

SONATA

FOR VIOLIN AND PIANO

I.

Samuel Bisson (1984-)

Allegro rubato (♩ = 85 e accel. – ♩ = 105)

mp *mf*

pochiss. rit.

Più Allegro (♩ = 115)

accel. *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*

f *rit.* *p*

Andante (♩ = 85)

pp *poco vib.*

Allegro (♩ = 125) e accel.

Poco più mosso (♩ = 92) 6

mp *sub. f* *8va*

Più Mosso (♩ = 140)

Meno mosso (♩ = 100) 2 *con sordino* *molto rit.*

Poco Adagio (♩ = 75) *pp*

mf *f* *mp* *pp*

57

62

mf

pp

69

senza sordino

Più Mosso ($\text{♩} = 130$)

mp

mf

f

78

8va -

rit.

dim.

p

Adagio ($\text{♩} = 95$)

calando

mp cresc.

100

f

rit.

cresc.

ff dim.

3

106

ff

3

112

Poco Adagio ($\text{♩} = 75$)

2

p

p

rit.

II.

Adagio ($\text{J}=72$)

17

mp sonore

25

mf

mp

33

f

mezza voce

sopra voce

poco string.

41

più stringendo

Tempo Moderato ($\text{J}=88$)

f

dim. poco a poco

50

poco

Andante sostenuto ($\text{J}=88$)

4

3

p

63

mp

68

71

mf

76

p cresc. **f**

83 **2** rit. **Meno Mosso (♩=67)** **2** **p**

92 **mf** > < > dim. **mp** cresc. **accel.** **f** dim. ---

101 **rit.** **p** **poco** **Tempo I°** **pizz.** **p dolce**

110 **mf**

119 **poco riten.** **2** **a tempo arco** **mp**

128 **f**

137

143 **8va dolce** **mp**

III.

Allegro Moderato ($\text{♩}=120$)

pizz.

p

Musical score for orchestra, page 7, measures 7-8. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. Measure 7 starts with a sixteenth-note rest followed by a sixteenth-note B. Measure 8 begins with a sixteenth-note A. Both staves feature eighth-note patterns with various dynamics and articulations, including *tr* (trill), *sf* (sforzando), and *f* (fortissimo). Measure 8 concludes with a sixteenth-note G.

A musical score for piano, page 10, measure 21. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The measure begins with a half note G sharp. It then features a series of eighth-note patterns: a pair of eighth notes followed by a sixteenth note rest, a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note, a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note, and a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note. The measure concludes with a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note, a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note, and a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note.

10

27

A musical score for piano, page 10, system 33. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music is in common time. The score includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and grace notes. Measure 1 starts with a grace note followed by an eighth note in the bass, a sixteenth note in the treble, and an eighth note in the bass. Measures 2-3 show eighth-note patterns in both treble and bass. Measure 4 features a sixteenth-note pattern in the treble. Measures 5-6 show eighth-note patterns in the bass. Measure 7 starts with a sixteenth note in the treble, followed by an eighth note in the bass, and concludes with a sixteenth-note pattern in the treble.

39

Un poco più lento del Tempo I° (♩ = 115)

45 *8va* *mp*

54 *(8va)* *mf*

65 *(8va)* *poco riten.*

**Poco Meno
Mosso (♩ = 105)**

15

C

Tempo I°

89

f

94

ff marcato

100

mf

106

stringendo

f

III

più f

rit.

**Più lento
(♩=95) e accel.**

116

ff

123

pizz.

Allegro (♩=135)

mp



Coda.

Largo ($\text{♩} = 45$)

pp

9

mp f

16 p

23 sotto voce p

30 sopra voce < f >

37 rit. $\text{♩} = 90$ 8 Andante tranquillo
mf

51 mp p mp

60 8va