

Adagio.

II.

Sonata per il Violino Solo
Cembalo col Violoncello.

Frans: Beata.

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This is a handwritten musical score for a sonata, consisting of 12 systems of music. Each system contains three staves: the top staff is for Violino Solo (Violin Solo), the middle staff is for Cembalo (Harpsichord), and the bottom staff is for Violoncello (Cello). The tempo is marked 'Adagio.' at the beginning. The score is written in a historical style, with many slurs, ornaments, and dynamic markings. Key markings include 'pia:' (piano) and 'for:' (forte) appearing multiple times. There are also some numerical markings like '67' and '43' on the bottom staff of the 10th and 12th systems respectively. The notation includes various note values, rests, and complex rhythmic patterns typical of 18th-century music.

10. Allegro.

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "10. Allegro." The score is written on ten systems of three staves each. It features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various dynamic markings such as *piaz*, *forz*, and *for*. The notation includes many slurs, ties, and fingering numbers (e.g., 6, 7, 4). The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

This is a handwritten musical score on 12 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics *pia:* and *for:* are used throughout the score. The notation is dense, with many notes and rests, and includes some complex figures. The score is written in a single system, with the staves connected by a brace on the left. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

Tivacc.

A handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Tivacc." The score is written on ten systems of three staves each. The notation is in a 19th-century style, featuring a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The music is characterized by a high level of rhythmic complexity, with frequent sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together in rapid passages. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second system includes dynamic markings such as *piu: b*, *for:*, and *6*. The third system features a *7* marking and a *piu: b* marking. The fourth system includes a *for:* marking. The fifth system includes a *for:* marking. The sixth system includes a *6* marking. The seventh system includes a *6* marking. The eighth system includes a *6* marking. The ninth system includes a *6* marking. The tenth system includes a *6* marking. The score is written in a fluid, cursive hand, with some corrections and erasures visible. The overall impression is one of a highly technical and expressive musical composition.

This is a handwritten musical score on seven systems of staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system includes the markings *pia:* and *for:*. The second system also includes *for:*. The third system includes *pia:*. The fourth system includes *for:*. The fifth system includes *for:*. The sixth system includes *pia:* and *for:*. The seventh system includes *pia:* and *for:*. The score is written in a single system of staves, with each system consisting of three staves. The notation is dense and detailed, with many notes and rests. The handwriting is clear and legible.