

430

3

A M-r. Alexandre Glazounow.

ILIA MOUROMETZ.

TROISIÈME SYMPHONIE

(H-MOLL).

POUR GRAND ORCHESTRE.

PAR

R. GLIÈRE.

Op. 42.

	Partition. Parties.		Parties supplémentaires.	
	Rb. C.	Rb. C.	Rb. C.	
I. Pèlerins errants. Ilia Mourometz et Sviatogor.	8—	15—	à	1 —
II. Solovéï-le-Brigand.	8—	12.50	à	1 —
III. Chez Vladimir Beau Soleil.	3.50	8—	à	— 40
IV. Les prouesses et la pétrification d'Ilia Mourometz.	8—	17—	à	1 —



Propriété de l'éditeur
P. Jurgenson à Moscou,
Commissionnaire de la Chapelle de la Cour, de la Société Impériale Musicale Russe
et du Conservatoire de Moscou.
Petrograde, chez J. Jurgenson. | Varsovie & Kiew, chez L. Idzikowski.
Sole Agents for the British Empire
Breitkopf & Härtel, London.

3p.50

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704208

*Александрѣ Константиновичу
Глазунову.*

Илья Муромецъ.

Третья Симфонія

(H-moll).

Для большого оркестра.

Р. Г Л І Э Р А.

Op. 42.

Часть I. Калики перехожіе. Илья Муромецъ и Святогоръ	Партит. Голоса.		Дубликаты, кажд. голосъ:	
	Р. Н.	Р. К.	Р.	К.
и Святогоръ	8—	15—	по 1	—
„ II. Соловей Разбойникъ.	8—	12.50	„ 1	—
„ III. У Владиміра Красна Солнышка . . .	3.50	8—	„ —	40
„ IV. Подвиги и окаменѣніе Ильи Муромца.	8—	17—	„ 1	—



Собственность издателя

П. ЮРГЕНСОНА въ МОСКВѢ,

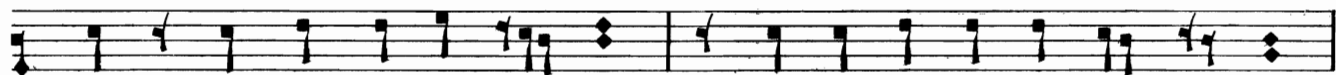
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Общества и Консерваторіи въ Москвѣ.

Петроградъ, у I. Юргенсона. | Варшава и Кіевъ, у Л. Идзиковскаго.

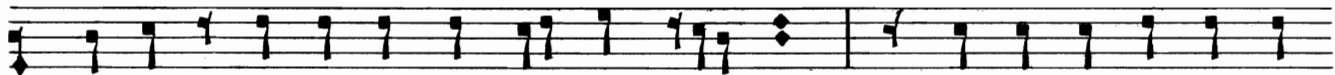
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Нотопечатня П. Юргенсона въ Москвѣ



Тво_и́мъ кре_сто́мъ хрї_стѣ спа_се, смѣр_ти дер_жа_ва раз_ру_шн_ца,



и дї_а_во_ла прѣ_лестъ оу_празд_ни_ца: родъ же че_ло_вѣ_че_скїй



вѣ_ро_ю спа_са_е_мый, пѣснь те_бѣ все_гда при_но_ситъ.

Стѣхѣра ма́лагѣ зна́меннагѣ распѣва.

I.

Въ старину было стародавнюю, при ласковомъ князѣ Володиміръ, сиднемъ сидѣль Илья Муромецъ, крестьянскій сынъ, сиднемъ сидѣль цѣлыхъ тридцать лѣтъ.

Приходили два Калики Перехожіе, будили Они Илью и предсказывали—быть ему великимъ богатыремъ.

Вставалъ Илья Муромецъ, выходилъ во чисто поле, доставалъ коня богатырскаго, отправлялся къ славному Святогору богатырю.

Не носила Святогора мать сыра земля, не придано было ѣздить ему на Святую Русь, а и позволено было ѣздить по высокімъ Святымъ горамъ.

Пріѣзжалъ къ нему Илья съ поклономъ низкімъ. Садилась богатыри на добрыхъ коней, разѣзжали по Святымъ горамъ много времени—забавлялись играми богатырскими... Находили они домовище огромное. Ложился въ него Святогоръ, а подняться не можетъ изъ того гроба глубокаго. Давалъ Ильѣ передъ смертью совѣты мудрые, а какъ сталъ преставляться—пошелъ отъ него великій потъ...

Переялъ Илья Муромецъ силу богатырскую, выѣзжалъ на дорогу прямоѣзжую въ стольный Кіевъ градъ. У него конь бѣжитъ, какъ соколъ летитъ, рѣки и озера промежъ ногъ беретъ, хвостомъ поля устилаются.

II

Въ дремучемъ лѣсу, на семи дубахъ, залегъ Соловей Разбойникъ. Заколѣдѣла, замуравѣла дорога прямоѣзжая: отъ посвисту его соловьиного, отъ покрику звѣринаго, темные лѣса къ землѣ всѣ приклоняются, а что есть людей, то всѣ мертвы лежатъ. И живутъ въ лѣсу три дочери Соловья любимыя, и много у нихъ злата, серебра и скатнаго жемчуга,—прельщаютъ онѣ людей дорожныхъ своими дарами великими.

