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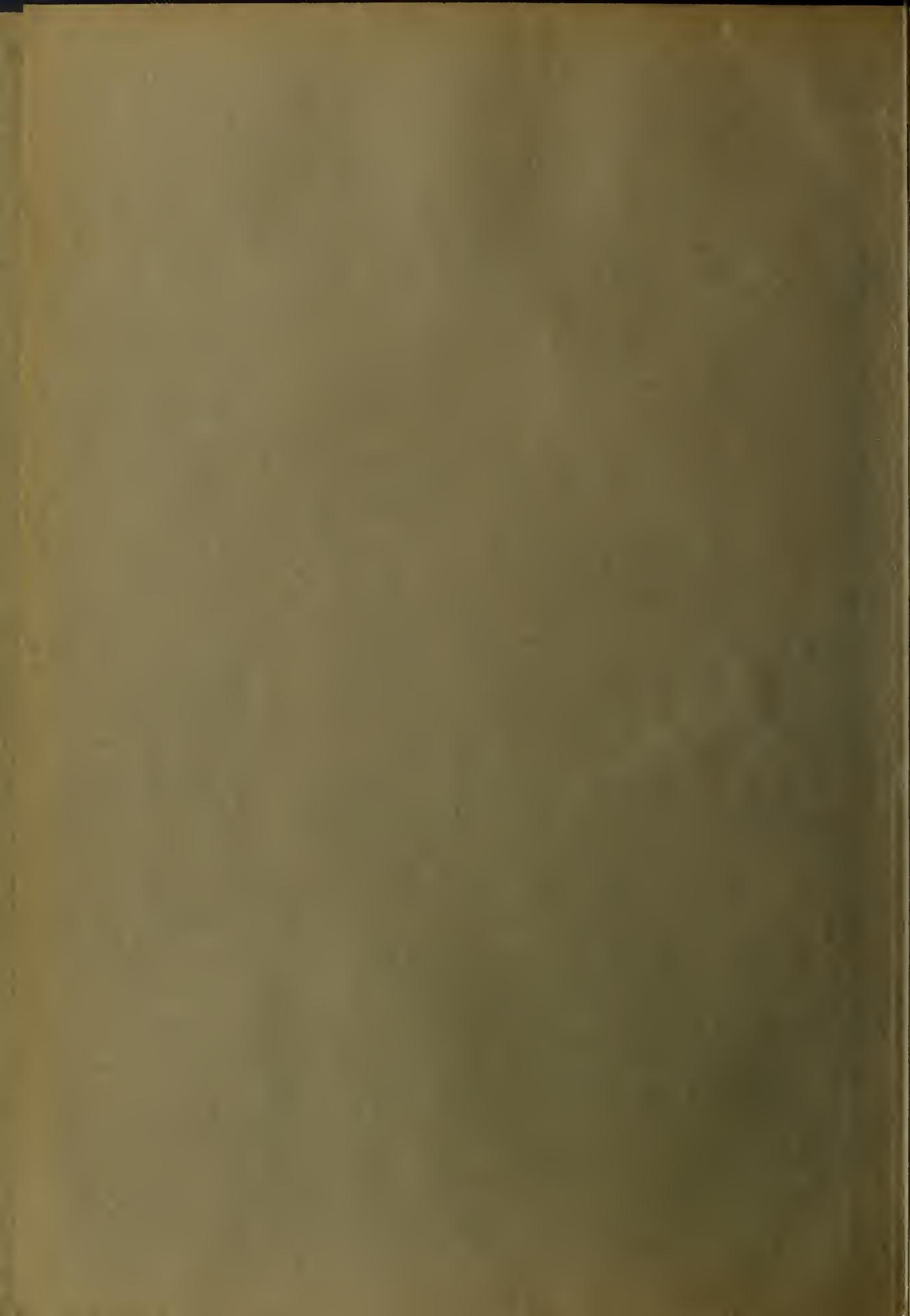
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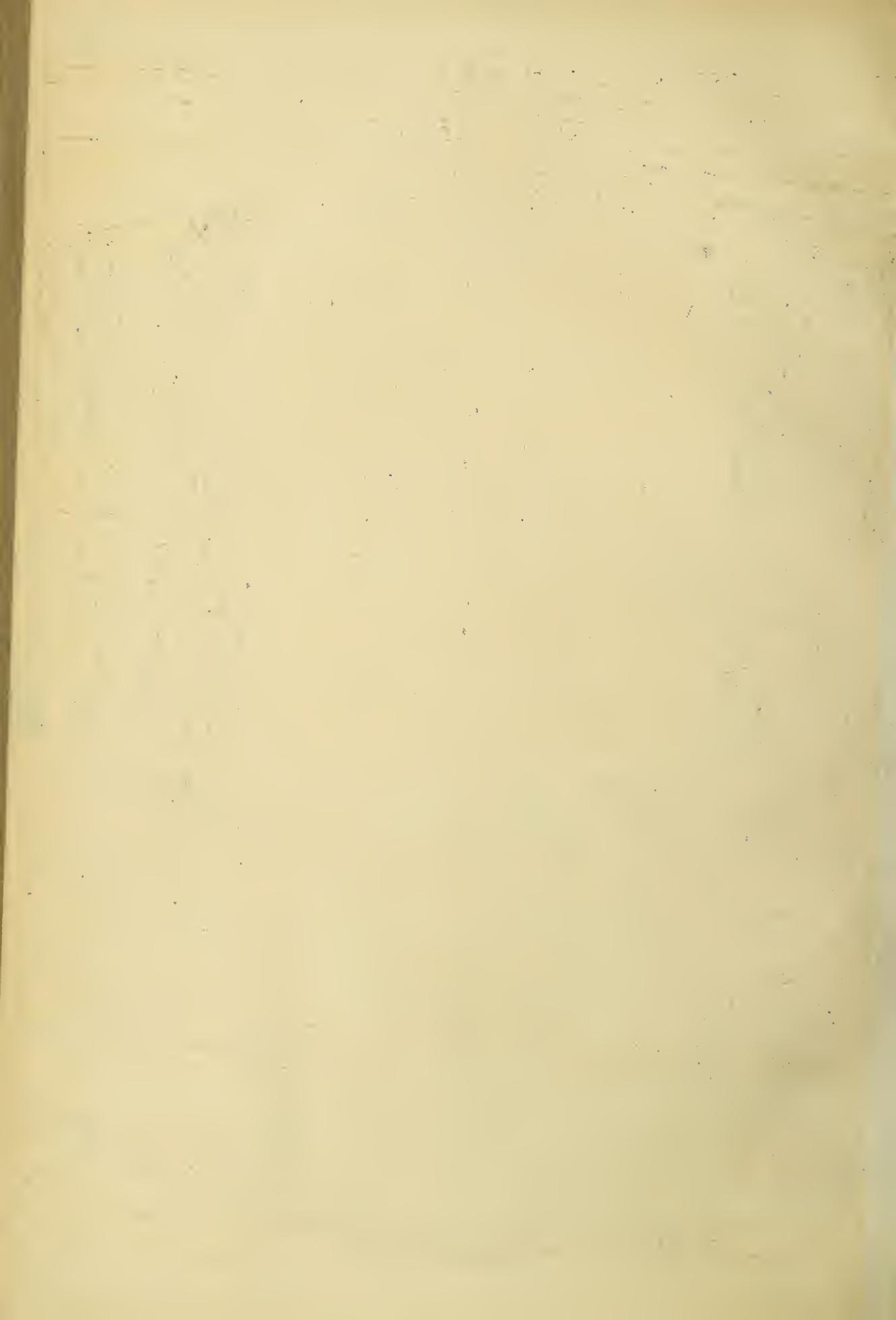
# BEN-HUR

COMPOSED BY  
**EDGAR STILLMAN KELLEY**

Acting Professor of Musical Theory, Yale University



**TOWERS & CURRAN**  
PUBLISHERS  
1440 BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY



*clic*

WORDS AND MUSIC.  
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**GEN. LEW WALLACE'S**  
**BEN-HUR**  
BY  
**EDGAR STILLMAN KELLEY**

ACTING PROFESSOR OF MUSICAL THEORY  
YALE UNIVERSITY

EDITED BY  
**CHARLES FELEKY**

Price \$1.50

**TOWERS & CURRAN**  
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*Sinfonia Antwerp.*

# “Ben-Hur.”

## Prelude.

Edited by CHAS. FELEKY.

