

SERBAN
NICHIFOR

**izvoare
2050
sources**

editura
muzicală

PARTITURA
SCORE

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Cantată
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Editura muzicală
Bucureşti — 1980



7 XII 1978, BUCUREŞTI/BUCHAREST

Corul și Orchestra simfonică ale Radioteleviziunii române

The Choir and Symphony Orchestra of Romanian R.T.V.

- **CAROL LITVIN** (orch. cond.)
- **AUREL GRIGORĂS** (ch. cond.)
- **SORIN SEMILIAN** (bariton)
- **POMPEI HĂRĂŞTEANU** (basso)
- **NICOLAE LICARET** (org.)

Coperta de / Cover designed by ANTON DRAGO\$

Imaginea de pe coperta exterioară reprezintă
„CARUL SOLAR de la Bujoru-Teleorman“ (cca 750 i.e.n.).

*The picture on the front cover represents
“THE SOLAR CHARIOT of Bujoru-Teleorman” (ca 750 B.C.).*

IZVOARE 2050 SOURCES

Campestres melius Scythae
quorum plastra vagas rite
trahunt domos
vivunt et rigidi Getae
inmetata quibus iugera liberas
fruges et Cererem ferunt
nec cultura placet longior annua
defunctumque laboribus
aequali recreat sorte vicarius.

HORATIUS, Carmina III, 24

O viață mai bună duc scișii din stepă
ce obișnuiesc să poarte pe care
casele lor rătăcitore ;
la fel și getii cei aspri,
cărora pămîntul nehotărnicit
le dă roade și cereale libere.
Nu le place să cultive același
ogor mai mult de un an,
iar după ce au indeplinit toate
muncile, le urmează alții care,
în aceleși condiții, le iau locul.

HORATIUS, Carmina III, 24

A better life do the Scythians
in the steppe lead
Who would carry their wandering
households on carts
And so would the hard — hearted
Getae

Whose boundless lands
Yield fruit and free crops.
They do not like to till the same
field for more than a year
And after performing all the labours
Others come up to take their places
and do the same.

HORACE, Carmina III, 24

... νεωστεί τε τοῦ βασιλέως Βυρεβίστα πρώτου καὶ μεγίστου γερονότος
τῶν ἐπὶ Θράκης βασιλέων καὶ πᾶσαν τὴν περιφέρειαν τοῦ ποταμοῦ καὶ
τὴν ἐπὶ τάδε κατεισχηκότος γενόμενος ...

Neostí te tu Vasiléos Virevista
prótu ke meghistu ghegonótos ton
epí Trákis Vasiléon ke pásan tñ
péran tú potamú ke tin epi'táde
katishikótos ghenómēnos... *

ANÔNUMOS

Și în timpul din urmă regele
Burebista ajungind cel dintâi și
cel mai mare dintre regii din
Tracia și stăpînind tot teritoriul
de dincolo de fluviu (Dunăre)
și de dincolo...

Decretul dionysopolitan
în cinstea lui Acornion ;
inscripție în marmură
descoperită la Balciic

And latterly King Burebista having
become the first and greatest of
all Thracian Kings ruled over all
the territory lying on either side
of the river (Danube)...

Decree issued in Dionysopolis
in honour of Acornion ;
an inscription on marble
found in Balciic

Dehinc regnante Gethis Buruista
Dicineus venit in Gethiam quo
tempore Romanorum Sylla potitus
est principatum. Quem Dicineum
suscipiens Buruista dedit ei pene
regiam potestatem, cuius consilio
Gethi Germanorum terras, quas
nunc Franci optinent populati sunt.

JORDANES, Getica, XI, 67

Apoi, în vreme ce la getii domnea
Burebista, a venit în Getia Deceneu,
pe timpul cind Sylla a pus mina
pe putere la Roma. Primindu-l
pe Deceneu, Burebista i-a dat
o putere aproape regală. După sfatul
acestuiu, getii au început să
pustiască pămînturile germanilor
pe care acum le stăpînesc francii.

JORDANES, Getica, XI, 67

Then, while Burebista reigned
over the Getae, Dicineus came to
their country, at the time when
Sylla seized the power in Rome.
Welcoming Dicineus, Burebista
invested him with almost royal
attributes. On his advice, the Getae
started plundering the lands
of the Germans which are now owned
by the Franks.

JORDANES, Getica, XI, 67

Antonius proconsul in Thracia
parum prospere rem gessit.

TITUS LIVIUS, Periochae, CIII

Proconsul Antonius a întreprins în
Tracia o acțiune lipsită de succes.

TITUS LIVIUS, Periochae, CIII

Proconsul Antonius undertook
a campaign without success
in Thracia.

TITUS LIVIUS, Periochae, CIII

Vinum ad se omnino importari
non sinunt, quod ea re ad laborem
ferendum remollescere homines
ataque effeminari arbitrantur.

JULIUS CAESAR,
De Bello Gallico, IV, 2, 6

Importarea vinului și cu desăvîrșire
interzisă fiindcă, după părerea lor,
vinul molește pe oameni și îi face
incapabili de a rezista la oboselă.

JULIUS CAESAR,
De Bello Gallico, IV, 2, 6

The import of wine is strictly
forbidden, for, in their opinion,
wine enervates men and makes
them unable to withstand fatigue.

JULIUS CAESAR,
De Bello Gallico, IV, 2, 6

Unde et pene omnibus barbaris
Gethi sapientiores semper extite-
runt Grecisque pene consimiles...

JORDANES, Getica, 40

De aceea getii au fost totdeauna
superiori aproape tuturor barbarilor
și aproape egali cu grecii...

JORDANES, Getica, 40

Therefore the Getae have always
been superior to other barbarians
and almost equal to the Greeks...

JORDANES, Getica, 40

* Transcriere fonetică.
Phonetical transcription.

...τὴν δὲ τελευταίαν καὶ μεγίστην ἄλωσιν οὐ πρὸ πλειόνων ἡ πεντήκοντα καὶ ἑκάτον ἔτῶν εἰχον δὲ καὶ ταῦτην Γέται καὶ τὰς ἐν τοῖς ὀριστεροῖς τοῦ πόντου πόλεις μέχρι Ἀπολλωγίας...

Tin de telefăean ke meghistu álosin u pro plíonon i pendikonda ke ekátón etón ihon de ke tăftin ghéte ke tas en tis aristeris tu póntu pólis méhri Apollonias.*

DION CHRYSOSTOMOS, XXXVI, 4

Ultima și cea mai indelungată cucerire se spune că a avut loc nu mai departe de acum o sută cincizeci de ani. Getii au luat atât orașul Boristhenes, cît și alte cetăți așezate pe fărmurile Pontului Siring, pînă la Apollonia.

DION CHRYSOSTOMOS, XXXVI, 4

The last and the longest conquest is said to have taken place about a hundred and fifty years ago. The Getae took not only the town of Boristhenes, but also other cities on the shore of the Left Pontus, up to Apollonia.

DION CHRYSOSTOMOS, XXXVI, 4

...ό μέν οὖν Βούρεβίστας ἐφθιμ καταλυθείς ἐπαναστάντων αὐτῷ τινων πρίν ἡ Ρωμαίους στείλει στρατείαν ἐπ' λότον οἱ δέ διαδεξάμενοι τὴν ἀρχὴν εἰς πλειω μέρη διέσπασαν καὶ δῆ καὶ νῦν, ἥπικα ἐκεμψεγ ἐπ' αὐτοὺς στρατείαν...

O men un Virevistas éftm katalithis epanastánton aftónion prin i Roméus stilii stratian eplítón. I de diadexámeni tin arhin is plio méri diéstisan ke di ke nin iníka épempsen ep aftús stratian.*

STRABON, VII, 3, 11

Iar Burebista a sfîrșit prin a fi răsturnat de niște rebeli înainte ca romani să fi pornit o armată împotriva lui. Cei ce i-au urmat, au îmbucătățit întinderea stăpînita de el în mai multe părți.

