

Domine, audivi auditum tuum

Sexta-feira de manhã

Tracto N° 1

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bemfica

(1845 - 1904)

Moderato

Flute

Clarinet in B $\flat$ 1

Clarinet in B $\flat$ 2

Trumpet in B $\flat$

Horn in F

Moderato

Soprano

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Moderato

Violin I

Violin II

Contrabass

Do - mi - ne au - di - vi

Do - mi - ne au - di - vi

Do - mi - ne, au - di - vi

Do - mi - ne, au - di - vi

Domine, audiui auditum tuum

2

5

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

f

f

f

f

f

f

ff

ff

ff

p

p

p

au - di - tum tu - um et ti - mu - i

au - di - tum tu - um et ti - mu - i

au - di - tum tu - um et ti - mu - i

au - di - tum tu - um et ti - mu - i

Solo

con - si - de -

10

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

p o - pe - ra tu - a et ex - pa - vi.

f

p o - pe - ra tu - a et ex - pa - vi.

f

p o - pe - ra tu - a et ex - pa - vi.

Tutti

ra - vi o - pe - ra tu - a et ex - pa - vi.

p

f

ff

ff

ff

Domine, audivi auditum tuum

4

16

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

8

B

Solo

In _____ me - di - o du - o - rum a - ni - ma - li - um

16

Vln. I

p

Vln. II

p

Cb.

p

Domine, audivi auditum tuum

5

21

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

21

S

A

T

8

B

in - no - tes - ce - ris dum ap-pro-pin-qua - ve - rint _____ an - ni co - gno -

21

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. The woodwind section (Flute, B-flat Clarinets 1 and 2, B-flat Trumpet, Horn) and string section (Violins I and II, Cello) are in the upper staves, while the vocal soloist (Bass) is in the lower staves. The vocal soloist's part includes Latin lyrics. The score is marked with a 21-measure repeat sign at the beginning of several staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The vocal soloist's part is in bass clef, while the other instruments are in treble clef. The lyrics are: 'in - no - tes - ce - ris dum ap-pro-pin-qua - ve - rint _____ an - ni co - gno -'.

26

Fl. *p dolce*

B♭ Cl. 1 *p dolce*

B♭ Cl. 2 *p*

B♭ Tpt. *p dolce*

Hn. *p*

S
Dum ad - ve - ne-rit tem - pus os - ten -

A
Dum ad - ve - ne-rit tem - pus os - ten -

T
8
Dum ad - ve - ne-rit tem - pus os - ten -

B
Tutti
ce - ris. Dum ad - ve - ne-rit tem - pus os - ten -

Vln. I
26
pizz. arco

Vln. II
pizz. arco

Cb.
pizz. arco

7

[illegible]

8

[illegible]

40

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

me - mor e - ris. De - us a Li - ba-no ve - ni-et et

me - mor e - ris. De - us a Li - ba-no ve - ni-et et

me - mor e - ris. De - us a Li - ba-no ve - ni-et et

me - mor e - ris. De - us a Li - ba-no ve - ni-et et

45

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

san - ctus de mon - te Um - bro - so et con - den - so

san - ctus de mon - te Um - bro - so et con - den - so

san - ctus de mon - te Um - bro - so et con - den - so

san - ctus de mon - te Um - bro - so et con - den - so

50

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

p

p

p

Solo

8

o - pe - ru-it _____ coe - los ma - jes - tas e - jus

Solo

o - pe - ru-it _____ coe - los ma - jes - tas e - jus

54

Fl. *p*

B♭ Cl. 1 *p*

B♭ Cl. 2 *p*

B♭ Tpt. *p*

Hn. *p*

S *p* et lau - dis e - jus ple - na est ter - - - - ra.

A *p* et lau - dis e - jus ple - na est ter - - - - ra.

T *Tutti* *p* et lau - dis e - jus ple - na est ter - - - - ra.

B *Tutti* *p* et lau - dis e - jus ple - na est ter - - - - ra.

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

Eripe me, Domine

Sexta-feira de manhã

Tracto N° 2

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Moderato

Fl. *f* *p*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f* *p*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f* *p*

B♭ Tpt. *f* *p*

Hn. *f* *p*

Moderato

S *p* E - ri - pe me, Do - mi - ne ab

A *p* E - ri - pe me, Do - mi - ne ab

T *p* E - ri - pe me, Do - mi - ne ab

B *p* E - ri - pe me, Do - mi - ne ab

Moderato

Vln. I *f* *p*

Vln. II *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

14

[illegible]

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

me.

me.

me.

me.

me.