### I. The Prophecy.

EDGAR STILLMAN KELLEY.

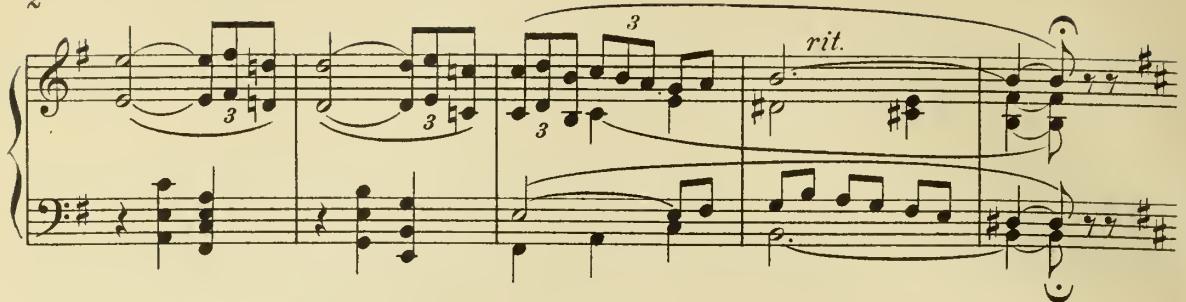
Op. 17.

Lento maestoso.

Piano.

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*Tenors & va lower.*



*accomp.ad lib.*



*cresc.*

saw con - cern - - ing Ju - dah and Je - ru - - sa-



lem.



In the drama this chorus is sung behind the scenes. In small choirs the opening measures may be sung by a single voice. The whole number can be sung by 2 or 3 voices, (similar or mixed,) in unison and octaves.

*TENORS.*

*BASSES.*

Hear, O heavens and give  
ear, O earth; For the Lord \_\_\_\_\_ hath spoken,  
Hear, for the Lord hath spoken, A - risel For thy Shine! For thy

poco cresc. - - - - - *f*

light is come and the glo-ry of the Lord is ris - en up - on thee.

poco cresc. - - - - - *f*

*p*

For be-hold the darkness shall cov-er the earth, and gross

*p*

Brass.

*pp*

*poco animato e cresc.*

dark-ness the peo - - ple. But the Lord shall a-rise up -

Strings.

*pp*

on thee, and his glo - ry shall be seen up - on thee, And the

Bassoon.

Gentiles shall come to thy light and Kings to the bright - ness of thy

Red. \* Red. \* Red. \* Red. \* Red. \*

ris - - ing, thy ris - - ing.

dim.

Red. \* Red.

## II. The approach of the Magi.

Andante misterioso.

Bassoon

semper pp

Andante misterioso.

*ppp* Strings con sordini

col sva

Bass Clar.

semper pp

8

The musical score consists of eight staves of music. The top staff features a bassoon part with sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings 'semper pp' and '3'. Below it is a staff for 'Strings con sordini' (with muted strings) and another for 'col sva' (with sustained notes). The third section begins with a bass clarinet part, also marked 'semper pp' and '3'. The bottom section contains two staves, one for bassoon and one for strings, separated by a horizontal dashed line. The score concludes with a final section starting at measure 8, featuring sixteenth-note patterns for both bassoon and strings.

Clart.

Musical score page 7, featuring six staves of music. The top staff is for Clarinet (Clart.), showing a melodic line with sixteenth-note patterns. The second staff is for Piano, with harmonic chords. The third staff is for Violin (Viol.), featuring eighth-note patterns. The fourth staff is for Piano. The fifth staff is for Piano. The sixth staff is for Piano. The score includes dynamic markings like *mf*, *col 8f*, and *r.h.* (right hand). The key signature is A major (three sharps), and the time signature varies between common time and 2/4.

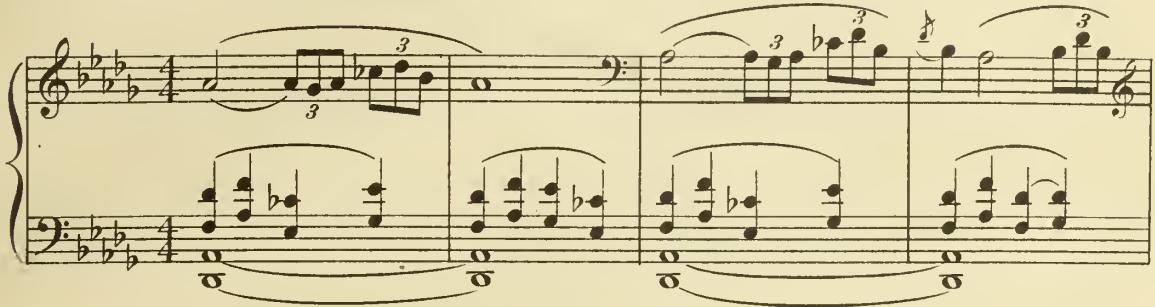
col 8v

sempre dim. al Fine.

### III. The Star in the East.

#### Tableau.

Balthasar, Gaspar and Melchior discovered. They are in eager conversation. Balt. motions towards



the south as he indicates the direction from whence he came.

Lento maestoso.

They speak about the Messianic Prophecy.

Poco agitato.

Shimmerings of light indicate the presence of the star in the East.

## Moderato maestoso.

The star begins to rise and grows in intensity until the end of the scene.

Flutes

Musical score for Flutes and Strings. The top staff shows two flutes playing eighth-note patterns. The first flute starts at *p*, followed by *poco a poco cresc al Fine*. The bottom staff shows strings playing eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *pp*.

Filled with religious fervor the three wise

Musical score for Flutes and Strings. The top staff shows flutes and strings continuing their eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *mf*. The bottom staff shows strings playing eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *mf*.

men exchange salutations and reverently kneel in prayer.

Musical score for Flutes and Strings. The top staff shows flutes and strings playing eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *f*. The bottom staff shows strings playing eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *f*. Measures 5 and 6 show similar patterns.

**Act I.**  
**Introduction.**

Garden on the roof of the palace of the Hurs in Jerusalem.

Lento maestoso.



Allegro moderato. a) Ben-Hur enters.

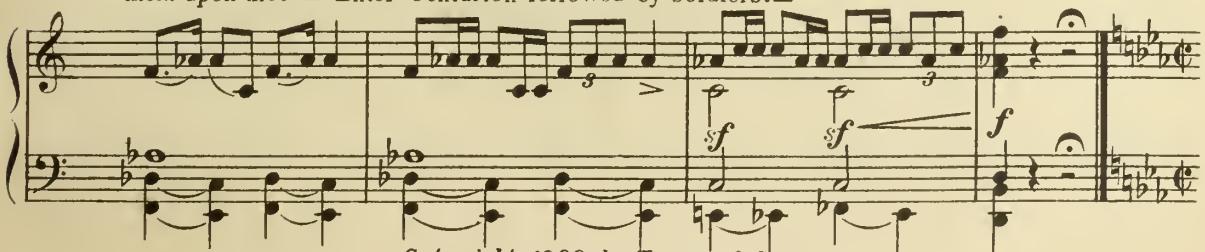


Allegro moderato.

b) Ben-Hur: "Misfortune, ruin! I have brought



"them upon thee!" — Enter Centurion followed by soldiers.—



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## Allegro con fuoco.

c) Ben-Hur: "Oh, Lord, in the hour of thy vengeance mine be the hand to put it upon him!"

## Prelude to Act II.

Interior of Cabin of the Roman Galley "Astraea."

## Moderato molto.

Musical score page 43, measures 1-4. The music is in 2/4 time, key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment has sustained notes on the first beat of each measure. Measure 1 ends with a fermata over the piano's sustained note. Measure 2 begins with a dynamic instruction "cresc.". Measures 3 and 4 continue the pattern with sustained notes and eighth-note chords.

Musical score page 43, measures 5-8. The vocal line remains consistent with eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment continues with sustained notes. Measure 6 begins with a dynamic instruction "cresc.". Measures 7 and 8 continue the pattern.

Musical score page 43, measures 9-12. The vocal line features eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment includes sustained notes. Measure 9 starts with a dynamic "ff". Measure 10 is marked "molto dim.". Measure 11 is a rest. Measure 12 begins with a dynamic "p" and is labeled "poco animato". The vocal line ends with a melodic line over a piano harmonic background.