Услыхалъ Соловей богатырскій топъ, засвисталъ по соловьиному, закричалъ разбойникъ по звѣриному... Натягивалъ Илья тугой лукъ, накладывалъ калену стрѣлу. Пала та стрѣла Соловью въ правый глазъ, обронила она его о сыру землю. Пристегнулъ его Илья ко стремени булатному, повезъ съ собой къ Владиміру Красному Солнышку.

III.

У ласковаго князя Владиміра идетъ почестень пиръ; а и много на пиру бояръ, князей и сильно могучихъ богатырей.

Пріѣзжалъ Илья на широкій княжій дворъ; велитъ Соловью Разбойнику засвистать по соловьиному, закричать по звѣриному... Покривились маковки на высокихъ теремахъ, попадали всѣ сильны могучи богатыри, всѣ знатные князья-бояре, а Владиміръ князь едва живъ стоитъ.

Срубилъ Илья Соловью буйну голову. Жаловалъ Владиміръ Илью за столомъ почетнымъ мѣстомъ, признавали Илью всѣ могучіе богатыри своимъ большимъ братомъ.

I.

Aux temps très anciens, au temps du gracieux prince Vladimir, vivait dans sa demeure Ilia Mourometz (Ilia de Mourom), fils de paysan; il est resté assis sans bouger trente longues années.

Un jour vinrent deux pèlerins errants (vieillards divins), l'incitèrent à se lever et lui prédirent, qu'il deviendra un puissant bogatyr (héros).

Ilia Mourometz se dressa et sortit dans la campagne limpide. Il se procura un cheval de bogatyr et alla trouver l'illustre bogatyr Sviatogor.

La terre humide pouvait à peine porter le poids de Sviatogor,—il ne lui fut point accordé d'aller jusqu'à la Sainte Russie; mais il lui était loisible d'errer par les Sviaty Gory (Montagnes Saintes) aux cimes élevées.

Ilia s'approcha de lui, le saluant avec respect. Ils enfourchèrent des chevaux agiles et parcoururent longtemps les Montagnes Saintes, se divertissant à des jeux héroïques. Ils découvrirent un cercueil immense. Sviatogor s'y coucha et de ses profondeurs ne put s'arracher. Avant de mourir, il donna de sages conseils à Ilia. Puis son corps se couvrit de ruisseaux de sueur, et il mourut.....

La force héroïque fut transmise à Ilia, qui s'en alla par la route droite jusque vers Kiew, la capitale superbe. Son coursier galope comme vole le faucon, enjambe lacs et cours d'eau; par sa queue les cités sont balayées.

II.

Dans une forêt épaisse, sept chênes abritent Solovéi-le-Brigand. Le droit chemin est glissant, le droit chemin est barré. Sifflant comme le rossignol, poussant des cris féroces, Solovéi courbe jusqu'à terre les forêts épaisses; et tous les gens, s'il en est, gisent morts. Dans la forêt vivent les trois filles chéries de Solovéi. Elles possèdent beaucoup d'or, d'argent, de perles bien rondes—elles attirent par des cadeaux précieux les gens qui passent.

Solovéi entendit la démarche puissante du Bogatyr; il siffla, le brigand, comme un rossignol, il poussa ses cris féroces. Ilia banda son arc puissant, lança une flèche de fer ardent. Cette flèche frappa l'oeil droit de Solovéi, elle coucha le guerrier sur la terre humide. Ilia l'attacha à son étrier damassé et l'emmena vers la demeure de Vladimir Beau-Soleil.

III.

Chez le gracieux prince Vladimir se donne un noble festin, qui rassemble en nombre les princes, les boïars, les bogatyr à la force invincible. Arrivé près de la grande porte du palais, Ilia ordonne à Solovéi-le-Brigand de pousser son sifflement de rossignol et ses cris féroces... Alors fléchit la toiture du palais élevé, alors tombèrent tous les bogatyr puissants, tous les princes et boïars fameux. Seul, le prince Vladimir reste à peine debout.

Ilia trancha la tête du turbulent Solovéi. Vladimir, en récompense, donna à Ilia la place d'honneur à sa table; et tous les puissants bogatyr reconnurent Ilia pour leur frère insigne.

Изъ Орды, золотой земли, подымался злой Батыга со своею силою поганую. Отъ пару было отъ конинаго а и мѣсяць-солнце померкнуло, а отъ духу Татарскаго—не можно крещенымъ живымъ быть. Выѣзжалъ Илья Муромецъ со двѣнадцатю богатырями, и бились они двѣнадцать дней и прибили всю силу невѣрную.

— Не двѣ горы вмѣстѣ сдвигались, съѣзжались въ чистомъ полѣ два богатыря—Илья и Поленица Удалая. Ударились они первымъ боемъ—тѣмъ боемъ другъ друга не ранили; тянулись черезъ гривы лошадиныя—другъ друга не перетягиваютъ; сходили со добрыхъ коней, хватались плотнымъ боемъ, рукопашкою. Бились, дрались день до вечера, съ вечера бьются до полуночи, съ полуночи бьются до бѣла свѣта. Паль Илья на сыру землю—лежучи у него силы вдвое прибыло; махнетъ Поленицу въ бѣлы груди—вышибалъ выше дерева стоячаго. Скоро затмилъ очи ясныя, по плечъ отсѣкъ буйну голову, воткнулъ на копье мурзameцкое, повезъ на заставу богатырскую—при своей братѣ похвалялся.

