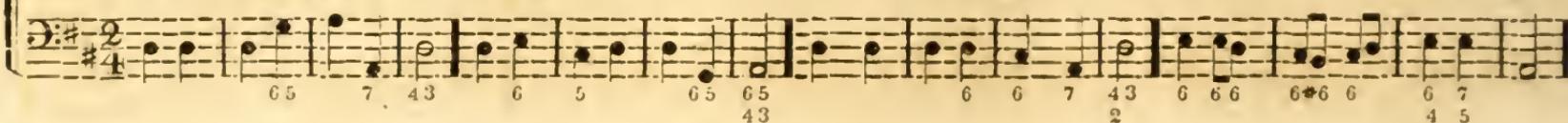
6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 5

Raise your joys and triumphs high, Hal - - - le - lu - jah. Sing, ye heav'n's, and earth re - ply, Hal - - - le - lu - jah.

6 6 6 6 * 6 6 6 6 6 6



When his spirit leads us home, When we to his glory come, We shall all his fulness prove Of our Lord's redeeming love.

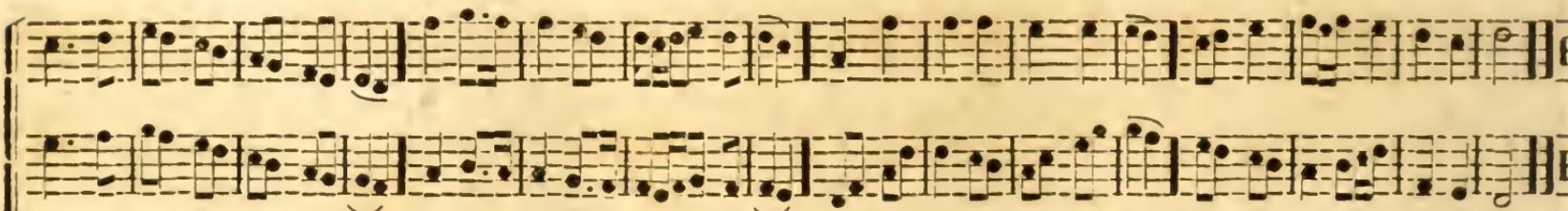


6 5 7 . 4 3 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 7 4 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 4 5

4 3

6 6 7 2

4 5



Hither all your music bring, Strike aloud each cheerful string: Mortals, join the host above, Join to praise redeeming love.



7 5 6 7 6 5 6 6 7 4 3 6 6 5 4 3

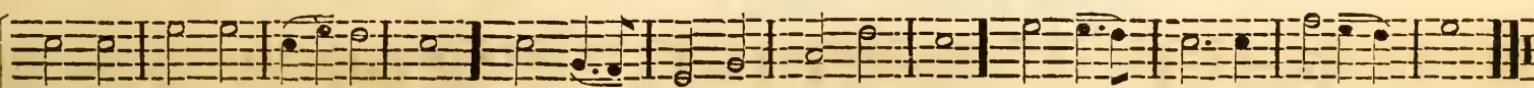
4 3

6 6 5 4 3



Now be - gin the heav'ly theme, Sing a - loud in Jesus' name, Sing a - loud in Jesus' name:

5 7 — 6 — 65 43 6 5 7 # 4



Ye who Jesus' kindness prove, Triumph in re - redeeming love. Triumph in re - redeeming love.

6 5 6 7 65 T. S. 5 7 — 6 65 43

When the morning paints the skies, When the stars of ev'ning rise, We thy praises will record, Sov'reign Ruler, mighty Lord.

6 5 6 7 6 6 6 5 6 6 5 4 5 3

CONDOLENCE. Sevens.

Pleyel.

See, the lovely, blooming flow'r, Fades and withers in an hour; So our transient comforts fly, Pleasure only blooms to die.

9 9 7 6 5 7 6 5-6 6 7 6 6 5 7 6

Pia.

Blessed are the sons of God : They are bought with Christ's own blood : They are ransom'd from the grave :

6 6 5
9 4
5
6 7
6 4 5 3

For.

Life e - ter - nal they shall have. With them number'd may we be, Here and in e - ter - ni - ty.

6 6
6 5
6
6 6
6 5, -5-, 6 6, 5, 4, 3

6 6
6 5
6
6 6
6 5, -5-, 6 6, 5, 4, 3

Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, One in three and three in one, As by the Celestial Host, Let thy will on earth be done.

6 6 6 5 4 6 7 3 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 6

Let thy will on earth be done. Praise by all to thee be giv'n, Glorious Lord of earth and heav'n.

6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 4 3 6 5 4 3 6 5 4 3 6 5 6 4 6 6

Glorious Lord of earth and heav'n. Men on earth and saints above, Sing thine everlasting love.

7 6 2
4 # 4 6 5 6 6 5
4 5

2 2 7
4 4

6 6 6 5
4 3

LOTHIAN. Sevens.

Angels, roll the stone away; Death, give up thy mighty prey, See, he rises from the tomb, Shining in immortal bloom.

7 6
6 5

7

6 4
6 7 3

Jesus, lover of my soul, Let me to thy bosom fly, While the nearer waters roll, While the tempest still is high. Hide me, O my

6 5 4 3 2 - 6 5 6 4 3 - 6 5 6 5 4 3 7

Saviour, hide, Till the storm of life is past; Safe into thy haven guide; O receive, O receive, O receive my soul at last.

6 5 4 3 6 5 6 4 7 6 - 5 3 5 3 5 3 6 6 4 7



Jesus, full of all compassion, Hear a humble suppliant's cry, Let me know thy great salvation, See, I languish, faint and die.

4 3 6 6
6 5 6
65
6 6
5
6 6 5
2

Guilty, but with heart relenting, Overwhelm'd with helpless grief, Prostrate at thy feet repenting, Send, O send, Send, O send me quick relief.

4 5 6
6 65
6
6, 6
65
6 5
6, 6
43
6 7
4 5
3



Praise to thee, thou great Cre - a - tor, Praise to thee from ev'ry tongue! Join, my soul, with ev'ry creature,

-5- 6 65
 43



Join the u - ni - ver - sal song. Hal - le - lujah, A - men.

3



Lord, dismiss us with thy blessing, Hope and comfort from above, Let us each thy peace possessing, Triumph in redeeming love.

6 5 6 5 6 6 6 5 7— 6 6 6 5

JORDAN. 8. 7.

Guide me, O thou great Jehovah, Pilgrim, through this barren land; Bread of heaven, bread of heaven, Feed me till I want no more.

I am weak, but thou art mighty, Hold me with thy pow'rful hand.

* 6 * -- 5 6 6 7 6 6 5 * 6 5

Come, thou fount of every blessing,
Tune my heart to sing thy grace,
Streams of mercy
never ceasing,
Call for loudest songs of praise.

6 6 7 6 5 4 3 6 6 6 5 4 3 7

Love di - vine, all love ex - celling, Joy of heav'n to earth come down! Jesus, thou art all compassion,
 Fix in us thy humble dwelling, All thy faithful mercies crown.

Pure, un - bound - ed love thou art; Visit us with thy sal - va - tion, Enter ev'ry trembling heart.

F. P. F. P. F.

7 6 6 8 7 6 5 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 6 6 4 6 5

See how beauteous, on the mountains, Are their feet whose blest design, Is to guide us to the fountains, That o'erflow with bliss divine.

7 6 6 8 7 6 5 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 6 6 4 6 5

While these heralds of salvation His abounding grace proclaim, Let his friends, in ev'ry station, Gladly join to spread his fame.

TAMWORTH. 8. 7.

Pomposo.

Lockhart.

201

Pia. For.

Guide me, O thou great Je - ho - vah, Pilgrim through this barren land !. I am weak, but thou art

T. S. 6 6 6 87 T. S.

Pia.

For.

mighty, hold me with thy pow'rful hand. Bread of heaven, Bread of heaven, Feed me, till I want no more.

6 6 87 7 7 6 6 87

How pleasant 'tis, to see Kindred and friends agree, Each in their proper station move,

7 *6 5#6 6 6 87

And each fulfil their part, With sym - pa - thiz - ing heart, In all the cares of life and love.

6 *6 87 * 6 6 7 6 6 6 5

6. 6. 8.

Zion, thrice hap - py place, Adorn'd with wond'rous grace, And walls of strength embrace thee round. In thee our

tribes appear, To pray, and praise, and hear The sacred gospel's joyful sound. The sacred gospel's joyful sound.

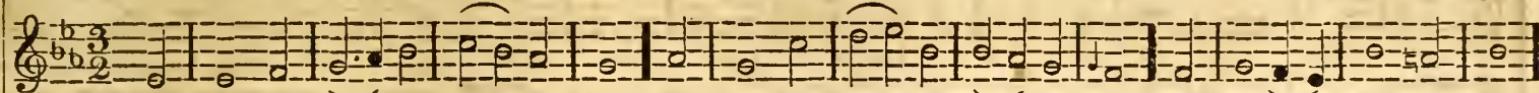
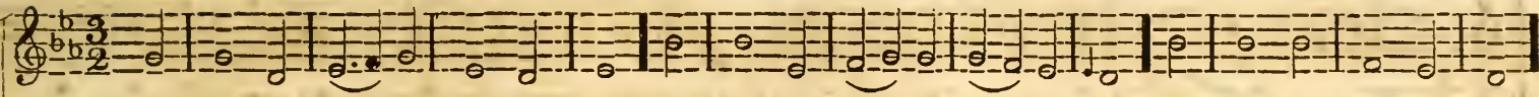
T.S.

How pleas'd and blest was I, To hear the people cry, Come, let us seek our God to - day !

6 5 5

Yes, with a cheerful zeal, We haste to Zion's hill, And there our vows and honours pay.

6 6 4 5



Thou God of glorious maj - es - ty, To thee, against myself, to thee, A worm of dust, I cry:



$\frac{5}{3} \frac{4}{2}$ $\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{5}{3} \frac{7}{5}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{5}{3} \frac{4}{2} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{6}{5} \frac{6}{6}$



An half awaken'd child of man, An heir of endless bliss or pain, A sinner, born to die.



$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3} \frac{7}{5}$ $\frac{6}{5} \frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{6}{6} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$..

The joyful morn, my God, is come,
That calls me to thy honour'd dome, Thy
presence to a - dore ; My feet the summons shall at - tend, With willing

6 7 6 6

6 6 5

A handwritten musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The voices are in common time, and the basso continuo part includes figured bass notation below the staff.

The lyrics are as follows:

steps thy courts as - cend, And tread the hallow'd floor. My feet the summons
shall at - tend, With willing steps thy courts as - cend, And tread the hallow'd floor.

Accompaniment figures are provided for the basso continuo part, including numbers indicating fingerings (e.g., 6, 5, 4, 3).

My God! Thy boundless love we praise: How bright on high its glories blaze—How sweetly bloom be - low!

6 5 5 6 7 6 4 5 6 6 7 6 5 4 3 6 5 4 3

It streams from thy e - ter - nal throne; Thro' heav'n its joys for - ev - er run, And o'er the earth they flow.

3 4 3 6 6 7 6 4 5 6 7 6 4 6 7 3

Musical score for "BERMONDSEY" in 6. 6. 4. time signature. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a 3/4 time signature. The bottom staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a 3/4 time signature. The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The lyrics are as follows:

Glory to God on high, Let earth and skies reply, Praise ye his name ; His love and grace adore Who all our sorrows bore, Sing aloud
T. S.

6 6 5 6 6 7 # 6

Continuation of the musical score for "BERMONDSEY". The score consists of two staves. The top staff continues the melody with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The lyrics are as follows:

evermore, Worthy the Lamb. Worthy the Lamb. Worthy the Lamb. Sing aloud evermore, Worthy the Lamb.
6 6 6 5 6 # 6 6 6 7 5

Let the bright hosts a - bove, In realms of endless love, Praise his dear name.

7 6-5 5 6 6 6-5 6-5

To him as - crib - ed be, Honour and maj - es - ty, Through all e - ter ni - ty.

6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6

Slow.

Adagio.

Worthy the Lamb. Worthy the Lamb. Worthy the Lamb. Thro' all e - ter - ni - ty, Wor - thy the Lamb.