STRABON, VII, 3, 11

And Burebista ended by being overthrown by some rebels before the Romans could dispatch an army against him. His followers divided the whole expanse of land which had been his realm into several parts.

STRABON, VII, 3, 11

* Transcriere fonetică
Phonetical transcription.

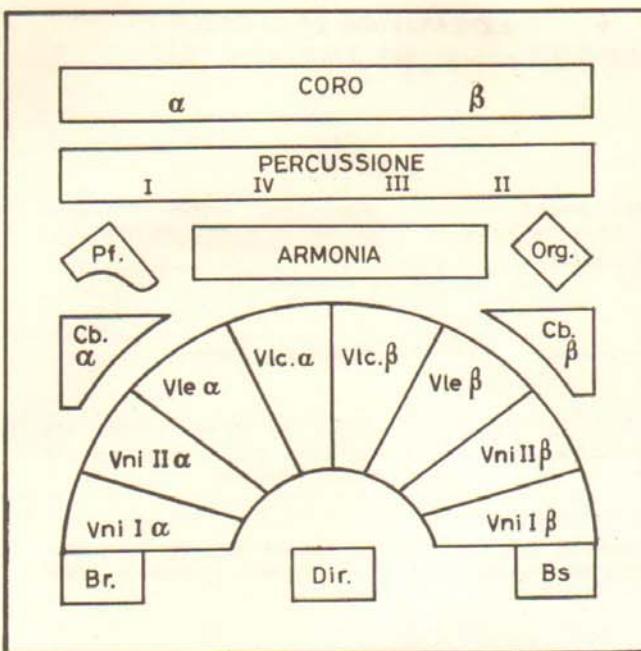
Bibliografie : ION HORATIU CRISAN — *Burebista și epoca sa*, Editura științifică și enciclopedică București, 1977

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<i>MODULO TROMBE 3, 4 e TROMBONE 2 / 70</i>

Partitura scritta in Do

Durata : cca 13'



E S E C U T O R I

CORO : 28-36 Soprani (S.) — 14-18 Soprani α

— 14-18 Soprani β

28-36 Alti (A.) — 14-18 Alti α

— 14-18 Alti β

ARMONIA : 4 Corni in Fa (Cor.)

4 Trombe in Do (Tr.)

3 Tromboni (Trb.)

Tuba

PERCUSSIONE : I — 3 Timpani (Timp.), Piatti grande (Ptti),
Maracas 1 (Mrc. 1), Sonagli (Sngl.)

II — 3 Tom-toms (T.-toms), Maracas 2 (Mrc. 2),
Campane di bambù (Camp. di bb.)

III — Gran cassa 1 (Gr. c. 1), Tam-tam grande (T.-tam)

IV — Gran cassa 2 (Gr. c. 2), Campane tubolari (Camp.)

Pianoforte (Pf.)

Organo (Org.) — *ad libitum*

SOLI : Baritono (Br.)

Basso (Bs.)

ARCHI : 16 Violini I (Vni I) — 8 Violini I α
— 8 Violini I β

14 Violini II (Vni II) — 7 Violini II α
— 7 Violini II β

12 Viole (Vle) — 6 Viole α
— 6 Viole β

10 Violoncelli (Vlc.) — 5 Violoncelli α
— 5 Violoncelli β

8 Contrabbassi (Cb.) — 4 Contrabbassi α
— 4 Contrabbassi β

LUCRAREA POATE FI EXECUTATA NUMAI IN LIMBILE LATINA SI GREACĂ.

THE WORK SHOULD BE PERFORMED IN LATIN AND IN GREEK ONLY.

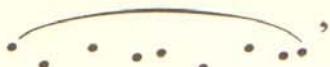
EXPLICĂRIILE SIMBOLURILOR

• EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS



scriitură proporțională
(duratele sunt direct proporționale cu distanțele grafice)

proportional writing (duration depends on the graphic distance)



scriitură proporțională

proportional writing



in secțiunea dată, valorile ritmice nu au o determinare strictă

within the given section the rhythmic values need not be strictly observed



cel mai acut sunet al vocii sau al instrumentului (înălțime nedeterminată)

the highest note of the instrument or voice (indefinite pitch)



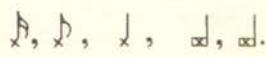
vibrato foarte lent, cu o diferență a frecvenței de 1/4 ton (obținut prin glisare)

very slow vibrato with 1/4 tone frequency difference (produced by slinging the finger)



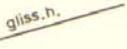
tremolo foarte rapid și neregulat

very rapid non-rhythmicized tremolo



sunet alb (șoptit în pp-mp quasi-parlando în ff)

white sound (whispered in pp-mp, quasi parlando in ff)



glissando pe sunete armonice

glissando (harmonics)



lovitură cu o baghetă de timpan pe corzile grave ale pianului

stroke with timpani stick across the lower strings of the piano



lovitură simultană cu ambele bâghete ale timpanului

simultaneous stroke both timpani sticks



grafic utilizat la anumite instrumente de percuție (pian, zurgălăi, clopote de bambus), reprezentind o evoluție sonoră aproximativă, în care coordonata verticală determină înălțimea relativă, iar cea orizontală — desfășurarea în timp.

graphic used at certain percussion instruments (piano, slight bells, bamboo chimes), representing an approximate evolution of the sound: the vertical is the relative pitch and the horizontal is the temporary flow



repetarea liberă a unei secvențe muzicale

the free repetition of musical sequence



mobile (secvențe melodice circulând într-o ordine aleatoare)

mobile (melodic sequences occurring in a aleatory order)



lovitură circulară cu o baghetă metalică pe marginea tam-tam-ului

circular stroke with a metallic stick on the tam-tam's border



lăncișoare metalice (catenelle metalliche)

little metallic chains (catenelle metalliche)

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4 **4** Moderato scorrevole ($\text{♩} = 80$)

Ptii arco Mrc.1 Gr.c. a2 pp sonore molto sf

Pf. pp

Vn I sempre sul pont.

Vn II

α

Vle

Vlc. non vibrato

4 **4** Moderato scorrevole ($\text{♩} = 80$) sempre sul pont.

Vn I d'al niente pp

Vn II d'al niente pp

β

Vle d'al niente pp

Vlc. d'al niente pp

poco bocca chiuso
unis. *ppp liscio (come eco)*

S. A

G.c. a² *sempre pp sonore*

T.-tam *ff* *in Pianoforte*

Pf. *pp* ↔ *mp* l.v.

Mrc. 1 *mf* 2 *pp <= f >* *f*

Vni I *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vni II *pp* *mf* *pp*

α *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vle *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vlc. *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vni I *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vni II *pp* *mf* *pp*

β *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vle *pp* *mf* *pp*

Vlc. *pp* *mf* *pp*

S. unis. *ppp*
 Gr. 1 A
 Mrc. 1 *fff*
 T.-toms *f sub. molto*
 Ptti arco *mf*
 Camp. *f sonore*
 1
 Pf. *pp* → *mp* I.V.
pizz.
 Vni I *mf*
 Vni II *mf*
 α *mf*
 Vle *mf*
 Vlc. *mf*
 Vni I *ppp* molto *f p*
ppp molto *f p*
ppp molto (non vibrato) *f p*
ppp molto *f p*
ppp come eco molto *f >*
ppp come eco molto *f >*

Gr. c. 1
 T.-toms
 Pf.
 Vni I
 Vni II
 α
 Vle
 Vlc.
 Vni I
 Vni II
 β
 Vle
 Vlc.