— Выходило семь богатырей, выходилъ самъ Илья Муромецъ во чисто поле: „подавай намъ Силу нездѣшную, мы и съ тою Силою, богатыри, справимся“. Какъ промолвили они то слово неразумное, такъ и слетало двое воителей. Вѣщали они громкимъ голосомъ: „а да-вайте, богатыри, съ нами бой держать“. Налетаетъ на нихъ одинъ богатырь—стало четверо и живы всѣ; рубить Илья Муромецъ—стало вдвое больше и живы всѣ. Бросились на Силу небесную всѣ богатыри, стали Силу колоть рубить, а Сила та растеть да растеть, все на богатырей съ боемъ идетъ. Побѣждали могучіе богатыри въ каменные горы, въ темныя пещеры. Какъ подбѣжитъ одинъ—такъ и окаменѣетъ, какъ подбѣжитъ другой—такъ и окаменѣетъ. Подбѣжалъ къ горамъ Илья Муромецъ, да и тутъ то Илья окаменѣлъ.

Съ той поры перевелись богатыри на Святой Руси.

D'Orda, la terre d'or, s'est levé Batygha le méchant avec son armée païenne. L'haleine fumante de leurs chevaux obscurcissait l'éclat du soleil, et l'odeur Tatare qui montait eut suffoqué tout chrétien. Ilia Mourometz s'avança, suivi de douze bogatyrs; ils combattirent douze jours, et défirent l'armée entière des mécréants.

Ce ne sont point deux montagnes qui se rencontrent: ce sont, dans la campagne limpide, deux bogatyrs qui s'abordent, Ilia et Oudalaïa Polénitsa (géante guerrière). Au premier choc ils se frappent, mais ni l'un ni l'autre n'est blessé. Chacun saisit par les crins la monture de son adversaire, mais sans prendre l'avantage. Ils descendent de cheval, et vigoureusement s'agrippent. Ils luttent et se harcèlent jusqu' au soir, puis du soir à minuit et de minuit à l'aube. Ilia tombe sur la terre humide—et à ce contact ses forces sont doublées. Il frappe la blanche poitrine de la guerrière d'un coup formidable, qui la lance au dessus des grands arbres de la forêt. Bientôt il éteint les yeux brillants, détache des épaules la tête rebelle, la fiche sur une lance tatare, et l'emporte vers le camp des héros ses frères, qui l'acclament.

Sept bogatyrs s'avancent, Ilia Mourometz également s'avance par la campagne limpide: „Où est l'Armée Céleste, que nous, bogatyrs, nous l'anéantissions?“. Ils avaient à peine prononcé ces paroles insensées que bondirent en avant deux guerriers, criant à pleine voix: „Venez donc, bogatyrs, vous mesurer avec nous!“. Un bogatyr se précipite—voilà qu'ils sont quatre, bien vivants. Ilia les sabre—voilà qu'ils sont huit, indemnes. Tous les bogatyrs se jettent sur l'Armée Céleste, la chargent, la sabrent; mais elle se multiplie encore et encore, elle fond sur les bogatyrs. Ceux-ci s'enfuient vers les montagnes pierreuses, vers les sombres cavernes. L'un accourt,—il est changé en pierre; un autre se présente—aussitôt il est pétrifié. Ilia Mourometz court vers les montagnes, et lui aussi est soudain pétrifié. C'est depuis lors que les bogatyrs ont disparu de la Sainte Russie.

Илья Муромецъ

3-я часть.

Ilia Mourometz

3-me partie.

У ВЛАДИМИРА КРАСНА СОЛНЫШКА. III. CHEZ VLADIMIR BEAU-SOLEIL.

Droits d'exécution réservés.

Allegro. ♩ = 138.

R. GLIERE. Op. 42.

Flauto piccolo.

3 Flauti.

3 Oboi.

Corno inglese.

3 Clarinetti in A.

Clarinetto basso in A.

3 Fagotti.

Contrafagotto

6 Corni in F.

4 Trombe in B.

4 Tromboni e Tuba.

Timpani.

Triangolo

Piatti Gr.Cassa.

Tam-tam.

Campanelli.

Celesta.

Arpa I.

Arpa II.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viole.

Violoncelli.

Contrabassi.

Allegro. ♩ = 138.

Picc. 1

Fl. I. *p*

Ob. I. *pp*

I. *pp*

II. *pp*

III. *pp*

Fag. III. *pp*

Cor. III. *pp*

Camp.

Celesta. *p*

8

1

This page of a musical score includes parts for the following instruments:

- Flutes:** Fl. I., II., III.
- Cornet:** Cor. ingl.
- Trumpets:** I., II., III.
- Trombones:** I., II., III.
- Tuba**
- Percussion:** Triang., Piatti., Camp., Cel.
- String Section:** Div. (Violins I, Violins II, Viola, Cello/Double Bass), Vel.

The score is characterized by intricate melodic lines, often featuring eighth and sixteenth notes. Dynamic markings include mezzo-forte (*mf*) and piano (*p*). Performance instructions such as *arco* (bowed) and *pizz.* (pizzicato) are used for string parts. A rehearsal mark "3" is located at the bottom left corner.

4 Picc.

Fl. I.

Fl. II.

II

I.

II.

III.

I.

II.

III.

I.

II.

III.

Cor. p

Camp. pp

Celesta. p

A. I. p

A. II. p

arco p pizz.

pizz. p

pizz. p

Vel. pizz. p

III

IV.

div. pizz.

arco unis.

