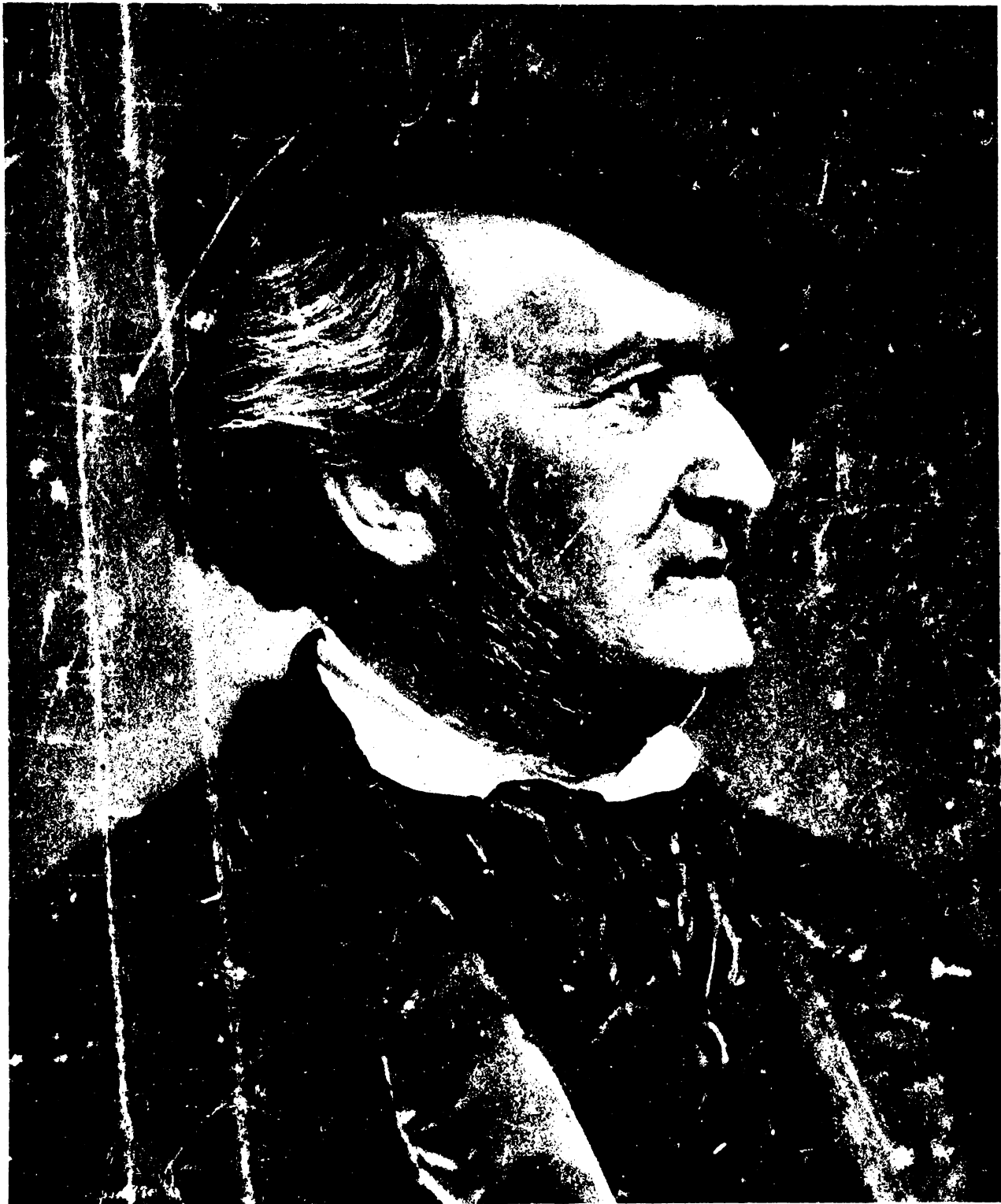


Richard Wagner



In leichter Spielart für Klavier zu zwei Händen mit überlegtem Text
arrangiert von Gustav Lazarus

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Gebet aus der Oper „Lohengrin“

Rich Wagner.

Maestoso.

Herr und Gott, nun ruf' ich dich, daß du dem Kampf zu - ge - gen

Klavier.

ff *ff* *p* *pp*

Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *

seist. Durch Schwer - ter Sieg ein Ur - teil sprich, das Trug und

cresc.

Ped. * *Pedale simile*

Wahr - heit klar er - weist. Des Rei - nen Arm gib

mf *p*

Ped. *

Hel - den - kraft, des Fal - schen Stär - ke sei er - schlafft.

So hilf nun Gott, zu die - ser Frist, weil un - sre Weis - heit

mf *dim.* *p*

Ein - falt ist, weil un - sre Weis - heit *rit.* Ein - falt ist. Du kündest *a tempo*

più p *più p* *p*

nun dein wahr' Ge - richt, mein Gott und Herr, drum zag' ich

f *p*

nicht! Du kün - dest nun dein wahr' Ge - richt,

f *p*

mein Herr und Gott, drum zag' ich nicht, mein Gott drum zag' — Des ich.

f *p* *pp*

Rei - - nen Arm gib Hel - den - kraft, des Fal - schen
nicht.

Stär - ke sei er - schlafft - - So hilf nun Gott zu

die - - ser Frist, weil un - sre Weis - heit Ein - falt

ist. Drum zag' ich nicht, mein Herr, mein

Herr, drum zag' ich nicht.

Elsas Brautgang zum Münster.

Langsam und feierlich.

G. Lazarus.

p

*Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. simile*

p

cresc.

mf

p

This page contains five systems of musical notation for piano, written in a grand staff format (treble and bass clefs). The notation includes various dynamics, articulations, and fingerings.

- System 1:** Starts with a *mf* dynamic. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand has a bass line with chords. Dynamics change to *p* in the second measure. Below the staff, there are markings: *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, and ***.
- System 2:** Features a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The right hand continues with a melodic line. The left hand has a bass line with chords. Below the staff, there are markings: *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, and ***.
- System 3:** Starts with a *f* (forte) dynamic, followed by a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking, and then a *p* (piano) dynamic. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand has a bass line with chords. Below the staff, there are markings: *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, and ***.
- System 4:** Features a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand has a bass line with chords. Below the staff, there are markings: *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, and ***.
- System 5:** Starts with a *p* (piano) dynamic, followed by a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand has a bass line with chords. Below the staff, there are markings: *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, ***, *Red.*, and ***.