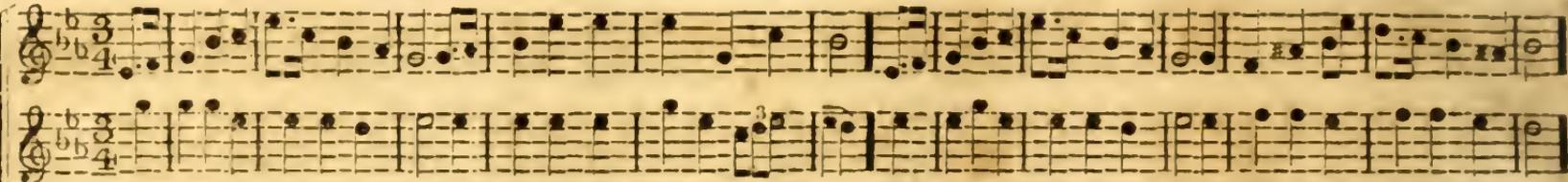
87
65
43
3

ITALIAN HYMN. 6. 6. 4.

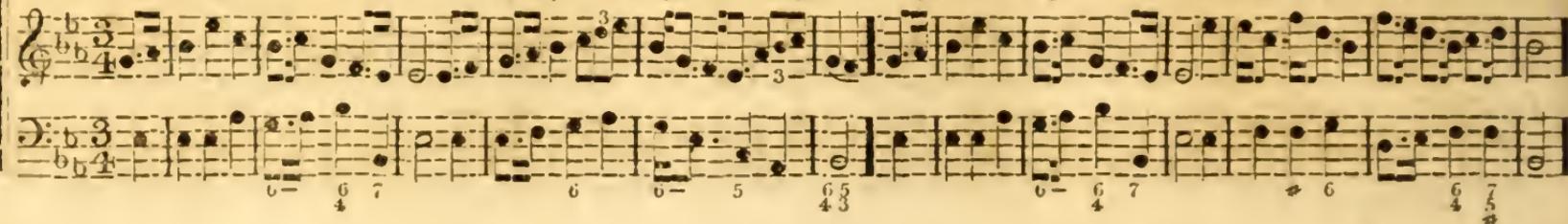
Giardini.

Come, thou Almighty King, Help us thy name to sing, Help us to praise. Father, all glorious, O'er all victorious, Come and reign over us, Ancient of days.

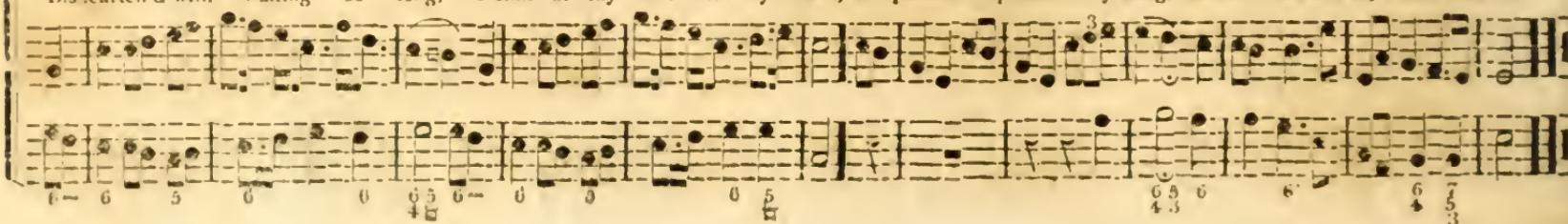
6 6
-5- 6 5
T. S. 5 0 7 3 4 5 5 6 7 3 4 5 6 6 5 4 6 5 6 6 5 4 3



Encompass'd with clouds of distress, Just ready all hope to resign, I pant for the light of thy face, And fear it will never be mine.



Dishearten'd with waiting so long, I sink at thy feet with my load; All plaintive I pour out my song, And stretch forth my hands unto God.



Behold the Judge descends, his guards are nigh, Tempest and fire attend him down the sky ; Heav'n, earth and hell draw near, let all things come,

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 7 6 *

To hear his justice and the sinner's doom. But gather first my saints, the Judge commands, Bring them, ye angels, from their distant lands.

6 6 #6 . 6 87 6 7 6 6 6 #6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 87

Not to our names, thou only just and true, Not to our worthless names is glory due. Thy pow'r and grace, thy truth, and justice claim

5 6 5 6 6
4

6 5 5 6 87

6 5 5 5

Immortal honours to thy sov'reign name. Shine thro' the earth from heav'n thy blest abode, Nor let the heathen say, And where's your God?

5 5 6 6 5
4

6 7 5

5 6 6 6 87

4

DIRGE. Tens.

Handel.

215

Adagio.

Few are our days, those few we dream away;
Sure is our fate to moulder in the clay:

6 7 6 5
4 3 7
6 ————— 87 65
4 ————— 65 43

For.

Pia.

For.

Pia.

Rise, immortal soul, a - bove thine earthly fate,
Time yet is thine, but soon it is too late.

6 ————— 87 65
4 ————— 65 4# 6 5
4 ————— 3 7 6 ————— 5 ————— 3 —————

Along the banks where Babel's current flows, Our captive bands in deep de - spondence stray'd;

While Zi - on's fall in sad remembrance rose, Her friends, her children, mingled with the dead.

The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations and awakes the north, From east to west his sovereign orders spread,

6 6 5
6 6 5
6 5 3 5 7 5 #

Through distant worlds and regions of the dead ; The trumpet sounds, hell trembles, heav'n rejoices ; Lift up your heads, ye saints, with cheerful voices.

On wings of faith mount up, my soul, and rise, View thine in - her - i - tance beyond the skies. Nor heart can think, nor

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

mortal tongue can tell, What endless pleasures in those mansions dwell. There our Re - deem - er lives, all

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

P.

F.

P.

F.F.

bright and glorious, O'er sin, and death, and hell, O'er sin, and death, and hell, he reigns vic - torious.

5 6 6 5 3

6 5 3

FAIRFAX. 7. 6. Peculiar.

Come, my soul, before the Lord, Fall and do him rev'rence; Praise him for his blood and name, Sing his great de - liv'rance.

* 6 * 6 - 6 6 5 *

6 6 5 # 6 6 6 6 5

The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations and awakes the north;
From east to west his sovereign orders spread, Through distant worlds and regions of the dead.

6 5 - 6 6 6 - 4 - # 3

6 6 4 - 5 6 6 5 - 4 #

The trumpet sounds, hell trembles, heav'n rejoices; Lift up your heads, ye saints, with cheerful voices.

6 # - 6 6 6 - 4 5 3 6 6 6 6 # 6 *



Rise, my soul, stretch out thy wings, Thy better portion trace: Rise from transitory things, Tow'ds leav'n thy native place.



Sun and moon and stars decay, Time shall soon this earth remove; Rise, my soul, and haste away To seats prepar'd above.

For.

Pia.

No war or battle's sound Was heard, the world around, No hostile chiefs to furious combat ran, But peaceful was the

5 6 6- 65 43 b4

Cres.

For.

night, In which the Prince of light His reign of peace upon the earth began. His reign of peace upon the earth began.

6 43 8-- 6 6 5/7

A musical score for a four-part setting. The top two staves are in common time (C), and the bottom two are in 2/4 time (A). The vocal parts are soprano (S), alto (A), tenor (T), and bass (B). The lyrics are:

O tell me no more Of this world's vain store : The time for such trifles, The time for such
trifles, The time for such trifles, With me now is o'er. With me now is o'er.

The score includes various dynamics and rests, and some measure endings are marked with numbers (e.g., 6, 5, 4, 7) and symbols (e.g., 5/3, 7/4).

Music for Treble and Bass staves in common time (indicated by 'b3'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The bass staff includes fingerings below the notes: 6, 6, 6, 4, 6, 5, 6, 5, --, 6, 6.

All ye that pass by, To Jesus draw nigh ; To you is it nothing that Jesus should die ? Our ransom and peace, Our surely lie is,

Music for Treble and Bass staves in common time (indicated by 'b3'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The bass staff includes fingerings below the notes: 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 5, 6, 6, 4, 3.

Come, see, Come, see, Come, see, Come, see if there ever was sorrow like this. Come, see if there ever was sorrow like this.

Come, let us ascend, My companion and friend, To a taste of the banquet above. If thine heart be as

6 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 5

Pia.

For.

mine, If for Jesus it pine, Come up into the chariot of love. Come up into the chariot of love.

6 6 5 6 8 7 6 9 7 6 5 5 3 6 5 6 6 4 3

Lift up your heads in joyful hope, Salute the happy morn, Salute the happy morn;

6 7 6 6 6 6 65
4

Pia.

For.

Each heav'nly pow'r Proclaims the glad hour, Lo Jesus the Saviour is born, Lo Jesus the Saviour is born.

6 7 * 98 6 5
 76 4 3 98 6 5
 76 4 3

DYING CHRISTIAN.

Barton.

227

Largo. Mez. Pia.

Vital spark of heav'nly flame, Quit, O quit this mortal frame. Trembling, hoping, ling'ring, flying, O the pain, the bliss of dying.

Affetuoso.

Hark, Hark, they whisper, angels
Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife, And let me languish into life. Hark, they whisper, angels say, they whisper, angels

For. Pia.

For.

say, they whisper, angels say, Hark,
say, Hark, Hark, they whisper, angels say, Sister spirit, come a-way. Sister spirit, come away.
Hark, they whisper, angels say, Hark,

32 43 34 65
7 2 32 43

6 6 6 6 5

Pia.

Cres.

Pia.

Cres.

What is this, absorbs me quite, Steals my senses, shuts my sight, Drowns my spirit, draws my breath, Tell me, my soul, can

-5- 2 98
43 65 9 - 3

For.

Pia.

Pia. Andante.

Cres.

Flute (For.):
this be death? Tell me, my soul, can this be death?

Piano (Pia.):
The world re - cedes, it dis - ap - pears, Heav'n

Piano (Pia. Andante.):

Bassoon (Cres.):

Accompaniment figures:
 For.: 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5
 Pia.: 65, 43, 4, 3
 Pia. Andante.: 3, 4
 Cres.: 6, 6, 6, 6, 5—3

For. Dim.

Cres.

Vivace. For.

Flute (For.):
opens on my eyes; My ears with sounds se - raph - ic ring.

Piano (Pia.):
Lend, lend your wings, I mount, I fly, O

Piano (Pia. Andante.):

Bassoon (Cres.):

Accompaniment figures:
 For.: 56, 6, 6, 5-
 Pia.: 65
 Pia. Andante.: 6, 6, 5
 Cres.: 4, 5

grave, where is thy victory, O grave, where is thy victory, O death, where is thy sting! O grave, where is thy

6 6 6 T. S. 6 6

Pia.

victory, O death, where is thy sting? Lend, lend your wings, I mount, I fly, O grave, where is thy

T. S. 4 3 6 5 4 3 6 6 5

victory, thy victory, O grave, where is thy victory, thy victory, O death, where is thy sting? O death, where is thy sting?

6— 6 6 5 6—

Adagio..

Lend, lend your wings, I mount, I fly, O grave, where is thy victory, thy victory? O death, O death; where is thy sting?

4. 3 6—5 5 6 6 6— 6 5 4—3

Musical score for "ANTHEM." The score consists of three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are written in a style with dots and dashes. The lyrics are as follows:

I beheld, and lo, a great multitude, which no man could number, of all nations, and kindred, and people, and tongues,

Below the staff, there are numerical markings: 6, 5, 6, 6, 6---, 6, -5-, 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, ., 6, 7.

Continuation of the musical score for "ANTHEM." The score consists of three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are written in a style with dots and dashes. The lyrics are as follows:

stood be - fore the throne, and be - fore the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms were in their hands.