Musical score page 43, measures 13-16. The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment features sustained notes. Measure 13 ends with a fermata over the piano's sustained note. Measures 14 and 15 continue the pattern. Measure 16 begins with a dynamic "sf" and ends with a dynamic "p".

Musical score page 43, measures 17-20. The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment features sustained notes. Measure 17 ends with a fermata over the piano's sustained note. Measures 18 and 19 continue the pattern. Measure 20 begins with a dynamic "rit." (ritardando) and ends with a dynamic "f". The vocal line concludes with a melodic line over a piano harmonic background. The section ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Musical score page 14, measures 1-6. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, common time. Measure 1: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 2: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 3: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 4: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 5: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 6: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 7: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs.

*molto espressivo*

Musical score page 14, measures 7-12. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, common time. Measure 7: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 8: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 9: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 10: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 11: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 12: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs.

Musical score page 14, measures 13-18. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, common time. Measure 13: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 14: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 15: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 16: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 17: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 18: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs.

Curtain rises. Interior of Galley.

Musical score page 14, measures 19-24. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, common time. Measure 19: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 20: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 21: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 22: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 23: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 24: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs.

Musical score page 14, measures 25-30. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, common time. Measure 25: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 26: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 27: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 28: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 29: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs. Measure 30: Treble staff has eighth-note pairs. Bass staff has eighth-note pairs.

## Act II.

Moderato molto.

a) Ben-Hur: "One only — a boy, by a well, blessed me, and gave me a draught of wa-

ter. And that, Oh, Tribune I remember, because it hath been through all these years, my one measure of human kindness."

Allegro.

b) Officer of Galley: "Now, pull! Full speed! Faster! Cut them down!"

Moderato molto.

c) The wreck in the open sea. — The Rescue.

Musical score page 16, featuring six staves of music for orchestra. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The music consists of six measures per staff.

**Staff 1:** Measures 1-6. Treble clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{d}{\text{d.}}$ ,  $\frac{d}{\text{d.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{d.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{d.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{d.}}$ .

**Staff 2:** Measures 1-6. Bass clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ .

**Staff 3:** Measures 1-6. Treble clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ . Articulations: *cresc.*, *poco a poco*, *poco*.

**Staff 4:** Measures 1-6. Bass clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ .

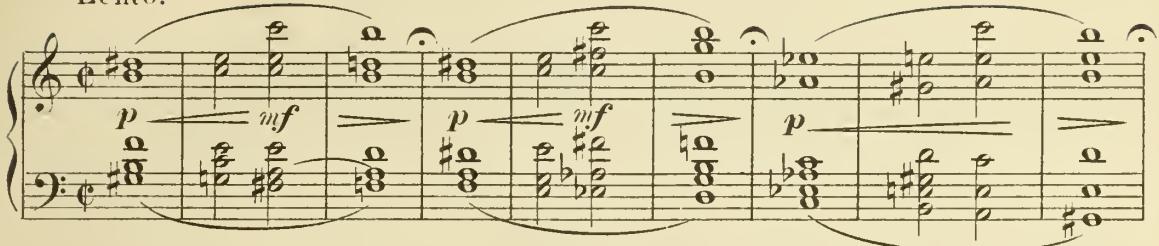
**Staff 5:** Measures 1-6. Treble clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ . Articulations: *Trpts*, *cresc. sempre poco a poco*, *Trombs.*

**Staff 6:** Measures 1-6. Bass clef. Dynamics:  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{p}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ ,  $\frac{\#}{\text{p.}}$ . Articulations: *Hns.*, *ff*.

## Act III.

Transition-Music. (At End of Scene I.)

Lento.



Allegro ma non troppo.



Musical score for piano, page 18, featuring six staves of music:

- Staff 1 (Treble Clef):** Starts with eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: *f marcato*, *mf*.
- Staff 2 (Bass Clef):** Continues eighth-note pairs.
- Staff 3 (Treble Clef):** Starts with eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: *cresc.*, *ff*.
- Staff 4 (Bass Clef):** Starts with eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: *marcato*.
- Staff 5 (Treble Clef):** Eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: *p*.
- Staff 6 (Bass Clef):** Eighth-note pairs. Measure numbers 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 are indicated above the staff.

Musical score for Scene II, Antioch, showing measures 4 and 5. The piano part has dynamics "p cresc." and "cresc.". The bassoon part has dynamic markings "1 2 1 2 3".

**Scene II. Antioch. The Groves of Daphne.**

Musical score for Scene II, Antioch, showing measures 6 through 10. The piano part includes dynamics "ff", "p", "dim.", and "p". The bassoon part includes dynamics "l.h.", "p", and "p". The bassoon part ends with "Ped." and an asterisk.

(At the rise of the curtain a procession discovered, crossing from left to right. Youths with standards emblematic of the story of Apollo and Daphne; Priests of Daphne; boys carrying offerings: Choir master with Chorus of Singing girls, followed by musicians.)

Musical score for Scene II, Antioch, showing measures 11 through 15. The piano part includes dynamics "mf", "p", and "p". The bassoon part includes dynamics "sempre dim." and "Ped."

Chorus of Girls.

Allegretto grazioso.

*p*

For to-day we take or give: For to-day we drink and live; For to-day we  
*poco cresc.*

{ beg or bor-row, For to-day we beg or bor-row. Who know-eth, who knoweth  
*poco cresc.*

*p*

of the si-lent mor-row. For to-day we take or give; For to-day we  
*mf*

{ Harp.

drink and live; For to-day we beg or bor-row, Who know - eth

(Youths and Maidens join the revels.)

of the si - lent mor - - - row.

*r.h.*

*sf*

*SOP.I.*

Daph - ne! Daph - ne! Daph - ne through this haunt-ed grove, Where — *mf*

*SOP.II.*  
*& ALTO.*

Daph - ne through this haunt-ed grove, — Where *mf*

*TE.V.*

Daph - ne! through this launt - ed — grove, — Where thou *mf*

*BASS.*

*SOP.I & II hums.*

thou — Where thou fledst the fair A - pol - lo, Where the song and *p*

*ALTO.*

thou fledst the fair A - pol - lo, Where the song and *p*

fledst the fair A - pol - lo, Where the song and *p*

*mf*

sigh of love Breathe from ev - 'ry leaf - y hol - low, Wan - der

*mf*

sigh of love Breathe from ev - 'ry leaf - y hol - low, Wan - der

*mf*

sigh of love Breathe from ev - 'ry leaf - y hol - low, Wan - der

*mf marcato*

sigh of love Breathe from ev - 'ry leaf - y hol - low, Wan - der

*mf*

sigh of love Breathe from ev - 'ry leaf - y hol - low, Wan - der

*p marcato*

*mf*

r.h.

*marcato*

*f marcato*      *cresc.*

we, and fain — would prove — Wheth - er still the

*marcato*

we, and fain — would prove — Wheth - er still the

*cresc.*

we, and fain would prove — Wheth - er still the

we, and fain — would prove — Wheth - er still the

*mf marcato*

*cresc.*      *p*      *cresc.*

*f*

god will fol - low. Wheth - er still Wheth - er

*f*

god will fol - low. Wheth - er still Wheth - er

*f*

god will fol - low. Wan - der we and fain would prove\_ Whether still the

god will fol - low. Wan - der we and fain would

Re.

\*

still Wheth - er still the god will will

still Wheth - er still the god will will

god will fol - low. Wheth-er still the

prove. Whether still the god will fol - low Heigh - ho!

*unison.*

Re.

\*

Re.

\*

Re.

\*

fol - low Daph - ne through this haunt - ed grove, Wan - der we and  
 fol - low Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho! Wan - der we and  
 god will fol - low Daph - ne through this haunt - ed grove, Heigh - ho!  
 Heigh - ho! Daph - ne through this haunt - ed grove, Wan - der we and

*SOPRANO I.*

fain would prove, Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho! Ho for the  
*SOPRANO II & ALTO.*  
 fain would prove, Wheth - er still the god will fol - low, Wheth - er still the  
 Heigh - ho! Wheth - er still the god will fol - low, Wheth - er still the  
 fain would prove, Wheth - er still the god will fol - low, Heigh - ho!

