

Mécanisme et Vélocité.

Cours de Piano

PROGRESSIF.



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PAR

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EXERCICES RÉCRÉATIFS

CH. NEUSTEDT.

N^o 1.

First system of Exercise 1. The treble staff begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of eighth notes with fingerings 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. The left hand plays a series of eighth notes with fingerings 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. The system concludes with a double bar line.

N^o 2.

First system of Exercise 2. The treble staff begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of eighth notes with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. The left hand plays a series of eighth notes with fingerings 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. The system concludes with a double bar line.

№ 3.

Exercise № 3, measures 1-4. The piece is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand features a continuous eighth-note scale pattern with fingerings 1-2-3-4 and 5-4-3-2. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including fingerings 1-3, 2-5, and 1-5.

№ 4.

Exercise № 4, measures 1-4. The piece is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note scale pattern with fingerings 1-2-3-4 and 5-4-3-2. The left hand plays a simple harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including fingerings 1-3, 2-5, and 1-5.

№ 5.

Exercise № 5, measures 1-5. The piece is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note scale pattern with fingerings 1-2-3-4 and 5-4-3-2. The left hand plays a simple harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including fingerings 1-3, 2-5, and 1-5.

№ 6.

Exercise № 6, measures 1-5. The piece is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note scale pattern with fingerings 1-2-3-4 and 5-4-3-2. The left hand plays a simple harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including fingerings 1-3, 2-5, and 1-5.

№ 7.

Exercise № 7, measures 1-5. The piece is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note scale pattern with fingerings 1-2-3-4 and 5-4-3-2. The left hand plays a simple harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including fingerings 1-3, 2-5, and 1-5.

№ 8.

Exercise № 8 is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a melody of eighth notes: C4-E4-G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4-F4-E4-D4. The left hand plays a bass line of eighth notes: C3-E3-G3-A3-B3-C4-B3-A3-G3-F3-E3-D3. The piece begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking.

№ 9.

Exercise № 9 is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand features a complex melody with many beamed eighth notes and fingerings (e.g., 1-3-1-3, 2-4-2-4, 3-5-3-5, 4-2-4-2, 1-3). The left hand plays a simple bass line of eighth notes: C3-E3-G3-A3-B3-C4-B3-A3-G3-F3-E3-D3. The piece begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking.

№ 10.

Exercise № 10 is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a melody of eighth notes: C4-E4-G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4-F4-E4-D4. The left hand plays a bass line of eighth notes: C3-E3-G3-A3-B3-C4-B3-A3-G3-F3-E3-D3. The piece begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking.

№ 11.

Exercise № 11 is in C major, 2/4 time. The right hand plays a melody of eighth notes: C4-E4-G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4-F4-E4-D4. The left hand plays a bass line of eighth notes: C3-E3-G3-A3-B3-C4-B3-A3-G3-F3-E3-D3. The piece begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking.

This block shows the continuation of exercise № 11. The right hand plays a melody of eighth notes: C4-E4-G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4-F4-E4-D4. The left hand plays a bass line of eighth notes: C3-E3-G3-A3-B3-C4-B3-A3-G3-F3-E3-D3. The piece begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking.

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a series of chords, each marked with a '5' and a '1' above it. The bass clef staff has a few notes, including a '5' and a '4'. A dynamic marking *f* is present in the first measure, and a *p* marking is in the third measure. A slur connects the notes in the bass clef staff across the first two measures.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the chordal sequence. The bass clef staff has a few notes, including a '1' and a '5'. A dynamic marking *f* is present in the first measure, and a *p* marking is in the third measure. A slur connects the notes in the bass clef staff across the first two measures.

№ 12.

Third system of musical notation, marked with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The treble clef staff has a few notes, including a '5' and a '2'. The bass clef staff has a series of notes, each marked with a '1' and a '5' above it. A dynamic marking *mf* is present in the first measure. A slur connects the notes in the bass clef staff across the first two measures.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff has a series of notes, each marked with a '5' and a '1' above it. The bass clef staff has a few notes, including a '5' and a '4'. A dynamic marking *f* is present in the first measure, and a *p* marking is in the third measure. A slur connects the notes in the bass clef staff across the first two measures.