Below the staff, there are numerical markings: 6, #6, 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, -5-, #6, 6, 7, 7.

with a loud voice,
unto God, sal-

And they cried with a loud, a loud voice, saying, sal - va - tion, sal - va - tion un - to

6 loud - 6 6 a 7 loud voice, 6 un - to 6 God, 5 sal-

vation un - to God, who sitteth
God, sal - va - tion unto God, who sitteth on the throne, on the throne, and un - to the Lamb.

vation unto God, 5 * who sitteth 6 7 6 6 - 7

with a loud

And they cried with a loud, a loud voice, saying, Blessing, Hallelujah, and glory, Hallelujah, and

6 loud 6 6 . . . a loud

wisdom and thanksgiving, and honour, Hallelujah, Blessing and glory, and wisdom, and thanksgiving, and

6

honour, and pow'r, and might, be un - to the Lord, the Lord God, for - ev - er, and ever, fo - ev - er and
 6 # 7 6 6 6 5 6 5 7

Hal - lelujah, Hal - lelujah,
 ever and ever, Amen, A - men, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le -
 men, Hal - le - lujah, Hal - le - lujah, Hal - le -
 5 6 6 4 .. Hal - le - lu - jah, Halielujah, Balle -
 6 - 6 -

lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, A - - men,

Hallelujah, Halle - lu - jah, 6 6 6 6 6 5 7 4 3

HAVANT. 8. 3. 6.

Ere I sleep, for ev'ry favour, This day show'd, By my God, I will bless my Saviour.

6 #0 6 5 6 5 16 5 7 5 6 6 7 3

EASTER ODE.

J. Peck.

237

Bold.

2
4

b 2
4

Behold, behold, the blind their sight receive, Behold, behold, the dead awake and live, the

b 2
4

b 2
4

6 7 6 7 6 5 3 6 6 5 4 3 6 5

b 7

The dumb speak wonders, and the lame Leap like the hart,

b

dumb speak won - ders, and the lame Leap like the hart, and bless his name.

b

7 4 2 6 4 5 4 6 6 7 5 4

Three voices.

Three staves of musical notation for three voices. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff an alto clef. The music consists of measures with various note heads and stems, some with vertical dashes through them. Measure numbers are indicated below the bottom staff: 7, 6, 5+, #, 6, 6, 35, 23, 5, 6, 5, 6. The lyrics are:

Thus doth th'E - ter - nal Spirit own And seal the mis - sion of his Son; The Father vindi-

Three staves of musical notation for three voices. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff an alto clef. The music consists of measures with various note heads and stems, some with vertical dashes through them. Measure numbers are indicated below the bottom staff: b7 6, b7, 6, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5. The lyrics are:

cates his cause, While he hangs bleeding, While he hangs bleeding, While he hangs bleeding on the cross.

Alla Breve.

Poco. Allegro. For.

He dies, the heav'n's in mourn - - - ing stood,
 He ri - - ses, ri - - ses,
 7 6 5 # 7 6 7
 4 4 2

He ri - - ses, ri - - ses, rises and appears a God, He rises and ap.
 ri - - ses, ri - - ses, rises and ap - pears a God, He ri - - ses and ap - - - pears
 rises and appears a God, He ri - - - ses, ri - - - ses and ap - - - pears
 5 6 4 6 # 6 5 6 6 6

Pia.

pears a God.
He ri - ses and ap - pears a God, He
a God, He ri - - ses, ri - - ses, and ap - - pears a God, He
ri - - ses, ri - - ses, and ap - - pears a God, He

Andante M. Pia.

ri - ses, He ri - ses and ap - pears a God.
ri - - ses, ri - - ses and ap - - pears a God, Hold the Lord, as
ri - - ses, ri - - ses and ap - - pears a God, Hold the Lord, as

$\frac{9}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{7}{3}$ 6 6 4 3 6 7 5 3

T. S.

$\frac{6}{4}$ 3 6 6 6 7 4 6 5 2

b^7

M. Pia.

Cres.

M. Pia.

Cres.

fears de - part, And to those hands my soul re - sign, Which bear, Which bear cre-

b7 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 4 2

Dim.

And to those hands my soul re - si - gn,

dentials so di - vine.

And to those hands my

And to those hands my soul re - si - gn,

And to those hands my

6 7 8 5 6

Dim.

Which bear cre - den - tials so di - vi - ne. so di - vine.

soul re - sign,

Which bear cre - den - tials so di - vine. And

Which bear cre - dentials so di - vi - ne.

Which bear cre - dentials so di - vine. 6

to those hands my soul re - sign, Which bear cre - den - tials so di - vine.

6 6

7

$\frac{6}{4}$

$\frac{5}{3}$

6

$\frac{6}{4}$

6

6

$\frac{6}{4}$

$\frac{7}{3}$

MAUDALEEN ODE.

Dr. MAGNAE.

Musical score for the first part of 'Maudaleen Ode'. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, treble clef, and G major. The lyrics are:

Grateful notes and numbers bring, While Jehovah's name we sing! Holy, holy Lamb of God, Be thy

Below the lyrics, there are numerical markings under the notes: 6, 6, 87, 65, 6, 6, 65, 6, 43, 6, 65, 6, 6.

Soft.

Musical score for the second part of 'Maudaleen Ode'. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, treble clef, and G major. The lyrics are:

glorious name ador'd. Men on earth and saints above. Men on earth and saints above, Sing the great Redeemer's love.

Below the lyrics, there are numerical markings under the notes: 6, 5, 6, 5, 6, *6, 6, 6, 6, 7, 6, 7.

Loud.

Soft.

Sing the great Redeemer's love, Sing the great Redeemer's love. Men on earth and saints above, Men on earth and saints above,

6 7 6 6 7 * 6 6 6 5 #

Loud.

Soft.

Sing the great Redeemer's love, Sing the great Redeemer's love, Sing the great Redeemer's love.

Lord, thy mercies never fail;

6 6 6 5 # 6 5 -- 3 4 3

~10

Loud.

Lord, thy mercies never fail, Hail, hail, ce - lestial goodness, hail, Hail, hail, ce - les - tial goodness, hail !

6 6 6 6 5 7 6 5 6 6

Loud.

Soft.

Though un - wor - thy, Lord, thine ear, Our hum - ble hal - le - lu - jahs bear : Pur - er

6 6 * 6 5 * 6 6 5 - 6

praise we hope to bring,
When with saints we stand and sing.

6 6 6 5
4 3 6 6
3 4 6 6
2 5 3

Siciliano.

Lead us to that blissful state,
Where thou reign'st supreme - ly great;

6 6 7
5 - 4 3 4 3
6 7 - 3

Look with pi - ty from thy throne, And send thy ho - ly Spir - it down.

6 6 #6
#6 6 6
6 6 6

6 6 #6
#6 6 6
6 6 6

While on earth or - dain'd to stay,
Guide our foot - steps in thy way,

Till we come to reign with thee, And all thy glorious greatness see.

CHORUS. Loud.

Very Loud.

Then with an - gels we'll a - gain, Wake a louder, louder strain, Wake a louder, louder

Soft.

Loud.

Soft.

strain, Then in joyful songs of praise, We'll our grateful voices raise, There no tongue shall si - lent be,

-5 -# 7 5 6 7 5 6 5 -5 - 6 5 4 3

Loud.

There all shall join sweet har - mo - ny, That thro' heav'n's all spacious round 'Thy praise, O God, may ev - er sound.

6 6 6 6 5 6 6 4 3 6 7 6 6 7 5

ANTHEM.

Bond.

Slow.

Blessed, blessed be the Lord, the Lord God of Israel, blessed be the Lord, the Lord God of Israel. For he hath

2 6 6 7 7

Brisk.

visited and redeemed his people, redeemed his people, his people. Therefore we will rejoice, we will rejoice, re-

7 4 3 7 6 * 6 5 2 6 6

joice before God, rejoice, rejoice,
we will rejoice in the God, the God of our salvation, rejoice, re-

re - joice - - - - -

Soprano: 6 6 2 - - - - - 6 - - - - - 6 6
Alto: 6 6 6 6 6 6
Tenor/Bass: 6 6 6 6 6 6

joice - - - - - re - - - - -
joice, re - - - - - re - - - - -
re - - - - - re - - - - - re - - - - -

Soprano: 6 6 6 6 6 6
Alto: 6 6 6 6 6 6
Tenor/Bass: 6 6 6 6 6 6

re - - - - - juice, re - - - - - juice, - - - - - - - - - - -
in the God, the 6 5 6 5 2

joyce, will rejoice, re - joyce in the God, the God of our sal - va - tion. Glad tidings, glad

6 6 6 6 5 6/5 4/3

tidings, glad ti . . . dings, glad tidings, glad tidings of glad tidings, glad ti . . .

6

great joy, glad tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people, joy which shall be to all
dings, of great - - joy,

7 - - #6 - - 6 7 6 5 * 7 6 5 4 # 6 6 5 6 5 4 #

ti - - dings, glad ti - - dings, glad tidings, glad tidings,
people, glad glad tidings, glad tidings, glad
tings, glad tidings, glad ti - - dings, glad ti - - dings,
glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad
tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad
glad # glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad
6

of joy which shall

tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings which shall be to all people, to all, to all, to all, to all people.

great - - joy, of great - - joy, which shall to all, to all,

6 **6** **5** **6** **5** **65** **6** **43**

3 Voices.

Tenor.

G **G** **G**

Voice.

For unto you this day is born a Saviour, For unto Counter.

E **E** **E**

For unto you this day is born a Saviour which is Christ the Lord.

For unto you this day

Org.

Voice.

E **E** **E**

is born a Saviour, a Saviour,

you, this day is born a Saviour, is born, is born, is born a Saviour, is born a Sa - - viour,
 is born a Saviour, is born a Saviour, this day, is born a Saviour, is born, a Sa - viour, which is Christ the
 For unto you this day is born a 6- 4 6 6 5 6 6 #5.
 6 6

CHORUS.

Glad tidings, glad ti - dings of great joy, of great
 Lord. glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings of
 glad tidings, glad tidings, glad tidings of great joy, of great
 6 6 #6 6 6 #6

joy which glad tidings, glad tidings to all
great joy which shall be to all people, of great joy to all people, to all people, which shall be to all people, all people.
joy which glad ti - dings to all

47 5 6 5 65 43 6 6 6 6 65 43

Slow.

Piano.

Full.

Glo - ry, glory to God in the highest, and peace on earth. Glo - ry, glory to God in the highest

6 6 6

Allegro.

Glo - - - ry to God in the high - - est, in the high - - est.
 Glo - - - ry to God in the high - - est.
 Glory to God in the high - - est.
 Glo - - - ry to God in the high - - est.
 Glo - - - ry to God in the highest.

Slow and Soft.

Allegro.

Glo - - - ry to God in the highest. Glory to God in the
 And peace on earth. Glo - - - ry to God in the highest.
 Glory to God in the
 Glo - - - ry to God in the highest, the

highest, Glo - . . ry, glo - . . ry
 Glo - . . ry to God in the highest, Glo - . . ry to God, to God in the highest, on earth peace,
 high - - est, Glo - - . . ry, glo - - . . ry to God
 high - - est, Glo - - . . ry, glo - - . . ry to God

Faster. Full.

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

Good will, good will towards men,
 peace on earth. Good will towards men, good will towards men, good will towards men, good will towards men.
 (good will towards men,

$\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

Glo - ry to God

Glo - ry, glo - ry to God in the highest, on earth

Glo - ry, glory

Glo - ry to God, 6 7 6 —

$\frac{6}{4} - \frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{6}{34}$

peace, good will towards men, good will towards men. Amen.

$\frac{7}{4}$ 6 6 6 6 6 6 —

Chorus. Allegro assai.

ANTHEM.

Chapple.

Chorus. Allegro assai.

come, let us sing un - to the
O come, let us sing un - to the Lord;
O come, let us sing un - to the Lord;
O come, let us sing un - to the Lord;

Lord : Let us hear - ti - ly rejoice,
come, let us sing un - to the Lord ; let us hear - ti - ly rejoice ..
Lord : let us hear - ti - ly rejoice ..
come, let us sing un - to the Lord ; let us hear - ti - ly rejoice,
7 7 6

in the strength of our sal - va - tion; let us hearti - ly re -

in the

hearti - ly rejoice in the strength of our sal - va - tion; let us hearti - ly re - joice ...

7 6 in the 6 6 7 6 5 7 let us 7 hearti - ly 7 re - 6

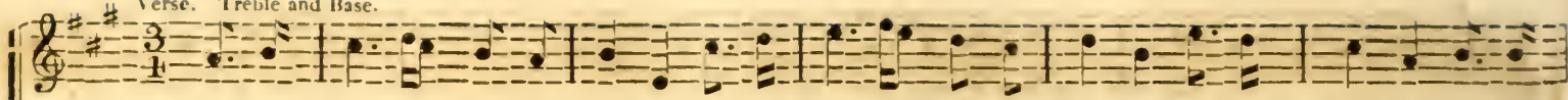
joice,

let us hearti - ly re - joice in the strength of our sal - va - tion.

let us hearti - ly re - joice

joice, 7 6 6 7 6 5 7 43

Verse. Treble and Base.



