



P A R T I.

T H E

O V E R T U R E and S O N G S

I N T H E

Masque of C I R C E.



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PART I.

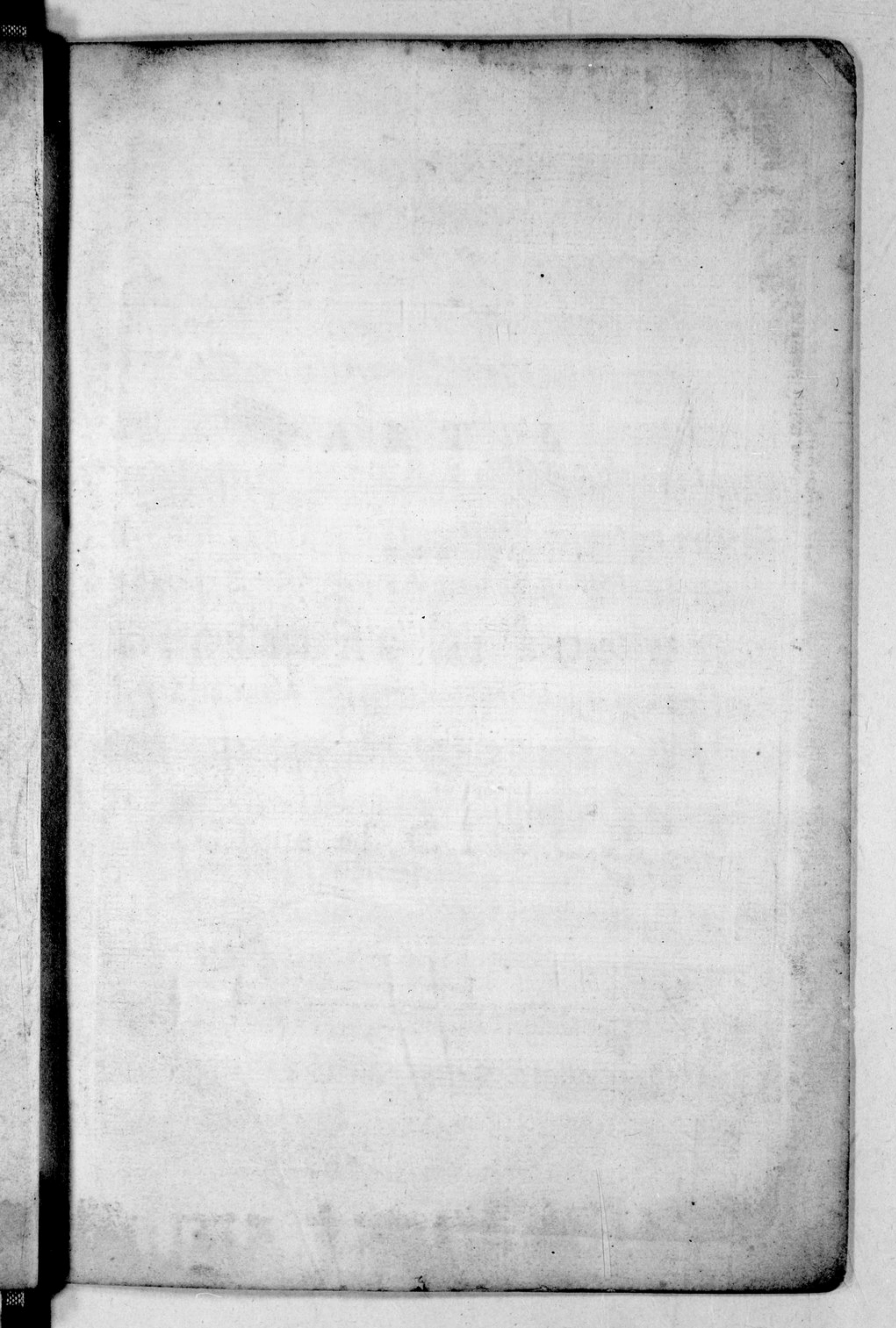
THE

OVERTURE and SONGS

IN THE

Musique of CIRCE.

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OVERTURE *in the Masque of Circe*

Oboe 1^{mo}

Largo

Oboe 2^{do}

Violoncello
e Fagotto

Violino 1^{mo}

Violino 2^{do}

Alto Viola

Organo

Largo

The musical score is written for a full orchestra and organ. The tempo is marked 'Largo'. The key signature is one sharp (F#), indicating G major. The time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into systems of staves. The first system includes staves for Oboe 1, Oboe 2, Violoncello and Fagotto, Violino 1, Violino 2, Alto Viola, and Organ. The organ part features complex figured bass notation, including figures such as 56, 65, 76, 467, 6, 4, 6, 7, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 6, 6, 6. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and trills (tr). The organ part is particularly intricate, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes.