First system of a musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata and a trill. The left hand has a bass line with a trill and a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is present. The tempo marking *And.* is written below the left hand. The system ends with a fermata and a trill.

Second system of a musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata and a trill. The left hand has a bass line with a trill and a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is present. The tempo marking *And.* is written below the left hand. The system ends with a fermata and a trill.

Third system of a musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata and a trill. The left hand has a bass line with a trill and a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is present. The tempo marking *And.* is written below the left hand. The system ends with a fermata and a trill.

Fourth system of a musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata and a trill. The left hand has a bass line with a trill and a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is present. The tempo marking *And.* is written below the left hand. The system ends with a fermata and a trill.

Fifth system of a musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata and a trill. The left hand has a bass line with a trill and a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is present. The tempo marking *And.* is written below the left hand. The system ends with a fermata and a trill.

Brautchor.

G. Lazarus.

Con moto moderato.

Treu - lich ge - führt zie - het da -

p

*Red. **

hin, wo euch der Se - gen der Lie - be be - wahr'. Sieg - rei - cher Mut,

Red. simile

Min - ne - ge - winn, eint euch in Treu - e zum se - ligsten Paar! Strei - ter der

p

Tu - gend, schrei - te vor - an!

Zier - der der Ju - gend, schrei - te vor - an.

Rau - schen des Fe - stes seid ent - ron - nen, Won - ne des Her - zens

dolce

Pedale.

sei euch ge - won - nen! Duf - ten - der Raum, zur Lie - be ge - schmückt,

p

nehm' euch nun auf, dem Glan - ze ent - rückt! Treu - lich ge -

p

Tri. 3 * *Tri.*

führt, zie - het nun ein, wo euch der Se - gen der Lie - be be -

* *Ped.* *

wahr! Sieg - rei - cher Mut, Min - ne so rein, eint euch in

Pedale.

Treu - e zum se - lig - sten Paar, zum se - lig - sten Paar!

cresc. *f* *f* *p dim.* *ppp*

rit.

Tri. * *Tri.* * *Tri.* *

Lohengrins Verweis an Elsa

aus der Oper „Lohengrin“

Moderato.

Rich. Wagner.

Piano introduction in E major, 4/4 time. The music features a series of chords in the right hand and a flowing eighth-note pattern in the left hand. Dynamics include *pp* and *più p*. The introduction is marked with *Red.* and asterisks.

At - mest du nicht mit mir die sü - ßen Duf - te? O, wie so

Vocal melody for the first line of the song. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and eighth notes. Dynamics include *p* and *pp*. The piano part is marked with *Red.* and asterisks.

hold be - rau - schen sie den Sinn! Ge - heim - nis - voll sie

Vocal melody for the second line of the song. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and eighth notes. Dynamics include *sempre pp*. The piano part is marked with *Red.* and asterisks, ending with *Red. simile*.

na - hen durch die Lüf - te, frag - los — geb' ih - rem Zau - - ber ich mich

Vocal melody for the third line of the song. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and eighth notes. The piano part is marked with *Red.* and asterisks.

hin. So ist der Zau - ber, der mich dir ver - bun - den, da als ich zu - erst, du

Vocal melody for the fourth line of the song. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and eighth notes. Dynamics include *p*, *mf*, and *dim.*. The piano part is marked with *Red.* and asterisks.

Sü - ße dich er - sah: Nicht dei - ne Art ich brauchte zu er - kun - den, dich sah mein

piu p *f* *p*

Aug', - mein Herz begriff dich da. Wie mir die Duf - te hold den Sinn be -

f *p* *pp*

Red. *

rü - cken, nahn sie mir gleich aus rät - sel-vol-ler Nacht,

f *p*

so dei - ne Rei - - ne muß - te mich ent - zü - cken, traf ich dich

fp *mf* *p*

lento
auch — in schwerer Schuld Ver-dacht!

p *pp*

Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

Lohengrins Gesang: In fernem Land.

G. Lazarus.

Lento.

In fernem Land, un - nahbar euren Schritten,

liegt eine Burg, die

First system of the musical score. It features a piano introduction with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The tempo is marked 'Lento.' and the dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'p' (piano). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part begins with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

Monsalvat genannt; ein lichter Tempel stehet dort inmitten, so kostbar als auf Erden nichts bekannt. Drin ein Ge-

Second system of the musical score. It continues the piano introduction. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'p' (piano). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part continues with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

fäß von wundertätigem Segen wird dort als höchstes Heiligtum bewacht. Es ward, daß sein der Menschen reinsten pflegen, her-

Third system of the musical score. It continues the piano introduction. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'p' (piano). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part continues with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

ab von ei - ner En - gel - schar ge - bracht.

Alljährlich naht vom Himmel eine Taube, um neu zu stärken seine Wunder-

Fourth system of the musical score. It continues the piano introduction. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'p' (piano). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part continues with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

kraft; es heißt der Gral, und se - lig reinsten Glau - be erteilt durch ihn sich seiner Rit - ter - schaft. Wer nun dem

Fifth system of the musical score. It continues the piano introduction. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo), 'f' (forte), and 'cresc.' (crescendo). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part continues with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

Gral zu dienen ist er - ko - ren, den rüstet er mit ü - ber - ir - discher Macht, an dem ist je - des

Sixth system of the musical score. It continues the piano introduction. The treble staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The bass staff has a key signature of two sharps and a common time signature. The dynamics include 'mf' (mezzo-forte), 'p' (piano), and 'più p' (pianissimo). There are fermatas over the first two measures of the treble staff. The piano part continues with a series of chords and then moves to a more melodic line. There are some markings like 'Red.' and '*' below the piano staff.

Bösen Trug verlo-ren, wenn ihn er ersieht, weicht dem des Todes Nacht. Selbst wer von ihm in ferne Land' entsendet, zum

Pedale

Strei-ter für der Tugend Recht ernannt, dem wird nicht seine heil' - ge Kraft entwendet, bleibt als sein Ritter dort er uner-

f p pp

kannt. So heh-rer Art doch ist des Gra-les Se-gen, enthüllt muß er des Laien Au-ge fliehn; des Ritters

piu p Ped.

drum sollt Zweifel ihr nicht he-gen, erkennt ihr ihn, dann muß er von euch ziehn. Nun hört, wie ich ver-

cresc. Ped.

bot - ner Fra - ge loh-ne! Vom Gral ward ich zu euch dahergesandt! mein Vater Parzival trägt eine Krone,

ff f

sein Rit-ter ich, bin Lo-hengrin ge - nannt.

ff Ped.

