

Kompositionen

für

Viola alta (Altgeige)

mit Begleitung des Pianoforte

von

HERMANN RITTER

Op.32. Zwei Stücke.

- Nº 1. Pastorale und Gavotte..... Pr. M 1. 50.
„ 2. Im Traume..... „ 1. 50.

Op.33 Nachslavischen Eindrücken.

- Nº 1. Elegie (Gmoll)..... „ 1. 50.
„ 2. Introduction und Mazurka „ 2. —

Op.34 Erinnerung an Schottland.

- Phantasie mit Benutzung alt-schottischer Weisen..... „ 1. 50.

Op.35. Konzertphantasie Nº1..... „ 5. —

- (Allegro maestoso. Romanze (Andante).
Allegro energico. Allegro maestoso.)

Op.36. Konzertphantasie Nº2..... „ 3. —

- (Recitativo. Allegro moderato. Lento e tranquillo. Andante quasi Recitativo. Allegro moderato.)

Op.37. Italienische Suite. Kplt. Pr. M 4. 50.

- Nº 1. Barkarole (Venezia)..... „ 1. —
„ 2. Elegie (Roma)..... „ 1. —
„ 3. Tarantella (Napoli)..... „ 3. —

Op.65. Zwei Stücke.

- Nº 1. Andante..... „ 1. —
„ 2. Allegretto scherzando..... „ 1. —

Op.70. Ständchen..... „ 1. 50.

Op.73. Rokoko. 2 Vortragsstücke.

- Nº 1. Gavotte..... „ 1. 50.
„ 2. Pastorale und Menuett..... „ 1. 50.

Op.74. Dithyrambe..... „ 1. 50.

Aufführungsrecht vorbehalten.

LEIPZIG, FR. KISTNER.

6620 - 6630. 8956. 8957. 9911.
10057. 10058.
10151.

Lith. Anst. v. C. G. Röder, Leipzig

Dithyrambe.

Viola alta.

Hermann Ritter Op. 74.

Vivace. 8

mf *cre - - - scen - - - do al*

f *molto rit.* *in tempo*

f *largamente* *in tempo* *mf* *string. e cresc.*

p

f

string. e cresc.

Dithyrambe.

Hermann Ritter Op. 74.

Vivace.

Viola alta.

Klavier.

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line in treble clef. The bottom two staves are a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with complex chordal and arpeggiated accompaniment. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is common time.

The second system continues the musical piece. It features similar melodic and accompanimental textures. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The bottom staff includes sixteenth-note arpeggiated figures.

The third system contains vocal entries. The top staff has the lyrics "cre - scen - do al" with a *f* (forte) dynamic. The bottom staff has the lyrics "cre - scen - do al" with a *f* dynamic. The system concludes with a *molto rit.* (molto ritardando) marking. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#) in the final measure.

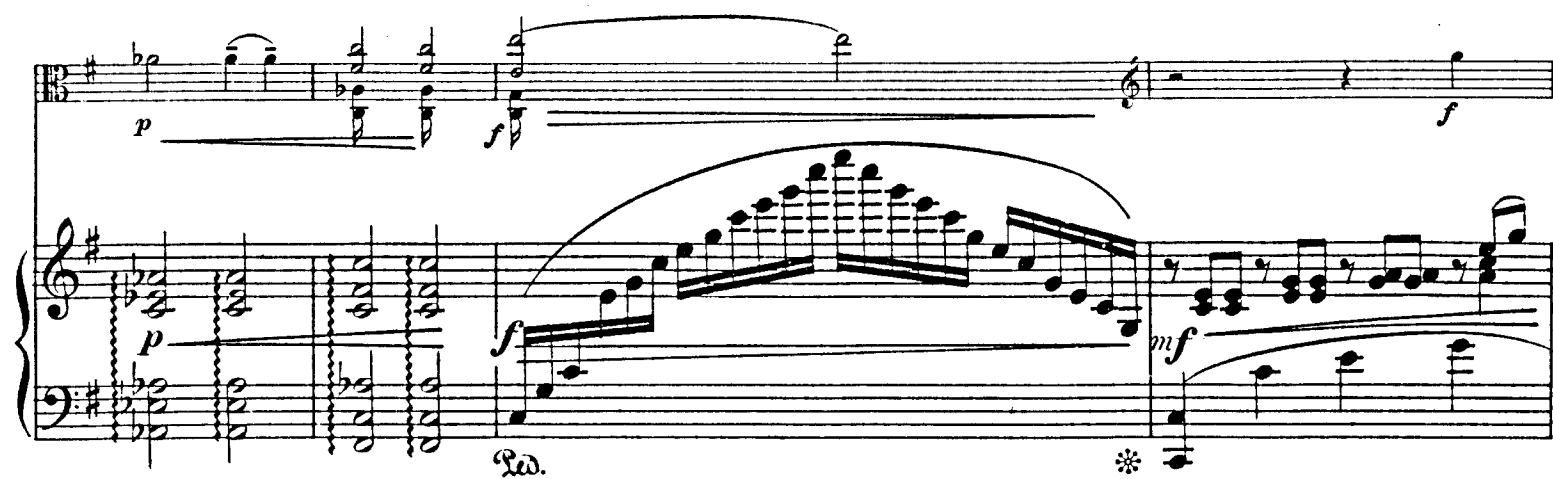
The fourth system begins with a new section marked "in tempo". The top staff is a single melodic line. The bottom two staves are a grand staff with a *f* (forte) dynamic. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time.