4

poco crescendo

The musical score consists of multiple staves for various instruments. The top section includes woodwinds (Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoon) and brass (Horns). Below them are the string sections (Violins, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass) and percussion (Cym.). The notation features complex rhythmic patterns, particularly in the lower strings and woodwinds, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings such as *pp*, *p*, and *fz* are used throughout. A rehearsal mark [5] appears at the end of the page.

[illegible]

Picc.

Fl. I. II.

II

III

mf

f

mf

f

Fag.

II

III

Tr-ba.

stacc.

f

Al

div.

6

6

[illegible]

Picc. poco accelerando

8

Picc. poco accelerando

8

F.I. II. III.

III

f

p

f

f dim.

mf

II mf

III mf

I mf

f dim.

Tr-be.

Tr-ni.

Arpa.

div. a 3

div. a 3

unis.

div.

mf

mf

mf

mf

poco accelerando

8

dim.

mf

poco accelerando'

8

9 $\text{♩} = 72$.

Cl. basso.

Fag. II.

Fag. III.

C-Fag.

Cor. I.

div.

9 $\text{♩} = 72$.

Cl. III.

10

Cl. basso.

cresc.

mf

dim.

Fag. I.

Fag. II/III

p

C-Fag. cresc.

dim.

Cor. I.

cresc.

dim.

div. cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

div. cresc.

cresc.

10

11

Musical score for measures 11-20. The score features multiple staves with various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *p* and *pp*. The notation includes first, second, and third endings (I., II., III.) and a fourth ending (IV.).

Musical score for measures 21-30. This section includes parts for Trombe, Tr-ni, and Tuba. Dynamic markings include *dim.*, *p*, and *pp*. The notation includes first, second, and third endings (I., II., III.) and a fourth ending (IV.).

Musical score for measures 31-40. The score includes parts for Trombe, Tr-ni, and Tuba. Dynamic markings include *div.*, *dim. unis.*, and *p*. The notation includes first, second, and third endings (I., II., III.) and a fourth ending (IV.).

11

12

13

Musical score for measures 12 and 13, measures 1-10. The score is written for a large ensemble, including woodwinds, brass, and strings. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked *p cresc.* (piano, crescendo). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Musical score for measures 12 and 13, measures 11-14. The score continues the ensemble music. The key signature remains one flat. The tempo is marked *p cresc.* (piano, crescendo). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Musical score for measures 12 and 13, measures 15-18. The score continues the ensemble music. The key signature remains one flat. The tempo is marked *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

[illegible]

Picc.

15

16

Tuba.

Tr-ne, III e Tuba

Timp.

non div.

div.

marc.

div.

15

16

Picc.

al - lar - gan - do -

Allegro (Tempo I). ♩ = 138.

259

17

I.II.

III.

mf

Tr-ni I.II.

Tr-ne III e Tuba.

mf

Timp.

Triang.

f

Arpa I.

mf

al - lar - gan - do -

17

Allegro (Tempo I). ♩ = 138.

First system of the musical score, measures 1-8. The score includes multiple staves with various musical notations. Dynamic markings include *mf* and *fp*. Rehearsal marks I, II, and III are indicated. The notation includes notes, rests, and slurs.

Second system of the musical score, measures 9-16. This system includes staves for *Trbe I.II.*, *Tr-ni I.II.*, and *Triang.*. Dynamic markings include *mf*. The notation includes notes, rests, and slurs.

Third system of the musical score, measures 17-24. This system includes staves for *Arpa I.* and *Arpa II.*. Dynamic markings include *f*. The notation includes notes, rests, and slurs.

Fourth system of the musical score, measures 25-32. This system includes staves with various musical notations. Dynamic markings include *mf*, *f*, *pizz.*, and *arco*. The notation includes notes, rests, and slurs.

[illegible]

[illegible]

21

Fl. I.

Fl. II.

C. F.

Triang.

Arpa I.

Arpa II.

div.

unis.

mf

p

p dolce

p dolce

div. a 3

pizz.

pizz.

21

Picc.

cresc.

The musical score is arranged in a system of staves. The top section includes staves for Piccolo (Picc.), Flutes (Fl.), Oboes (Ob.), Clarinets (Cl.), Bassoons (Bsn.), and Basses (B.). The middle section includes staves for Trumpets (Tr.), Trombones (Tbn.), and Percussion (Perc.). The bottom section includes staves for Violins (Vl.), Violas (Vla.), Cellos (Cel.), Double Basses (Cb.), and a Divan (div.). The score is marked with various dynamics including *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *arco* (arco). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, with some measures containing multiple notes and rests. The bottom right corner of the page features the number 36335.

36335

cresc.

arco

[illegible]

25

This page of musical notation is for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. It features multiple staves with various instruments and dynamics. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. Dynamics like *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo) are indicated throughout the score. The page is numbered 25 in the top right corner and 25 in the bottom right corner. The bottom left corner contains the number 36335.

The score is divided into several systems. The first system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The second system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The third system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The fourth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The fifth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The sixth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The seventh system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The eighth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The ninth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba. The tenth system includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and a tuba.

Key markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The tuba part is marked with *Tr-be.* and *p* (piano). The double bass part is marked with *p* (piano). The woodwind parts are marked with *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The string parts are marked with *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo).

25

26

rit. molto 27 Andante. ♩ = 66.