Qui co - gi - ta - ve - runt ma - li - ti - as in cor - de to - ta di - e

f

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

[illegible]

(8^{va})

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

si - cut ser - pen - tes ve - ne - num as - pi - dum sub la - bi - is

si - cut ser - pen - tes ve - ne - num as - pi - dum sub la - bi - is

si - cut ser - pen - tes ve - ne - num as - pi - dum sub la - bi - is

si - cut ser - pen - tes ve - ne - num as - pi - dum sub la - bi - is

8^{va}

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

e - o - rum.

A

e - o - rum.

T

8

e - o - rum.

Solo

Cus - to - di me

mf

B

e - o - rum.

Vln. I

f

p

Vln. II

f

p

Cb.

f

p

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Do - mi-ne de ma - nu pec - ca - to - rum et ab ho-mi - ni-

Detailed description: This is a musical score for the piece 'Eripe me, Domine', page 19. The score is written for a large ensemble and includes vocal parts. The instruments listed are Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet 1 (B $\flat$ Cl. 1), B-flat Clarinet 2 (B $\flat$ Cl. 2), B-flat Trumpet (B $\flat$ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 8/8. The vocal parts (S, A, T, B) have lyrics in Latin: 'Do - mi-ne de ma - nu pec - ca - to - rum et ab ho-mi - ni-'. The instrumental parts for Flute, B-flat Clarinets, B-flat Trumpet, Horn, Soprano, Alto, and Bass are currently blank, indicated by a horizontal line with a small square. The Violin I and Violin II parts play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, and the Cello part plays a similar pattern. The Tenor part has a melodic line with lyrics.

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

8 bus i - ni - quis li - be-ra *tr* me

Detailed description: This is a page from a musical score for the piece 'Eripe me, Domine'. The page is numbered 20. It features a vocal soloist part and an orchestral accompaniment. The vocal soloist part includes staves for Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The Tenor part has lyrics: 'bus i - ni - quis li - be-ra me'. The orchestral accompaniment includes staves for Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet 1 (B $\flat$ Cl. 1), B-flat Clarinet 2 (B $\flat$ Cl. 2), B-flat Trumpet (B $\flat$ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The score is written in a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature. The vocal soloist part is in a 4/4 time signature. The orchestral accompaniment is in a 4/4 time signature. The Tenor part has a fermata over the word 'be-ra'.

8^{va}-----

Fl. *p*

B $\flat$ Cl. 1 *p*

B $\flat$ Cl. 2 *p*

B $\flat$ Tpt. *p*

Hn. *p*

S *p* Qui co - gi - ta - ve - runt sup-plan - ta - re gres - sus me - os

A *p* Qui co - gi - ta - ve - runt sup-plan - ta - re gres - sus me - os

T *p* Qui co - gi - ta - ve - runt sup-plan - ta - re gres - sus me - os

B *p* Qui co - gi - ta - ve - runt sup-plan - ta - re gres - sus me - os

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

23

This musical score is for the 'Dei Filius' (Son of God) movement from Schubert's Mass in E-flat major, D. 167. The score is arranged for a full orchestra and vocal soloists. The orchestration includes Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet 1 (B♭ Cl. 1), B-flat Clarinet 2 (B♭ Cl. 2), B-flat Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The vocal soloists (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass) sing the Latin text: 'de - runt in la - que - um pe - di - bus me - is:'. The instrumental parts feature a variety of textures, including rapid sixteenth-note passages in the woodwinds and strings, and sustained harmonic support from the brass and lower strings. The key signature is E-flat major (three flats) and the time signature is common time (C).

24

This musical score is for the 'The Lord's Prayer' (Die Herr'se Gebet) from Schubert's Mass in E-flat major, D. 137. The score is arranged for a full orchestra and a four-part vocal choir (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The key signature is E-flat major (three flats) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes the vocal parts and the woodwinds (Flute, B-flat Clarinet 1 and 2, B-flat Trumpet, Horn). The second system includes the strings (Violin I and II, Cello). The lyrics are in Latin: 'jus - ta i - ter scan - da - lum pos - su - e - runt mi - hi.' The score features dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo). The vocal parts are written in a four-part setting, with the Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass parts each having a line of lyrics. The instrumental parts are written for the respective instruments, with the woodwinds and strings providing harmonic support and texture. The score is presented in a clean, professional layout with clear notation and legible lyrics.