Tannhäuser.

Pilgerchor.

G. Lazarus.

Andante maestoso.

Be - glückt darf nun dich, o Hei - mat ich schau - en und

grü - ßen froh dei - ne lieb - li - chen Au - en, nun laß ich

ruhn den Wan - der - stab, weil Gott ge - - - treu - lich, ge -

treu ich ge - pilgert hab'! Durch Sühn und Buß' hab' ich ver -

söhnt den Her - ren, dem mein Her - - ze frönt der

mf

con Pedale

p

cresc.

p

p

mei - ne Reu' mit Se - - gen krönt, dem Her - - ren,

cresc.

dem mein Lied er - - tönt, dem Her - - - ren, dem mein

dolce *mp* 3 *cresc.* 3 3 3 3 *cresc.* 3 *molto*

Red. *

Lied er - - tönt. Gna - - - de

allargando *ff*

Red. *

Heil ist dem Bü - - ßer ve - - schie - - den, er geht einst

Red. *

in den e - - wi - - gen Frie - - den.

ff *breit*

Red. *

fff

Red. *

Wolframs Gesang: „Blick ich umher.“

G. Lazarus.

Moderato.

p welch ho - her Anblick macht mein
Blick ich um - her in diesem ed - len Krei - se,
p
Herz er - glühn! So viel der Hel - den, tap - fer, deutsch und
p *espr.*
wei - se, — ein stol - zer Eich - wald, herr - lich frisch und grün, —
f
und hold und tu - gendsam er - blick' ich Frau en, lieb - li - cher Blü - ten düf - te - reichster
Kranz! Es wird der Blick wohl trinken mir vom Schauen, mein Lied ver -
r. H. *l. H.* *pp*

stummt vor solcher An - mut Glanz.

pp *cresc.* *f*

Ad. *

Da blick' ich auf zu ei - nem nur der Ster - ne, der an dem Him - mel, der mich

espr. *

blen - det, steht; es sam - melt sich mein Geist aus je - der

rit. *espr.* *pp*

Ad. *

Fer - ne, an - däch - tig sinkt die See - le in Ge - bet.

pp *

Und sieh, mir zei - get sich ein Wun - der - bron - nen,

espr. *p* *

den mein Geist voll ho - hen Staunens blickt, aus ihm er -

pp *

schöp - - fet gna - den-rei-che Won - - nen, durch die mein Herz er

* Ped. * Ped. *

na - men-los er - quickt. Und nim - mer möcht' ich die - sen

cresc. *f*

* Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *

Bron - nen trü-ben, be - rüh - ren nicht den Quell mit frev - lem Mut: In

dim. *Ped. simile*

* Ped. *

An - be-tung möcht' ich mich op - fernd ü - ben, ver - gie - ßen froh mein letztes Her - zens - blut!

p *piu p rit.* *pp*

* Ped. *

Ihr Ed - len mögt in die-sea Wor - ten le - sen,

* Ped. *

wie ich er - kenn' der Lie - be rein - stes We - sen.

f *Ped.* *

* Ped. *

die nächt' - ge Dämm - - rung teilt dein lie - ber Strahl, und

pp *cresc.*

Red. * Red. Red.

freund - - - lich zeigst du den Weg aus dem Tal!

f *p*

Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

Con moto.

O du, mein

p *p espr.* *simile*

Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

hol - - der A - - - bend - stern, wohl grüßt'ich im - - mer dich so

pp *sempre stacc.*

gern, vom Her - zen, das sie nie ver - riet, grü - ße sie,

mf espr. *pp*

wenn sie vor - bei dir zieht. Wenn sie ent - schwebt dem Tal der

cresc.

Er - den, ein sel' - ger En - - - gel dort zu wer - den; wenn sie ent -

cresc.

schwebt dem Tal der Er - den, ein sel' - ger En - gel

poco rit.

dort zu wer - den. *a tempo*

dim. *p* *p espr.* *pp*

rit. *dim.* *pp*

Einzug der Gäste und Marsch.

Allegro di marcia, non troppo.

G. Lazarus

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 7-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 3. Above the treble staff, there are fingerings: 3 2 3 5, 2 1 2 3. Above the bass staff, there are fingerings: 5 3 1, 1 2 1 4 2 A. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped. *

tenuto molto

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

Sixth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. Bass staff has a 4-measure rest, then a series of eighth notes with fingerings: 4 3 2 1. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

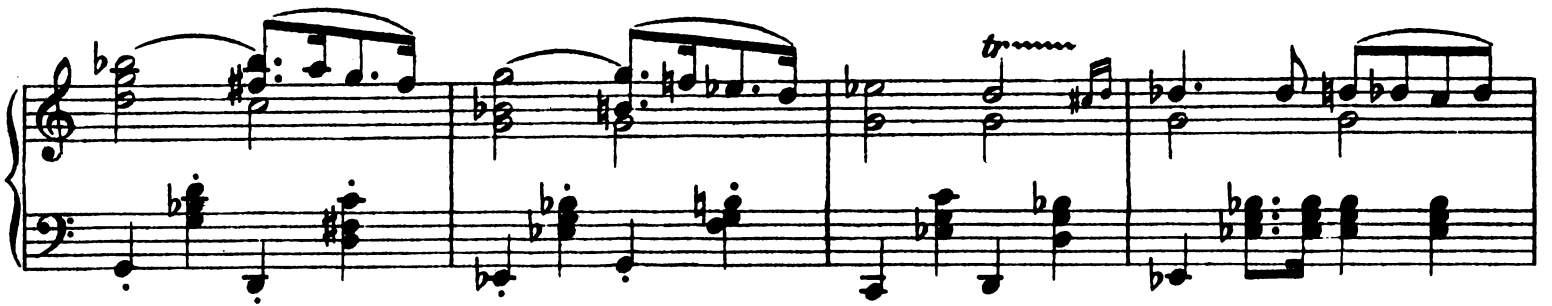
* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.