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system contains staves for C. Ing1, C. Fag., Tr. III, IV, Tr. ni. I, II, and Tuba. The second system contains staves for a large woodwind section, with each staff labeled 'div.'. The tempo is marked 'Andante. ♩ = 66.' and the key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The score includes various dynamics such as *pp*, *p*, and *cresc.*, as well as articulations like *trem.* (trémolo). The measure numbers 269 through 274 are indicated at the bottom of the staves.

ac - ce - [28] le - ran - do

Picc. I.

Picc. II.

Fl. I.

Fl. II.

p cresc.

mf

a 2

mf

p cresc.

mf

Cl. bass.

a 2

C. Fag.

III. +

III. IV. +

Tr. bc I. II.

Ar. II.

mf

B, C, D, E, Fis, Ges, As.

senza sord.

Tr. IV.

unis.

unis.

ac - ce - [28] le - ran - do

Picc. **[29] Allegro. ♩=132.** di - mi - ni - en

Fl. *muta Picc. II in Fl. III.*

a 2 marc. *marc.* *ff*

Tr. IV. *I. II.* *senza sord.* *senza sordini.* *ff*

Tr. ni III IV *a 2 marc.* *IV.* *Tuba* *Tuba*

Gr. C.

Tam-tam.

A. II. *div.* *a 2* *8* *A. I.* *8* *Cis, Des, Es, F, G, A, H.* *unis.* *ff* *unis.* *ff* *unis.* *ff*

a 3 *a 3* *marc.* *ff* *marc.* *ff*

[29] Allegro. ♩=132. 36335 di - mi - ni - en

Score for orchestra and solo instruments, measures 30-35.

Measures 30-35:

- Fl. I. II.** (Flutes I and II): Measure 30, I. - do. Measure 31, II. (Flute II).
- III.** (Violin III): Measure 30, p. Measure 31, p. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.
- C-Fag.** (C-Bassoon): Measure 30, p. Measure 31, p. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.
- Timp.** (Timpani): Measure 30, ppp. Measure 31, ppp. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.
- Gr.C.** (Glockenspiel): Measure 30, mf. Measure 31, mf. Measure 32, mf. Measure 33, mf. Measure 34, mf. Measure 35, mf.
- Tam-tam**: Measure 30, ppp. Measure 31, ppp. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.
- div.** (divisi): Measure 30, do. Measure 31, p. Measure 32, p. Measure 33, p. Measure 34, p. Measure 35, p.
- div. pizz.** (divisi pizzicato): Measure 30, ppp. Measure 31, ppp. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.
- arco** (arco): Measure 30, ppp. Measure 31, ppp. Measure 32, ppp. Measure 33, ppp. Measure 34, ppp. Measure 35, ppp.

36335 30

[31] poco a poco accelerando

[32]

II. *pp* *p* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

p *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

pp *p* *cresc.*

V.VI. *p* *cresc.*

div. *pp* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.* *pp cresc.*

arco *pp* *cresc.*

[31] poco a poco accelerando

[32]

[illegible]

Picc.

Fag.

Camp.

Triang.

Piatti.

unis. **div.** **unis.**

[illegible]

Tromba.
 Trlang.
 Piatti.
 Cel.
 A. I. II. a 2
 unis.
 div.
 unis. pizz.

Musical score page 277, featuring multiple staves of music. The score includes woodwinds (Tromba, Trlang.), brass (Piatti.), and strings (Cel., A. I. II. a 2, unis., div., unis. pizz.). The notation is complex, with many notes, rests, and dynamic markings (mf, p, f). The page number 277 is in the top right corner.

36 **Picc.**

This page of a musical score is for a symphony orchestra. It features a variety of instruments and their parts across multiple staves. The instruments include Piccolo (Picc.), Flutes (Fl.), Oboes (Ob.), Clarinets (Cl.), Bassoons (Fag.), Triangles (Triang.), Cymbals (Cel.), and Strings (A. II.). The score is written in a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a 2/4 time signature. Dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *pp* (pianissimo) are used throughout. Tempo markings include *sempre poco marc.* (always a little more marked). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and articulation marks. The Piccolo part is prominent in the upper staves, often playing rapid, rhythmic patterns. The string parts provide a harmonic and rhythmic foundation, with some sections featuring sustained notes and others with more active movement. The overall texture is complex, typical of a full orchestral score.

37

Tr-ni I. II.

Triang.

Cel.

A. II.

p *mf* *cresc.*

37

Picc.

38

This musical score page contains measures 38 through 43. The instrumentation includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flutes (Fl.), Oboes (Ob.), Clarinets (Cl.), Bassoons (Bsn.), Trumpets (Tr-be), Trombones (Tromb.), Percussion (Perc.), and Strings (Str.). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is written for a full orchestra. Measures 38-43 show a complex orchestral texture with various melodic and harmonic lines. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *cresc.* (crescendo). The Piccolo part is marked *p* in measures 38-43. The Flutes and Oboes have melodic lines with slurs. The Clarinets and Bassoons have harmonic support. The Trumpets and Trombones have melodic lines with slurs. The Percussion part includes Triangles (Triang.) and Plates (Piatti). The Strings part includes Violins (Vl.) and Cellos/Double Basses (Cel. A. II.).