Allegro

2

The first system of musical notation consists of six staves. The first five staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The sixth staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in 2/4 time. Measures 1-6 are shown. Measure 2 has a '2' above it. Measure 6 has a '6' above it. There are trills (tr) in measures 1, 2, and 6.

Allegro

The second system of musical notation consists of six staves. The first five staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The sixth staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in 2/4 time. Measures 7-18 are shown. Measure 18 has a '6' above it. There are trills (tr) in measures 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18. The bottom staff has fingerings: 6, *, 7, 6, *, 3, 7, 6, 7, 3, 6, 3, 6, 6, 6.

3

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Solo

Solo

Solo

6 7 7 6 5 6 7 7

tutti

Solo

tutti

tutti

Solo

tutti

pia.

forte

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Handwritten musical score, first system. It consists of six staves. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The middle two staves are empty. The music features various notes, rests, and trills (tr). A measure number '4' is written above the first staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Handwritten musical score, second system. It consists of six staves. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The middle two staves are empty. The music features various notes, rests, and trills (tr). A measure number '6' is written above the first staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Handwritten musical score, third system. It consists of six staves. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The middle two staves are empty. The music features various notes, rests, and trills (tr). A measure number '2' is written above the first staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The word "Solo" is written above the fifth staff, and "tutti" is written above the sixth staff.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music is characterized by dense, rapid passages, particularly in the upper staves, and includes various musical ornaments such as trills (tr) and grace notes. Fingering numbers (1-5) are visible above several notes. The score is written in black ink on aged, slightly discolored paper.



Handwritten musical score for a multi-staff instrument, likely a harpsichord or spinet, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, trills, and fingerings.

The score is organized into systems of staves. The first system includes a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The first system includes a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The first system includes a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

Key markings and annotations include:

- Solo**: Marked above the treble staff in the first system.
- Tasto Solo**: Marked above the bass staff in the first system.
- tr**: Trill markings above notes in the second system.
- tutti**: Marked below the bass staff in the third system.
- 6**: Fingerings (6) are indicated below notes in the first and third systems.

The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and trills. The key signature is one sharp (F#) throughout. The time signature is common time (C).

This image shows a page of handwritten musical notation, likely for a piano piece. The score is written on multiple staves, with some staves grouped by a brace on the left. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, trills (marked 'tr'), and dynamic markings like 'Solo', 'pia.', and 'for.'. There are also some numerical markings, possibly indicating fingerings or measures. The handwriting is in dark ink on aged paper. The piece appears to be in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation is dense and complex, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. There are also some larger notes and rests interspersed throughout the piece. The overall style is that of a 19th-century manuscript.

Aria Larghetto ⁸

Traversa

Violini
& Oboe

Alto Viola

Bassi

Senza Oboe

piano

piano

forte

forte

Solo

pianiss

pianiss

tutti

tutti

for.

fortiss

Solo

pianiss

pianiss

9

tr tutti tr

tutti

for. 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3

tr tr tr tr tr tr

Solo

pianiss

pianiss

tr tr

tutti

tutti

for

piano

piano

piano

An Hymn to Diana¹⁰ Sung by a Shepherd in Circe

Andante

O'er the Country Sports presi-ding Virgin Goddess of the Grove See thy Nymphs a

Gift provi-ding not un-worthy of thy Love Shew thy Godheads inclin-ation

to an humble Shepherds Pray'r, give thy willing appro-ba-tion now and ever

kindly hear.

May the nymphs these Woods frequenting,
 Free from danger and from care,
 Youth and innocence consenting
 all thy choicest blessings share.
 Pleasures ever new attend 'em,
 Daily may their Joys improve,
 But beyond all else defend 'em
 From the Magic wiles of Love:
 Ever unconfin'd and single
 May they keep thy Vestal Shrine,
 Let not cruel Cupid mingle
 His pernicious darts with thine.

So when thou thy self secluding,
 Shun'st the Search of mortal Eye,
 May no wanton Fanm intruding,
 Thy mysterious beauties spy.
 When in some refreshing river,
 Thou shalt all thy charms reveal,
 May no rude Actæon ever,
 On thy chaste retirement steal.