*ff*

rev - els                    Ho \_\_\_ for the rev - els,                    Heigh - - -  
*ff*  
god will fol - low            Ho \_\_\_ for the rev - els,                    Heigh - - -  
*ff*  
god will fol - low            Heigh - - - ho!                            Ho \_\_\_ for the  
god will fol - low            Heigh - - - ho!                            Ho \_\_\_ for the  
*ff*  
Heigh - ho \_\_\_                Ho for the rev - els of Daph - - -

Re.

\*

*ff*

ho!                            Ho for the rev - els,                            Ho for the rev - els the  
*ff*  
ho!                            Ho for the rev - els,                            Ho for the rev - els the  
*ff*  
rev - els,                    Heigh - - - ho!  
rev - els,                    Ho for the rev - els,                            Ho for the rev - els the  
*ff*  
ne                            Heigh - - - ho!

\*

\*

(Exeunt Revelers)

rev - els, the rev - els of Daph - ne.

rev - - - els of Daph - ne.

rev - els, the rev - els of Daph - ne.

Piano part (bottom half of page):

- Measure 1: Dynamics: *f*, *l.h.*
- Measure 2: Dynamics: *dim.*
- Measure 3: Dynamic: \*
- Measure 4: Dynamic: *Red.*
- Measure 5: Dynamic: *Red.*
- Measure 6: Dynamic: *Red.*

Enter Ben Hur and Malluch.  
Dialogue.

Piano part (bottom half of page):

- Measure 1: Dynamics: *mf* *poco*
- Measure 2: Dynamics: *a* *poco*
- Measure 3: Dynamics: *decresc. al Fine.*
- Measure 4: Dynamic: *Red.*
- Measure 5: Dynamic: *p*

Musical score for piano and orchestra, measures 26-27. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the piano (treble and bass staves) and the bottom staff is for the orchestra. Measure 26 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 27 begins with a piano dynamic (pp). The piano part features eighth-note patterns. The orchestra part includes sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns.

**Change of Scene. The Heart of the Grove.**

Musical score for piano and orchestra, Change of Scene section. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are for the piano (treble and bass staves) and the bottom two staves are for the orchestra. The music begins with a piano dynamic (p). It then transitions through various dynamics including crescendo (cresc.) and decrescendo (dec.). The piano part features complex rhythmic patterns with grace notes and sixteenth notes. The orchestra part includes sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The score concludes with a final dynamic marking of piano (p).

(Enter procession of revellers, singing and dancing)

\*

## Chorus III.

*SOP. I.*

Daph - ne! Daph - ne! Daph - ne! Daph - ne! whilst a - bove beams the

*SOP. II. & ALTO.*

Daph - ne! whilst a - - above beams the

*TENOR.*

Daph - ne! Daph - ne! whilst a - - above beams the

*BASS.*

Daph - ne! whilst a - - above beams the

SOPR. I &amp; II unis.

Sun - god Beams the Sun - god in his pow - er Still the earth his  
*ALTO*  
 Sun - god in his pow - er Still the earth his  
 Sun - god in his pow - er Still the earth his  
 Sun - god in his pow - er Still the earth his

warmth shall prove. Still the bee shall seek the flow - er; And the  
*mf*  
 warmth shall prove. Still the bee shall seek the flow - er; And the  
*mf*  
 warmth shall prove. Still the bee shall seek the flow - er; And the  
*mf marcato*  
*p* And the  
*bz:*  
*marcato r.h.*

*mf marcato*      *cresc.*

bird his mate and love. Still shall be the maid - en's  
*mf marcato*      *cresc.*

bird his mate and love. Still shall be the maid - ens

*cresc.*      *p*      *cresc.*

bird his mate and love. Still shall be the maid - en's

*cresc.*      *sempre p*

bird his mate and love. Still shall be the maid - en's

*marcato*

dow - er Fol - low we Bird and

dow - er Fol - low we Bird and

dow - er Still the bee shall seek the flow - er, Love shall be the

dow - er Fol - low we Bird and

*Led.*      \* *Led.*

bee Whilst the earth is still in flow - er  
 bee Whilst the earth is still in flow - er

maiden's dow-er Love shall be the maid-en's dower

dow - er Still the bee shall seek the flower Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

Daph - ne, Daph-ne! whilst a - bove Beams the sun - god in his pow'r  
 Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho! Beams the sun - god in his pow'r

Daph - ne, Daph-ne! whilst a - bove Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

Daph - ne, Daph-ne! whilst a - bove Beams the sun - god in his pow'r

## Allegro con brio.

Heigh - ho! Ho for the bri - dals of  
 Heigh - ho! Ho for the bri - dals of  
 Heigh - ho! Ho for the bri - dals of  
 Heigh - ho! Ho for the bri - dals of

**Allegro con brio.**

ff. *Ric.*

Daph - ne!

Daph - ne!

Daph - ne!

Daph - ne!

A maiden pursued by a youth breaks away from  
*Ric.* \* *sf.* *Ric.* \*

the procession. The dancers intercept them and form a group around the couple.

*p.* \* *sf.* *sf.* *attacca*

## Chorus of Revelers.

*p* SOPRANO.

Prithee, maid-en, Why so coy?

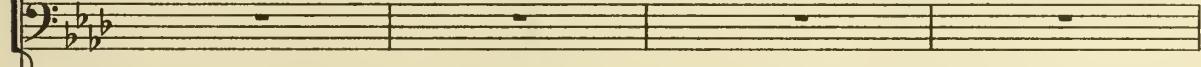
*p* ALTO.

Prithee, maid-en, why so coy? What is here to hurt or harm thee?

*p* TENOR.

Prithee, maid-en, why so coy? What is here to hurt or harm thee?

BASS.

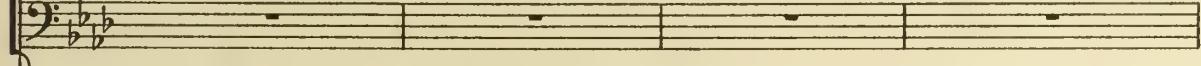


*p*

What to vex thee? or an - noy? \_\_\_\_\_

What to vex thee, or an - noy? What to flut - ter, or a - larm thee?

What to vex thee, or an - noy? What to flut - ter, or a - larm thee?



*mf*

*pp*

Prithee, maid-en, why so coy? What is here to hurt or harm thee?

Prithee, maid-en, why so coy? What is here to hurt or harm thee?

Prithee, maiden, Why so coy?

What to vex thee, or an - noy? What to flut-ter or a - alarm thee?

What to vex thee, or an - noy? What to flut-ter or a - alarm thee?

What to vex thee, or an - noy?

D. \*

Meno mosso.

Pantomime (Eros and the Maiden)

A few voices only.  
*p very delicately*

E - ros ro - sy lit - tle boy. — Let his smiling looks dis -

*pp*

E - - ros, E - - ros ro - sy lit - tle

Meno mosso.

*p*

*R&d.*

A few voices only.  
*p very delicately*

E - ros ro - sy lit - tle

E - ros ro - sy lit - tle

arm thee E - ros ro - sy lit - tle

boy. — Let his smile - -

*sf*

boy Let his smiling looks dis - arm thee.

boy Let his smil - ing looks dis - arm thee.

boy Let his smil - ing looks dis - arm thee.

ing looks dis - arm thee.

*mf*

Com-eth here

*mf*

Com-eth here one as fair As A-pol-lo's self to charm thee

*p*

one as fair As A - pol - lo's self to charm thee

One as fair—

The lover's join hands. The entire  
assemblage moves toward the Temple  
of Daphne.

*f*

Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

*f*

Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

*f*

As A-pol-lo's Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

One as fair— As A - pol - lo's Heigh - ho! Heigh - ho!

*f*

*8*

*f*

*Reed.*

\*

On to the tem - ple, on to the tem-ple of Daph - ne.

On to the tem - ple, on to the tem-ple of Daph - ne.

On to the tem - ple, on to the tem-ple of Daph - ne.

On to the tem - ple, on to the tem-ple of Daph - ne.

R.W. \* R.W. \* R.W. \*

Moderato maestoso.