Gr. 2
 A
 β
 Mrc. 1
 Mrc. 2

pp
molto
f
pp
ff
pp
ff
ff
pp
ff sub.
ff sub.
(non vibrato)
ff sub.
ff sub.
ff sub.
sempre pp
sempre pp

PP

1 2 3 4 5 6

A.

B.

Gr. c. 1

Camp. *mp*

Pf. *f*

(Pti) *l.v.*

Vni I *div.*

Vni II

α

Vle *div.*

1 2 3 Vlc. *div.* (non vibr., sul tasto)

Vni I *div.*

Vni II *div.*

B.

1 2 3 Vle *unite* *div.*

1 2 3 Vlc. *div.* (non vibr., sul tasto)

S. $\alpha + \beta$ **Larghetto ($J = 66$)**
 unis. *pp legatissimo, normale*

6 **4**

pp mormorando
 ME - LI - US QUO - RUM RI - TE
 SCY - THAE VA - GAS TRA - HUNT
 CAM - PES - TRES QUO - RUM DO - MOS
 SCY - THAE PLA - US - TRA RI - TE
 CAM - PES - TRES VA - GAS TRA - HUNT
 ME - LI - US QUO - RUM RI - TE
 SCY - THAE PLA - US - TRA DO - MOS
 CAM - PES - TRES PLA - US - TRA DO - MOS
 ME - LI - US VA - GAS RI - TE
 CAM - PES - TRES QUO - RUM TRA - HUNT

A.
B

Cor. 1
Tr.
T. tam
Camp.
Pf.
Vni I
Vni II
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vle
Vlc.
 β Cb. 1-4

Larghetto ($J = 66$)
sempre pp \leftrightarrow *mp*
(Pd.)

6 **4**

pp
1. pizz. (non gliss.)

S. α + β 3
 4 (unis.) 4
 A —

1 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IN-ME - TA-TA LI-BE-RAS CE - RE - REM CUL-
 2 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IN-ME - TA-TA LI-BE-RAS ET FE - RUNT
 3 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IU - GE - RA LI-BE-RAS FRU-GES CUL-
 4 VI-VUNT ET RI - GI - DI GE-TAE QUI-BUS LI-BE-RAS CE - RE - REM NEC
 5 VI-VUNT ET RI - GI - DI GE-TAE QUI-BUS LI-BE-RAS ET FE - RUNT
 6 VI-VUNT ET RI - GI - DI GE-TAE QUI-BUS LI-BE-RAS FRU-GES NEC

A.

1 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IN-ME - TA-TA LI-BE-RAS CE - RE - REM FE - RUNT
 2 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IU - GE - RA LI-BE-RAS ET CUL-
 3 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IU - GE - RA LI-BE-RAS FRU-GES NEC
 4 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IU - GE - RA LI-BE-RAS CE - RE - REM NEC
 5 VI-VUNT ET RI - GI - DI GE-TAE QUI-BUS LI-BE-RAS ET NEC
 6 RI - GI - DI GE-TAE IN-ME - TA-TA LI-BE-RAS FRU-GES FE - RUNT

Cor.

1 3
 2 4
 3 4

Tr. 2-4 4
 Pf. *sempre p liscio*
 (Pd.)

1 3
 2 4

O.Cb. 3

1 4
 2 3

B.Cb. 3

4 4 2 4 3 4 4
 S. α A
 β A
 1 TU - RA LON - GI - OR DE - FUNC-TUM-QUE AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE VI -
 2 PLA-CET DE - FUNC-TUM-QUE AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 3 TU - RA AN-NU - A LA - BO - RI - BUS AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 4 LON - GI - OR AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 5 PLA-CET LA - BO - RI - BUS AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 6 AN-NU - A LA - BO - RI - BUS AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE VI -
 A.
 1 LON - GI - OR AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE VI -
 2 TU - RA PLA-CET DE - FUNC-TUM-QUE AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 3 AN-NU - A AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 4 TU - RA LON - GI - OR AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 5 PLA-CET DE - FUNC-TUM-QUE AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE
 6 AN-NU - A LA - BO - RI - BUS AE - QUA - LI RE-CRE-AT SOR - TE VI -
 Cor. 2-4
 Pf.
 (Pf.)
 4 4 2 4 3 4 4
 1
 2
 3
 4
 α Cb.
 1
 2
 3
 4
 β Cb.
 1
 2
 3
 4

4
3 Allegretto

sempre legatissimo

S. α β A.

1 CA-RI-US
2 VI-CA-RI-US
3 VI-CA-RI-US
4 VI-CA-RI-US
5 VI-CA-RI-US
6 CA-RI-US

A. α β A.

1 CA-RI-US
2 VI-CA-RI-US
3 VI-CA-RI-US
4 VI-CA-RI-US
5 VI-CA-RI-US
6 CA-RI-US

Cor. 2-4 tacet

Mrc. 1 2 molto tacet

Pf. I.V.

$\alpha + \beta$ Vni I arco ad libitum
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I ppp lontano, legatissimo
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I ppp lontano, legatissimo
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I ppp lontano, legatissimo
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I ppp lontano, legatissimo

$\alpha + \beta$ Vlc. sempre sul Do, colpire con unghia, sempre gliss. (ossia pizz. normale)
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vlc. sempre sul Do, colpire con unghia, sempre gliss. (ossia pizz normale)

Allegretto \sim ($\text{J} = 80$) unis.
 $\alpha + \beta$ Cb. sempre pp

S. α β
 A. α β
 Tb.
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vni I
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vlc.
 $\alpha+\beta$ Cb.

S. α β
 A. α β
 Tuba
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vni I
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vlc.
 $\alpha+\beta$ Cb.

col legno gettato, sempre gliss.
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vle
 $\alpha+\beta$ Vlc.
 $\alpha+\beta$ Cb.

sempre legatissimo
 α
 S.
 β
 A.
 β
 Tuba
 Timp.

 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni II
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vln
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vlc

 $\alpha + \beta$ Cb.

α S. 3
 β molto
 α A.
 β molto
 Timp. cresc. molto
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni I
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vni II 3
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vle
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vlc.

4 Maestoso ($\text{d} = 66$)

S. $\alpha + \beta$

ff sostenuto

NE - OS - TÍ TE TU VA - SI - LÉ - OS VI - RE - VÍS - TA

A. $\alpha + \beta$

ff sostenuto

NE - OS - TÍ TE TU VA - SI - LÉ - OS VI - RE - VÍS - TA

3 2

Cor. 1 ff sostenuto, ben marcato

1 ff sostenuto, ben marcato

Trb. 2 ff sostenuto, ben marcato

3 ff sostenuto, ben marcato

Tuba ff sostenuto, ben marcato

Timp. ff subito

Camp. ff subito

Pf. ff ben marcato

3 2 Maestoso ($\text{d} = 66$)

I pp

$\alpha + \beta$ Vni pp

II pp

arco

$\alpha + \beta$ Vlc. ff arco

$\alpha + \beta$ Cb. ff arco

S. (unis.)

PRÓ-TU KE ME - GHÍS - TU GHE - GO - NÓ-TOS TON E - PÍ TRÁ-KIS VA - SI - LÉ - ON

A. (unis.)

PRÓ-TU KE ME - GHÍS - TU GHE - GO - NÓ-TOS TON E - PÍ TRÁ-KIS VA - SI - LÉ - ON

1

Cor.

3

4

2

3

4

2

1

Trb. 2

3

Tuba

(8)

Timp.

T-tam

Pf.

sempre *ped.*

3

2

4

2

$\alpha + \beta$ Vlc.