Measures 38-43:

- Measures 38-40: Piccolo (Picc.) plays a melodic line marked *p*. Flutes (Fl.) and Oboes (Ob.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Clarinets (Cl.) and Bassoons (Bsn.) play a harmonic line marked *p*. Trumpets (Tr-be) and Trombones (Tromb.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Percussion (Perc.) includes Triangles (Triang.) and Plates (Piatti). Strings (Str.) play a melodic line marked *p*.
- Measure 41: Piccolo (Picc.) plays a melodic line marked *p*. Flutes (Fl.) and Oboes (Ob.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Clarinets (Cl.) and Bassoons (Bsn.) play a harmonic line marked *p*. Trumpets (Tr-be) and Trombones (Tromb.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Percussion (Perc.) includes Triangles (Triang.) and Plates (Piatti). Strings (Str.) play a melodic line marked *p*.
- Measure 42: Piccolo (Picc.) plays a melodic line marked *p*. Flutes (Fl.) and Oboes (Ob.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Clarinets (Cl.) and Bassoons (Bsn.) play a harmonic line marked *p*. Trumpets (Tr-be) and Trombones (Tromb.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Percussion (Perc.) includes Triangles (Triang.) and Plates (Piatti). Strings (Str.) play a melodic line marked *p*.
- Measure 43: Piccolo (Picc.) plays a melodic line marked *p*. Flutes (Fl.) and Oboes (Ob.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Clarinets (Cl.) and Bassoons (Bsn.) play a harmonic line marked *p*. Trumpets (Tr-be) and Trombones (Tromb.) play a melodic line marked *p*. Percussion (Perc.) includes Triangles (Triang.) and Plates (Piatti). Strings (Str.) play a melodic line marked *p*.

38

39

Picc.

Musical score for page 39, featuring various instruments including Piccolo, Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Trumpets, Trombones, Tuba, Triangle, Cymbals, Celesta, and Piano. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The page number 39 is visible in the top right corner and bottom center.

The score includes the following parts and markings:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Flutes** (top two staves): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Oboes** (middle two staves): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Clarinet** (5th staff): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Bassoon** (6th staff): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Trumpet** (7th staff): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Trombone** (8th staff): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Tuba** (9th staff): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.
- Triangle** (10th staff): Marked *p* in measures 1-4.
- Cymbals** (11th staff): Marked *p* in measures 1-4.
- Cel.** (Celesta): Marked *p* in measures 1-4.
- Piano** (bottom two staves): Marked *mf* in measures 1-4.

The score also includes dynamic markings such as *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano), and articulation markings like *div.* (divisi) and *arco* (arco).

39

40 Picc.

This musical score page contains measures 40 through 49. The Piccolo (Picc.) part is the primary focus, featuring rapid sixteenth-note passages in measures 40-44 and 46-49, and sustained notes in measures 45 and 48. The score includes staves for various instruments: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Bs.), Trumpet (Tr.), Trombone (Tbn.), Tuba, and Piano (A.I.I.). Dynamics such as *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano) are indicated throughout. A 'div.' (divisi) instruction appears in the lower right section of the score.

40

36335

This page of a musical score is for a large ensemble, including orchestra and voices. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features a variety of instruments and vocal parts, each with specific dynamic markings and performance instructions.

Instrumental Parts:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Starts at measure 41, marked *p* (piano).
- mf** (mezzo-forte): Marked for several woodwind and string parts.
- cresc.** (crescendo): Multiple instances across the score, indicating a gradual increase in volume.
- a 2** (second ending): Marked for the Piccolo and some woodwinds.
- Tr-be** (Trumpet): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*
- IV Tuba** (Fourth Tuba): Marked *cresc.*
- A.I.I. a 2** (Alto Saxophone II, second ending): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*
- unis.** (unison): Marked for the vocal parts.
- div.** (divisi): Marked for the vocal parts.

Vocal Parts:

- Fag.** (Bassoon): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*
- III** (Third Voice): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*
- I II** (First and Second Voices): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*
- A.I.I. a 2** (Alto Saxophone II, second ending): Marked *mf* and *cresc.*

The score includes a variety of musical notation, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is numbered 41 in the top left corner.

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The page is numbered 45 at the top center. The instruments and parts visible include:

- Picc.** (Piccolo) at the top.
- Fl. III** (Flute III).
- Ob. II** (Oboe II).
- Clar. I** (Clarinet I).
- Clar. II** (Clarinet II).
- Bass.** (Bassoon).
- Fag.** (Fagotto / Bassoon).
- Tr. III** (Trumpet III).
- Tr. IV e Tuba.** (Trumpet IV and Tuba).
- Timp.** (Timpani).
- Piatti** (Cymbals).
- Camp.** (Campanelli / Bells).
- Cel.** (Celesta).
- A.I. II.** (Violoncello II).
- Viol. I** (Violin I).
- Viol. II** (Violin II).
- Viola** (Viola).
- Viol. III** (Violin III).
- Viol. IV** (Violin IV).
- Viola** (Viola).
- Viol. V** (Violin V).
- Viol. VI** (Violin VI).
- Viol. VII** (Violin VII).
- Viol. VIII** (Violin VIII).
- Viol. IX** (Violin IX).
- Viol. X** (Violin X).
- Viol. XI** (Violin XI).
- Viol. XII** (Violin XII).
- Viol. XIII** (Violin XIII).
- Viol. XIV** (Violin XIV).
- Viol. XV** (Violin XV).
- Viol. XVI** (Violin XVI).
- Viol. XVII** (Violin XVII).
- Viol. XVIII** (Violin XVIII).
- Viol. XIX** (Violin XIX).
- Viol. XX** (Violin XX).
- Viol. XXI** (Violin XXI).
- Viol. XXII** (Violin XXII).
- Viol. XXIII** (Violin XXIII).
- Viol. XXIV** (Violin XXIV).
- Viol. XXV** (Violin XXV).
- Viol. XXVI** (Violin XXVI).
- Viol. XXVII** (Violin XXVII).
- Viol. XXVIII** (Violin XXVIII).
- Viol. XXIX** (Violin XXIX).
- Viol. XXX** (Violin XXX).
- Viol. XXXI** (Violin XXXI).
- Viol. XXXII** (Violin XXXII).
- Viol. XXXIII** (Violin XXXIII).
- Viol. XXXIV** (Violin XXXIV).
- Viol. XXXV** (Violin XXXV).
- Viol. XXXVI** (Violin XXXVI).
- Viol. XXXVII** (Violin XXXVII).
- Viol. XXXVIII** (Violin XXXVIII).
- Viol. XXXIX** (Violin XXXIX).
- Viol. XL** (Violin XL).
- Viol. XLI** (Violin XLI).
- Viol. XLII** (Violin XLII).
- Viol. XLIII** (Violin XLIII).
- Viol. XLIV** (Violin XLIV).
- Viol. XLV** (Violin XLV).
- Viol. XLVI** (Violin XLVI).
- Viol. XLVII** (Violin XLVII).
- Viol. XLVIII** (Violin XLVIII).
- Viol. XLIX** (Violin XLIX).
- Viol. L** (Violin L).

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings (p, f, mf, etc.). There are also some specific markings like "a 2" and "unis." (unison).

Fl. a 2
III.

a 2

C. E.

Piatti.

I. II.

div.

div.

al - lar - gan - do

Picc. a2
 Fl. II
 Fl. III
 Fl. I. II. III.
 I. III.
 II. IV.
 a2
 Tuba
 Piatti
 Cel.
 A. I.
 A. I. II.
 div. a 3
 div. a 2
 pizz.
 44 Più allegro. ♩ = 144.

cre - scen
 cre - scen

[illegible]

Picc.

46

Picc.
 Fl. I
 Fl. II
 Fl. III
 Oboe I
 Oboe II
 Oboe III
 Clarinet in Bb
 Clarinet in A
 Bassoon I
 Bassoon II
 Bassoon III
 Horn I
 Horn II
 Horn III
 Horn IV
 Trumpet I
 Trumpet II
 Trumpet III
 Trumpet IV
 Trombone I
 Trombone II
 Trombone III
 Trombone IV
 Tuba
 Euphonium
 Timpans
 Cymbals
 Triangle
 Celesta
 Piano
 Violin I
 Violin II
 Viola
 Violoncello
 Double Bass

46
 arco
 mf cresc.

Picc.

47

II. III. a2

a2

muta Fl. III. in piccolo II.

marc. a2

marc. a2

p *foroso.*

IV.

Triang.

Piaiti.

Cel.

Ar. I.

Ar. II.

Ar. III. a2

Arp. II.

unis.

unis.

36335

47

Fl. I. II. **48**

Ob. **48**

Tr-be I. II.

Tuba.

Triang.

Cel.

48

49

49

36335

F1.I.II.

50 a 2

[illegible]

51

Compositions russes pour Grand Orchestre. Suite 1.