Let us come before his presence, let us come before his presence with thanks - giv - ing, with thanks-



Let us

6 7



giving ; come before his presence, let us come before his presence with thanksgiving ;



6 5

6 ♯

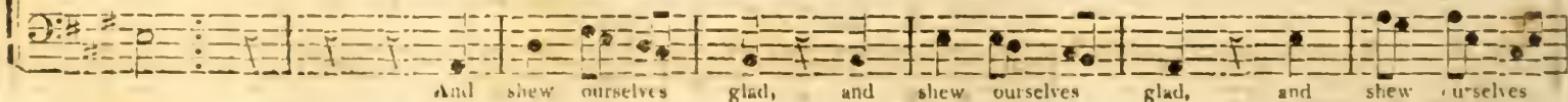
6 5

6

5 ♯



And shew ourselves glad, and shew ourselves glad, and shew ourselves glad . . .



And shew ourselves glad, and shew ourselves glad, and shew ourselves glad . . .

6 7

and shew ourselves

6

Sym.

in him with psalms.
glad

6 5

CHORUS. Largo Expressivo.

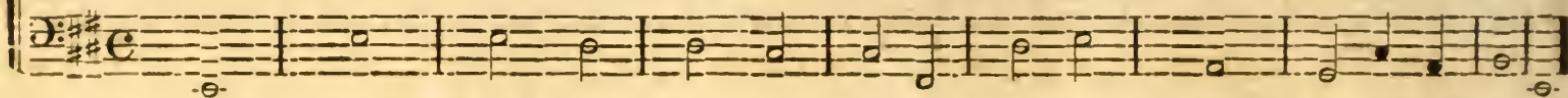
For the Lord is a great God; the Lord is a great God, and a great King above all gods; a great King above all gods.

6 - #6 5
3

Recit: Bass.



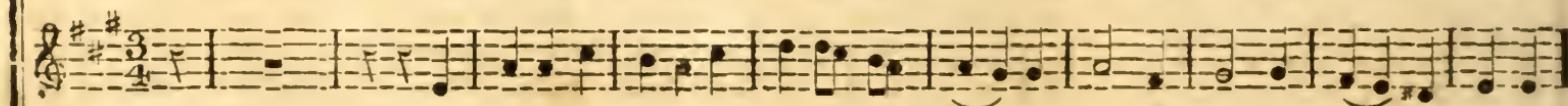
In his hands are all the concerns of the earth, and the strength of the hills is his also. The sea is his and he made it: and his hands prepared the dry land.



Duet



O come, let us worship, O come, let us worship, and fall down, and kneel be - fore the Lord, the Lord our maker.



Inst. Base.



CHORUS.

O come, let us worship; O come, let us worship, and fall down, and kneel before the Lord, the Lord our maker.

Voice. 6 7 7 6 6 5 4 3 5 * 6 6 4 5 7 -

Duet.

For he is the Lord, the Lord our God; and we are the people, we are the people, we are the people of his pasture, and the sheep of his hand.

Inst. Base.

T. S. 6 7 7 6 4 5 3 6 6 7 6 4 5 5 3

CHORUS.

For he is the Lord, the Lord our God;
we are the people,
And we are the people,

T. S.

Inst. 6

Adagio.

people, we are the people of his pasture, and the sheep of his hand.

7 7 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 5 7

Voice. 7 6 5 6 7 45 5 7

OLD HUNDRED, as harmonized by Claude Le Jeune, in the 16th century.

267

Dessus. Alla Breve.

Be thou, O God, exalted high, And as thy glory fills the sky, So let it be on earth display'd, Till thou art here as there obey'd.

Taille.

Basse Contre.

6 6 5 6 * 5 5 6 - 5 - 6 6 5 3 6 5 5

N. B. The melody is the same as it stands in the most ancient copies of Marot and Theodore Beza, in 1546.

Brisk.

ANTHEM.

Handel.

O praise the Lord with one consent, O praise the Lord with one consent, And mag - ni - fy his name, Praise the Lord with one con-

5 6 6 4 6 - 7 - 6 5 - 6 6

His worthy praise, His worthy praise proclaim.

sent, And mag - ni - fy his name. Let all the servants of the Lord His worthy praise, His worthy, worthy praise proclaim

His worthy praise, His worthy praise proclaim.

5 5 6 7 5 4 3 6- 7 6 5 His worthy praise, His worthy, worthy praise proclaim.

3 3 3 3 6 7 8 5 3 5 4 5 7 8 3 7 4 3

CHORUS. Brisk.

O be joyful in God, all ye lands, O be joyful in God, all ye lands, all ye lands, O be joyful in God, all ye

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

lands, O be joyful in God, all ye lands, Make his praise glorious; O be joyful in God, all ye lands, in God, all ye

6 5 6 6 5-
4

in God, all ye lands,

lands, ... in God, all ye lan - - - ds, O be joyful in God, all ye lands, Make his praise glorious.

lands, O be joyful in God, all ye lands, in God, all ye lands,

O be joyful in God, all ye lan - - - - ds, 6 7 6 5 6 5 6 6 5-4 3

6 5 3 3 6 5 3 3 6 5 3 4 3

HYMN FOR THANKSGIVING.

Dr. J. A. Stevenson.

Maestoso. For.

Pia.

For.

Redeemed by their Shepherd's care, Re - deem - ed by their Shepherd's care, In

As Israel's people in despair, ORG.

Redeemed 6 G by their Shepherd's care, 7 6 5 4 3

rejoice, rejoice,

gratitude rejoice, In gratitude rejoice, rejoice, rejoice, In

6 6 5 6 6 5

gratitude rejoice,
Or, as on Sinai's banks reclin'd, Our

6 6 5 6 - 6 6 5 4 6 6 5 4 6

Cres. Pia. Cres. For. Pia.

holy fathers swell'd the wind, With hallelujah's voice, With hallelujah's voice, Our holy fathers swell'd the wind, With

7 6 9 8 7 6 - 5 6 - 5 - 6 6 6 6 - 5 -

For,

P. F.



hal - le - lu - jah's, with hal - le - lu - jah's voice, With hal - le - lu - jah's voice, With hal - le - lu - jah's voice, Our

With hal - le - lu - jah's voice,
6 5 6 5

6

6

holy fathers swell'd the wind, With hal - le - lu - jah's, With hallelujah's voice, With hallelujah's voice, With

6 .5- 6 6 6 -5.

With hal - le - lu - jah's voice,

8 7
6 5
4 3

6 5
6 5
4 3

hal - le - lu - jah's voice.

CORYDON. S. M.

For.

Come, sound his praise abroad, And hymns of glory sing; Pia.

Jehovah is a sov'reign God, The universal King.

Jehovah is a sov'reign God,

6 6 6 2 4 3 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 7 -5- 6 6 6 5

Before Je - hovah's awful throne, Ye nations, bow with sacred joy: Know that the Lord is God a - lone;

Piano accompaniment (Pia.)

He can cre - ate and he destroy. He can cre - ate and he destroy. His sovereign pow'r with-

A musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in G major (two sharps) and common time. The lyrics are:

out our aid, Made us of clay, and form'd us men; And when like wand'ring sheep we stray'd, He Lrought us to his

The bass staff includes a series of chords below the notes: 6 6 5 3, 7, #, 6, 7, 4 3, 5 6, 9 8, 7 6, 6 5, 6, 9, 6 5, 4 3, 5.

A musical score for three staves. The top staff is labeled "For." and the bottom staff is labeled "Pia." The lyrics are:

fold again; He brought us to his fold again. We'll crowd thy gates with thank - ful songs, High as the

The bass staff includes a series of chords below the notes: 6 6 5 3, 7, 4 3, 5, 6 6 5 3, 7 6, 6, 6 7, 6.

For.

Pia.

Por.

Pia.

heav'n's our voic - es raise, And earth, And earth, with her ten thousand, thousand tongues, Shall fill thy courts with sounding praise. Shall

6 7 6 6 7 T. S.

For.

1 2

fill thy courts with sounding praise, Shall fill, shall fill thy courts with sounding praise. Wide, wide as the world is thy command,

T. S. 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 5 T. S.

Vast as e - ternity, e - ternity thy love; Firm as a rock thy truth must stand, When rolling years shall cease to move.

6 6 4 3 6 3 3 3 6 4 3

Pia.

For.

move, shall cease to move, When rolling years shall cease to move. When roll - ing years shall cease to move.

6 5 4 8 3 3 3 6 3 6 4 5 3

3 Voices.

The glory of the Lord, of the Lord
The glory of the Lord shall en - dure for ever, of the Lord shall en - dure for
Aug.
The 6 6 7 glory of the Lord 6 - 6 4 5

ever, the glory, the glory of the Lord, the glo - - - - ry, the glory of the Lord shall en-
the glory, the glory
the 6 6 6

the
ture for ever, shall en - dure for ever, the Lord shall re - joice in his works, shall rejoice in his
the Lord shall re - joice $\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{9}{4}$

Lord shall re - joice, in his works, shall re - joice, shall re - joice, . . .
works, shall re - joice in his works, shall re - joice, shall re - joice, The

Lord shall rejoice,
 rejoice in his works, shall rejoice, rejoice, rejoice in his works.
 re - joyce, - re - joyce 6 4 3
 6 4 5

CHORUS.

the glo ry of the
 The glory of the Lord shall en - dure for ever, the glory of the Lord, the glory of the Lord, of the
 The glory of the Lord, of the Lord shall en - dure the glo ry of the
 The glo ry of the

6 5
 6 6 6- 6 7

Lord shall endure for ever, the glo - ry of the Lord shall en - dure for ever, shall en - dure for ever.
the glory, the glory

$\frac{5}{4} \frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3}$ b⁷

Mod.

I will be glad,
My medi - tation of him shall be sweet; I will be glad in the Lord, be glad in the Lord.

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

CHORUS. Allegro.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by 'C') and the bottom two are in 6/8 time (indicated by '6/8'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts are written in soprano and alto clefs. The lyrics are as follows:

 Bless thou the Lord, O my soul, bless, praise, O bless thou the Lord, praise the Lord.

 O my soul, praise the Lord, Praise the Lord, the Lord,

 O my soul, prai - se the Lord, O my

 Prai - se the Lord,

 - - - - - se the Lord, praise the Lord, praise the Lord, the Lord, 6 6 5

soul. Bless thou the Lord, bless thou the Lord, O my soul, bless, praise, O

6 6 -5- 6 6

Adagio.

Praise thou the Lord, Bless thou the Lord, Praise thou the Lord, A - - men.

Prai - - - - - se thou the Lord,

6 6 5 3 5 b7 6 5 b7

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) in common time and G major. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are:

Blessed, blessed be thou, Lord God of Isra - el, our Father, Blessed, blessed be thou, Lord

The vocal parts continue from the previous section. The lyrics are:

6 6 65 66 6

The vocal parts continue. The lyrics are:

God of Is - ra - el our Father, for ever and ever, for ever and ev - er, blessed, blessed be thou, Lord

The vocal parts continue. The lyrics are:

Bless . ed, bless . ed,

The vocal parts continue. The lyrics are:

6 6 6

Bless - ed, bless - ed,

God of Is - ra - el our Father, for ever and ever, for ever and ever, Blessed, blessed be thou, Lord

7 6

Bless - ed for ev - er and ev - er,
6

7 *

for ever and ever, for ev - er,

God of Is - ra - el our Father, Bless - ed for ev - er and ev - er, for ever and ever,

for ev - er and ev - er,

6 --

* ---

Bless - ed for ev - er and ev - er,
6 ---

6 5 --- 3

Bless - ed, for ev - er,
 Bless - ed, blessed art thou, for ev - er and ev - er, for ever and ever.
 for ev - er and ev - er,
 for ev - er, for ev - er and ev - er, for ev - er, 6 6 6 5 3

Two voices.

Thine, O Lord, O Lord, is the greatness. Thine, O Lord, O Lord, is the greatness.

Thine, O Lord, O Lord, is the greatness. Thine, O Lord, O Lord, is the greatness.

ORG.

6 42 6 56 b7 6 6 5 43 6 6 56 7

Tutti.