$\alpha + \beta$ Cb.

ff gliss. quasi gridare (ben marcato)
poco slargando

S. KÉ PÁ-SAN TÍN PÉ-RAN TÚ PO-TA-MÚ KE TÍN E-PÍ TÁ-DE KA-TI-SHI-KÓ-TOS GHE-

A. KÉ PÁ-SAN TÍN PÉ-RAN TÚ PO-TA-MÚ KE TÍN E-PÍ TÁ-DE KA-TI-SHI-KÓ-TOS GHE-
 4 2 > 3 2 3 4 4 4
 1 >
 2 >
 Cor. 3 >
 4 >

Tr. 2 >
 3 >
 4 >

1 >
 Trb. 2 frull.
 3 frull.
 Tuba frull.
 Timp.
 Camp. ff
 Pf. T-tam
 4 2 3 2 3 4 4
 α+β Vlc.
 α+β Cb.

5 Brillante sempre gridare [~]

S. NO-ME-NOS!

A. NO-ME-NOS!

- TÍN DE TELEFTÉAN KE MEGHÍSTIN ÁLOSIN U PRO PLIÓNON
I PENDÍKONDA KE EKATÓN ETÓN
ÍHON DE KE TÁFTIN GHÉTE KE TAS EN TIS ARISTERÍS
TU PÓNTU PÓLIS MÉHRI APOLLONÍAS...

- DEHINC REGNANTE GETHIS BURUISTA
DICINEUS VENIT IN GETHIAM
QUO TEMPORE ROMANORUM SYLLA POTUTUS EST PRINCIPATUM...

- QUEM DICINEUM SUSCPIENS
BURUISTA DEDIT EI PENE REGIAM POTESTATEM
CUIUS CONSILIO GETHI GERMANORUM TERRAS
QUAS NUNC FRACI OPTINET POPULATI SUNT...

- ANTONIUS PROCONSUL IN THRACIA
PARUM PROSPERE REM GESSIT...

- VINUM AD SE OMNINO IMPORTARI NON SINUNT
QUOD EA RE AD LABOREM FERENDUM REMOLLESCLERE HOMINES
ATQUI EFFEMINARI ARBITRANTUR ...

- UNDE ET PENE OMNIBUS BARBARIS GETHI SAPIENTIORES
SEMPER EXITERUNT · GRECISQUE PENE CONSIMILES ...

Brillante, ben marcato ($\downarrow = 126$)

1 Cor. 2 Cor.

3 Cor. 4 Cor.

1 Tr. 2 Tr.

3 Tr. 4 Tr.

1 Trb. 2 3 Trb.

Tuba Timp.

T.-tam Pf.

$\alpha + \beta$ Vlc. Cb.

(sempre gridare ~)

5
4

S.
A.

1
2
Cor.
3
4

1
2
Tr.
3
4

Trb. 1

4
4

S.
A.

1
2
Cor.
3
4

1
2
Tr.
3
4

Trb. 1

2

6
Agitato, presto possibile ($J = 176-192$)

S.

A.

1

2

Cor.

3

4

1

2

Tr.

3

4

Trb. 1

Ptts.

Mrc. 1

2

Pf.

quasi sul pont., sempre flautando
y a punta d'arco

sempre $\frac{2}{3}$.

α Vni I

α Vni II

β Vlc.

β

α

β

Gr. c.

α_2

sempre m_f

T.-tam

Pf.

($2\ddot{a}$.)

Vni I

Vni II

Vle

α

β

Vlc.

β

α

β

quasi sul pont., sempre flautando
a punta d'arco

Gr.c. *a2* Ptti *mp* arco (I.v.)
 Pf. (Pdo.)
 Vni I II V Vle
 α *Vni I II* Vle β Vlc.
 β Vlc.
 Ptti *pp* Mrc. 2 *pp*
 Gr.c. *a2*
 α Vni I II V Vle
 β Vni I II Vle
 Vlc.
 Mrc. 2 *mf* *f* Gr.c. *a2* *f*
 molto
 Vni I II V Vle
 α Vle *ppp ff*
 β Vni I II V Vlc.
 Vlc.

This musical score page contains three systems of music. The first system includes parts for Gr.c., Pf. (with dynamic (Pdo.)), Vni I, II, Vle, and Vlc. The second system includes Ptti, Gr.c. (with dynamic a2), Vni I, II, Vle, and Vlc. The third system includes Mrc. 2, Gr.c. (with dynamics mf and f), Vni I, II, Vle, and Vlc. Various dynamics like pp, ff, p, and ff, as well as performance instructions like arco and Mrc. 2, are indicated throughout the score.

Mrc. 1

Gr. c.

Pf. *pp ↔ mp*
(*ta.*)

Vni I II

α

Sul Re (*arco ad lib.*)

Vle

Vlc. *ppp liscio*

β

Vni I II

Vle

Vlc.

≡

T.-tam

f sub. molto

Ptii

Gr. c. *a2*

arco

(*ta.*)

i.v.

Pf. *i.v.*
(*ta.*)

Vni I II

α Vle

Vlc. *ff*

v

ppp

Vni I II

Vle

Vlc.

β

Vlc.

Gr.c. 1

Vln I
Vln II

α Vle
Vlc.

Camp.

Vln I
Vln II

β Vle
Vlc.

T.-toms

Pf.

($\#$ o.)

Vln I
Vln II

α Vle
Vlc.

normale

Vln I
Vln II

β Vle
Vlc.

normale

T.-toms

Gr.c.

Vln I
Vln II

α Vle
Vlc.

Vln I
Vln II

β Vle
Vlc.

Mrc.
 1 *pp*
 2 *f*
 Gr.c.1

Pf.
 (2a.)

Vni I
 II

α Vle

Vlc.

Vni I
 II

β Vle

Vlc.

Gr.c.1

Camp.

Pf.
 (2a.)

Vni I
 II

α Vle

Vlc.

Vni I
 II

β Vle

Vlc.

v
 arco
 Ptti
 Gr.c. 1
 Pf.
 Vni I II
 α Vle
 Vlc.
 Vni I II
 β Vle
 Vlc.

Ptti
 Gr.c. 1
 T.-tam
 Camp.
 Pf.
 Vni I II
 α Vle
 Vlc.
 Vni I II
 β Vle
 Vlc.

7

1
Cor.
2
Cor.
3
Cor.
4
Cor.

Vni I II
ff sonore

α Vle
Vlc.

Vni I II
ff sonore

β Vle
Vlc.

— poco —

1
Cor.
2
Cor.
3
Cor.
4
Cor.

Vni I II
Trb. 2

α Vle
Vlc.

Vni I II
Trb. 2

β Vle
Vlc.

cresc.

1

2 Cor.

3

4

1

Trb. 2

3

Gr.c. 1 >>> >>> >>> >>> >>> >>> >>>

sempre ff

Fl. 8' 4'

sempre f dolce

Org. ad libitum

I Vni

II Vni

α Vle

Vlc.

β Vni

II Vni

Vle

Vlc.

β Vni

II Vni

Vle

Vlc.

Gr. c. 1 > > > simile
 Org. {
 I simile
 II simile
 α vle simile
 Vlc.
 Cb. col legno batt.
 I Vni fff
 II Vle simile
 β Vle simile
 Vlc.
 Cb. col legno batt. simile

Gr. c. 1 > > >
 Org. {
 I Vni
 II Vle
 α Vlc.
 Cb.
 I Vni
 II Vle
 β Vlc.
 Cb.

Timp. con la bacch. di legno
 sempre ff

Cor. 1-4

Tr. 1-4

Trb. 1-3

Tuba

Tim.

Gr.c. 1

Org.

[2]

I Vni

II Vni

Al Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

I Vni

II Vni

B Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

simile

(col legno battuto)

Cor. 1-4
 Tr. 1-4
 Trb. 1-3
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Gr.c. 1
 Org.
 I Vni
 II
 α Vle
 Vlc.
 Cb.
 I Vni
 II
 β Vle
 Vlc.
 Cb.