$\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$

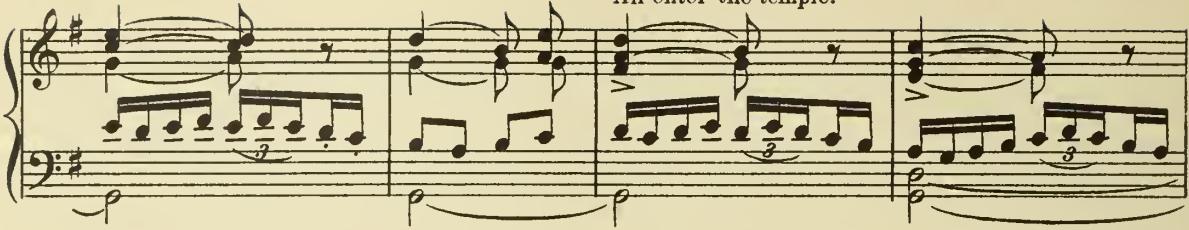
Trumpet

$f$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$   $\bar{p}$  \*

A group of shepherds and shepherdesses follow a performer on the aulos.

Oboe

All enter the temple.



The doors close with the last chord.

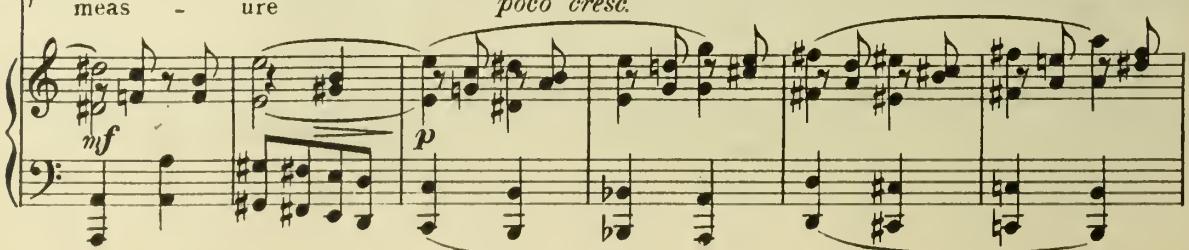
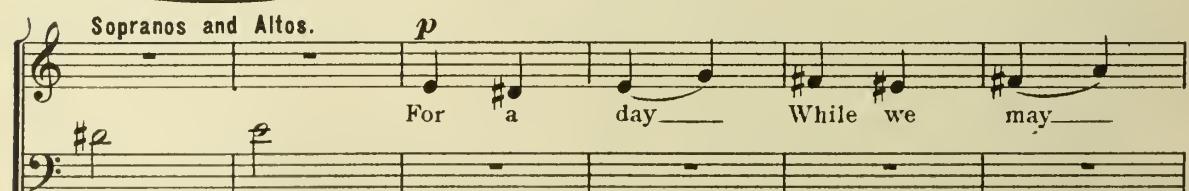
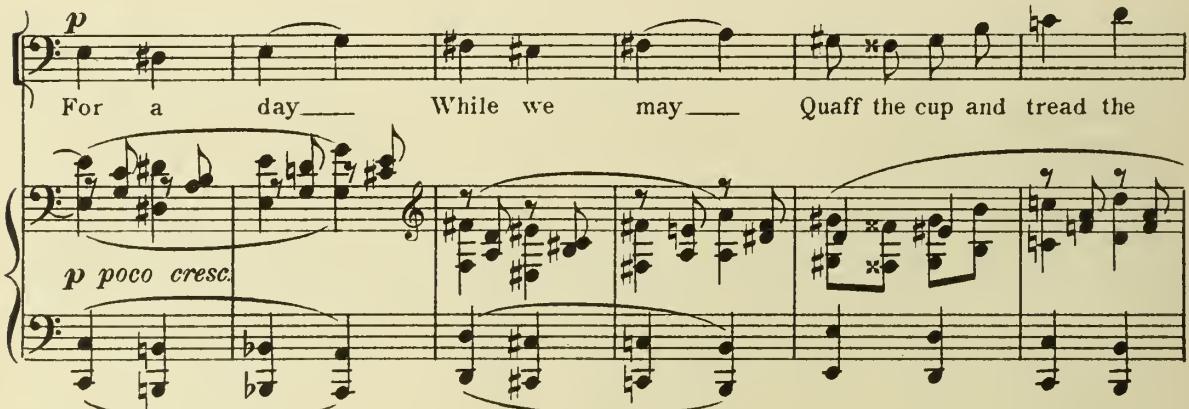


Enter Revelers and Dancers.

A few 1st Basses and Tenors.



Allegro moderato.



Quaff the cup and tread the meas - ure

*Allegro grazioso.*

*SOPR. & ALTO. Enter Devadasi dancing wildly.*

For to-day we take and give      For to-day we drink and live

8

For to - day we beg and bor - row For to - day we beg and bor - row

*poco a poco accel.*

*f*

*col 8va ad lib*

Sounds of approaching hoofs and chariot wheels.

Allegro molto.

Enter Messala and Drussus on chariot.

*f*

The revelers and devadasi fly in terror Ben Hur springs in front of chariot  
Iras retreats to side of camel

Ben Hur. Back! Back!

*cresc.*

*ff*

Dialogue till Finale.

**Finale.****The Spinning of Arachne.  
Chorus and Dance.****Allegretto.**

*Sf* *Reed.* \* *Reed.* *Harp.* \* *sf*

*p.* *mf* *cresc.* *f* *p.* *mf* *cresc.* *Reed.* \* *Reed.*

*p semper* *cresc.* - - -

*SOPR. I.* *ff* Spin! A - rach-ne! Spin! A - rach- - - ne! Trou - ble and grief and

*ALTO.* *ff* Spin! A - rach - nel! Spin! Trou - ble and grief and

*TENOR.* *ff* Spin! A - rach - ne! Spin! Trou - ble and grief and

*BASS.* *ff* *p* *Reed. sf*

woe! For how so - ev - er the game be - gin  
 woe! For how so - ev - er the game be - gin  
 woe! For how so - ev - er the game be - gin —

*dim.*

Ev-er it end - eth so! Spin! A-rach-ne  
 Ev-er it end - eth so! Spin! A -  
 Ev-er it end - eth so! Spin! A -

*p.* *mf*

*p.* *mf* *bd.*

Spin! A - rach - ne! Trou - ble and grief and woe For  
 rach - ne spin Trouble and grief and woe For  
 rach - ne spin Trouble and grief and woe For

Ped. \* Ped. \* Ped. \* Ped.

*poco a poco cresc.*

how so ev - er the game be - gin ev - er it

*poco a poco cresc.*

how so ev - er the game be - gin ev - er it

*poco a poco cresc.*

how so ev - er the game be - gin ev - er it

*poco a poco cresc.*

how so ev - er the game be - gin ev - er it

*poco a poco cresc.*

Ped.

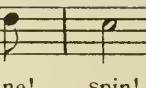
end - eth      so! \_\_\_\_\_      Spin\_ A - rach - ne!      spin! A - rach -

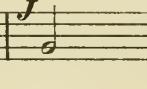
end - eth      so! \_\_\_\_\_      Spin      A- - rach - ne!      spin -

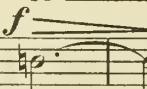
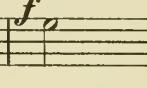
end - eth      so! \_\_\_\_\_      Spin      A- - rach - ne!      spin -

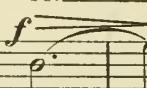
end - eth      so! \_\_\_\_\_      Spin      A- - rach - ne!      spin -

end - eth      so! \_\_\_\_\_      Spin      A- - rach - ne!      spin -

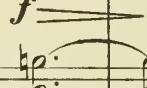
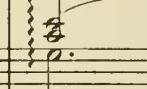
f       f       f 

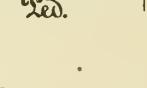
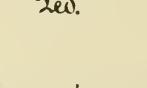
f       f 

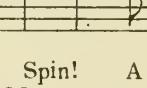
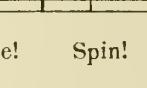
f       f 

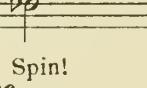
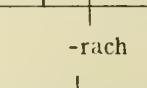
f       f 

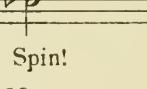
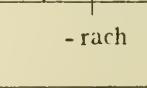
f       f 

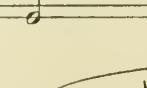
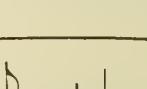
f       f 

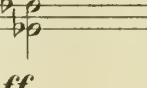
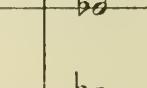
f       f 

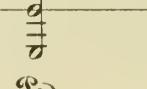
f       f 

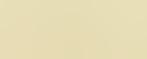
f       f 

f       f 

f       f 

f       f 

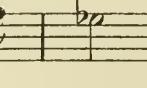
f       f 

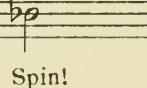
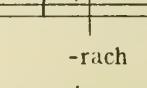
f       f 

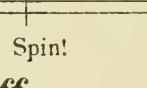
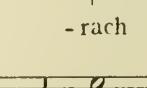
ne      Spin!      A - rach - ne!      Spin!      A - rach - ne!