* Ped.



This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves. The first system includes a trill (tr.) and a forte (ff) dynamic. The second system features a 'cresc. molto' (crescendo molto) marking and an 'ad lib.' (ad libitum) instruction. The third system has a forte (ff) dynamic. The fourth system includes a 'Red.' (Reduction) marking. The fifth system has a forte (ff) dynamic. The sixth system includes a 'Red.' (Reduction) marking. The notation is complex, with many chords and fingerings indicated by numbers 1-5.

Dich, teure Halle.

Arie der Elisabeth aus der Oper „Tannhäuser.“

Rich. Wagner.

Allegro molto.

ff

ff

Dich, teu-re Hal-

(Elisabeth)

- le grüß' ich wie-der, froh grüß' ich dich, ge-lieb-ter Raum.

p *cresc.*

In dir er-wa-chen sei-ne

p *dolce*

Lie-der, und wecken mich aus dü-strem Traum. Da Er aus dir ge-schie-

ff *p* *p* *piu p*

den, wie öd' erschienst du mir! Aus mir ent-floh der Frie-den,

pp

Die Freu - de zog aus dir!

Wie jetzt mein Bu - - - sen hoch sich

he - - bet, so scheinst du jetzt mir stolz und hehr!

Der mich und dich so neu be - le - bet, nicht weilt er fer - ne

mehr!

Wie jetzt
mein Bu - sen hoch sich he - - - bet, er - scheint du

jetzt mir stolz und hehr! Der dich und mich so neu be-le-

ff *p* *cresc.* *f*

Red. *

bet, nicht län - ger weilt er fern von mir. Sei mir ge - grüßt, **Più mosso.**

f *p*

Red. *

sei mir ge - grüßt! Du teu - re Hal -

p *cresc. molto*

Red. * *Red.* *

le, sei mir ge - grüßt! Du

f *f* *f*

Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* *

teu - re Halle, sei mir ge - grüßt!

cresc. *f* *ff*

Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* * *Red.* *

Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* *

Red. * *Red.* *

Der fliegende Holländer.

Lied des Steuermanns.

G. Lazarus.

Allegro moderato.

The first system of the piano accompaniment consists of three measures. The right hand (treble clef) begins with a piano (*p*) chord and a melodic line. The left hand (bass clef) features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5. A *Red.* (Reduction) mark is present below the first measure. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is placed between the first and second measures. The second measure includes a *f* (forte) dynamic. The third measure includes a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic. The system concludes with a *Red.* mark and an asterisk.

Più vivo. Mit Ge - wit - ter und Sturm aus fer - nem Meer, mein Mä - del, bin dir nah! **Moderato** ($\text{♩} = 80$) **Allegro.** Ü - ber

Steuermann.

The second system includes the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is in the treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in the bass clef. The tempo changes from *Più vivo* to *Moderato* and then to *Allegro*. Dynamics include *p*, *pp*, and *ff*. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5. A *Red.* mark is present below the first measure. The system concludes with a *Red.* mark and an asterisk.

Moderato. turm - ho - he Flut vom Sü - den her, mein Mä - del, ich bin da! Mein Mä - del, wenn nicht

The third system continues the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The tempo remains *Moderato*. Dynamics include *p*. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5. The system concludes with a *Red.* mark and an asterisk.

Süd-wind wär; ich nim-mer wohl käm' zu dir; ach, lie-ber Süd-wind, blas' noch mehr! Mein

poco accel. *p*

poco rit.

Tempo I.

Mä-del ver-langt nach mir!

Ho - ho - jo! Hal-lo - ho - ho! Jol-lo ho ho

pp

cresc. *p* *Ped.* *

cresc. *piu f* *Ped.* *

Ped. *

dimin. *p* *ff* *

Von des Südens Ge-stad' aus wei-tem Land ich hab' an dich gedacht! Durch Ge - wit - ter und Meer von

Moh-ren-strand hab' dir was mit-gebracht.

Mein Mä-del, preis' den Südwind hoch, ich bring' dir ein gül - den Band.

Lento.

Allegro.

Ach lie - ber Süd - wind, bla - se doch!

Lento.

Moderato.

Mein Mä - del hätt' gern den Tand.

Spinnerlied.

G. Lazarus.

Allegretto.

The piano introduction consists of three systems of music. The first system is in 2/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, then a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The bass line starts with a half note G3, followed by a half note F#3. The second system continues the melody with a quarter note C5, a quarter note B4, and a quarter note A4. The bass line continues with a half note E3, a half note D#3, and a half note C#3. The third system concludes the introduction with a quarter note B4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note G4. The bass line continues with a half note B2, a half note A2, and a half note G2. The introduction is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The tempo is marked Allegretto. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 2/4. The introduction is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The tempo is marked Allegretto. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 2/4.

Chor der Mädchen.

Summ' und brumm', du gu - tes Räd - - - chen,

The vocal entry for the girls' chorus is in 2/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The bass line starts with a half note G3, followed by a half note F#3. The vocal entry is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The tempo is marked Allegretto. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 2/4.

mun - ter, mun - ter dreh' dich um!

The vocal continuation for the girls' chorus is in 2/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The bass line starts with a half note G3, followed by a half note F#3. The vocal continuation is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The tempo is marked Allegretto. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 2/4.

Spin - - ne, spin - ne tau send Fäd - - - chen,

The vocal continuation for the girls' chorus is in 2/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The bass line starts with a half note G3, followed by a half note F#3. The vocal continuation is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The tempo is marked Allegretto. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 2/4.

gutes Räd - chen summ' und brumm! Mein

Schatz ist auf dem Mee - re draus, er denkt nach Haus ans from - me Kind; mein

un poco riten.

gu - tes Räd - chen braus' und saus! Ach, gähst du Wind, er, käm' geschwind! Ach,

cresc. f dim. p ritard.

gähst du Wind, er käm' ge - schwind! Spinnt! Spinnt

pp f a tempo p

flei - - - - - Big Mäd - - - - - chen! Brumm!

f cresc.

Summ! Gu - - - - - tes Räd - - - - - chen!

f

Tra - - la ra - - la la la la la! Tra - - ra la la la la la

Tra - - la ra - - la la la la la la la la la la!

ff

p *pp*

3 2 1 5 3 2

cresc. dim. pp

Ballade der Senta.