32

Cor. 1-4
 Tr. 1-4
 Trb. 1-3
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Gr.c. 1
 Org.

22

β

2 [8]

Cor. 1-4

Tr. 1-4

Trb. 1-3

Tuba

Timp.

T.-toms

sempre f

simile

Gr. c. 1

Org.

2

I

Vni

ff con fuoco (ossia spiccato)

II

Vle

ff con fuoco (ossia spiccato)

mf ben sostenuto

Vlc.

mf ben sostenuto

arco ↗

Cb.

mf ben sostenuto

II

Vni

ff con fuoco (ossia spiccato)

Vle

ff con fuoco (ossia spiccato)

mf ben sostenuto

Vlc.

mf ben sostenuto

arco ↗

Cb.

mf ben sostenuto

T.-toms ff sub. Gr. c. 1 ff

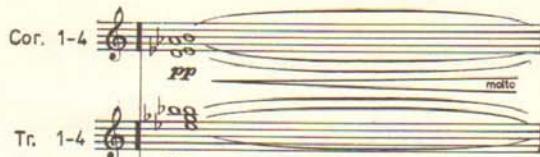
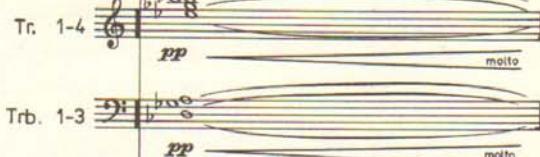
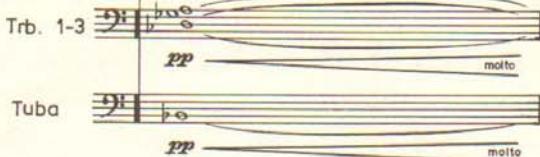
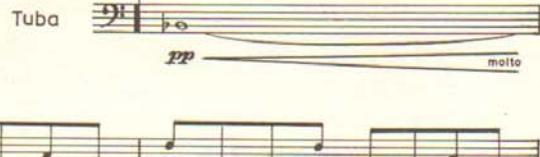
I Vni II Vni α Vle Vlc. Cb.

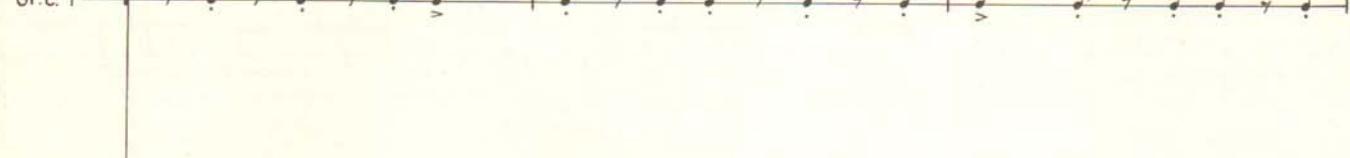
I Vni II Vni β Vle Vlc. Cb.

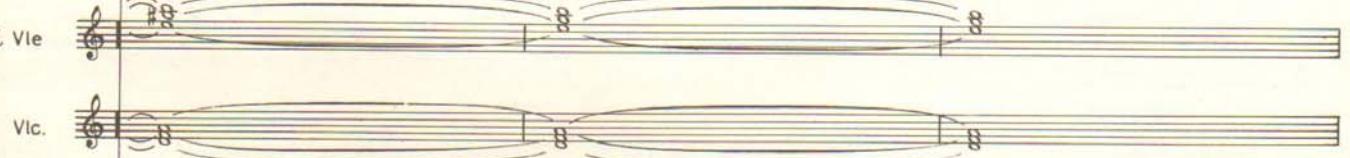
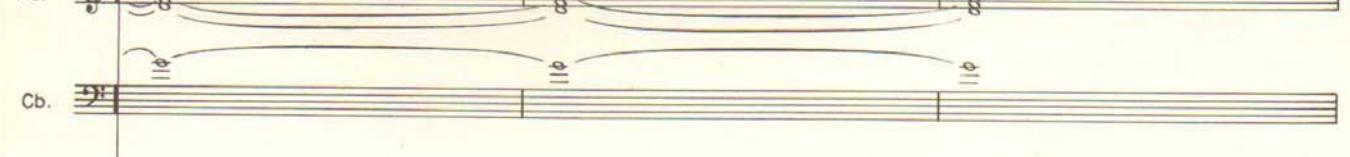
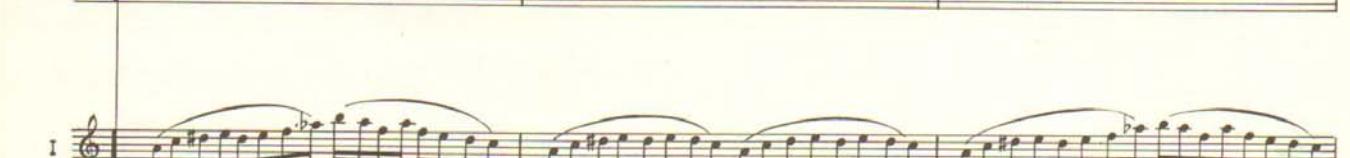
Tim. ff ben marcato

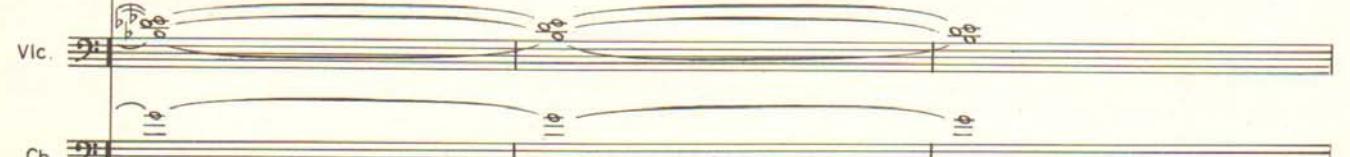
T.-toms Gr. c. 1 I Vni II Vni α Vle Vlc. Cb.

I Vni II Vni β Vle Vlc. Cb.

Cor. 1-4 
 Tr. 1-4 
 Trb. 1-3 
 Tuba 

Tim. 
 T-toms 
 Gr. c. 1 

I Vni 
 II Vni 
 α Vle 
 Vlc. 
 Cb. 

I Vni 
 II Vni 
 β Vle 
 Vlc. 
 Cb. 

Cor. 1-4

Tr. 1-4

Trb. 1-3

Tuba

Timp.

T.-toms

Gr. c. 1

This page contains seven staves of musical notation. The first four staves (Cor. 1-4, Tr. 1-4, Trb. 1-3, Tuba) are in treble clef and have dynamic markings like *sf*, *pp*, *molto sf*, *f*, *poco*. The fifth staff (Timp.) shows a pattern of eighth notes. The sixth staff (T.-toms) shows a pattern of sixteenth notes with a dynamic of *fff marcato*. The seventh staff (Gr. c. 1) shows a pattern of eighth notes with a dynamic of *poco*.

I Vni

II

α Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

This page contains five staves. The first two staves (I Vni, II) show sixteenth-note patterns with grace marks above the notes. The third staff (α Vle) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*. The fourth staff (Vlc.) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*. The fifth staff (Cb.) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*.

I Vni

II

β Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

This page contains five staves. The first two staves (I Vni, II) show sixteenth-note patterns with grace marks above the notes. The third staff (β Vle) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*. The fourth staff (Vlc.) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*. The fifth staff (Cb.) shows sustained notes with a dynamic of *ff*.

Cor. 1 4
 Tr. 1-4
 Trb. 1-3
 Tuba

a poco *fff staccatissimo*
a poco *fff staccatissimo*
a poco *fff staccatissimo*
a poco *fff staccatissimo*

Timp.
 T.-toms
 Gr.c. 1
 Pf.

sempre ffff
sempre ffff simile
sempre ffff
fff
Pd.