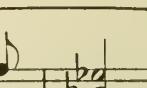
Spin!      A - - rach - ne!      Spin!

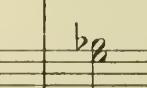
Spin!      A - - rach - ne!      Spin!

ff       ff 

ff       ff 

ff       ff 

ff       ff 

ff       ff 

ff       ff 

\*      \*      \*      \*

Rev.

*Allegro con moto.*  
*TUTTI ALTI.*

Burn - ing, mad - ness and freez - ing woe, Temp - est and

frost and fire!

The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in 2/4 time, the middle in 6/8, and the bottom in 6/8. The vocal parts sing in unison. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords.

*TUTTI SOPRANI.*

Burn - ing, mad - ness and

freez - ing woe, Temp - est and frost and fire!

The vocal parts continue their unison singing. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords. A repeat sign with 'Re.' is placed above the bass staff.

freez - ing woe, Temp - est and frost and fire!

The vocal parts continue their unison singing. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.

*SOPR.* *sempre cresc.*

These all these shall the mor - tal know That meet - eth his fate by the

*ALTO.* *sempre cresc.*

Spin! Spin! Spin A - rach - ne! Spin! Spin!

*TENOR.* *sempre cresc.*

Spin! Spin! Spin A - rach - ne! Spin! Spin!

*BASS.*

*sempre cresc.*

The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) sing in unison with dynamic markings 'sempre cresc.'. The Bass part is silent. The piano accompaniment consists of eighth-note chords.

foun - tains flow And find - eth his heart's de - sire \_\_\_\_\_ And  
Spin A - rach - ne! Trou - ble grief and woe  
Spin A - rach - ne! Trou - ble grief and woe

1. 2.

find - eth his heart's de - sire!

Trou - ble grief and woe!

Trou - ble grief and woe!

decresc.

*poco a poco cresc.*

Burn-ing mad-ness and freez-ing woe, Temp-est and frost and

*poco a poco cresc.*

Burn-ing mad-ness and freez-ing woe, Temp-est and frost and

*poco a poco cresc.*

Burn-ing mad-ness and freez-ing woe, Temp-est and frost and

*poco a poco cresc.*

*p*

*poco a poco cresc.*

*mf*

fire \_\_\_\_\_ These all these shall the mor-tal know That

*mf*

fire \_\_\_\_\_ These all these shall the mor-tal know That

*mf*

fire \_\_\_\_\_ These all these shall the mor-tal know That

*mf*

Meno mosso.

Musical score for the first section of the song. It consists of three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes from common time to 6/8 time at the end of each line. The vocal line repeats the phrase "meet - eth his fate by the foun - tain's flow" three times, followed by "This is the". The final line concludes with "This is the price,". The dynamic is marked as *f*.

meet - eth his fate by the foun - tain's flow This is the  
 meet - eth his fate by the foun - tain's flow This is the  
 meet - eth his fate by the foun - tain's flow This is the  
 This is the price,

Meno mosso.

Musical score for the second section of the song. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes from common time to 6/8 time. The vocal line continues the phrase "price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for" three times. The final line concludes with "This is the price". The dynamic is marked as *f*.

price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 This is the price

Musical score for the third section of the song. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes from common time to 6/8 time. The vocal line continues the phrase "This is the price that his soul shall pay for" three times. The final line concludes with "This is the price that his soul shall pay for". The dynamic is marked as *f*.

price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 price that his soul shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ for  
 This is the price This is the price that his soul shall pay for

Musical score for the fourth section of the song. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes from common time to 6/8 time. The vocal line concludes with "This is the price that his soul shall pay for". The dynamic is marked as *f*.

This is the price

love that liv - eth a night and a  
 love that liv - eth a night and a  
 love that liv - eth a night and a  
 love that liv - eth for love that liv - eth for love that liv - eth a

*mf* Faster.      *sempre cresc.*  
 day \_\_\_\_\_ And this is the path! This is the path!  
*mf*      *sempre cresc.*  
 day \_\_\_\_\_ And this is the path! This is the path!  
*mf*      *sempre cresc.*  
 day \_\_\_\_\_ This is the path! This is the path!  
*mf*      *sempre cresc.*  
 night and a day —

*b2*      *2*      Faster.  
*mf*      *2*      *mf*      *2*      *mf*      *2*

This is the path! This is the path! This is the path that  
 This is the path! This is the path! This is the path that  
 path This is the path! This is the path that

(d. = d)

*f*

all must go that drink of the wa - ters of Daph - ne, that  
 all must go that drink of the wa - ters of Daph - ne, that  
 all must go that drink of the wa - ters of Daph - ne, that  
 go that

*f*

all must go that all must go that

drink of the wa-ters of Daph - ne! That drink of the wa-ters of

drink of the wa-ters of Daph - ne! That drink of the wa-ters of

drink of the wa-ters of Daph - ne! That drink! That

drink of the wa - - - ters of Daph - - - ne, that

Daph - ne, that drink of the wa - - - ters, the wa - - -ters, the wa - - -ters of

Daph - ne, that drink of the wa - - -ters, the wa - - -ters, the wa - - -ters of

drink of the wa - - -ters of Daph - - - ne!

*sf*

Presto.

*ff*

Daph - ne      Spin!

Daph - ne      Spin!

Spin!

*ff*

Presto.

ff

sf

l.h.

ff

Rd.

Spin!

Spin!

Spin!

*ff*

ff

ff

l.h.

ff

Rd.

ff

l.h.

ff

Rd.

\*

*ff*

Spin — A - rach - ne

*ff*

Spin — A - rach - ne

*ff*

Spin — A - rach - ne

*sf l.h.*

*l.h.*

*ff*

Spin! A - rach - ne!

Spin! A - rach - ne!

Spin! A - rach - ne!

*ff*

Spin! A - rach - nel

*sf l.h.*

*l.h.*

Spin!

Spin!

Spin!

Spin!

*ff*

*cresc.*

*ff*

## Act IV.

## Prelude.

The Forest of Palms.

Allegro con spirto.

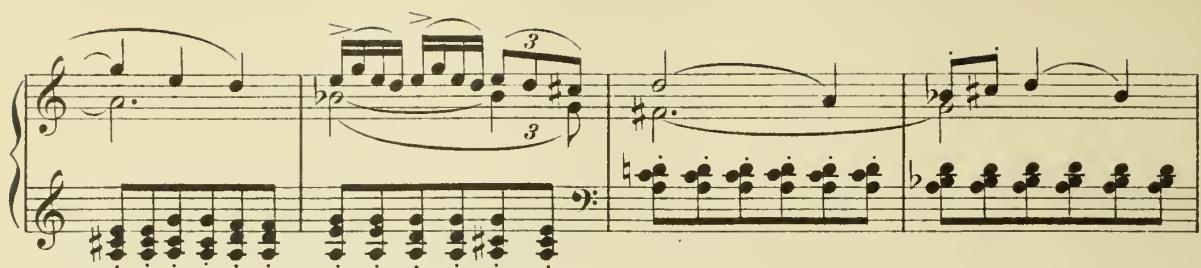


Oboe con molto espress.



Mandolino

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Allegretto pastorale.

Musical score page 58, measures 9-12. The top staff starts with a dynamic of  $p$  and a bassoon-like line. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords.

Musical score page 58, measures 13-16. The top staff features eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The bottom staff continues its eighth-note harmonic support.

Musical score page 58, measures 17-20. The top staff shows eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords.

Musical score page 58, measures 21-24. The top staff features eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The bottom staff continues its eighth-note harmonic support.

Musical score for piano, two staves. The top staff is treble clef, the bottom is bass clef. Measures 58-59 show various rhythmic patterns and dynamics.

*Allegro con moto.*

Musical score for piano, two staves. The top staff is treble clef, the bottom is bass clef. Measures 60-61 show dynamic markings 'r.h.' and 'l.h.'