First system of a musical score. It features a vocal line at the top and a piano accompaniment below. The piano part has a complex, arpeggiated texture. The vocal line includes the markings "string.", "e", and "cresc.".

Second system of the musical score. The tempo is marked "largamente". The piano accompaniment continues with its arpeggiated texture. The vocal line includes the marking "ritard.".

Third system of the musical score. The tempo is marked "in tempo". The piano accompaniment continues with its arpeggiated texture. The vocal line includes the marking "mf".

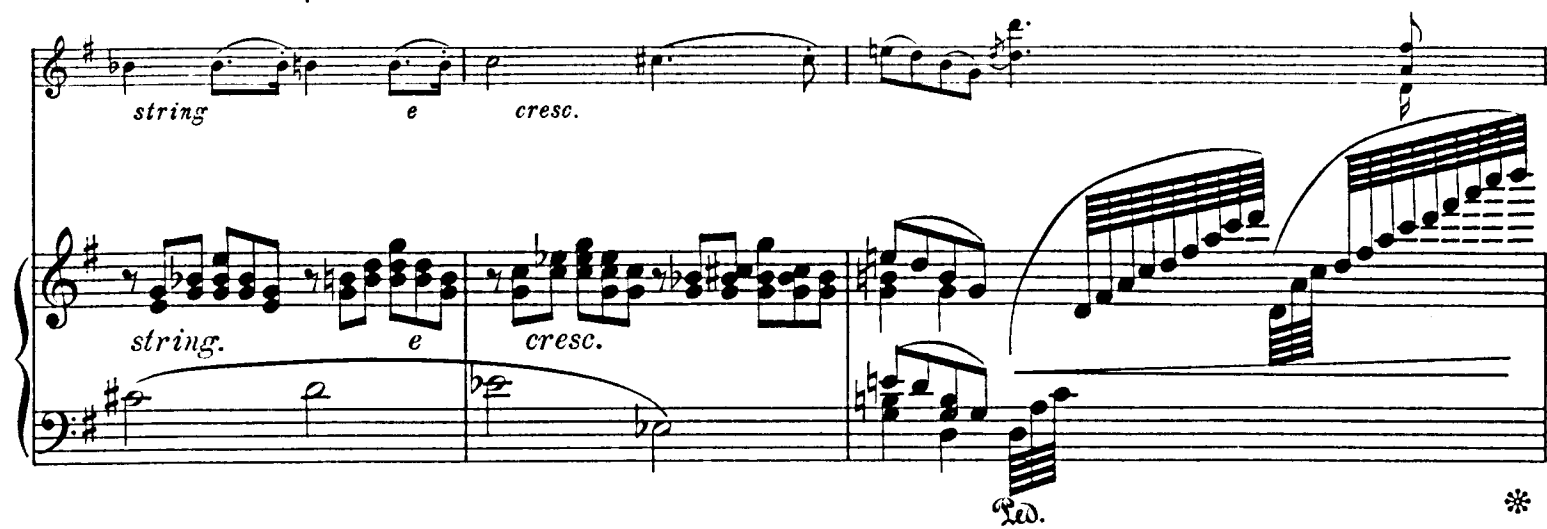
Fourth system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues with its arpeggiated texture. The vocal line includes the marking "mf".



First system of musical notation. It features a vocal line at the top and a piano accompaniment below. The vocal line begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo hairpin. A fermata is placed over a note in the piano part. The system concludes with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a double bar line.



Second system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic line. The piano accompaniment features a complex, fast-moving melodic line in the right hand and a more rhythmic bass line. The system ends with a double bar line.



Third system of musical notation. The vocal line is labeled "string" and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The piano accompaniment also features a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The system concludes with a double bar line and a fermata.



Fourth system of musical notation. The vocal line is mostly empty, with a few notes at the beginning. The piano accompaniment continues with a melodic line. The system ends with a double bar line.

MUSIK FÜR VIOLA.

(*l.* = leicht, *m.* = mittelschwer, *s.* = schwer, *s. s.* = sehr schwer.)

a. Mit Orchester.