G. Lazarus.

Allegro non troppo. (♩ = 63)

f *ff* *ben marc.* *ff* *12*

p. *ff* *2* *3* *2* *2* *1*

p *p* *f*

Senta. Jo ho hoe! Jo ho ho hoe! Ho ho hoe!

f *mf* *p* *p* *mf*

Jo hoe! Traft ihr das Schiff im Mee - re an, blut -

f *mf* *p* *p* *mf*

rot die Se - - gel, schwarz der Mast? auf ho - hem Bord der

p *p* *mf* *p*

pp

blei - che Mann, des Schif - - fes Herr, wacht oh - - ne Rast.

The musical score is written for piano on a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The melody is in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The lyrics are written above the treble staff. The score is divided into three measures. The first measure contains the lyrics 'blei - che Mann, des Schif -' and the second measure contains 'fes Herr, wacht'. The third measure contains 'oh - - ne Rast.' and ends with a double bar line. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, while the accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the first two measures and a more complex rhythmic pattern in the third measure. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

[illegible]

Jo ho he! Hui! Wie pfeift's im

fp

1 3 1 3 1 2 3 1

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The score is for voice and piano. The voice part has two lines of lyrics: "Tau! Jo ho he!" and "Jo ho he!". The piano part features a complex bass line with many triplets and sixteenth notes. The score is divided into two measures by a double bar line.

Hui! Wie ein Pfeil fliegt es hin, ohne Ziel. ohne Rast, ohne

The musical score is written for piano on a grand staff. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody is in the right hand, starting with a forte (f) dynamic and a half note 'Hui!'. It then continues with eighth and sixteenth notes, marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The piece concludes with a piano (p) dynamic marking.

Ruh!

f

dimin.

And.

And.

T 21

Più lento.

Doch kann dem blei - chen Manne Er - lö - sung einstens noch wer - den, fand' er ein

Weib, das bis in den Tod getreu ihm auf Er - den. Ach! wann wirst du bleicher

See - - mann, sie fin - den? Be - tet zum Himmel, daß bald ein Weib Treue ihm

hält!

An - - ker al - - le sie - ben Jahr' ein Weib zu frei'n, geht er ans Land; er

frei - - te al - - le sie - ben Jahr' noch nie ein treu - - es Weib er fand.

Allegro. Hui! „Die Se - - gel auf!“ Jo. ho he!

fp *6*

And.

Jo ho he! Hui! „Den An - - ker

fp

1 3 1 3 1

los!“ Jo ho he! Jo ho he! Hui! Fal - sche

p *mf*

5 4 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 4 1 3 1 3 1 2 3 1

Lieb, falsche Treu! Auf in See ohne Rast ohne Ruh!“

f *dimin.*

And.

Molto più lento. (♩ = 88.)

Chor. Ach, wo weilt sie, die dir Gottes En-gel einst könne

pp

* *And.* *

zei - - gen? Wo triffst du sie, die bis in den Tod dein bliebe treu ei - - gen?

pp

And. *

Matrosenchor und Tanz.

G. Lazarus.

Allegro.

f

ritard.

* *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* *

Animato ma non troppo Allegro.

Chor. Steu-er-mann, laß die Wacht! Steu-er-mann, her zu uns Ho! He!

f

Ad. * *Ad.* *

Je! Ha! Hißt die Se-gel auf! An-ker fort! Steu-er-mann, her!

cresc. *dimin.*

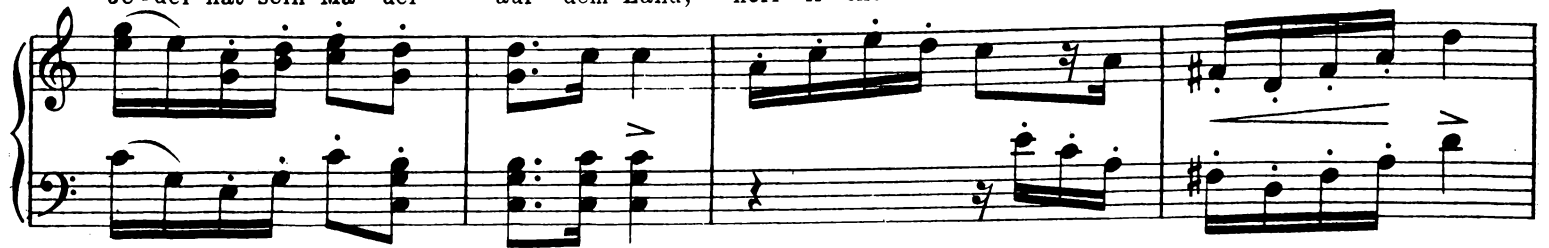
Ad. * *Ad.* *

Fürchten weder Wind noch bö-sen Strand, wollen heu-te 'mal recht lu-stig sein!

p

Ad. *

Je - der hat sein Mä - del auf dem Land, herr - li - chen Ta - bak und gu - ten Brannte - wein!



Hus - sa - sa - he! Klipp' und Sturm draus. Hal - lo - lo - he! la - chen wir aus!



Hus - sa - sa - he! Se - gel - ein! An - ker fest! Klipp' und Sturm la - chen wir aus!



Steu - er - mann, laß' die Wacht!



Steu - er - mann, her zu uns! Ho! He! Je! Ha!



Steu - er - mann, her, trink' mit uns! Ho! He! Je! Ha!



Klipp' und Sturm, he! sind vor-bei! he! Hus-sa-he! Hal-lo-he! Hus-sa-he! Steu-er-mann!

Ho! Her komm, und trink' mit uns!

ff

ten.

cresc.

sfz *sfz*

Rienzi.

Gebet.

G. Lazarus.

Lento.

pespressione *p* *p* *p* *p*

p molto legato

** espressione*

espressivo *dim.* *p* *ritard.*

con Pedale

Rienzi.

All mäch't'ger Va - ter, blick' her - ab, hör' mich im Stau - be zu dir flehn! Die

con Pedale

Macht, die mir dein Wun - der gab,

laß jetzt noch nicht zu Grun - de gehn!

p *pp*

Du stür - kest mich, du gabst mir ho - he Kraft, du lie - best

mir er - hab' - ne Ei - gen - schaft zu hel - fen den, der

nied - rig denkt, zu he - ben, was im Staub ver -

senkt. Du wan - del - test des Vol - kes Schmach zu Ho - heit Glanz und

Più animato.