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Passio

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Andante

S
A
T
B
Cb.

p Pas - si - o _____ Do - mi - ni Nos - tri Je - su Chris -

p Pas - si - o _____ Do - mi - ni Nos - tri Je - su Chris -

p Pas - si - o _____ Do - mi - ni Nos - tri Je - su Chris -

p Pas - si - o _____ Do - mi - ni Nos - tri Je - su Chris -

p

S
A
T
B
Cb.

ti Nos - tri Je - su Chris - ti

ti Nos - tri Je - su Chris - ti

ti Nos - tri Je - su Chris - ti

ti Pas - si - o _____ Do - mi - ni Do - mi - ni _____

f

Passio

27

S
A
T
B
Cb.

Je - su ____ Chris - ti se - - - cun - dum se - - -

Je - su ____ Chris - ti se - - - cun - dum se - - -

Je - su Chris - ti se - - - cun - dum se - - -

Nos - tri se - - - cun - dum se - - -

p *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

S
A
T
B
Cb.

cun - - - dum ____ Jo - a - - - nem.

cun - - - dum ____ Jo - a - - - nem.

cun - - - dum Jo - - - a - - - nem.

cun - - - dum Jo - - - a - - - nem.

cun - - - dum Jo - - - a - - - nem.

v *v*

Jesum Nazarenum!

Nº 1

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

f

Allegro

S

A

T

B

f Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

f Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

f Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

f Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - sum Na - za -

Allegro

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

f

f

f

Jesum Nazarenum!

29

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - su Na - za - re - num.

re - num. Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

30
Jesum Nazarenum!

Nº 2

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

f

f

f

f

f

Allegro

S

A

T

B

f

f

f

f

Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

f Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - sum Na - za -

Allegro

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

f

f

f

Jesum Nazarenum!

31

Fl.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

Je - sum Na - za - re - num. Je - su Na - za - re - num.

re - num. Je - sum Na - za - re - num.

32
Num quid et tu

Nº 3

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro *8^{va}*

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S *f* Num - quid et tu Num - quid et tu *p* ex dis - ci - pu - lis

A *f* Num - quid et tu Num - quid et tu *p* ex dis - ci - pu - lis

T *f* Num - quid et tu Num - qui et tu *p* ex dis - ci - pu - lis

B *f* Num - quid et tu Num - quid et tu *p* ex dis - ci - pu - lis

Allegro

Vln. I *f* *p*

Vln. II *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

Num quid et tu

33

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

34
Si non esse hic

Nº 4

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S

A

T *Solo*
mf Si non es - se hic ma - - le -

B

Allegro

Vln. I *f* *p*

Vln. II *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

Si non esse hic

35

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

fa - ctor non ti - bi tra - di - dis-se - e - um

rall.

rall.

tr

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 35, titled 'Si non esse hic'. The score is arranged in a system with multiple staves. The instruments listed on the left are Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet 1 (B $\flat$ Cl. 1), B-flat Clarinet 2 (B $\flat$ Cl. 2), B-flat Trumpet (B $\flat$ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Ophicleide (Oph.), Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The Tenor part has lyrics: 'fa - ctor non ti - bi tra - di - dis-se - e - um'. The score includes various musical notations such as rests, notes, trills (tr), and a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is not explicitly shown but appears to be common time (C).

Si non esse hic

36

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

f non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

f non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

f non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

f non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

f

f

f

37
Nobis non licet

Nº 5

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S *f* No - bis non li - cet No - bis non li - cet *p*

A *f* No - bis non li - cet No - bis non li - cet *p*

T *f* No - bis non li - cet No - bis non li - cet *p*

B *f* No - bis non li - cet No - bis non li - cet *p*

Allegro

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *f*

Cb. *f*

Nobis non licet

38

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

p

f

in - ter - fi - ce - re quem - - quam *f* quem - - - quam.

in - ter - fi - ce - re quem - - quam *f* quem - - - quam.

in - ter - fi - ce - re quem - - quam *f* quem - - - quam.

in - ter - fi - ce - re quem - - quam *f* quem - - - quam.

p

f

p

f

p

f

39
Non hunc, sed Barrabam!

Nº 6

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S *f* Non hunc sed Bar - ra - bam!