- Arensky, A.** Op. 4. Symphonie № 1. (H-moll.) *Partition.* 7 —
Parties. 12 50
Parties supplémentaires: chaque à 1 —
 — Op. 23. Silhouettes (2-me Suite) pour 2 Pianos à 4 mains, instrumentée par l'auteur. (2-я сюита). *Partition.* 3 —
Parties. 7 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—50 c. VI. II—40 c. Vla—50 c. Vlo—40 c. Basso—30 c.
 — Op. 33. 3-me Suite (Variations) pour 2 Pianos à 4 mains, instrumentée par l'auteur. *Partition.* 3 —
Parties. 6 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—40 c. VI. II—40 c. Vla—50 c. Vlo—40 c. Basso—30 c.
- Balakirew, M. Tamar.** Poème symphonique. Nouvelle édition, revue et corrigée par l'auteur. *Partition.* 7 —
Parties. 10 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—70 c. VI. II—70 c. Vla—70 c. Vlo—60 c. Basso—50 c.
- Bleichmann, J.** Op. 18. Symphonie en La-mineur. *Partition.* 5 —
 — Op. 22. Suite de ballet: №№ 1. Ouverture. 2. Danse des bouffons. 3. Danse orientale. 4. Danse des feux. 5. Visions. 6. Valse. *Partition.* 5 —
 — Op. 38. 2-me Suite: №№ 1. Intermezzo. 2. Valse des Driades. 3. Dans les champs. 4. Danse russe. 5. Cortège aux flambeaux. *Partition.* 5 —
- Conus, G.** Op. 1. Scènes enfantines. Suite pour Orchestre et chœur. Изъ дѣтской жизни. Сюита для оркестра и хора. Вступленіе. №№ 1. Сказка про бычка. 2. Игра въ лошади. 3. Съ куклой. 4. Капризь. 5. Старушка няня. 6. Органчикъ. 7. Грѣзы. 8. Состраданіе. 9. Дѣтскія ласки. 10. Пѣсня про комара. *Partition.* 7 —
Parties. 12 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—90 c. VI. II—90 c. Vla—80 c. Vlo—70 c. Basso—60 c.
- Goedicke, A.** Op. 15. 1-re Symphonie. *Partition.* 9 —
 — d-to. *Parties.* —
- Ijinsky, A.** Op. 4. Suite № 1. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 10 —
Parties supplémentaires: Chaque à—60
 — Op. 13. Nour et Anitra. Suite pour 2 Pianos à 4/ms, arr. p. grand Orchestre par l'auteur: №№ 1. Le Paladin à cheval. 2. Le château mystérieux. 3. Gnomes. 4. La Princesse enchantée. Tentation. 5. Danse féerique. 6. Rêveries. Paladin et Princesse. 7. Berceuse. 8. Orgie. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 15 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. VI. II—90 c. Vla—80 c. Vlo—70 c. Basso—60 c.
- Ippolitow-Iwanow, M.** Op. 10. Esquisses caucasiennes, Suite. *Partition.* 3 —
Parties. 10 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I, II, Vla à—50 c. Vlo—40 c. Basso—30 c.
 — Op. 42. Iveria. Suite. №№ 1. Introduction. 2. Berceuse. 3. Lesghinka. 4. Marche Géorgienne. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 9 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—60 c. VI. II, Vla, Vlo à 50 c. Basso—30 c.
- Kalinnikow, B.** Symphonie № 1. (G-moll.) *Partition.* 10 —
Parties. 18 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. 20 c. VI. II—1 r. 50 c. Vla—1 r. 20 c. Vlo—1 r. Basso—80 c.
 — Symphonie № 2. (A-dur). *Partition.* 10 —
Parties. 17 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. 20 c. VI. II—1 r. 10 c. Vla—1 r. 10. Vlo—1 r. Basso—1 r.
 — Le cèdre et le palmier. Tableau symphonique. *Partition.* 2 —
Parties. 3 —
Parties supplémentaires: Chaque à—25
 — Suite. *Partition.* 6 —
Parties. —
- Pachulski, H.** Op. 13. Suite. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 5 —
Parties supplémentaires: Chaque à—40
- Rimsky-Korsakow, N.** Op. 5. Episode de la Légende Sadko. Tableau musical. *Partition.* 3 —
Parties. 7 —
Parties supplémentaires: chaque à—30
 — Le même. Nouvelle édition. 2-e version. *Partition.* 3 —
Parties. 7 —
Parties supplém.: VI. I—40 c. VI. II, Vla, Vlo, Basso à—30 c.
- Rubinstein, A.** Op. 110. Eroïca. Fantaisie à la mémoire de M. Skobeleff. *Partition.* 6 —
Parties. 7 50
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—65 c. VI. II—50 c. Vla—65 c. Vlo—50 c. Basso 40 c.
 — La Russie. Morceau symphonique. *Partition.* 3 50
Parties. 8 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—50 c. VI. II—40 c. Vla—50 c. Vlo—40 c. Basso—30 c.
- Sibelius, J.** Op. 49. Pohjola's Tochter. Sinfonische Fantasie. *Partitur.* 7 50
Orchesterstimmen. 9 —
Jede Streichstimme einzeln. à—60
- Simon, A.** Op. 36. La revue de nuit. Poème symphonique sur la ballade de Joukovsky. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 9 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—30 c. VI. II—30 c. Vla—50 c. Vlo—40 c. Basso—40 c.
- Tschaïkowsky, P.** Op. 13. 1-re Symphonie. (G-moll.). 1-я Симфонія. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 12 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. 10 c. VI. II—1 r. 10 c. Vla—1 r. Vlo—90 c. Basso—80 c.
 — Op. 18. Tempête. Fantaisie d'après Shakespeare. *Part.* 5 —
Parties. 6 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—60 c. VI. II—70 c. Vla—60 c. Vlo I et Basso—80 c. Vlo II et Basso—70 c. Vlo III—60 c.
 — Op. 29. 3-me Symphonie. (D-dur) 3-я Симфонія. *Part.* 6 —
Parties. 14 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. VI. II—1 r. Vla—1 r. 10 c. Vlo—90 c. Basso—60 c.
 — Op. 32. Francesca da Rimini. Fantaisie. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 10 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—60 c. VI. II—60 c. Vla—60 c. Vlo et Basso 1 r. 10 c.
 — Op. 36. 4-me Symphonie. (F-moll.). 4-я Симфонія. *Partition in 80.* 9 —
d-to. Partion in 160. 2 40
Parties. 15 —
Parties supplém.: VI. I, VI. II, Vla, Vlo à 90 c. Basso—70 c.
 — Op. 43. Suite I. №№ 1. Introduzione e fuga. 2. Divertimento. 3. Andante. 4. Scherzo. Marche miniature. 5. Gavotte. *Partition.* 5 —
Parties. 10 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. VI. II—1 r. Vla—80 c. Vlo et Basso—1 r. 10 c.
 — Op. 53. Suite II. №№ 1. Jeu de sons. 2. Valse. 3. Scherzo humoristique. 4. Rêves d'enfant. 5. Danse baroque (style Dargomijsky). Nouv. édit. corrigée par l'auteur. *Partition.* 7 —
Parties. 15 —
Parties supplémentaires: VI. I—1 r. VI. II—1 r. Vla—1 r. Vlo—90 c. Basso—80 c.
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