Ma - je - stät. Gott ver - nich - te nicht das Werk,

das dir zum Preis er - rich - - tet steht!

pp *p cresc.*

ped. * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* *

4 3 2 1

Ach lö - se, Herr, die tie - fe Nacht, die noch der

mf *p* *pp*

ped. * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* *

Men - - schen See - - len deckt!

p cresc.

ped. * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* *

3 1 3. 4. 5. 3

uns den Ab-glanz dei - ner Macht, die sich in E - - wig -

mf *più crescendo* *più f* *ff*

ped. * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* *

keit er - streckt!

dim. *p* *pp*

ritard.

Mein Herr und Va - ter, o

ped. * *ped.* * *ped.* * *ped.* *

Pedale

bli - cke her - ab

sen - - ke dein Au - ge aus dei - - nen

First system of music. The vocal line (treble clef) has a long melisma on the word "sen - - ke". The piano accompaniment (bass clef) consists of chords and moving lines. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

Höhn: mein

Gott,

der ho - he Kraft mir

gab,

er hö - - re mein

Second system of music. The vocal line continues with a melisma on "hö - - re". The piano accompaniment includes a section marked "espr." (espressivo). The piano part has a section marked "pp" (pianissimo).

tief

in - brün - - - stig

Flehn!

Third system of music. The vocal line has a melisma on "in - brün - - - stig". The piano accompaniment includes a section marked "ad lib." (ad libitum) and "pp sempre" (pianissimo sempre). The piano part has a section marked "pp" (pianissimo).

Fourth system of music. The piano accompaniment features a section marked "pp espr." (pianissimo espressivo). The piano part has a section marked "pp" (pianissimo).

Fifth system of music. The piano accompaniment features a section marked "pp" (pianissimo). The piano part has a section marked "pp" (pianissimo).

Chor der Friedensboten.

G. Lazarus.

Moderato con anima.

Ihr

Ro - mer, hört die Kun - de des hol - den Frie - dens

p *p dol.*

Rw. * Rw. * Rw. * Rw. * Rw. * Rw. *

an!

Auf Ro - mas heil - gem Grun - de waltt freu - - dig je - de Bahn.

p *cresc.* *f*

Rw. * Rw. *

In dü - stre Fel - sen - schluchten drang gold - ner Son - nen -

-schein.

In Mee - res sich' - ren Buch - ten

p *cresc.* *p*

Rw. * Rw. * Rw. * Rw. *

zieht froh die Se - gel ein!

Denn Frie - de ist ge - kom - men, der Frei - heit Licht ge -

f *p*

Rw. * Rw. * Rw. * Rw. *

won - nen,

denn Frie - de ist ge - kom - men, der Frei - heit Licht ge - won - nen.

Jauch - zet, ihr

mf *cresc.* *f* *f marc.*

Rw. * Rw. * Rw. *

Tü - ler, froh - lockt ihr Ber - ge. Jauch - zet ihr Ber - ge, froh - lockt ihr Tü - - ler.

cresc. *ff* *p*

Rw. * Rw. * Rw. *

Tristan und Isolde.

Liebes - Duett.

G. Lazarus.

Moderato.

pp (Ferne Jagdmusik) *crescendo molto*
trem.
Red. sempre

ff *dim.* *pp*

5 5 8 * Red.

Adagio. Nicht

Hör - ner - schall

tönt

so

dolcissimo

Red. * Red. * 5 4 3 2 1 2 Red. *

hold;

des Quel - les sanft

rie - seln - de

Wel - le

p zart

5 4 3 2 1 2 Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *legatissimo* *

Im Schweigen der Nacht lacht mir der Quell,

der mei - - ner

pp

Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

harret in schwei - gen - der Nacht, daß ganz sie sich neige, win - ke die Nacht.

f

Red. *

dimi - nu - endo

(Isolde lauscht)

pp

Red. *

pp

Red. *

f

dim. e ritard.

pp

Red. *

espressivo

cresc.

Red. *

dim.

p tranquillo

Red. *

First system of the musical score. The treble clef staff contains a melody with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and then a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a half note. The bass clef staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The system concludes with a fermata. Below the staff, the word "Red." is followed by a series of asterisks.

Second system of the musical score. The treble clef staff begins with an acceleration (*accel.*) marking, followed by a piano (*pp*) section. The melody continues with a half note. The bass clef staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The system ends with a fermata. Below the staff, the word "Red." is followed by a series of asterisks.

Third system of the musical score. The treble clef staff contains a melody with a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The bass clef staff features a rhythmic accompaniment. The system concludes with a fermata. Below the staff, the word "Red." is followed by a series of asterisks.

Fourth system of the musical score. The treble clef staff contains a melody with a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The bass clef staff features a rhythmic accompaniment. The system concludes with a fermata. Below the staff, the word "Red." is followed by a series of asterisks.

Fifth system of the musical score. The treble clef staff contains a melody with a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The bass clef staff features a rhythmic accompaniment. The system concludes with a fermata. Below the staff, the word "Red." is followed by a series of asterisks.

Die Meistersinger.

Am stillen Herd in Winterszeit.

G. Lazarus.

Breit. *p dolce* *Am*

f *dimin.* *r.H.* *ritard.* *p*

Mäßig bewegt.

stillen Herd in Winterszeit, wo Burg und Hof mit einge - schneit, wie einst der

poco cresc. *f*

Lenz so lieb - lich lacht und wie er bald wohl neu er - wacht.... ein

rallent. *pa tempo* *a tempo*

al - tes Buch, vom Ahn ver-macht, gab das mir oft zu le - sen Herr

riten.

Walther von der Vogelweid' der ist mein Mei - ster ge - we - sen

pa tempo *p dolce* **Sachs: Ein**

gu ter Meister

cresc. *mf dim.* *p*
Ped. *

Wann dann die Flur vom

cresc. *f* *p*
Ped. * Ped. * *con Pedale*

Frost be - freit, und wiederkehrt die Sommerszeit...

was einst in

p *p es press.*
Ped. *

lan - ger Win - ters - nacht

das al - te Buch mir kund ge - macht,

das

f
Ped. *

schallte laut

in Wal - des Pracht,

das hört' ich hell

er - klingen:

im

f
Ped. *

Wald dort

auf der Vo - gel weid'

da lernt' ich auch

das Sin - gen.

p *cresc.* *fallarg.* *ff*
Ped. *

Walters Preislied.

