

# Suamox

Para vibráfono y marimba

## I. Jinetes

## II. Nativos

## III. Lucha

*Suamox* era el nombre indígena de la ciudad y del santuario espiritual y religioso de los indígenas muiscas, que estuvieron ubicados en la zona central de Colombia.

En el sitio que actualmente ocupa la ciudad de Sogamoso (departamento de Boyacá, Colombia) existía según la leyenda, el Templo (*muxi*) del Sol (*Sua*), lugar de riquezas doradas y tesoros indígenas que fuera asaltado y destruido por los conquistadores españoles liderados por Gonzalo Jiménez de Quesada

Esta pieza no pretende ser una descripción de los hechos que se pudieran llevar a cabo en aquel entonces ni obedece a un plan estricto programático. Es en cambio una reflexión en torno a la psíquis de los individuos que se vieron envueltos en aquellos hechos. Es una especulación musical sobre sus pensamientos e ideas.

Aborda cada unas de las partes: Los *Jinetes* españoles con sus balbuceos avaros, los *Nativos* con su oro y su estética rupestre y al final la *Lucha* racional de sus ideas.

José G. Martínez R.

**Suamox** fue ganadora del Premio Nacional de Composición para jóvenes compositores en el año 2009 otorgado por el Ministerio de Cultura colombiano.

## Convenciones

- Baquetas blandas
- Baquetas medio duras
- Baquetas duras
- Baquetas medio duras de xilófono (goma)
- Voltear las baquetas y tocar con la punta de los palos
- Tocar las teclas con los dedos
- ↙ Frotar las teclas con un arco
- Golpe muerto
- Desacelerar o acelerar en el tiempo indicado respetando aproximadamente la cantidad de notas escritas

### Nota para el vibráfono

La decisión del uso del pedal es labor definitiva del intérprete quien habrá de tener en cuenta las articulaciones y duraciones propuestas para tomarla. Las sugerencias de pedal son especulativas y no pretenden coartar la creatividad y sensibilidad del ejecutante.

# Suamox

for vibraphone y marimba

## I. Jinetes (Riders)

## II. Nativos (Natives)

## III. Lucha (Struggle)

*Suamox* was the name given by the Muiscas to the city and to their religious and spiritual sanctuary. It was placed at the center of Colombia.

Accord the myth around the present city of Sogamoso (State of cundinamarca, Colombia) it existed The Temple of the Sun (Sua: Sun, Mox or Muxi: Home). It was a place of golden wealth and indigenous treasures which was assaulted and shattered by the spanish conquerors under the command of Gonzalo Jiménez de Quesada.

This piece is not intented to be a concrete description of the real facts that were carried out back then and does not obbeay any strict programatic plan. It is, on the opposite, a reflection around the psyche of those who were involved in this situation. It is a musical speculation around their thoughts and ideas.

It deals with every side of the story: Spanish *Riders* with their avaricious stammerings, the *Natives* with their gold and their cave painting and at the end the rational *Struggle* among both side's ideas.

José G. Martínez R.

**Suamox** was awarded with the National Composition Prize for Young composers in 2009 granted by the Colombian Ministry of Culture.

## Conventions



Soft Mallets



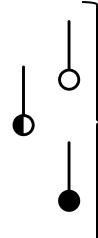
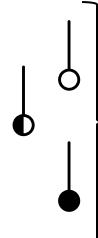
Medium-Hard Mallets



Hard Mallets



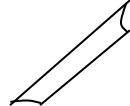
Medium Xylophone Mallets (Rubber)



Turn over the mallets and play with the tip of the shaft



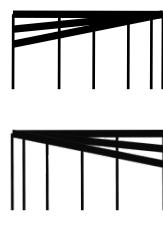
Play the bars with fingers



Play with bow



Dead stroke



Decelerate or acelerate through specific amount of time. Play approximately the quantity of written notes.

### For the Vibraphone:

The final decision about the correct pedaling is up to the player.

Considerations about the proposed articulations and durations must be made to take the best decision.

The proposed pedaling is an speculation and do not attempt to restrict the player's creativity and sensibility.