David, F.	
Op. 12. Konzertino. B.	
s. Solostimme	—,50
Orchesterstimmen netto	4,75
(V. I, II, Va., Vc. u. B. je 50 Pf. no.)	

b. Mit Pianoforte.

Becker, Fr.	
Op. 16. 3 Charakterstücke.	
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 1. Einsam	1,—
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 2. Ein Tanz	1,—
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 3. Im Maien	1,50

Behrens, A.	
Op. 4. 3 Stücke.	
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 1. Lied ohne Worte	1,—
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 2. Melodie	1,—
<i>l.-m.</i> No. 3. Polacca	1,—

David, F.	
s. Op. 12. Konzertino. B	2,—

Graue, C. D.	
<i>m.</i> Op. 27. Menuetto scherzando	1,50

Norman, L.	
<i>m.</i> Op. 32. Sonate. Gm	7,—

Ritter, H.	
Op. 32. 2 Stücke.	
s. No. 1. Pastorale und Gavotte	1,50
<i>m.</i> No. 2. Im Traume	1,50
Op. 33. Nach slavischen Eindrücken.	
<i>m.</i> No. 1. Elegie. Gm.	1,50
s. No. 2. Introduction und Mazurka	2,—
s. Op. 34. Erinnerung an Schottland.	
Phantasie mit Benutzung altschot-	
tischer Weisen	1,50
s. s. Op. 35. Konzertphantasie No. 1. C.	5,—
s. s. Op. 36. Konzertphantasie No. 2. G.	3,—
s. s. Op. 37. Italienische Suite.	4,50

Einzelne:

s. s. No. 1. Barkarole (Venezia)	1,—
s. s. No. 2. Elegie (Roma)	1,—
s. s. No. 3. Tarantella (Napoli)	3,—

Op. 65. 2 Stücke.	
<i>m.</i> No. 1. Andante	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 2. Allegretto scherzando	1,—

Uebersetzungen:

s. No. 1. Air varié, v. P. Rode. Op. 10	1,50
s. No. 2. Elegie v. H. W. Ernst. Op. 10	1,50

Ritter, H.

Uebersetzungen:

<i>m.-s.</i> No. 3. Suite (Sarabande, Gavotte, An-	
dante, Allegro), von Joh. Seb. Bach	2,50
s. No. 4. Notturmo, von Fr. Chopin.	
Op. 9 No. 2	1,—
<i>l.</i> No. 5. Lied ohne Worte, von F. Men-	
delssohn-Bartholdy. Op. 53 No. 2	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 6. Russische Melodie (Kosaken-	
tanz)	—,75
s. No. 7. Moto perpetuo, von N. Paga-	
nini	2,—
<i>m.</i> No. 8. Frühlingslied, von F. Mendels-	
sohn-Bartholdy. Op. 62 No. 6	1,—
<i>l.</i> No. 9. Lied ohne Worte, v. F. Men-	
delssohn-Bartholdy. Op. 85 No. 1	1,—
s. No. 10. Adagio cantabile aus der	
Sonate pathétique, von L. v. Bee-	
thoven. Op. 13	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 11. Romanze, von Ch. Davidoff,	
Op. 23	1,50
<i>m.</i> No. 12. Kavatine, von J. Raff. Op. 85 No. 3	1,50
<i>l.</i> No. 13. Wiegenlied, von Fr. Schubert.	
Op. 98 No. 2	—,75
<i>l.</i> No. 14. Impromptu, von Fr. Schubert.	
Op. 90 No. 3	2,—
<i>m.</i> No. 15. Serenade aus dem Quartett	
No. 74 von Jos. Haydn	1,—
<i>l.</i> No. 16. Notturmo aus der Musik zum	
„Sommernachtsstraum“, von F. Men-	
delssohn-Bartholdy	1,50
<i>m.</i> No. 17. Walzer, von Fr. Chopin.	
Op. 34 No. 2	1,—
s. No. 18. Adagio aus dem Klarinetten-	
konzert, von W. A. Mozart	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 19. Aria, v. Francesco Durante	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 20. Larghetto, von Giuseppe	
Tartini	1,—
s. No. 21. Czárdás	1,—
s. No. 22. Lento von Joh. Seb. Bach	1,—
<i>m.</i> No. 23. Siziliano von Joh. Seb. Bach	1,—
s. No. 24. Adagio von Joh. Seb. Bach	1,50
<i>l.</i> No. 25. 4 altschottische Volkslieder	1,50

Palaschko, J. c. Lehrbücher.

s.-ss. Op. 36. 20 Etuden zur Förderung	
der Technik und des Vortrags	3,—

Ritter, H.

Elementartechnik der Viola alta—Elemen-	
tary Technique for the Viola alta. netto	3,—

LEIPZIG, FR. KISTNER.