G. Lazarus

Mäßig langsam.

Morgenlich leuchtend im ro-si-gen

pp *dolce*

Schein, von Blüt' und Duft geschwellt die Luft, voll al-ler Won - - nen nie er-son-nen ein

cresc. *molto* *f* *dim.*

Gartenlud mich ein, Gast ihm zu sein. Wonnig ent-ra-gend dem

pp dolce *poco ritard.* *pp*

se-li-gen Raum bot goldner Frucht saft'ge Wucht mit hol-dem, pran-gen-dem Ver-

molto *f* *dim.*

lan-gen an duft'ger Zwei-ge Saum herrlich ein Baum.

p *molto cresc.*

Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

Sei euch ver - traut, welch hehres Wunder mir ge - schehn; an meiner Sei - - te stand ein

p dolce

Ped. *

Weib, so hold und schön ich nie ge - sehn: gleich ei - ner Braut um

fespr.

Ped. *

faß - te sie sanft mei - nen Leib; Au - gen win - kend, die

p *cresc.* *p dolce*

Ped. *

Pedale simile

Hand wies blin - kend, was ich ver - lan - gend be - gehrt, die Frucht so hold und

p *p cresc.*

wert vom Le - - - - - bens - baum.

rit. *f* *3* *dim.* *tr* *rit.* *ppdol.*

morendo e ritard. *pp*

Ped. *

Ruhig, in heiterer Bewegung.

[illegible]

Die Walküre.

Liebeslied.

G. Lazarus.

Moderato.

pp dolce *cresc.*

Win - ter - stür - me wi - chen 'dem

Won - ne - mond, in mil - dem Lich - te leuch - tet der Lenz; auf

lin - den Lüf - - ten leicht und lieb - - lich Wun - der we - bend er sich

wiegt. Durch Wald und Au - - en weht sein A - - tem

weit ge - öff - net lacht sein Aug'

aus

sel' - ger Vög - lein San - ge

simile

p dolce

süß er - tönt,

hol - de Duf - te haucht er aus.

Sei - nem

ritard.

war - men Blut ent - blü - hen won - ni - ge Blu - men,

Keim und Sproß entspringt sei - ner

p

Kraft

Mit zar - ter Waf - fen Zier be - zwingt er die Welt;

p cresc.

Win - ter und Sturm wi - chen der star - ken Wehr;

wohl muß - te den tap - fern Streichen die

cresc.

stren - ge Tü - re auch wei - chen, die trot - zig und starr

uns

trenn - te von

f

ihm.

p *cresc.*

Red. ** Red.* ** Red.* ** Red.*

Zu sei - - - ner Schwe - - - ster

5 *4* *5*

piu f *ff* *dim.*

Red. ** Red.* ** Red.* ** Red.*

schwäng

er sich her; die

Red. simile

Lie - - - be lock - - - te den

cresc. *mf* *piu p*

Lenz in uns - - - rem Bu - - - sen

piu p *pp*

barg sie sich tief; nun lacht sie se - - -

pp *cresc.*

- - - lig dem Licht.

Die

ff

bräut - liche Schwester be-frei - te der Bru - der, zer-trüm - mert liegt was je siege -

p

trennt; jauch - zend grüßt sich das jun - ge Paar, ver -

p

eint sind

cresc.

Lieb' und

p

f

espr.

rit.

Lenz!

p a tempo

cresc.

f

p

Wofans Abschied und Feuerzauber.

G. Lazarus.

Breit

First system of piano accompaniment. The music is in G major (one sharp) and common time. It features a wide, flowing melody in the right hand with dynamic markings *p* and *f*, and a more rhythmic bass line. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Langsam.

Second system of piano accompaniment. The tempo is marked *Langsam.* The right hand has a more melodic line with a *poco rall.* marking, while the left hand provides harmonic support. Dynamics include *ff* and *più p*. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Der Au - gen leuch - tendes Paar, das

Third system of piano accompaniment. The right hand features a melodic line with a *pp* marking. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

oft ich lächelnd ge - kost, wenn Kampfes - lust ein Kuß dir

Fourth system of piano accompaniment. The right hand has a melodic line with a *p cresc.* marking. The left hand continues with a steady accompaniment. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

lohn - te, wenn kindisch lal-len-des Hel-den-lob von hol-den Lippen dir floß:

First system of the musical score. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and a triplet of eighth notes in the left hand. The melody line is in the right hand, featuring a triplet of eighth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Denn so ——— kehrt der Gott sich dir

Second system of the musical score. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and a triplet of eighth notes in the left hand. The melody line is in the right hand, featuring a triplet of eighth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

ab, so küßt er die Gott - heit von dir!

Third system of the musical score. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and a triplet of eighth notes in the left hand. The melody line is in the right hand, featuring a triplet of eighth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Fourth system of the musical score. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and a triplet of eighth notes in the left hand. The melody line is in the right hand, featuring a triplet of eighth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Fifth system of the musical score. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and a triplet of eighth notes in the left hand. The melody line is in the right hand, featuring a triplet of eighth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

8

pp

sempre staccato

stacc.

Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* * *Red.* * *Red. simile*

8

cresc poco a poco

8

8

sempre stacc.

8

8

p dimin.

Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* * *Red.* * *Red. simile*

8

pdolcissimo

sempre staccato

pp

8

Wer mei - nes Spee - - res Spit - ze

marcato

fürch - - tet durch -

schrei - - te das Feu - er

nie!

più f

con Pedale

f

cresc.

4

5

8

ff

8

dim.

legatissimo

pespr. dolce

6 6 6

Tea *

più p

Tea *

8

p sempre staccato

8

dimin.

8

pp

8

1 2 3 5

8

pp

8

pp morendo

2 1 4

302

Siegfried.

Siegfried und der Waldvogel.

G. Lazarus.

Con moto moderato.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of five systems. The key signature is G major (one sharp) and the time signature is 6/8. The tempo is marked 'Con moto moderato.' The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

System 1: *pp*. The right hand has a melody with a slur over the first two measures. The left hand has a bass line. A *Ped.* marking is present under the first measure, and an asterisk is at the end of the system.