Thine, O Lord, O Lord, is the greatness, and the pow'r, and the glo - ry, and the vic - to - ry,

Voice. 6 5
 4 3

6 6 6 b

and the majes - ty, and vic - to - ry and maj - es - ty. Thine, O Lord, thine, O Lord, is the

Voice.

5 6 6 6

ORG. ORG. ORG.

greatness and the pow'r, is the greatness and the pow'r, and the glory, and the victory, and the majesty, the majesty, for all that

Organ. Voice.

Organ. Voice.

is in the heav'n, in the heav'n and the earth are thine: Thine is the kingdom, thine is the kingdom, O

For all that is in the heav'n,

Organ. Voice.

Lord, and thou art ex - alted as head over all, as head over all, as head over all.

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ 6 — $\begin{matrix} 5 & 6 \\ b & 3 \end{matrix}$ 6 6 b b⁷ as head over all.

DUET.

Both riches and honour come of thee, come of thee, riches and honour come of thee

$\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$

And thou reignest, thou reignest, thou reignest over all;
and in thine hand, in thine hand is
is pow'r,

And in thine hand it is to make great, and to give strength un - to all.

pow'r and might, and in thine hand it is to make great, to make great, and to give strength un - to all.

CHORUS.

we thank thee, we thank thee, O God, and prai - - -

Now therefore, our God, we thank thee, we thank thee, we thank thee, O God, we thank thee, O God,

we

we thank thee, we thank thee, O God.

se thy glo - rious name, we thank thee, we thank thee, and

we thank thee, and prai - - - se thy glo - rious

thank thee, and prai - - - se thy glo - rious name, we

we thank thee, and prai - - - 6 -

b
 prai - - - se thy name, we thank thee, we thank thee and praise thy name, we thank thee and prai - - -
 name, we thank thee and praise thy name,
 thank thee and paise thy name, and praise thy name, and praise thy name,
 - - - se thy name, we thank thee, we thank thee, we thank thee, 6 5 4 3 we thank thee and
 we

b
 se thy name, we thank thee, and
 thank thee and praise thy name, we thank thee, we thank thee, and praise thy glo - rious
 we thank thee, we thank thee, and praise thy glo - rious name, we
 praise thy name, we thank thee, we thank thee,

b
 prai - - - - se thy glorious name, we thank thee, and praise thy glorious
 name,
 we thank thee, and prai - - - - se thy glorious
 thank thee, we thank thee, and prai - - - - se thy glorious
 name, and prai - - - - se thy

6 6 6 6 6 6

Slow.

name, thy glorious name, we thank thee, we thank thee, O God, we thank thee, we thank thee, O God, and praise thy glorious name.

7 5 6 6 6 6

Lord of all pow'r and might, Lord of all pow'r and might,
Thou that art the author, thou that art the

thou that art the giver of all good things, graft in our hearts the love of thy name, the
author,

love of thy name, increase in us true re - li - gion, Lord of all pow'r and might,

6 6 6

nourish us in all good - ness, Lord of all pow'r and might, and of thy great mercy, and

3 3

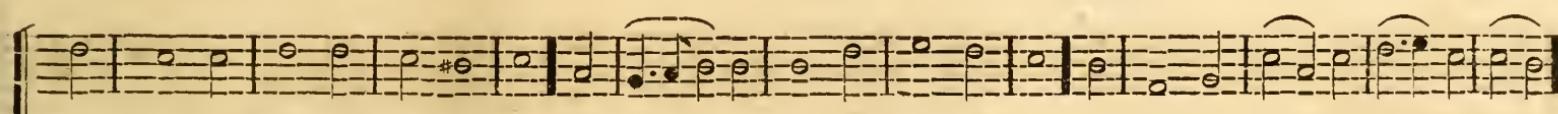
#0 6 5 8 7 6 6 6 4 5

of thy great mercy, keep us, keep us, keep us in the same, through
 3
 6 5 6 6 6

Je - sus Christ our Lord, through Je - sus Christ our Lord, Amen, amen.
 6 5 6 5



All nature hear the sacred song, Attend, O earth, the solemn strain; Ye whirlwinds wild that sweep along,



Ye dark'ning storms of beating rain, Umbrageous glooms of forests drear, And sol - i - ta - ry deserts, hear.

Be still, ye winds, while to your Maker's praise, The creatures of his pow'r aspire their voice to raise.

5 6 6 5 6 -5- 7 6 6 6 6 6 4 7

SANCTUS.

Holy, holy, holy Lord God of Sabaoth, Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full.

Holy, holy, holy Lord God of Sabaoth, Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full,

Holy, holy, holy Lord God of Sabaoth, Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full,

Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full, Heav'n and earth are full of the

6 *6

full of the majesty of thy glory. Glory be to thee, Glory be to thee, O Lord, most high.

Glory be to thee, Glory be to thee, to thee, O Lord, most high.

full of the majesty of thy glory, Glory be to thee, Glory be to thee, to thee, O Lord, most high.

majesty 5 # - # -- Glory be to thee, Glory, &c. 6 6 6 6 4 5 3

Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah.

6 5 5 7

HYMN FOR CHRISTMAS.

Leach.

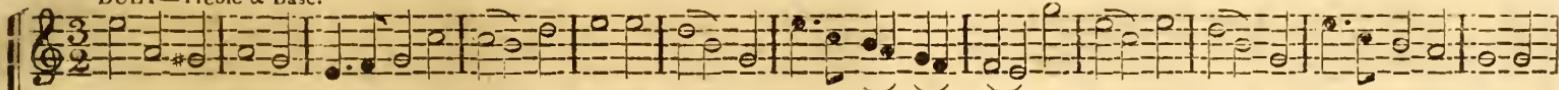
Shepherds, rejoice, rejoice, rejoice, rejoice, rejoice, and send your fears a - way, and send your fears a - way !

re - joice, 6- 6- 6- 5- 6- 6- 7- 5- 6- 6- 7- 5- 6- 7- 6-

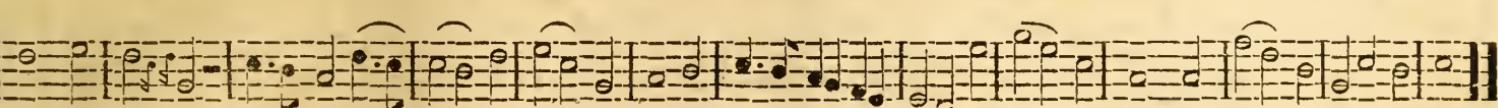
News from the sky, News from the sky, News from the sky, the Saviour's born to - day.

6- 7- 3- 7- 4- 3- 7- 6- 6- 7- 6- 6- 7- 6- 7- 6-

DUET—Treble & Base.



Jesus the Lord comes down to dwell with you, To-day he comes, but not as monarchs do. To-day he comes, but not as monarchs do. No



gold nor purple, royal, shining things, A manger stands, and holds the King of kings, A manger stands, and holds the King of kings.



TRIO.



Thus Gabriel sang, Thus Gabriel sang, the heav'ly angels throng, They tune their harps, they



They tune their harps, they tune their harps,
6 -5- #6

They tune . . . their harps,
tune their harps, they tune their harps, they tune their harps, they tune their harps, and thus conclude the song.
they tune their harps,
6 -

CHORUS.

Glo ry to God, who
Glory to God, who
Glo ry to God, who
Glo ry to God,

6

Who reigns enthron'd above, who reigns, who reigns enthron'd a . bove, Good will to
 reigns enthron'd above, who reigns enthron'd above, who reigns, who reigns enthron'd above, Good will to
 who reigns enthron'd, who reigns enthron'd above,
 7 who reigns enthron'd, who reigns enthron'd above, 6— 6— 6— 7

Pia. For. Pia.
 men, Good will to men, and pea ce, and endless love, Good will to men, and peace, and peace, and peace, and peace,
 and peace, 5 6 6 5— 4 3— 6 6 6 6

Good will to men, and peace, peace and endless love,
endless love, peace, - and endless love, and peace, and peace and endless love, Good
Good will to men, and pea - ee
6 5 4-3 = peace, peace, peace, peace and endless love, 6 6 6 5 4 =

will to men, and peace, and peace - and endless love, and peace, peace and endless love.
6 6 6 5 =

ANTHEM.

Dr. James Nares.

305

The souls of the righteous are in the hand of God,

The souls of the righteous are in the hand of God, and there

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 7 4

no tor - - - - ment

shall no torment touch them, there shall no torment touch them, there shall no tor - - - - ment

5 6 6 6 5 6 6-5 6 5 there shall no torment touch them, no tor - - - - ment

Cres

This image shows two staves of musical notation. The top staff is in G major (one sharp) and the bottom staff is in F major (one sharp). Measure 11 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 12 starts with a piano dynamic. Measures 11 and 12 conclude with a repeat sign.

touch them. The souls of the righteous are in the hand of God, are in the hand of God, and there shall no

106

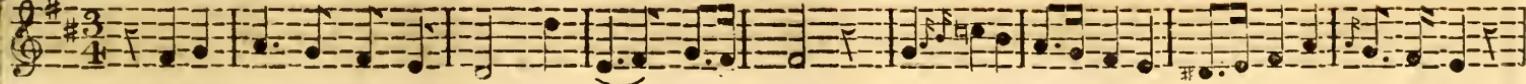
A handwritten musical score page showing system 1. The key signature is A major (two sharps). The first measure consists of a whole note followed by a dotted half note. The second measure contains a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note. The third measure has a whole note followed by a dotted half note. The fourth measure features a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note. The fifth measure contains a whole note followed by a dotted half note. The sixth measure has a whole note followed by a dotted half note. The seventh measure consists of a whole note followed by a dotted half note.

A musical score for the first piano part, showing measures 11 and 12. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 11 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note, then a dotted half note. Measure 12 begins with a dotted half note, followed by a eighth-note triplet, a sixteenth-note triplet, and a eighth-note triplet.

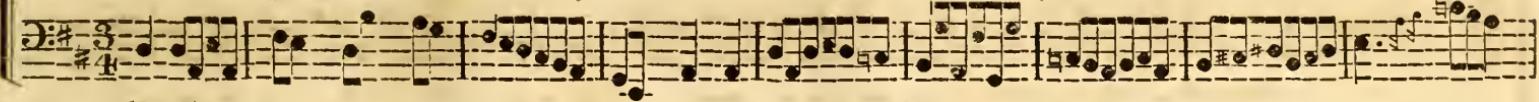
A musical score in G major, 2/4 time. The vocal line consists of two parts: 'torment' (measures 1-3) and 'touch them' (measures 4-6). The lyrics are written below the notes. Measure 7 begins with a fermata over the first note of 'torment'. Measure 8 starts with a note over a 6/8 time signature, followed by a 4/4 time signature. The vocal line ends with a fermata over the final note.

SOLO. Mez. For.

For.



In the sight of the unwise, they seem to die, and their departure is taken for misery,



Mez. For.

ORG.

Pia.

their de - parture is taken for misery, but they are in peace, they are in peace,



Cres.

Mez. For.

they are in peace.

In the sight of the unwise they seem to die, and their de - parture is



taken for misery, but they are in peace, they are in peace, they are in peace.



RECITATIVE.

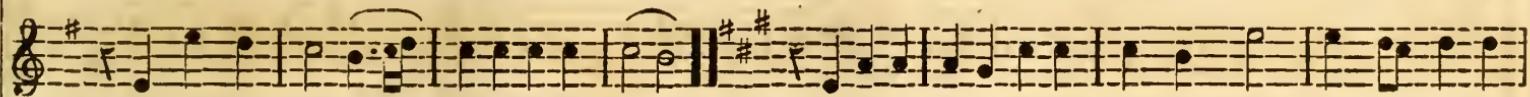
For though they be punish'd in the sight of men, yet is their hope full of im - mor - tal - i - ty,

For God hath
yet is their hope full of im - mor - tal - i - ty. For God hath prov'd them and found them worthy of him - self.



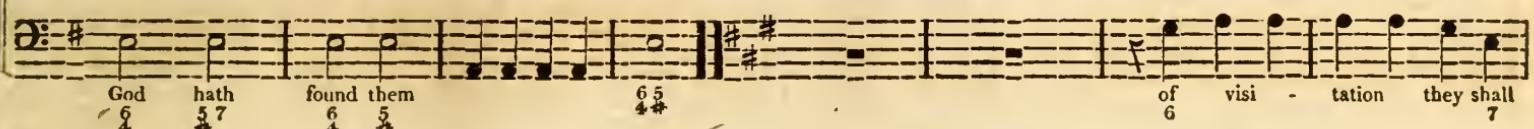
prov'd them and found them worthy of him - self.