Musical score for piano, two staves. The top staff is treble clef, the bottom is bass clef. Measures 62-63 show dynamic markings 'r.h.' and 'cresc.'

Musical score for piano, two staves. The top staff is treble clef, the bottom is bass clef. Measures 64-65 show dynamic markings 'sf'.

Musical score for piano, two staves. The top staff is treble clef, the bottom is bass clef. Measures 66-67 show dynamic markings 'sf'.

*ff*  
*ritard. e dim.*  
*Allegretto pastorale.*  
*dim.*  
*Bassoon.*  
*Curtain rises, disclosing the interior of the tent of Ilderin.*  
*V. Cl.*  
*Viola*  
*dim.*  
*ppp*

## Song of Iras.

Lake and grove of palms by moonlight. Iras and Ben-Hur crossing in a boat rowed by an Ethiopean.

Andantino.

The musical score consists of five staves of music. The first two staves are in G major (treble and bass clef) and the remaining three are in F major (treble, alto, and bass clefs). The key signature changes from G major to F major at the beginning of the third staff. The time signature is common time throughout. The vocal line begins with a piano dynamic (mf) and transitions to forte (p) at the start of the second staff. The lyrics are integrated into the musical phrases, with 'Iras.' appearing above the vocal line in the second staff. The vocal line continues through the third and fourth staves, ending with a melodic flourish in the fifth staff. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

Iras.  
I sigh as I sing, for the  
sto - ry land— A cross the Syr - ian sea!  
The o - dor - ous winds from the mus - ky sands were

breaths of life— to me!

They play with the plumes of the

poco accel.

whis - per-ing palm For me, A - las no

*p a tempo*

more! Nor more does the Nile, in the

poco accel.

moon - lit calm, Moan past the Mem - phian

*p* rit.

shore Moan past the Mem - phian shore

*rit.**p*

O Ni - lus thou god of my

\* *Ped.*

faint - ing soul;— In dreams thou com - est to

*poco cresc.**Ped.*

me— And dream - ing I play with the

*Ped.**Ped.*

lo - tus bowl And sing old songs — of  
 thee! And  
 hear from a - far the Mem - no - ni - an  
 strain And calls from dear Sim - bel  
 And wake to a pas - sion of

*poco accel.*

grief and pain That ev - er I said fare -

*poco ritard.*

well That ev - er I said fare -

*a tempo*

well!

*mf*      *dim.*      *p*

Ped.      Ped.

*pp*      *ppp*

Ped. \*

## Act V.

At the Circus in Antioch.

Procession of Citizens, Soldiers etc.

Moderato sostenuto

Musical score for the Procession of Citizens, Soldiers etc. The score consists of three staves of music in 3/4 time, major key, with dynamic markings 'mf' and 'f'. The first two staves are identical, showing a steady eighth-note pulse. The third staff shows a similar pattern with some harmonic variation.

Strings &amp; Reeds

Musical score for the Strings & Reeds and Trumpets & Trombones sections. The score includes four staves of music in 3/4 time, major key, with dynamic markings 'ff' and 'sf'. The top two staves are for 'Strings & Reeds', featuring sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The bottom two staves are for 'Trumpets & Trombones', featuring eighth-note patterns and dynamic variations like 'ff' and 'sf'.

Musical score for strings and reeds, measures 1-6. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and includes markings for 3, dolce, p, and sf. The bottom system begins with a piano dynamic (P). The music features various chords and rhythmic patterns typical of a symphonic score.

## Strings &amp; Reeds

Musical score for brass, measures 7-12. The score shows a single system of music. It includes dynamics f, sf, and ff. The brass section is highlighted with a bracket under the first measure. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

Musical score for strings and reeds, measures 13-18. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and includes markings for 3 and sf. The bottom system begins with a piano dynamic (P). The music features various chords and rhythmic patterns typical of a symphonic score.

Trpts &  
Trombones

rit.

8 Fine

### Act VI. Scene I.

The Fall of Iras.

Allegro con fuoco.

Horn

poco a poco decresc.

8

Trombone

Bassoon

*p*

*segue*

### Act VI. Scene II.

Introduction.

Melodrama.

The Vale of Hinnom.

Moderato molto

*p*

*simile*

*poco cresc.*

*pp*

*pp*

**Act VI. Scene III.**

On the Mount of Olives.

Maestoso.

*SOP. I & II.* *f* Ho - san - na in the high -

*ALTO I & II.* Ho - san - na in the high -

*TEN. I & II.* Ho - san - na! Ho - san - na! Ho - san - na in the high -

*BASS I & II.*

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san - na to the King! Ho - san - na to the King! Ho -

san - - na to the King! Ho - san - na! Ho -

san - - na to the King! Ho - san - na! Ho -

Ho - san - na! Ho - san - na! Ho -

name of the  
san - na to him that com - eth in the name of the Lord! Ho -

san - na to him that com - eth in the name of the Lord! Ho -

san - na to him that com - eth in the name of the Lord! Ho -

san - na to him that com - eth in the name of the Lord! Ho -

san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to him that  
 san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to the King who com-eth, who  
 san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to him that  
 san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to the King! Ho - san-na to him that

name of the Lord.  
 com-eth in the name of the Lord.

com-eth in the name of the Lord. Blessed be the King,  
 com-eth in the name of the Lord. Bles-sed be the

★ This number may be sung unaccompanied up to this point if desired. In the drama it is thus rendered by the approaching multitude, who now first appear on Mount Olivet.

*mf*

Blessed be the King that com-eth in the name of the

*mf*

Blessed be the King that com-eth in the name of the

bless-ed be the King that com-eth, that com-eth in the name of the

King—bless-ed be the King that com-eth in the name of the

*mf tutti.*      *poco cresc.*

Lord.—Bless-ed be the King—bless-ed be the

Lord.—Bless-ed be the King—bless-ed be the

Lord.—Bless-ed be the King—

*p*

Lord.—Bless-ed be the King—bless-ed be the

*mf*

Lord.—Bless-ed be the King—bless-ed be the

*poco cresc.*

King that com-eth, that com-eth in the name of the Lord.

King that com-eth, that com-eth in the name of the Lord.

bless-ed be the King that com-eth in the name of the Lord.

King that com-eth, that com-eth in the name of the Lord.

Moderato.

(a few voices.)  
***pp****PEOPLE FROM JERUSALEM.*  
(a few voices.)

Who is

***pp***

Who is this? Why this tu - mult? Who is

Moderato.

- - - - -  
 - - - - -  
 Who is this?  
 this? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?  
 this? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?  
*cres* - - - - - *cres* - - - - -

Who is this? Why this  
 Why this tu - mult. Who, Who is this? Who is this?  
 Who? Who? Who? Who is this? Who is this,  
 Who is this? Who is this? Who is this? Why this  
*mf*  
 - do - - - - -

tu - mult? Why this tu - mult? Why this tu - mult?

Who is this? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?

who is this? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?

*f tutti.*

tu - - mult? Who is this?

Why this tu - mult? Who? Who? Who is this?

this? Why this tu - mult? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?

Why this tu - mult? Why this tu - mult? Who is this?

Why this tu - mult? O! Why this tu - mult? Who is this?

*f*

*1 2 3 5*

## ALL THE CITIZENS.

*ff a tempo.*

*meno mosso.*

*p* Who is this? Who is Who is  
Who is this? Who is this? Who is  
Who is, who is this? Who is this? Who is  
Who is this? Who is this? Who is  
Who is this? Who is this? Who is  
*p* Who is this? Who is this? Who is this? Who is  
*R.H.* *f* *ff a tempo.*

Andantino. ♩ = ♪ *p CHILDREN.*

this? This is Je - sus of Na - za -  
this?  
this?  
this?  
this?

Oboe.

*p* *p* *pp*

reth, This is Je - sus of Na-za - reth, This is Je - sus the prophet of

*mf* THE MULTITUDE.

Na - za - reth of Ga - li - lee! This is Je - sus of Na-za -

*mf* This is Je - sus of Na-za -

*mf* This is Je - sus of

*mf* This is Je - sus of

reth, this is Je-sus of Na-za-reth. This is Je-sus the prophet of  
 reth, this is Je-sus of Na-za-reth. This is Je-sus the  
 Na-za-reth, Je-sus of Na-za-reth. Je-sus the  
 Na-za-reth, Je-sus of Na-za-reth. Je-sus the

*R.H.*

*poco animato.*

Na-za-reth of Ga-li-lee!  
 pro-phet of Ga-li-lee!  
 pro-phet of Na-za-reth of Ga-li-lee! Blessed be the  
 pro-phet of Ga-li-lee!