A *f* Non hunc sed Bar - ra - bam!

T *f* Non hunc sed Bar - ra - bam!

B *f* Non hunc sed Bar - ra - bam!

Allegro

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *f*

Cb. *f*

Non hunc, sed Barrabam!

40

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

sed Bar - - - ra - - - - bam!

A

sed Bar - - - ra - - - - bam!

T

8 sed Bar - - - ra - - - - bam!

B

sed Bar - - - ra - - - - bam!

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Detailed description: This musical score page, numbered 40, is for the piece 'Non hunc, sed Barrabam!'. It features a full orchestral arrangement with vocal soloists. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), two B-flat Clarinets (B $\flat$ Cl. 1 and 2), B-flat Trumpet (B $\flat$ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), and Oboe (Oph.). The string section consists of Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The vocal soloists are Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The vocal parts enter with the lyrics 'sed Bar - - - ra - - - - bam!' on a long note. The instrumental parts provide harmonic support, with the woodwinds and strings playing sustained notes and the strings providing a rhythmic foundation. The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature.

Ave, Rex Judaeorum!

Nº 7

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Adagio

Fl. *p* *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn.

Oph.

Adagio

S A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum! A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum!

A A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum! A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum!

T A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum! A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum!

B *p* A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum! A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - rum!

Adagio

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

Ave, Rex Judaeorum!

42

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

f

S

ff A - ve, A - ve, A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - - - rum!

A

ff A - ve, A - ve, A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - - - rum!

T

ff A - ve, A - ve, A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - - - rum!

B

ff A - ve, A - ve, A - ve, Rex Ju - dae - o - - - rum!

Vln. I

f

Vln. II

f

Cb.

f

43
Crucifige eum!

Nº 8

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro vivo

The musical score is for a piece titled "Crucifige eum!" (Nº 8) by Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem. It is marked "Allegro vivo". The score is written for a full orchestra and a vocal quartet. The orchestral parts include Flute (Fl.), B♭ Clarinet 1 (B♭ Cl. 1), B♭ Clarinet 2 (B♭ Cl. 2), B♭ Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Oboe (Oph.), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The vocal parts are Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The tempo is "Allegro vivo". The key signature has one flat (B♭) and the time signature is common time (C). The score is in four measures. The first measure is marked with a forte (ff) dynamic. The vocal parts enter in the second measure with the lyrics "Cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um!". The instrumental parts provide harmonic support, with the Oboe and Cello playing a rhythmic pattern in the second and third measures. The score ends with a final measure where the vocal parts hold their notes.

Fl. *ff*

B♭ Cl. 1 *ff*

B♭ Cl. 2 *ff*

B♭ Tpt. *ff*

Hn. *ff*

Oph. *ff*

S *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um! Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

A *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um! Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

T *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um! Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

B *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um! Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um! Cru - ci -

Vln. I *ff*

Vln. II *ff*

Cb. *ff*

Crucifige eum!

44

8^{va}

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

fi - ge, Cru - ci - fi - ge, *p* Cru - ci - fi - ge

p

p

p

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for a choral and orchestral work. The title is 'Crucifige eum!' and the page number is 44. The score is written for a large ensemble. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet 1 (B $\flat$ Cl. 1), B-flat Clarinet 2 (B $\flat$ Cl. 2), B-flat Trumpet (B $\flat$ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), and Oboe (Oph.). The vocal section includes Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The string section includes Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into four measures. The woodwinds and strings play a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The vocalists enter in the second measure with the lyrics 'Cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!'. The Bass part has a more complex line, including a triplet in the final measure. Dynamics include piano (*p*) and a crescendo leading to a forte (*f*) in the final measure.

Crucifige eum!

45

8va-----

Fl. *ff*

B $\flat$ Cl. 1 *ff*

B $\flat$ Cl. 2 *ff*

B $\flat$ Tpt. *ff*

Hn. *ff*

Oph. *ff*

S *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge, Cru - ci - fi - ge!

A *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge, Cru - ci - fi - ge!

T *ff* Cru - ci - fi - ge, Cru - ci - fi - ge!

B *ff* e - um! Cru - ci - fi - ge, Cru - ci - fi - ge!