I Vni
 II
 α Vle
 Vlc.
 Cb.

sempre ffff
sempre ffff
X *X*
X *wave*
X *wave*
fff sub.

I Vni
 II
 β Vle
 Vlc.
 Cb.

sempre ffff
sempre ffff
X *X*
X *wave*
X *wave*
fff sub.

1
Cor.
2
3
4

1
Tr.
2
3
4

1
Trb. 2
3

Tuba

Tim.

T.-toms

Gr.c. 1

Vni I
II

α Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

Vni I
II

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

1
2
Cor.
3
4
1
2
Tr.
3
4
1
2
Trb. 2
3
Tuba.
Timpani.
T.-toms
Gr.c. 1

Muta in T-tam

I
Vni
II
 α Vlc
Vlc.
Cb.
I
Vni
II
 β Vlc
Vlc.
Cb.

4 9 *

4 Largo ($\text{d} = 60 \rightarrow 88$)
(poco rubato)

1 Cor. 2 Cor. 3 Cor. 4 Cor.

1 Tr. 2 Tr. 3 Tr. 4 Tr.

1 Trb. 2 Trb. 3 Tuba

Timp.

T.-toms

Camp.

T.-tam

Pf.

Sngl. Camp.di bb.

I Vni II Vni

Vle

1. α Vlc. 2. α Vlc. 3. α Vlc. 4. α Vlc.

Cb.

I Vni II Vni

Vle

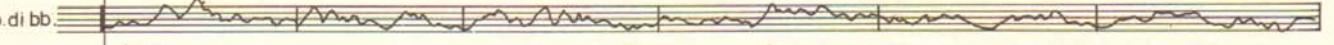
β Vlc.

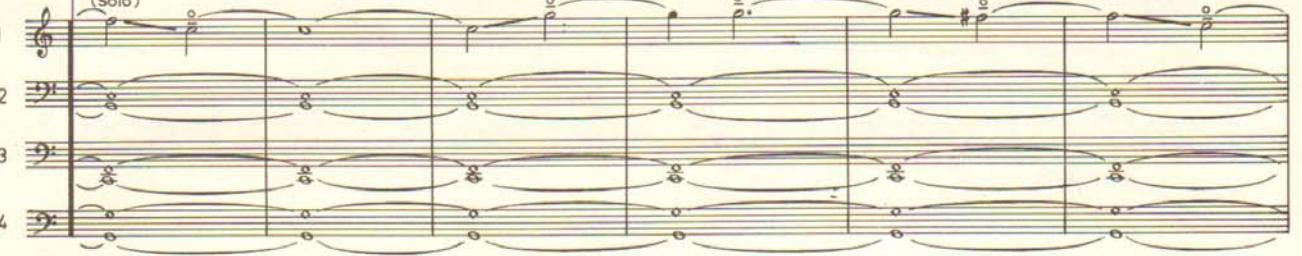
Cb.

Sul Do
(arco ad lib.)
Solo

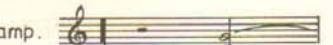
Pf. 

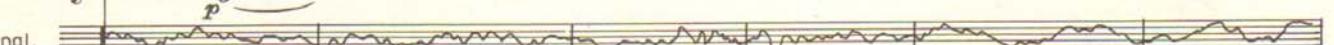
 Sngl. 

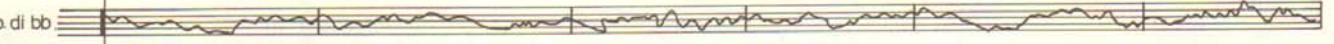
 Camp. di bb. 

 (Solo) 



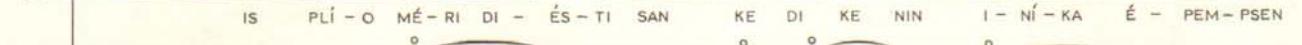
 Camp. 

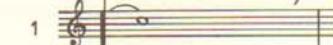
 Sngl. 

 Camp. di bb. 

 Br. 

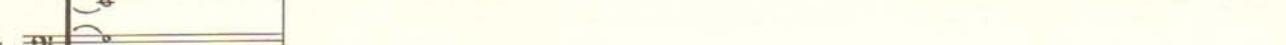
 IS PLÍ - O MÉ - RI DI - ÉS - TI SAN KE DI KE NIN I - NÍ - KA É - PEM - PSEN

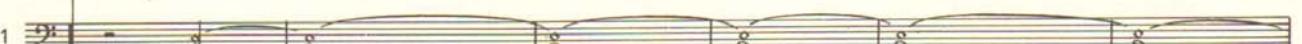
 1 

 α Vlc. 

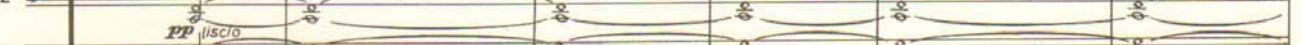
 3 

 4 



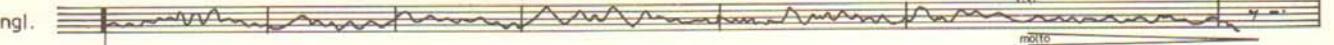
 1 

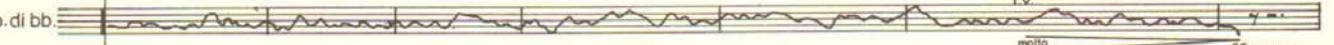
 β Vlc. 2 

 3 



 Camp. 

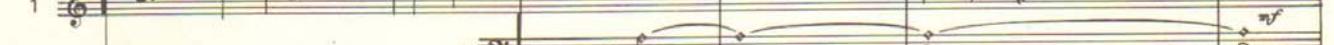
 Sngl. 

 Camp. di bb. 

 Br. 

 EP AF - TÚS STRA - TÍ - AN

 1 

 α Vlc. 

 3 

 4 

 (sul tasto, non vibrato)

 1 

 β Vlc. 2 

 3 

Gr.c. *a2*
pppp

Br.

Bs.

Solo (ossia a 2 Violoncelli soli)

α Vlc. 1 *sul Sol con passione*

VI - RE - VIS - TAS

MEN O - MEN UN VI - RE - VÍS - TAS É -

α Vlc. 1 *(8)* *sul La*

Gr. c. *a2*

Br. *molto ff dramatico*

É - FTM KA - TA - LI - THÍS KA - TA -

Bs. - FTM KA - TA - LI - THÍS KA - TA - LI - THÍS

α Vlc. 1 *sul Sol* *sempre mf*

Gr. c. *a2*

Br. *wf cantabile*

LI - THIS E - PA - NAS - TÁN - TON AF - TÓ - TI - NON

Bs. KA - TA - LI - THÍS

α Vlc. 1

Br. PRIN I RO - MÉ - US STÍ - LI STRA - TÍ - AN E - PLI -

α Vlc. 1

11 Adagio poco rubato ($\downarrow = 60$)
p dolce, legatissimo

S. β

A. β 1-6 *p dolce*
 Camp. *p*
 Br. TON
 Bs. *mp religioso*

I DE DI - A - DE - XÁ - ME - NI TÍN AR-HÍN IS PLÍO MÉ-RI DI - ÉS - TI - SAN KE DI KE NIN I - NÍ -

S. β

A. β 1-6 *p*
 Bs. KA E - PEM-PSEN EP AF - TÚS STRA-TÍ - AN

S. β

A. β 3-6 *pp* *mf molto*
 1-6 *pp* *mf molto*

34

12

ppp molto

S.α 1-3 4 5 6

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

A.α 1-3 4 5 6

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

S.β 1-3 4 5 6

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

A.β 1-2 3-6

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

ff pp legatissimo (respirare individualmente)

Ptti *pp* *sf* I.v.