*mf*

*p poco animato.*

*SOP. II.      mf*

Bless-ed be the King that  
*mf*  
Bless-ed be the King that

King!                bless-ed be the King                that com-eth, that

Bless-ed be the King, —                bless-ed be the King that

*f SOP. I. & II.*

com-eth in the name of the Lord! —                Bless-ed be the

com-eth in the name of the Lord! —                Bless-ed be the

com-eth in the name of the Lord! —                Bless-ed be the

com-eth in the name of the Lord! —                Bless-ed be the

*mf BASS II.*

*cresc.*

King \_\_\_\_\_ Bless - ed be the King that com - eth, that  
 King \_\_\_\_\_ Bless - ed be the King that com - eth, that  
 Bless - ed be the King \_\_\_\_\_ Bless - ed be the King, that  
 King \_\_\_\_\_ Bless - ed be the King that com - eth, that

*ff*

*f sempre.*

com - eth in the name of the Lord! \_\_\_\_\_ This is  
 com - eth in the name of the Lord! \_\_\_\_\_ This is  
*I&II Ten.* com - eth in the name of the Lord! \_\_\_\_\_ This is  
 com - eth in the name of the Lord! \_\_\_\_\_ This is

Moderato maestoso.

Jesus of Na - za - reth, This is Je - sus of Na - za -  
 Jesus of Na - za - reth, This is Je - sus of Na - za -  
 Jesus of Na - za - reth, This is Je - sus of Na - za -  
 Jesus of Na - za - reth, This is Je - sus of Na - za -

reth, This is Je - sus the pro-phe-t of Na - za - reth of  
 reth, This is Je - sus the pro-phe-t of Na - za - reth of  
 reth, This is Je - sus the pro-phe-t of Na - za - reth of  
 reth, This is Je - sus the pro-phe-t of Na - za - reth of

*ff*

Ga - - - li - - lee!

Trumpets and Trombones. *ff*

*molto dim.*

Lo!      *mf*      *dim.*  
Be-hold!      Thy

Lo!      *mf*      Lo!  
Behold!      Behold!

Lo!      *mf*      Lo!  
Behold!      Behold!

*molto dim.*

unis.

King, Thy King com-eth! Travelling in the  
Behold! Thy King com-eth! Travelling in the  
hold! Thy King com - - - eth! Travelling in the

Animato.

great - ness of his strength.  
great - ness of his strength.  
great - ness of his strength.  
great - ness of his strength.

Animato.

great - ness of his strength.

Strings.  
cresc.

(All fall on their knees. Suddenly from above a dazzling radiance pours upon the kneeling women. They rise with joy.)

ff  
Ho-  
Ho-  
Ho-  
Ho-

ff  
san - na! Ho - san -  
ff  
san - na! Ho - san -  
ff  
san - na! Ho - san -  
ff  
san - na! Ho - san -

*sempre ff*

na!

Ho - san - na in the high -

na!

Ho - san - na in the high -

na!

Ho - san - na in the high -

na!

Ho - san - na in the high -

*sempre ff*

The piano part consists of sixteenth-note chords. The first measure has a bass clef, the second has a treble clef.

*tacet.*

est.

est.

est.

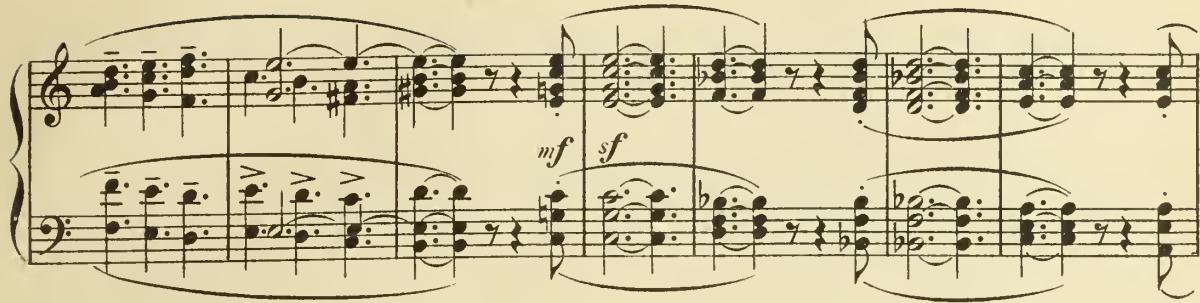
est.

*tacet.*

*ff*

*sempre dim.*

The piano part consists of sustained notes and sixteenth-note chords. The bass clef is present throughout.



The scene by degrees fades from view.



*p tutti.*

Bless-ed be the King———      bless-ed be the King that

*p*

Bless-ed be the King———      bless-ed be the King that

*p*

Bless-ed be the King———      bless-ed be the King that

*p*

Bless-ed be the King———      bless-ed be the King that

*poco cresc.*

com - eth, that com - eth in the name of the Lord.  
com - eth, that com - eth in the name of the Lord.  
King that com - eth in the name of the Lord.  
com - eth, that com - eth in the name of the Lord.

Lento. Transition. The drop becomes gradually opaque.

Strings *pp*

*poco animato.*

*cresc.*

*p*

*pp*

*ppp*

The drop is raised. The multitude surging down the mountain-side, bearing palms.

*f* **Moderato maestoso.**

Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na      in the high -  
 Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na      in the high -  
 Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na      in the high -  
 Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na      in the high -  
 unis.  
 Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na!      Ho - san - na      in the high -

**Ben Hur** rushes to meet his mother and sister.

*SEMI CHORUS.*

*SOP. II. p Andante religioso.*

est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in  
 est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in  
 est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in

*TEN. I & II. p*

est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in  
 est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in  
 est.      Lord now let-test thou thy ser-vant de-part in  
 est.      rit.      pp

SOP. SOLO

*mf*

A

peace accord-ing to thy word, For mine eyes have seen thy sal - va - tion, a  
 peace accord-ing to thy word, For mine eyes have seen thy sal - va - tion, a  
 peace accord-ing to thy word, For mine eyes have seen thy sal - va - tion, a

*f*

light to light - en the gen - tiles, a light to light - en the  
 light to light - en the gen - tiles, a light to light - en the  
 light to light - en the gen - tiles, a light to light - en the  
 light to light - en the gen - tiles, a light to light - en the

*p*

*p*

*f*

gen - tiles and the glo - ry, the glo - ry of thy peo - ple

gen - tiles and the glo - ry, the glo - ry of thy peo - ple

gen - tiles and the glo - ry, the glo - ry of thy peo - ple

thy

*SOP. mf*

This is Je - sus \_\_\_\_\_ of Na - za - *mf*

*BASS.*

This is

*SOP. II. p*

Is - ra - el! Mine eyes have seen thy sal -

*ALTO.*

Is - ra - el, thy peo - ple Is - ra - el! Mine eyes have seen thy sal -

*TEN. p*

peo - ple Is - ra - el! Mine eyes have seen thy sal -

poco                    a                    poco                    cresc -

reth,                 This is Je - sus\_ of Na - za - reth,                 This is

Je - sus\_ of Na - za - reth,                 This is Je - sus\_ of Na - za -

va - - tion which thou hast pre - par - ed be - fore\_ the

va - - tion which thou hast pre - par - ed be - fore\_ the

R.H.                 poco                    a                 poco                    cresc -

Je - sus\_             This is Je - sus             the proph - - et, the

reth, This is Je - sus,                 This is Je - sus,                 the proph - -

face                 of all                 peo - - ple, A                 light\_ to light - en the

face                 of all                 peo - - ple, A                 light\_ to light - en the

ff

ff

de - cres - cen - do. *p*

proph - et of Na - za - reth, the King of  
et of Na - - za - - reth, the King of  
gen-tiles and the glo - ry, the glo - ry of thy peo - ple  
gen-tiles and the glo - ry, the glo - ry of thy peo - ple

de - cres - cen - do.

*mf* Is - ra - - el! *pp*  
Is - ra - - el!  
Is - ra - - el!  
Is - ra - - el!

*mf* *pp*

(\*) *Ad.* \*





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