Vln. I *ff*

Vln. II *ff*

Cb. *ff*

The musical score is for a choral and orchestral piece. It features a full orchestra with woodwinds (Flute, B-flat Clarinets, B-flat Trumpet, Horns, Oboe), strings (Violins I & II, Cello), and a vocal ensemble (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The tempo is marked '8va' with a dashed line. The dynamics are consistently 'ff' (fortissimo) for the instruments and 'ff' for the vocalists. The lyrics are 'Crucifige eum! Crucifige eum!'. The score is written in 4/4 time and the key signature has one flat (B-flat).

Nos legem

Nº 9

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S *p* Nos le - gem ha - be - mus et se - cun-dum

A *p* Nos le - gem ha - be - mus et se - cun-dum

T

B

Allegro

Vln. I *f* *p* *f* *p*

Vln. II *f* *p* *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p* *f* *p*

Nos legem

47

[illegible]

Nos legem

48

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

f qui - a Fi - li - um Dei se fe - cit *ff* de - bet de - bet mo - ri de - bet de - bet

The musical score is for a piece titled "Nos legem", page 48. It features a vocal soloist (B) and a full orchestra. The vocal part begins with a melodic line in the bass clef, starting on a whole note G2 and moving through a series of eighth and quarter notes. The instrumental parts include Flute, B-flat Clarinet 1 and 2, B-flat Trumpet, Horn, Oboe, Violin I and II, and Cello. The score is in 4/4 time and features dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo). The vocal line includes the lyrics: "qui - a Fi - li - um Dei se fe - cit de - bet de - bet mo - ri de - bet de - bet".

Nos legem

49

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

de - bet mo - - ri.

de - bet mo - - ri.

mo - - ri de - - bet mo - - ri.

ff

ff

ff

ff

50
Si hunc dimittis

Nº 10

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S

A

T *p* Si hunc di - mit - tis non es a - mi - cus

B *p* Si hunc di - mit - tis non es a - mi - cus

Allegro

Vln. I *f* *p*

Vln. II *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

Si hunc dimittis

52

This musical score is for a vocal and orchestral piece. The vocal parts include Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The instrumental parts include Flute (Fl.), B♭ Clarinet 1 (B♭ Cl. 1), B♭ Clarinet 2 (B♭ Cl. 2), B♭ Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Ophicleide (Oph.), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The score is in 4/4 time and features a key signature of one flat (B♭). The lyrics are 'Cae - sa - ri non es a - mi - cus Cae - sa - ris'. The vocal parts enter in the second measure, with the Soprano and Alto parts starting on a half note, the Tenor on a quarter note, and the Bass on a half note. The instrumental parts provide harmonic support, with the strings and woodwinds playing sustained notes and the brass playing a more active role in the later measures. The score includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte), and articulation marks like trills and slurs.

Si hunc dimittis

53

Fl. *f*

B $\flat$ Cl. 1 *f*

B $\flat$ Cl. 2 *f*

B $\flat$ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

S *f* con - tra - di - cit Cae - sa - ri, Cae - - - sa - ri. *rall*

A *f* con - tra - di - cit Cae - sa - ri, Cae - - - sa - ri. *rall*

T *f* con - tra - di - cit Cae - sa - ri, Cae - - - sa - ri. *rall*

B *f* con - tra - di - cit Cae - sa - ri, Cae - - - sa - ri. *rall*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb. *f* *rall*

54
Tolle, tolle, crucifige eum!

Nº 11

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

S

A

T

B

Allegro

f Tol-le, tol - le

Vln. I *f* *p* *f*

Vln. II *f* *f*

Cb. *f* *f*

Tolle, tolle, crucifige eum!

55

[illegible]

56
Non habemus regem

Nº 12

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Allegro

S *f* Non ha - be - mus re - gem, non ha - be - mus re - gem

A *f* Non ha - be - mus re - gem, non ha - be - mus re - gem

T *f* Non ha - be - mus re - gem, non ha - be - mus re - gem

B *f* Non ha - be - mus re - gem, non ha - be - mus re - gem

Allegro

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *f*

Cb. *f*

Non habemus regem

57

[illegible]