# Suamox

## para Vibráfono y Marimba

### I. Jinetes

Vibráfono

José G. Martínez R  
2009

**Turbo**  $\text{♩} = 60$

*cantabile*

10

mf subito

pp

15

B

20

I. Jinetes - Vibráfono

2

23

expresivo

C

1/2 pedal

*mf*

3

3

3

5

1/2 pedal

*mf*

9

*f*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*pp*

D

*p*

*mf*

E

*mf*

>*p*

*f*

*p*

*sf*

*pp*

## II. Nativos

*Ad Libitum e  
senza misura*

50"

*brillante*

marimba      *mp*

*Lamentoso* ( $\text{♩} = 68$ ,  $\text{♩} = 102$ ,  $\text{♩} = 204$ )

5      3      5

2      5      2      2      2      2      2      2

14      A      1/2 pedal      p

21      2      2      2      2      2

25      C      f      B      f

30      2      p      f

37      3

Detailed description: The musical score consists of ten staves of marimba music. The first staff begins with a dynamic of *pp* and a tempo of 50". It features a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a woodwind mallet icon above the staff. The second staff starts with a dynamic of *pp* and a tempo of 68. It has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff continues with a dynamic of *pp* and a tempo of 102. The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff begins with a dynamic of *pp* and a tempo of 204. The sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measure numbers 5, 14, 21, 25, 30, and 37 are indicated above the staves. Measure 5 includes a 3 overdot and a 5 overdot. Measure 14 includes a dynamic *p* and a 1/2 pedal instruction. Measure 25 includes a dynamic *f*. Measure 30 includes a dynamic *p* and a dynamic *f*. Measure 37 includes a dynamic *f*. Measure 5 contains a dynamic *mp* and a *brillante* dynamic. Measure 14 contains a dynamic *A*. Measure 25 contains a dynamic *B*.

## II. Nativos - Vibráfono

42

1/2 pedal **p** *ppp*

Ad Libitum e senza misura  $\text{♩} = 60$

46 6" **p** < <sup>3</sup> >

Ad Libitum e senza misura 8"  $\text{♩} = 60$

marimba **mp** < <sup>5</sup> >

50 Ad Libitum e senza misura 10"  $\text{♩} = 60$

marimba **mf** < <sup>5</sup> >

52 Lamentoso ( $\text{♩} = 68$ ,  $\text{♩} = 102$ ,  $\text{♩} = 204$ ) **p**

56 > >  $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$  **mf** **pp** **f**

61 **p** **mf**

68 **p** **f** C 7:5 7:5 **ff** **p** 1/2 pedal

II. Nativos - Vibráfono

72

D

*a tempo*

79

84

92

98

103

ff

## II. Nativos - Vibráfono

6

**Brillante**  $\text{♩} = 60$

107

109

112

115

117

*pp*      *ff*      *mf* 3  
sin pedal      *p*

*pp*      *ff*

*p*      *mf*      *f*      *mf*

*p*      *pp*

1/2 pedal

## II. Nativos

*Ad Libitum e  
senza misura*

50"

*brillante*

marimba      *mp*

*Lamentoso* ( $\text{♩} = 68$ ,  $\text{♩} = 102$ ,  $\text{♩} = 204$ )

5      3      5

2      5      2      2      2      2      2      2

14      A      1/2 pedal      p

21      2      2      2      2      2

25      B      f      2

30      2      p      f

37      3

## II. Nativos - Vibráfono

42

1/2 pedal **p** *ppp*

Ad Libitum e senza misura  $\text{♩} = 60$

46 6" **p** < <sup>3</sup> >

Ad Libitum e senza misura 8"  $\text{♩} = 60$

marimba **mp** < <sup>5</sup> >

50 Ad Libitum e senza misura 10"  $\text{♩} = 60$

marimba **mf** < <sup>5</sup> >

52 Lamentoso ( $\text{♩} = 68$ ,  $\text{♩} = 102$ ,  $\text{♩} = 204$ ) **p**

56 **mf** > > **pp** **f**

61 **p** **mf**

68 **p** **f** **C** 7:5 7:5 **ff** **p** 1/2 pedal

II. Nativos - Vibráfono

72 

D

*a tempo*

79

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ff

## II. Nativos - Vibráfono

6

**Brillante**  $\text{♩} = 60$

107

109

112

115

117

*pp*      *ff*      *mf* 3  
sin pedal      *p* 5      *p* 3

*pp*      *ff*

*p*      *mf*      *f*      *mf* 3

*p*      *pp*

1/2 pedal