A Song in the¹¹ Masque of Circe

Pleasure

Vivace

Gentle

Goddeſs of de-light ever ai-ry e-ver free who that knew to chuſe a--

-right wou'd not wiſh to live with thee wou'd not wiſh to live with thee

who that youthfull joys might ſhare wou'd be charm'd by wrinkled

Care who that youthfull joys might ſhare wou'd be charm'd by wrinkled Care

2 { Who wou'd Toils of War profeſs?
What avails the thirſt of Fame?
When we've tried it we confeſs,
Virtue's but an empty name;
And if rightly underſtood,
Pleasure is the only good.

3 { Peeviſh Virtue loves to chide,
And wou'd all our bliſs deſtroy.
Nature ſcorns the Simple guide,
And directs the Soul to Joy.
Here alone true wiſdom lies,
Pleasure ſeek and thou art wiſe.

Largo *A Song in the Masque of Circe* ¹²

Virtue

Let not Pleasure's charms decoy thee Fly from this de-test-ed

Grove lest her magick Arts destroy thee drest in out-ward

shew of Love He who vain delights desying woud his in-no

-cence ensure like the wily Parthian flying makes the Conquest

more se-cure

(2)

*See the soft Enchantress smiling,
Steals on her defenceless prey;
And with tender looks beguiling,
Knows the certain time to slay.
Mortal shun the Dear Deceiver,
All her gilded snares deride,
Midst her train of Follies leave her,
And let Virtue be thy Guide.*

(3)

*O how vain a thing is pleasure,
Without innocence be there,
Life it self were scarce a treasure,
Did not Virtue soften care.
Happy Thou to whom this warning,
She with kind concern has giv'n,
Know the call of Virtue scorning
You resist the voice of Heav'n.*

13
A Song in the Masque of Circe

Circe

piano

piano

Siciliano

*Ye Swains who pos-
sess the rich treasure which Youth and gay Liberty bring
conduct re-proving most mourn-ful-ly sighing you'd say what hours have I lost without*

forte *pia*

forte *pia*

*pleasure and make the best use of the Spring
loving what an Age have I squander'd a-way*

*Ye Swains who possess y^e rich
your own simple conduct re-*

*treasure which Youth and gay Liberty bring O lay it out wisely on pleasure and
proving most mournful-ly sighing you'd say what hours have I lost without loving what an*

for pia

for pia

make the best use of the Spring
age have I squander'd a--way

Did ye know with how tender a passion
The... He roes immortal in story

fond Lovers their moments improve you'd think Life not worth the possession except it were
by this their Di--vi--ty prove would you rise to be mighty in Glory like them ye must

forte

forte

Season'd with Love ex-cept it were Season'd with Love Did ye
seek it in Love like them ye must seek it in Love The

know with how tender a passion fond Lovers their moments im-prove you'd
Heroes immortal in story by this their Di--vi--ty prove would you

A Song in the Masque of Cith

Andante

Andante

piano

Behold in me what

unif.

forte

all pursue what all pursue a winged Goddess caught by fens

pia.

Behold in me what all pursue what all pursue a

pia

winged Goddeſs caught by fear behold in me what all pur-ſue a

winged Goddeſs caught by fear a winged Go- ddeſs caught by

forte

forte

fear

The musical score is written on ten staves, organized into five systems of two staves each. The top staff of each system is a vocal line in treble clef, and the bottom staff is a piano accompaniment line in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and ornaments (trills). Performance markings include 'pia' (piano), 'forte', and 'fear' (likely indicating a dynamic or tempo change). The lyrics are written below the vocal line, with some words underlined. The piano part includes numerous fingerings indicated by numbers 1-5 and 6-7. The page number '17' is at the top center.

pia

my real value fewer know but barter me for empty

pianiss.

Show for e... mpty show for e...

for pia

for pia

for. pia

mpty show but barter me for

The musical score is written on ten staves, organized into five systems of two staves each. The top staff of each system is a vocal line in treble clef, and the bottom staff is a piano accompaniment line in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. Performance markings include 'pia' (piano) and 'pianiss.' (pianissimo). The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10. The lyrics are: 'my real value fewer know but barter me for empty', 'Show for e... mpty show for e...', 'for pia', 'for pia', 'for. pia', and 'mpty show but barter me for'.

Handwritten musical score on page 19, featuring vocal and piano parts. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The vocal part includes lyrics and a trill (tr). The piano part includes fingerings and the word "Solo" at the end.

empty show for empty show *but barter me for empty show*

for *for* *for*

pia

a cursed Fiend my

Solo

deadly Foe my Footsteps haunts where'er where'er I go a cursed Fiend my

tutti Solo

deadly Foe my Footsteps haunts where'er where'er I go mimicks my Dress 7th so much

art we hardly can be known a---part mimicks my Dress with so much

art we hardly can be known a-part we hardly can be known a part

Fingerings: 6 7 * 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 5 5 4 *

forte forte forte pia.