58
Noli scribere

Nº 13

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Allegro

Fl. *p*

B♭ Cl. 1 *p*

B♭ Cl. 2 *p*

B♭ Tpt. *p*

Hn. *p*

Oph. *p*

Allegro

S *p* No - li scri - be-re Rex Ju - dae - o - rum

A *p* No - li scri - be-re Rex Ju - dae - o - rum

T *p* No - li scri - be-re Rex Ju - dae - o - rum

B *p* No - li scri - be-re Rex Ju - dae - o - rum

Allegro

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

S *f* sed qui - a ip - se di - xit: Rex sum Ju - dae - o - rum,

A *f* sed qui - a ip - se di - xit: Rex sum Ju - dae - o - rum,

T *f* sed qui - a ip - se di - xit: Rex sum Ju - dae - o - rum,

B *f* sed qui - a ip - se di - xit: Rex sum Ju - dae - o - rum,

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *f*

Cb. *f*

Noli scribere

60

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

Ju - dae - o - - rum.

A

Ju - dae - o - - rum.

T

Ju - dae - o - - rum.

B

Ju - dae - o - - rum.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

61
Non scindamus

Nº 14

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Adagio

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 *f*

B♭ Cl. 2 *f*

B♭ Tpt. *f*

Hn. *f*

Oph. *f*

Adagio

S

A

T

B

Adagio

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *f*

Cb. *f*

f Non scin - da - mus e - am sed sor -

f Non scin - da - mus e - am sed sor -

f Non scin - da - mus e - am sed sor -

f Non scin - da - mus e - am sed sor -

Non scindamus

62

[illegible]

63
Venite, adoremus!

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Andante sostenuto

The musical score is for a piece titled "Venite, adoremus!" by Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem. It is marked "Andante sostenuto" and is in 2/4 time. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), B♭ Clarinet 1 (B♭ Cl. 1), B♭ Clarinet 2 (B♭ Cl. 2), B♭ Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Horn (Hn.), Ophicleide (Oph.), Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B), Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), and Cello (Cb.). The woodwinds and brass play a melodic line, while the strings provide a harmonic accompaniment. The choir enters with the lyrics "Ve - - ni - te, a - do - re - mus!". The tempo is "Andante sostenuto".

Fl. *p*

B♭ Cl. 1 *p*

B♭ Cl. 2 *p*

B♭ Tpt. *p*

Hn. *p*

Oph. *p*

S *p dolce*
Ve - - ni - te, a - do - re - mus!

A *p dolce*
Ve - - ni - te, a - do - re - mus!

T *p dolce*
Ve - - ni - te, a - do - re - mus!

B *p dolce*
Ve - - ni - te, a - do - re - mus!

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

Venite, adoremus!

64

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

Ve - - - ni - te, a - do - re - - - mus!

Ve - - - ni - te, a - do - re - - - mus!

Ve - - - ni - te, a - - - do - re - - - mus!

Ve - - - ni - te, a - - - do - re - - - mus!

Vln. I and Vln. II play a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the Cb. provides a harmonic foundation with a sustained note and a moving bass line.

65
Popule meus

Adoração da Cruz

Antônio Martiniano da Silva Bem

Moderato

Fl. *p*

B $\flat$ Cl. 1 *p*

B $\flat$ Cl. 2 *p*

B $\flat$ Tpt. *p*

Hn. *p*

Oph.

Moderato

S

A

T *mf* Po - pu-le me - us

B

Moderato

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Cb. *p*

Popule meus

66

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

quid — fe - cit ti - bi aut in quo con - tris - ta - vi te *f* res - pon - de

f

f

f

The musical score is for a full orchestra and vocal soloists. It is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score consists of 6 measures. The woodwinds (Flute, B-flat Clarinets 1 and 2, B-flat Trumpet, Horn, Oboe) and strings (Violins I and II, Cello) are playing sustained notes or chords. The vocal soloists (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are singing the Latin text. The Tenor part has a fermata on the note 'bi' in the third measure. The final measure features a forte (f) dynamic marking for the strings and a fermata on the Tenor's final note.

Popule meus

67

[illegible]

Popule meus

68

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl. 1

B $\flat$ Cl. 2

B $\flat$ Tpt.

Hn.

Oph.

S

A

T

B

Vln. I

Vln. II

Cb.

p

p

p

p

Sal - va - to - ri tu - o.

Sal - va - to - ri tu - o.

Sal - va - to - ri tu - o.

pa - ras - ti cru - cem Sal - va - to - ri - tu - o.