3 4 4 3

S.α 1-3 4 5 6

A.α 1-3 4 5 6

S.β 1-3 4 5 6

A.β 1-2 3-6

13 Largo ($\text{♩} = 72$)*pp liscio*

1-3 A. *pp liscio*
 4 A. *pp liscio*
 S. α A. *pp liscio*
 5 A. *pp liscio*
 6 A. *pp liscio*
 A. α A. *pp liscio*
 4-6 A. *pp liscio*
 S. β A. *pp liscio*
 5 A. *pp liscio*
 6 A. *pp liscio*
 A. β A. *pp liscio*
 3-6 A. *pp liscio*

Largo ($\text{♩} = 72$)

Camp. $\sharp \text{F}$ *mp* l.v.
 T.- tam *pp* *mf* Gr. c. 2 *sempre pp*
 Sngl.
 Camp. di bb
 Br. *mp* b.e.
 Bs. *mp* b.e.
sui La
 Solo *gliss.* *harmonico* *legatissimo*
 α . Vic. 1

Gr.c. 2
 T.-tam
 Sngl.
 Camp. di bb.
 Br.
 Bs.
 β Cb.1 (arco ad lib.)
pp liscio

Gr.c. 2
 T.-tam
 Sngl.
 Camp. di bb.
 Br.
 Pf. in Pianoforte
 α Cb.1 (arco ad lib.)
 β Cb.1

5 4

14 Sonore ($J = 40-60$)

5 (2+3)
4

liscio, ben sostenuto (respirare individualmente)

sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

S. $\alpha+\beta$ and A. $\alpha+\beta$ parts are shown. Both parts have a melodic line with sustained notes and grace notes. The S. $\alpha+\beta$ part has a dynamic marking 'sempre *ffff* molto cantabile' with a circled 'A' below it. The A. $\alpha+\beta$ part also has a similar dynamic marking with a circled 'A' below it.

Trb.

(trull.)

Trombone (Trb.) part: three staves showing sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamic: sempre *ffff* ben marcato.

Tuba

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

Timp.

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

T.-toms

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

G.c.

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

Camp.

Campion (Camp.) part: one staff showing eighth-note patterns. Dynamic: sempre *ffff*.

Sngl.

Camp.di bb.

5 (2+3) Sonore ($J=40-60$)
4

Pf.

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

sempre *ff*.

Org.
ad libitum

8' 16'

sempre *ffff* ben marcato

32' 64'

Organ (Org. ad libitum) part: two staves showing sustained notes. Dynamic: sempre *ffff*.

I [N]

VnI sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

II [N]

VnII sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

$\alpha+\beta$

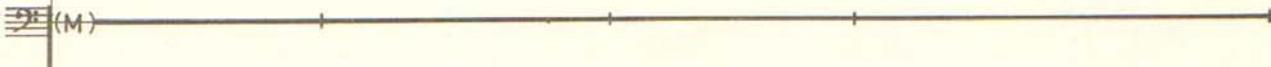
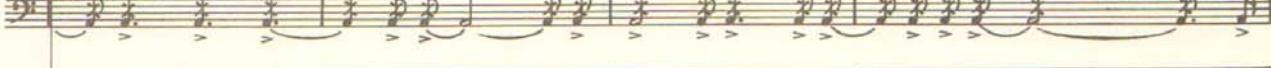
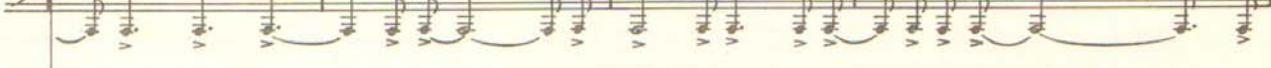
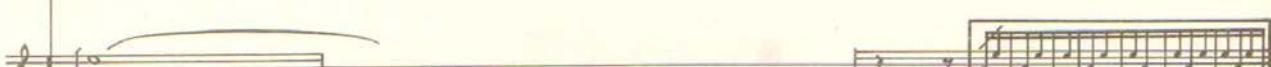
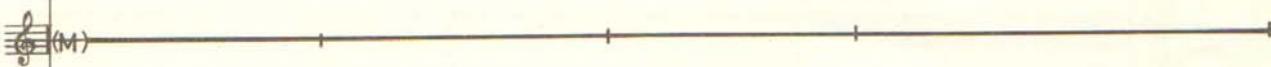
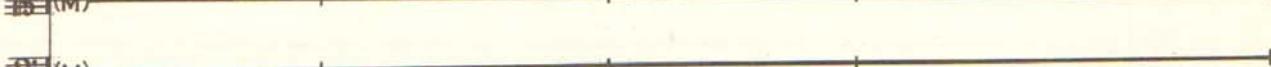
Vle sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

Vlc [N]

Vcl sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

Cb. [N]

Cb. sempre *ffff* molto cantabile

S. 
 A. 
 Cor. 1-4 
 Tr. 1-4 
 1-2 
 Trb. 
 Tuba 
 Timp. 
 T.-toms 
 Gr.c. 
 Camp. 
 Pf. 
 Org. 
 Vni I 
 II 
 $\alpha + \beta$ Vle 
 Vic. 
 Cb. 

ARMONIA in piedi
 CORNI - padiglioni in aria

slentando

S.

A.

Cor. 1-4 (M)

Tr. 1-4 (M)

1 2 (M)

Trb. 3

Tuba

Timp.

T.-toms

Gr. c.

Camp.

Pf. (8)

Org.

fff possibile, organo pleno

I (M)

Vni

II (M)

$\alpha + \beta$ Vle (M)

Vlc. (M)

Cb. (M)

(20 - 30'')

(respirare individualmente)

S.

(respirare individualmente)

A.

Cor. 1-4 (M) — γ

Tr. 1-4 (M) — γ

1 2 (M) — γ

Trb.

3 — γ sff

Tuba — γ sff

Tim. — γ sff marcato

T.-toms — γ sffff

T.-tam — γ sffff

Camp. — γ sffff

Pf. — γ sffff (tacet)

(Pd.)

Org. — γ

I Vni (M) — γ

II Vni (M) — γ

α+β Vle (M) — γ

Vlc. (M) — γ

Cb. (M) — γ

București,
iunie 1978

Appendix I

INSERTO

Appendix I

INSERTO

(Il seguente brano musicale sarà di obbligo inserito ed eseguito allorché
l'organo fa parte dell'insieme orchestrale)

4 9

4 Grave ($\text{♩} = 60$)

Cor. 1 2 3 4

Tr. 1 2 3 4

Trb. 2 3

Tuba

Tim. T-toms

Org. *quasi rubato*
4' 8'
fff sonore (organo pleno)

4 Grave ($\text{♩} = 60$)

Vni I II

α Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

Vni I II

β Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

Quasi Cadenza

16'(32')

piso

Org.

==

Org.

==

Org.

==

Largo ($\text{♩} = 60-88$)
poco rubato

9 bis

Camp.

T.-tam

Sngl.

Camp.di bb.

Pf.