System 2: *pp dolce*. The right hand has a melody with fingerings (4 5 4 3 4 3 2 3 2 1 4 3 2 3 2) and a slur over the first two measures. The left hand has a bass line with fingerings (1 2 4 1 2 3 1 2 3 4). A *Ped.* marking is present under the first measure, and an asterisk is at the end of the system.

System 3: *pp*. The right hand has a melody with a slur over the first two measures. The left hand has a bass line. A *Ped.* marking is present under the first measure, and an asterisk is at the end of the system.

System 4: *pp*. The right hand has a melody with a slur over the first two measures. The left hand has a bass line. A *Ped.* marking is present under the first measure, and an asterisk is at the end of the system.

System 5: *ppp*. The right hand has a melody with a slur over the first two measures. The left hand has a bass line. A *Ped.* marking is present under the first measure, and an asterisk is at the end of the system.

This page contains six systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation includes treble and bass staves with various musical symbols, dynamics, and performance instructions.

System 1: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *ped.* and ** ped.*. Fingering numbers 4, 3, 2, 1 are shown at the end of the first staff.

System 2: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* and *cresc.*. Fingering numbers 3, 4, 2, 3, 1, 5, 3, 4, 2, 3 are shown above the treble staff.

System 3: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *ped.* and ** ped.*. Fingering numbers 4, 3, 1, 2, 4, 2, 1 are shown below the bass staff.

System 4: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *ped.* and ** ped.*. Fingering numbers 8, 2, 1, 2 are shown above the treble staff. The instruction *dimin. sempre* is written in the bass staff.

System 5: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *pp*.

System 6: Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and ties. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *dim.* and *ff*. The instruction *ped. ** is written at the bottom right.

Götterdämmerung.

Trauermarsch.

G. Lazarus.

Adagio.

pp

pp

cresc.

ff

p espress.

cresc.

molto

dim.

pp

pp molto espressivo

molto legato

f

304

8

4

5

5

4

1

T Z I

più p
espressivo
poco cresc.
cresc.
ff marc.
molto cresc.
fff
dim.
marc.
 304 T21

This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *più p* (piano) to *fff* (fortissimo). Performance instructions include *espressivo*, *poco cresc.*, *cresc.*, *marc.* (marcato), and *molto cresc.*. The notation also features complex fingerings and articulation marks.

This page contains six systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation includes treble and bass staves with various musical elements such as chords, arpeggios, and melodic lines. Dynamics include *dim.*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *ff*, *pp*, and *ff largo dim.*. Articulations like accents (*^*) and slurs are used throughout. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5. The piece concludes with a *p* dynamic and a fermata.

The systems are as follows:

- System 1:** Starts with *dim.* and *p*. Features a *cresc.* section and ends with *f*. Includes a *Red.* marking.
- System 2:** Starts with *cresc.* and *ff*. Includes a *Red.* marking.
- System 3:** Starts with *ff*. Includes a *Red.* marking.
- System 4:** Starts with *ff* and *p espress.*. Includes a *pp* section and a *Red.* marking.
- System 5:** Starts with *p* and *cresc. molto*. Includes a *Red.* marking.
- System 6:** Starts with *ff* and *ff largo dim.*. Ends with *p*. Includes a *Red.* marking.

Parsifal.

Karfreitagszauber.

75

Sehr langsam.

G. Lazarus.

p Sehr ausdrucksvoll *f*

p

ped. sempre

dim. *pp*

*

pp *pp* *Pedale*

Der Glau - be lebt, die

Tau - - be schwebt du Hei - - lands hol - der Bote

p

T 21

Andante.

p molto espressivo

Wie dünkt mich doch die Au - e heut' so schön —

cresc.

espr.

pp

Ad. * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* *

Ad. * *Ad.* * *Ad. simile*

Ad. * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* *

Ad. * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad. simile*

pp

p

2 1 2 * 2 1 2 3 4 4 3 3 8

ritard.

pespr.

rit. * *rit.* * *rit.* *

espr.

pp *espr.*

Pedale.

p

dim.

langsam

ritard.

pp a tempo

15

pp *ritard. e* *morendo*

ppp

rit. * *rit.* * *rit.* *

TZ1 *

Die Blumenmädchen aus „Parsifal“

Appassionato.

Rich. Wagner.

Klavier.

The first system of the musical score is for the piano accompaniment. It is in 3/4 time and D major. The right hand features a series of triplet eighth notes, starting with a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a repeat sign and a fermata over the final notes.

The second system continues the piano accompaniment. It includes a decrescendo (dim.) and a ritardando (ritard) marking. The right hand continues with triplet figures, while the left hand provides harmonic support. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

Leicht bewegt.

Komm'! Komm'! Hol - der Kna - be, Komm'! Komm'! Laß'

pp dolce

The third system is the beginning of the vocal melody. It is marked 'pp dolce' and 'Leicht bewegt'. The melody consists of eighth notes and rests, with lyrics 'Komm'! Komm'! Hol - der Kna - be, Komm'! Komm'! Laß''. The piano accompaniment in the left hand consists of simple eighth-note chords. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

mich dir zur La - be gilt mein

The fourth system continues the vocal melody. The lyrics are 'mich dir zur La - be gilt mein'. The melody features a descending line of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment continues with simple eighth-note chords. The system ends with a repeat sign and a fermata.

min-ni-ges Muehen!

pp

15

5 2 1 2 2 3

Re.

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in G major, 3/4 time. The score is for a single melodic line, likely for a voice or a single instrument. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The melody consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some triplets indicated by a '3' over a bracket. The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second measure has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth measure has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The score includes dynamic markings: *cresc.* (crescendo) and *dim.* (diminuendo). The score also includes performance instructions: ** Ped.* (pedal) and ** Ped. simile* (pedal simile).

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Key signature: two sharps (F# and C#). The music features triplets in the treble staff and a melody in the bass staff. A dynamic marking of *mf* is present.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The music continues with triplets and a melody. Dynamic markings of *pp* are present.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The music includes a *ritard.* (ritardando) marking, followed by *a tempo* and *dolce* markings. Triplets are present in the treble staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The music features a long melodic line in the treble staff and a melody in the bass staff. A dynamic marking of *pp* is present.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The music includes a *pp* marking and a *sempre* marking. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

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