And in the day of visi - ta - tion they shall



For God hath found them worthy of himself.

And in the day of visi - tation they - - - - shall



God hath found them

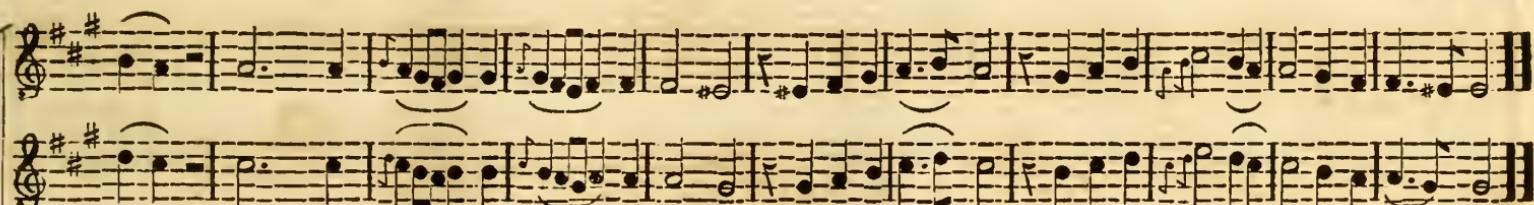
$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

of visi - tation they shall

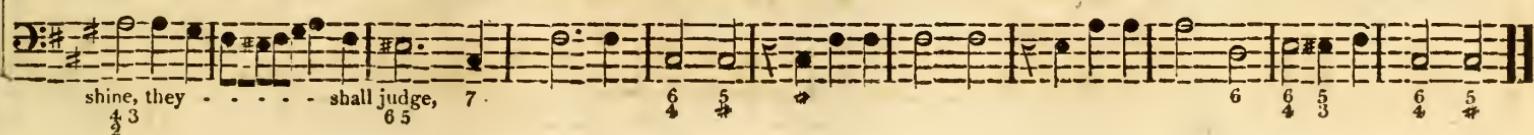
$\frac{6}{4} \frac{7}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

$\frac{7}{4}$



shine, they shall judge, shall judge the nations, and have dominion, and have do - minion over the people.



shine, they . . . shall judge,

$\frac{7}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{4}$

CHORUS.

Allegro.

They shall judge the nations, and have do - minion over the people. And their Lord shall

$\text{B} \frac{6}{3} = =$ 6 - - - - - $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ 6 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ 6 - - - - - $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3} \frac{6}{5}$

for ev - er and ever, shall reign for ever, their Lord shall reign for

reign for ev - - - - er, their Lord shall reign for

ev - er and ever, shall reign for ever, their Lord shall reign

5 6 ev - - - 6 5 er,

For.

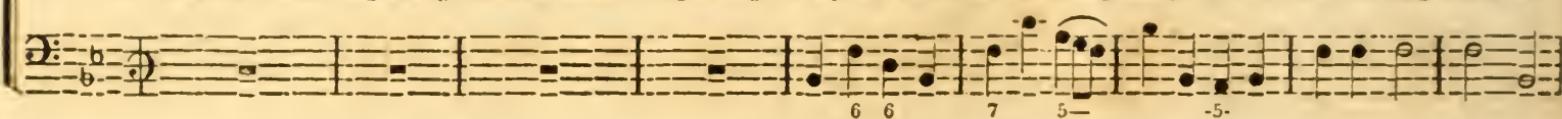
ever, shall reign for ever,
 ever, their Lord shall reign, shall reign for ever, their Lord shall reign for ever, shall
 shall reign for ever, shall reign 6

Adagio.

reign for ever, shall reign for ever, their Lord shall reign for ever. A - men.
 6 6



Hark, the herald angels sing, Hark, the herald angels sing, Glory to the new-born King, Glory to the new-born King, Peace on



earth and mercy mild, God and sinners reconcil'd. God and sinners reconcil'd. Joyful, all ye nations, rise,



Join the triumph of the skies, With the angelic host proclaim, Christ is born at Bethlehem, Hark, the herald angels sing,

-5- 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 6 6

Finis.

Hark, the herald angels sing, Glory to the new-born King, Glory to the new-born King, Glory to the new-born King.

6 6 7 5 6 6 6 6 7 5 6 7

Two staves of musical notation in common time, treble clef, and B-flat key signature. The top staff consists of six measures of music, ending with a repeat sign and a first ending. The bottom staff continues the melody.

Christ, by highest heav'n ador'd, Christ, by highest heav'n ador'd, Christ the ever - lasting Lord, Christ the ever - lasting Lord.

Three staves of musical notation in common time, bass clef, and B-flat key signature. The top staff shows a bass line with a sustained note. The middle staff has a bass line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff has a bass line with eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 6, 7, 7, 6, and a sharp sign are indicated below the staff.

Two staves of musical notation in common time, treble clef, and B-flat key signature. The top staff features a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff continues the melody.

Two staves of musical notation in common time, treble clef, and B-flat key signature. The top staff shows a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff continues the melody.

Late in time behold him come, Offspring of a virgin's womb, Offspring of a virgin's womb. Veil'd in flesh, the

Three staves of musical notation in common time, bass clef, and B-flat key signature. The top staff has a bass line with eighth-note patterns. The middle staff has a bass line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff has a bass line with eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 4, 5, 3, 6, 5, 3, 4, 3, 2, 8, and 6 are indicated below the staff.

God - head he, Hail, hail th'incarnate Deity, Hail th'incarnate Deity. Pleas'd as man with man ap-

$\frac{4}{2}$ 3 4 6 6 b 6 6 - 6 6 - 6 7 8 7 - 6 8 6

From the Repeat to Finis.

our Immanuel here, our Immanuel here. D. S.

pear, Jesus our Immanuel here, Jesus our Immanuel here

6 5 6 # -5- 16 6 6 our Immanuel here, our Immanuel here. -5- -

ANTHEM.

Bond.

Three staves of music in common time, key signature of two flats. The vocal parts are soprano, alto, and bass. The lyrics are:

O Lord, our Governor, how excellent is thy name, how excellent is thy name in all the world.

The bass staff includes a harmonic analysis below the notes:

0 Lord,
5 4 -
4 - 3 6
6 in all
6 4 5

Three staves of music in common time, key signature of two flats. The vocal parts are soprano, alto, and bass. The lyrics are:

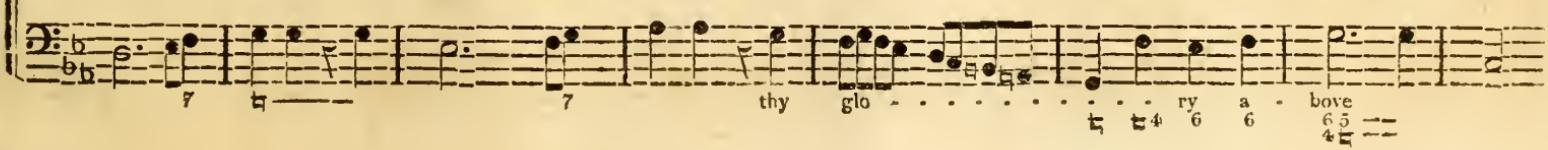
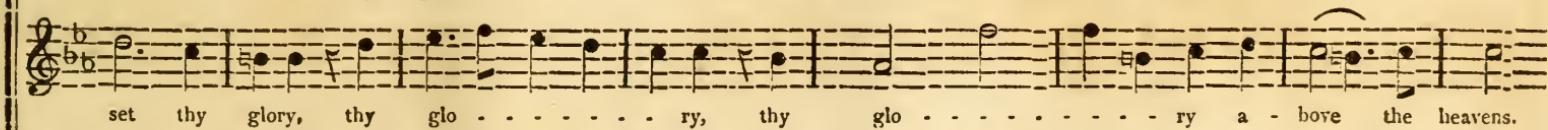
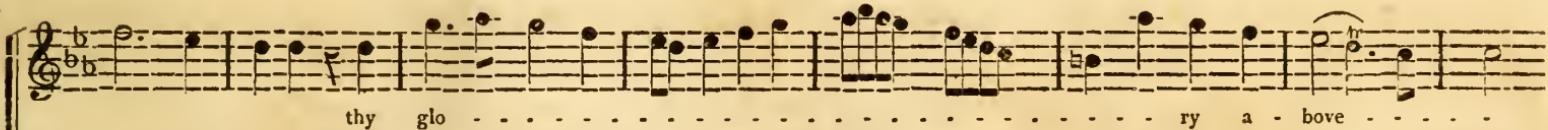
Thou that hast set thy glory above the heavens, O Lord, our Governor, O Lord, our Governor.

The bass staff includes a harmonic analysis below the notes:

0 Lord, our Governor, our Governor,
6 5 0 Lord, 0 Lord, 8 b 7



How excellent is thy name, how excellent is thy name in all the world. Thou that hast set, hast



CHORUS.

O Lord, our Governor, how excellent is thy name in all the world. O Lord, . . . our
 Lord, . . .

Governor, how excellent is thy name in all the world, how excellent is thy name in all the world.

Recitative.



Lord, what is man, that thou art mindful of him, and the son of man, that thou visitest him.



Treble.

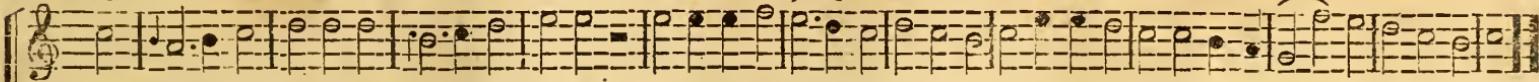


Thou mak'st him to have dominion, to have dominion of the works of thy hand, of the works of thy hand.



76 6 4 6

Tenor.



And thou hast put all things, and thou hast put all things, all things in subjection under his feet, thou hast put all things in subjection under his feet.



4 6 6 6 6 6 4 3 6 4 3

All sheep and oxen, yea, and the beasts of the field, the fowls of the air, and the fishes of the

6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 - 5 -

4 3 4

sea. And whatsoever walketh thro' the paths of the sea. whatsoever walketh thro' the paths of the sea.

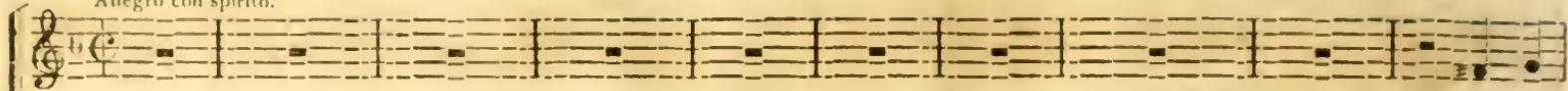
6 6 6 5 = 6 5 6 6 6 5 = 6 5

CHORUS.

O Lord, our Governor, how excellent is thy name in all the world. O Lord . . . our Governor, how
 excellent is thy name in all the world. O Lord, our Governor, how excellent is thy name in all the world.
 worl - - - d,

ANTHEM.

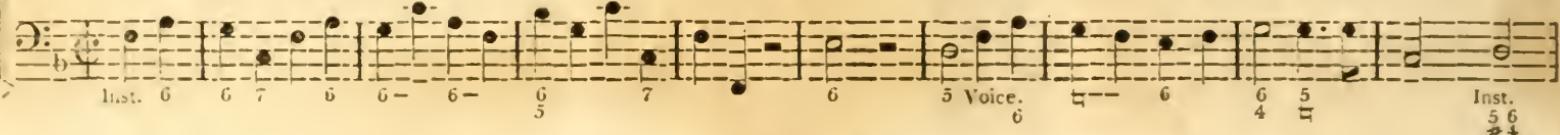
Dr. Calicot.

Allegro con spirto.

Air.