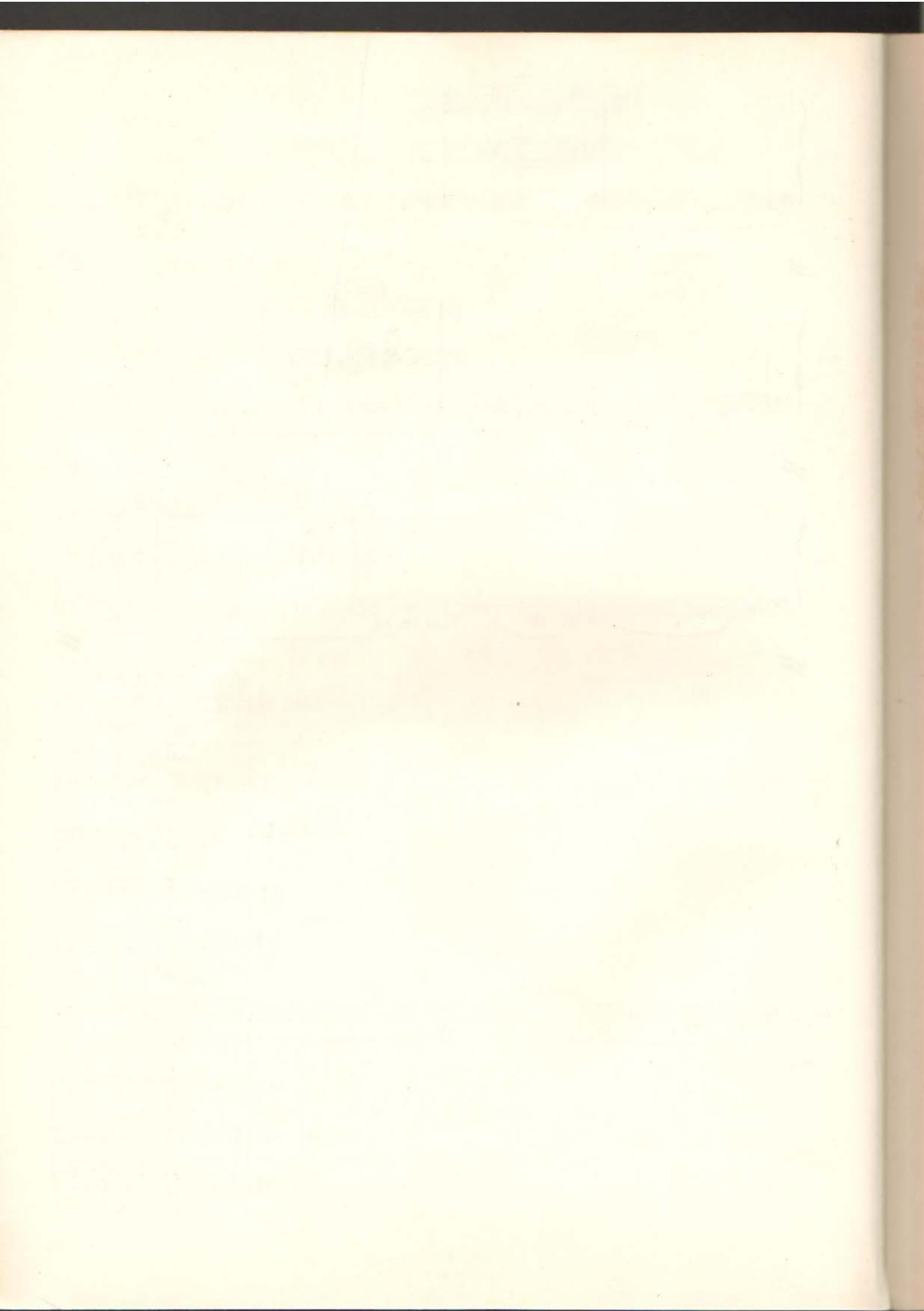
Org. {

2

3

4

Al. Vlc.



Appendix II

MOBILE	ARCHI ($\alpha + \beta$)
MOBILE	CORNI
MODULO	TROMBE 1, 2 e TROMBONE 1
MODULO	TROMBE 3, 4 e TROMBONE 2

MOBILE - VIOLINI I ($\alpha + \beta$)

sempre fff molto cantabile

1 $\text{♩} = 300$

2 $\text{♩} = 126$

3 $\text{♩} = 108$

4 $\text{♩} = 136$

5 $\text{♩} = 108$

simile, marcato

6 $\text{♩} = 400$

7 $\text{♩} = 104$

8 $\text{♩} = 78$

9 $\text{♩} = 140$

10 $\text{♩} = 145$

MOBILE - VIOLINI II ($\alpha+\beta$)

sempre fff molto cantabile

1 $\text{♩} = 110$

2 $\text{♩} = 160$

3 $\text{♩} = 120$

4 $\text{♩} = 144$



5 $\text{♩} = 104$

6 $\text{♩} = 108$

60



7 $\text{♩} = 132$

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring six staves of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 132$.

8 $\text{♩} = 112$

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring six staves of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 112$.

9 $\text{♩} = 126$

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring six staves of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 126$.

10 $\text{♩} = 126$

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring six staves of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 126$.

MOBILE - VIOLE ($\alpha + \beta$)

sempre ffff molto cantabile

1

$J = 102$

2

$J = 138$

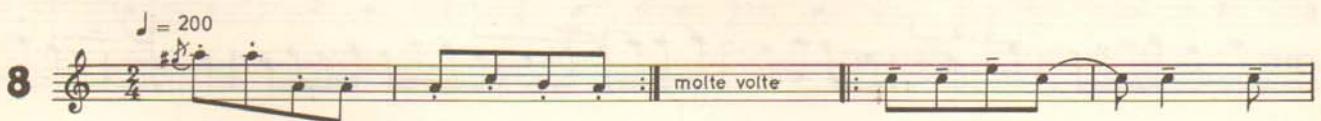
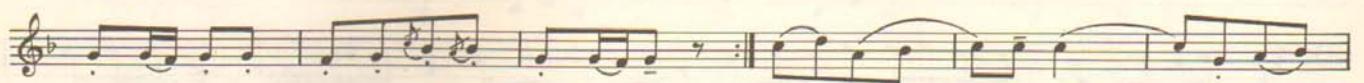
3

$J = 170$

molte volte

4

$J = 120$



MOBILE - VIOLONCELLI ($\alpha + \beta$)

sempre fff molto cantabile

1 2nd 2/4

2 2/4 $\text{♩} = 114$

3 2nd 2/4 $\text{♩} = 120$

64

4 



5 

6 

7 

8 

MOBILE - CONTRABBASSI ($\alpha + \beta$)

sempre fff molto cantabile

$J = 116$ (accelerando sin' al fine - 152)

1

2

3

4

$J = 107$

$J = 124$

$J = 144$

$J = 112$

MOBILE - CORNI (in Fa)

sempre fff molto cantabile

1

2

3

4

MODULO - TROMBE 1,2 e TROMBONE 1

sempre fff cantabile in rilievo

(♩ = cca 102)

Musical score for three brass instruments: Trombone 1 (top), Trombone 2 (middle), and Trombone 1 (bottom). The score consists of three staves. Trombone 1 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern. Trombone 2 has eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 (bottom) has sustained notes with grace notes. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The time signature is common time (indicated by '4'). Measure lines are present between the staves.

Continuation of the musical score for the same three brass instruments. The instrumentation remains the same: Trombone 1 (top), Trombone 2 (middle), and Trombone 1 (bottom). The score shows more complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note groups and sustained notes with grace notes. The key signature changes to D major (one sharp).

Final continuation of the musical score for the three brass instruments. The instrumentation and key signature remain consistent. The score concludes with a series of sixteenth-note patterns and sustained notes with grace notes.



MODULO - TROMBE 3,4 e TROMBONE 2

sempre ffff cantabile in rilievo

(J = cca 100)

Tr.

4

Trb.2

MONOLO - TRUMPET 2 - TROMBONE 2,

Du progrès tout étonnant de

A LAISSE MUSICALE.

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 21

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 19

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 23.6

Le leader à la fin duquel

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 22

Le leader à la fin duquel

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 82

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 13

Le leader à la fin duquel

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 8

Le leader à la fin duquel

LEADER A CHORUS

DU MONTEZUMA DE CAVOUR - dans lequel

tel. 14

Redactor : VASILE ȘIRLI

Tehnoredactor : CARMINA CIZER

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tel. 77

Le leader à la fin duquel

Lei 18,50