Hence mortals run into the snare into y snare nor

tutti

think of harm from one so fair

Fingerings: 5 5 5 6 7 4 3 5 6 4 6

pia.

Hence mortals run in-to the snare in-to the snare nor think of harm from

one so fair nor think of harm nor think of harm from one so

fair from one so fair nor think of ha...rm from one so

tr

4 6 6 5 2 6 4 3 6 5 6 6 4 3 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 4

forte
 forte
 fair
 pia.
 Sickneſs in healths diſguiſe they gain Pleaſure they
 pianis.
 pianis.
 Court but mar-ry Pain but Ma-ry

The musical score is written on ten staves, organized into five systems of two staves each. The notation includes various note values, rests, and articulation marks. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8. The lyrics are written below the staves, with some words spanning across multiple staves. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

Pain but marry Pain *Sickness in healths disguise they gain* *Pleasure they court but marry*

6 6 5 7 6 7 6 5 4 3 5 6 4 8 6 7 8 5 6 6 5 4 3

Adg.º *Andante*

Pain *Pleasure they court but marry Pain*

6 6 6 4 3 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5

6 7 6 5 6 6 6 4 6 6 5

A Song in the²⁵ Masque of Circe

Due Violini

Virtue

Larghetto & piano

forte

Shepherd they who know me stile me Reason's Sweetest best delight

Shepherd they who know me

stile me Reason's Sweetest best delight

They who know me not revile me Owls and

Ravens love the night Owls and Ravens love the night

Vio. 2^{do}

to their gloomy horrors run sad and sickning at the

Sun all who can with judgement see place their happiness in me all who



26 *tr*

can with judgement see place their hap-pi-ness in me

all who can with judgement see place their happiness in me all who

can with judgement see place their hap-pi-ness in me place their hap-pi-ness in

Chorus . Attendants on Virtue .

tutti

me all who can with judgement see place their happiness in thee all who can with judgement

all who can with judgement see place their happiness in thee all who can with judgement

see place their happiness in thee place their happiness in thee all who can with judgement see

see place their happiness in thee place their happiness in thee all who can with judgement see

27

place their hap-pinefs in thee all who

place their hap-pinefs in thee all who

can with judgment see place their happinefs in thee all who can with judgment see place their

can with judgment see place their happinefs in thee all who can with judgment see place their

hap-pi-nefs in thee place their hap-pi-nefs in thee

hap-pi-nefs in thee place their hap-pi-nefs in thee

Andante Allegro

Pleasure

I the Lover's pain aswage I the Statesman's

28

forte

forte

Cares beguile gently sooth the Soldier's rage and reward the Poet's toil

pia

piano

I the Lover's pain aswage I the Statesman's cares beguile I the Statesman's

cares beguile gently sooth the Soldiers rage and rewa-----rd the

forte

tr

forte

Poet's toil

forte

Handwritten musical score on page 29, featuring piano and forte parts with lyrics and performance markings.

Lyrics:

- for. gently sooth the Soldiers rage and reward the Poets toil*
- for. Joys eternal dwell around me happy thou who thus hast found me*
- pia. Joys eternal dwell around me happy thou who thus hast found me*
- pia. piano Joys eternal dwell around me happy thou who thus hast found me*
- forte happy thou who thus hast found me*

Performance Markings:

- for.* (multiple instances)
- pia.* (multiple instances)
- forte*
- fortiss.*
- piano*

Figured Bass (Fingerings):

- 7 6 7 6 7 6 6 5 * 6 6 6 4 5
- 6 5 4 3 5 4 3 5 4 3 5 4 3 6
- 5 6 7 4 3
- 6 7 6 4 5 6 4 3 4

Attendants on Pleasure
Joys eternal dwell around thee

happy he who thus has found thee joys eternal dwell around thee ha-----ppp happy

happy he who thus has found thee joys eternal dwell around thee ha-----ppp happy

tutti

ha-----ppp happy ha-----ppp he who thus has found thee

ha-----ppp happy ha-----ppp he who thus has found thee

ha-----ppp happy ha-----ppp happy ha-----

ha-----ppp happy ha-----ppp happy ha-----

31

ppy he who thus has found thee ha... *ppy he who thus has*

ppy he who thus has found thee ha... *ppy he who thus has*

found thee Joys eternal dwell around thee *happy he who thus has*

found thee Joys eternal dwell around thee *happy he who thus has*

tutti fortis

found thee happy he who thus has found thee

found thee happy he who thus has found thee