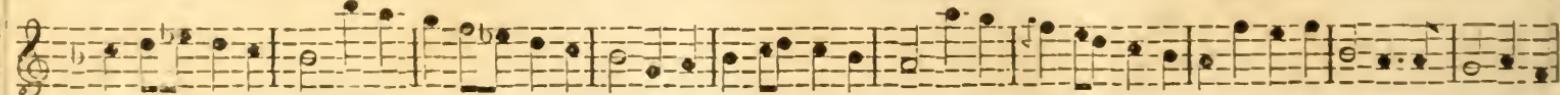
I was glad, I was glad, when they said unto me, we will go, we will go, we will go into the house of the Lord, we will



go into the house,

we will go into the house,

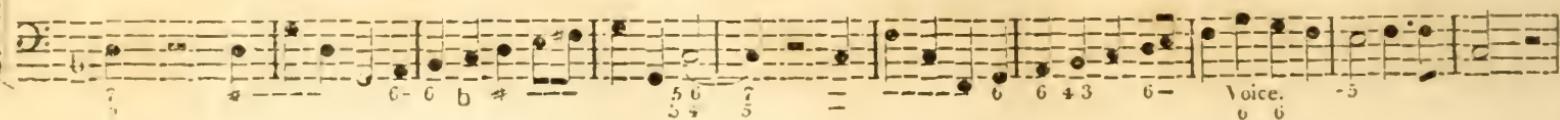
into the house of the Lord.



go in - to the house,

we will go into the house,

into the house of the Lord, we will



we will go into the house, we will go into the house, into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

go - - - - - we will go - - - - - into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

we will go into the house, we will go ₆ into the house, into the ₆ house, into the ₆ house of the ₆ Lord, into the ₅ house of the ₅ Lord.

Duet. Pia. Grazioso.

Pia.

Peace be within thy walls,

Peace be within thy walls,

and plenteousness within thy palaces, peace

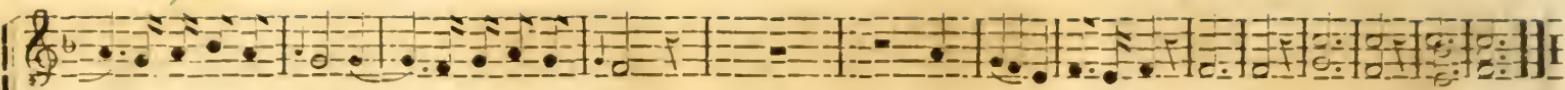
For..

For..

Inst.

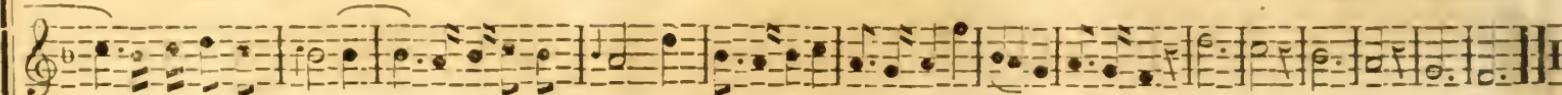
T. S.

T. S.



- - - be within thy walls, peace be within thy walls,

Amen, Amen, Amen.



and plenteousness, and plenteousness within thy palaces. Amen, Amen, Amen.



7

9

8

7

9

8

4

3

Voice.

6

5

6

5

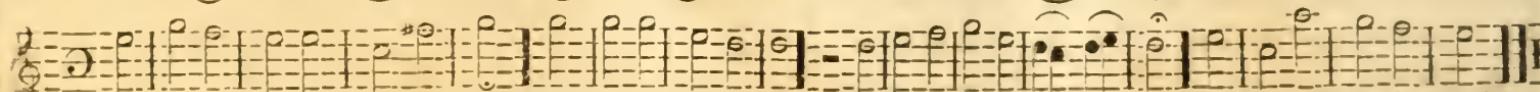
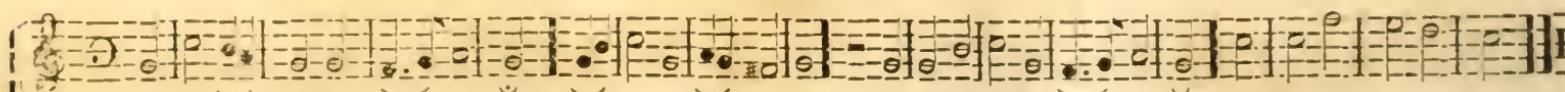
3

6

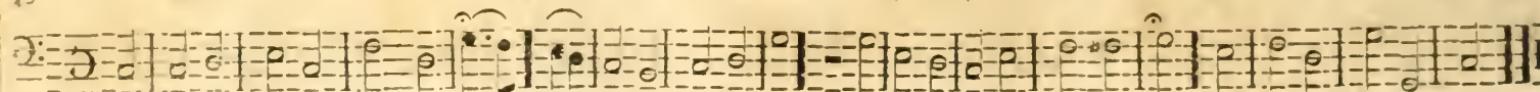
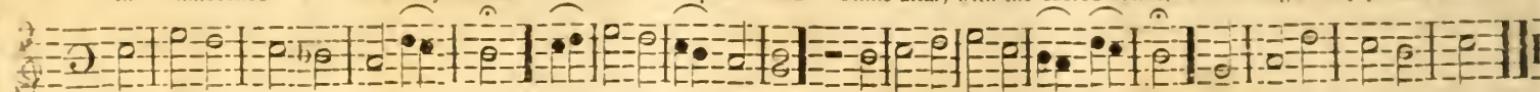
5

-

DORT. C. M.



In innocence I wash my hands, And so encompass round Thine altar, with the sacred bands, Whose tongues thy praises sound.



6 3

6

b7

*

6 6

6

6

*

6

6

6

6

4

3

6 5

6 5

6

6

4

5

-

6

5

3

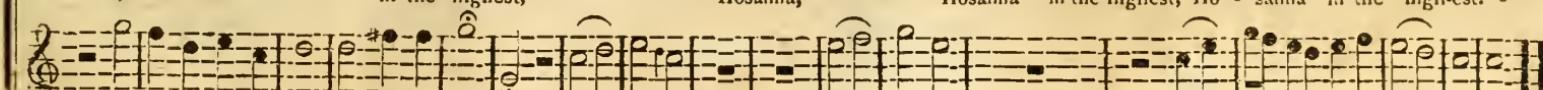
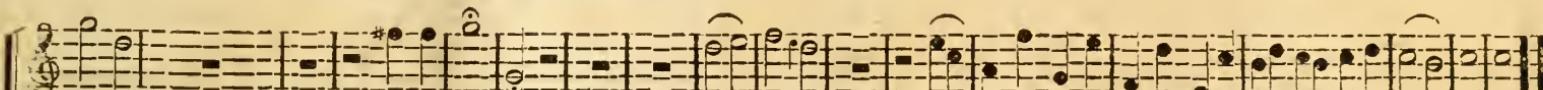
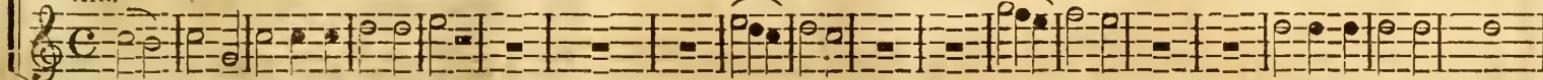
CHORUS ANTHEM.

Rev. C. Gregore.

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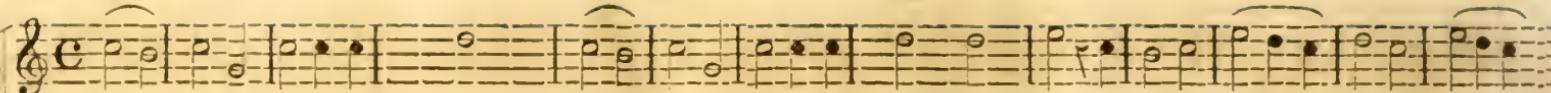


AIR.

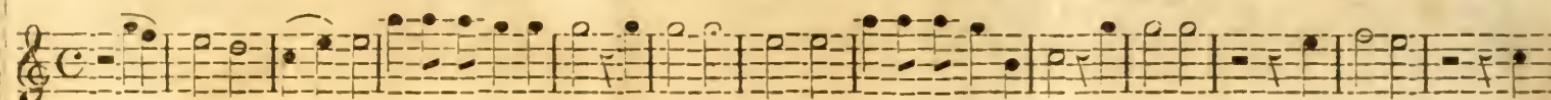


CHORUS. Forte.

Pia.



Ho - sanna, blessed is he, Ho - sanna, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, Ho - sanna, Ho-



Ho - sanna, blessed, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, blessed, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, Hosanna, Ho-



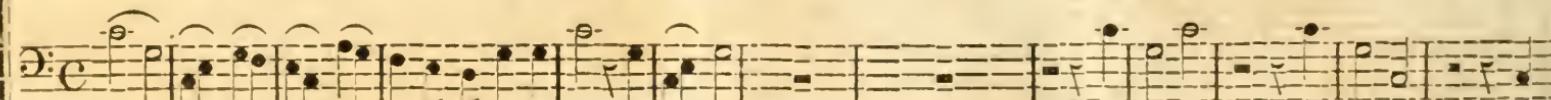
Ho - sanna, bless - ed is he that comes, Hosanna, blessed, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, Hosanna, Ho-

AIR.

Pia.



Ho - sanna, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, Ho - sanna, Hosanna, Ho-



Ho - sanna, blessed, blessed is he that comes, Hosanna, Hosanna, Hosanna, Ho-

5 ---

Pia.

Fortis.

Pia.

sanna, Hosanna, blessed is he that comes, - - - he that comes in the name of the Lord, in the name of the Lord, Ho - sanna,

Fortis.

Fortis.

sanna, Ho - sanna,

blessed is he that comes in the name of the Lord, in the name of the Lord,

Pia.

sanna, Hosanna, blessed is he that comes, - - - he that comes in the name of the Lord, in the name of the Lord, Ho - sanna,

sanna,
7Hosanna,
7

blessed is he that comes in the name of the Lord, in the name of the Lord,
 $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{\#}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{\#}{4}$

Pia.

Cres.

Fortis.

blessed is he that comes,

Hosanna,

Hosanna,

Hosanna in the highest,

Ho - sanna, blessed is he that comes, Ho - sanna, --- Ho - sanna, --- in the highest,

blessed is he that comes,

Hosanna,

Hosanna,

Ho - sanna in the highest,

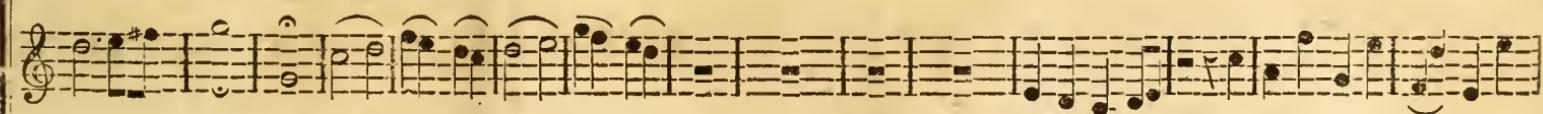
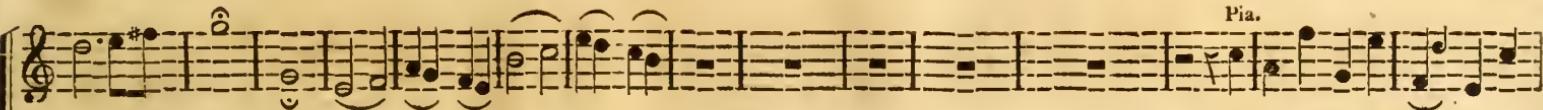
Hosanna, 6 6 blessed is he that comes, #6 #

Hosanna,

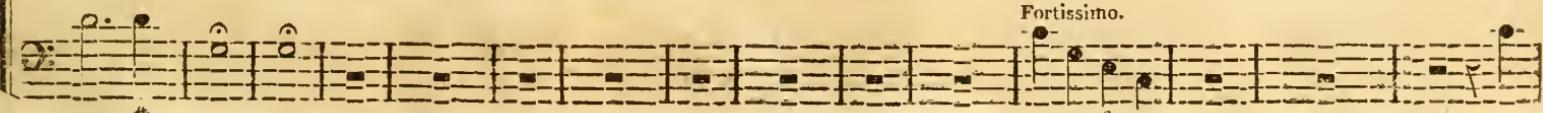
Hosanna,

--- in the highest,
7 5 6 5 6

Pia.



Fortissimo.



For.