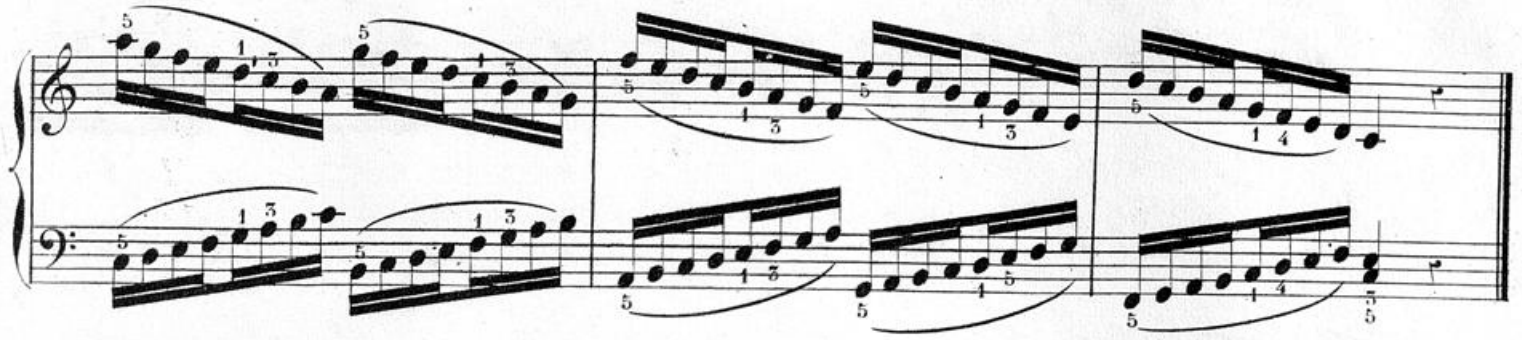
Fifth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff has a series of notes, each marked with a '5' and a '1' above it. The bass clef staff has a few notes, including a '5' and a '4'. A dynamic marking *f* is present in the first measure, and a *p* marking is in the third measure. A slur connects the notes in the bass clef staff across the first two measures.

№ 15.

Exercise № 15 is a piano piece in C major, 2/4 time. It consists of two systems of four measures each. The first system begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The right hand features a series of chords and eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a simple bass line. The second system continues the melodic development in the right hand with more complex fingering. The third system introduces a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a key signature change to one flat (F major or D minor). The final measure of the third system returns to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piece concludes with a final chord in the original key.

№ 14.

Exercise № 14 is a piano piece in C major, 2/4 time, consisting of two systems of four measures each. It begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note scale-like pattern, while the left hand provides a steady bass line. The piece concludes with a final chord in the original key.

7^o 15.7^o 16.7^o 17.

¶ 18.

№ 18.

The image shows a musical score for exercise № 18. It consists of two systems of music. Each system has a piano part (left) and a violin part (right). The piano part is in C major, 2/4 time, with a forte dynamic. The violin part is in C major, 2/4 time, with a forte dynamic. The score includes fingerings and bowings for both instruments.

№ 19.

№ 20.

20.

Exercise 20, Op. 20, is a short piece in 12/8 time. The melody in the treble staff is characterized by a series of slurs and fingerings (1-5) indicating a specific fingering pattern. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment, featuring chords and a 4/5 time signature change.

¶ 21.

№ 21.

The musical score for No. 21 is written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, using a treble clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor), and the time signature is 3/4. The piece consists of four measures. The first measure contains a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note Bb4. The second measure contains a quarter note C5, a quarter note Bb4, and a quarter note A4. The third measure contains a quarter note G4, a quarter note F4, and a quarter note E4. The fourth measure contains a quarter note D4, a quarter note C4, and a quarter note Bb3. The score includes various fingerings and articulations, such as slurs and accents, to guide the performer.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a single melodic line and a piano accompaniment. The melody is in G major, indicated by one sharp (F#) on the treble clef. The piano accompaniment is in the bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The score consists of two systems. The first system has four measures, and the second system has two measures. The melody is written in a treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is written in a bass clef. The melody is a simple, catchy tune, and the piano accompaniment provides a steady, rhythmic foundation. The score is written in a clear, legible font, and the notation is standard for a musical score.

℥ 22.

22.

f

N^o 23.

23.

f

¶ 24.

♩ 24.

ff