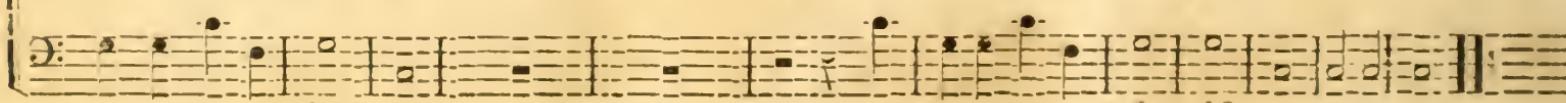
sanna in the high - est. Ho - sanna in the highest, Ho - sanna in the high - - - - est.



sanna in the high - est. Ho - sanna in the highest, Ho - sanna in the high - - - - est.



sanna in the high - est. Ho - sanna in the highest, Ho - sanna in the high - - - - est.



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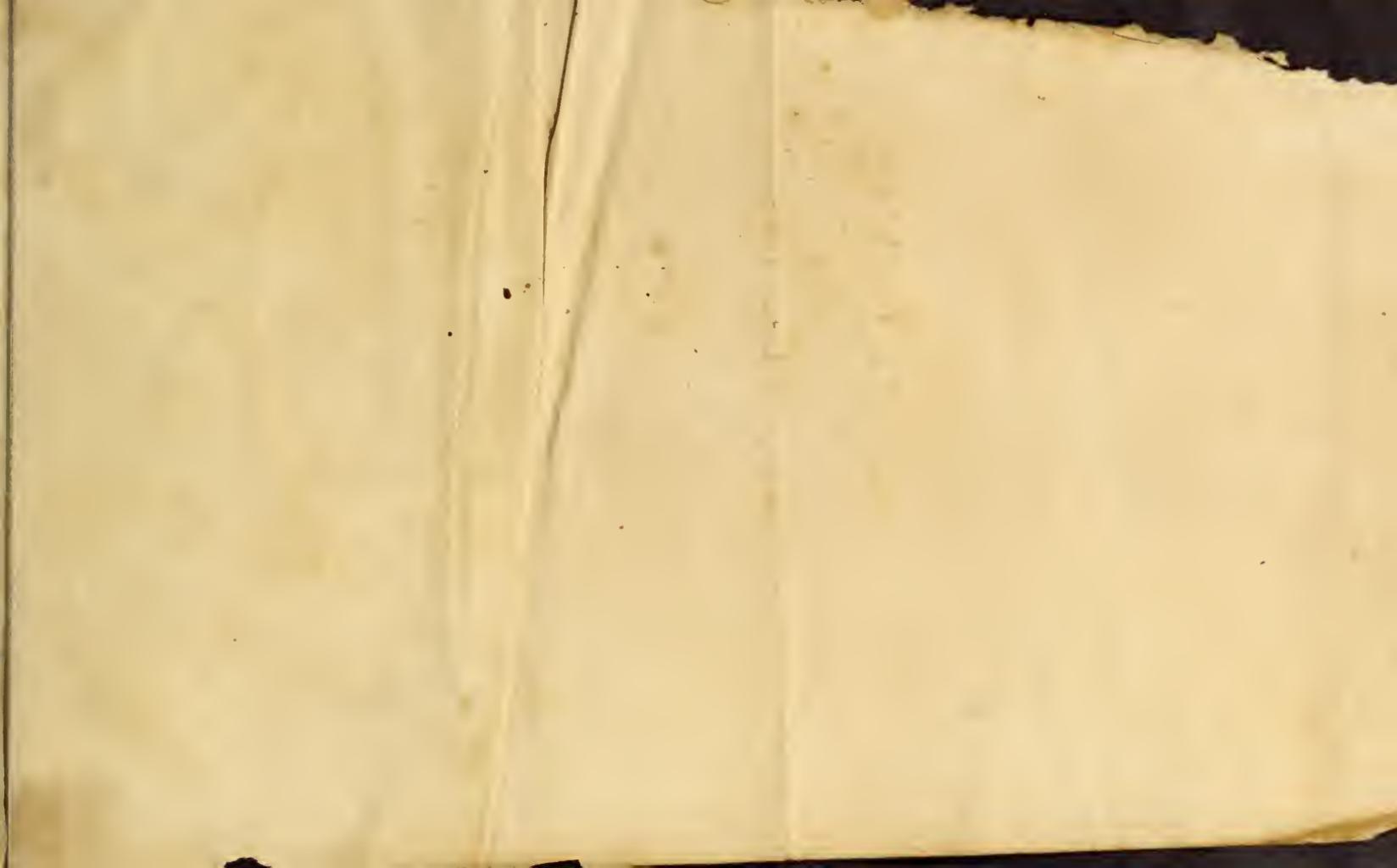
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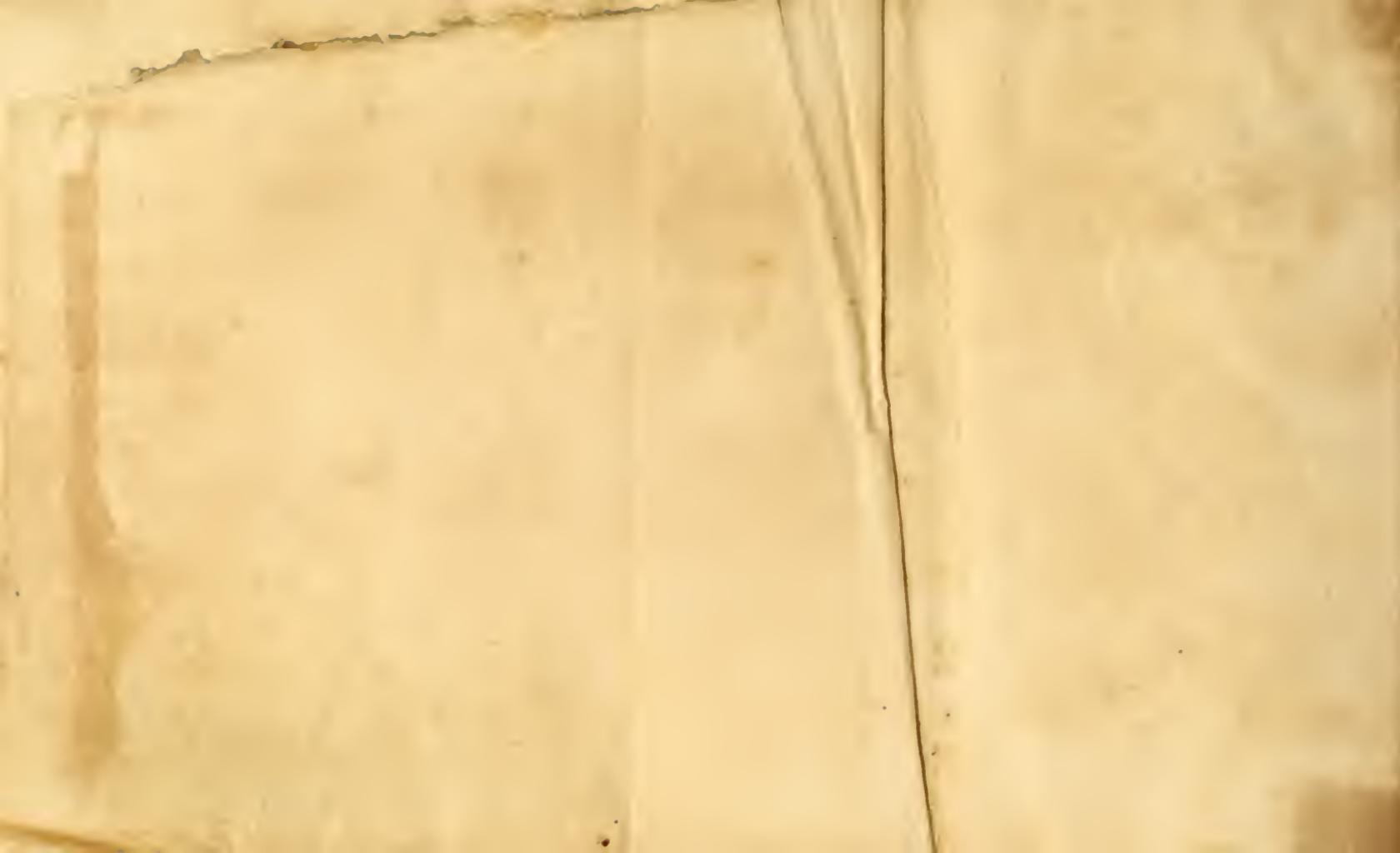
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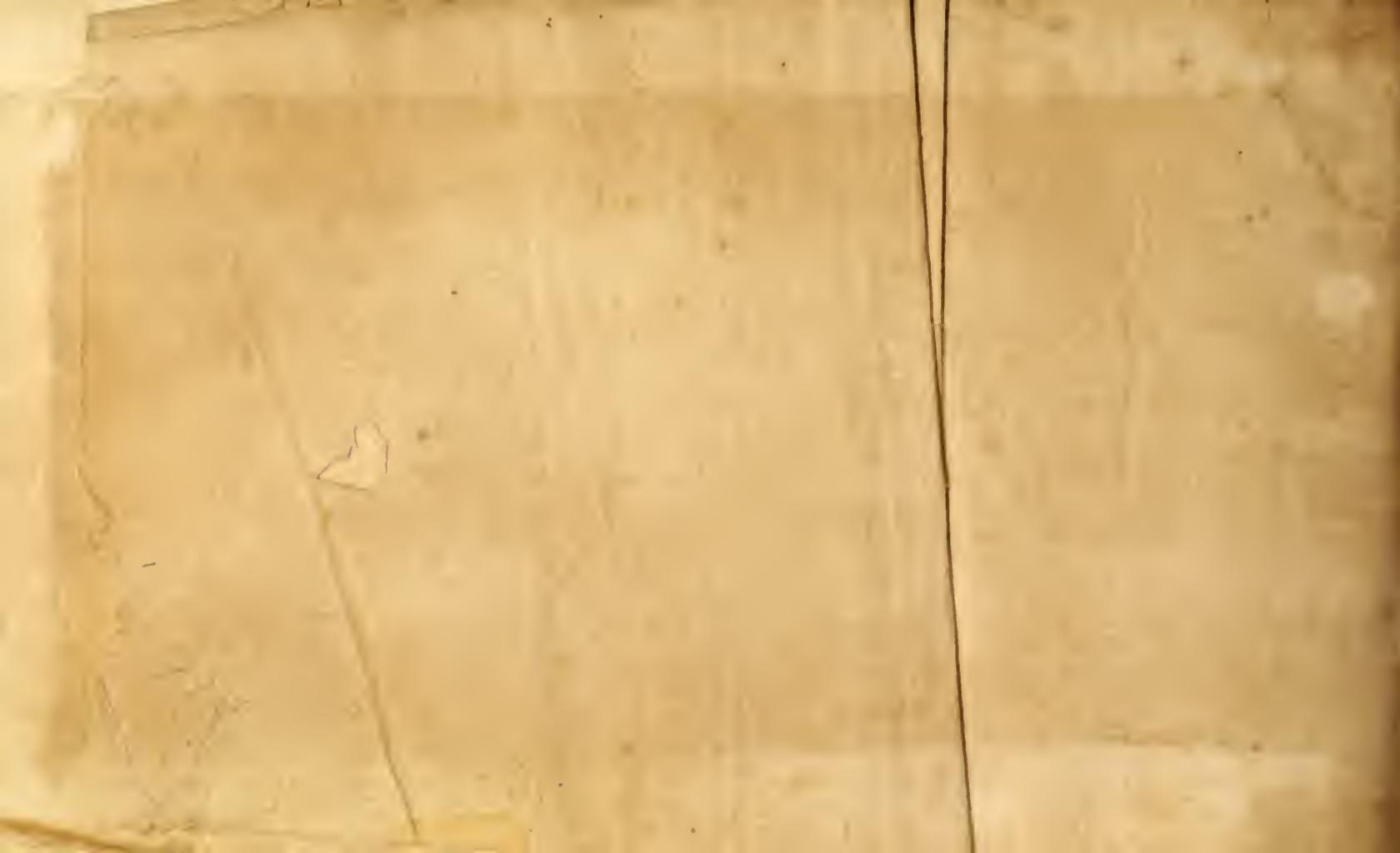
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