

VALENTINO DONELLA

ATTENDITE ET VIDETE

QUINQUE DOLORIS MYSTERIA
per soli, coro e organo

Bergamo, 26 marzo 2011

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1 - TRISTIS EST ANIMA MEA

Moderato, dolente

The musical score is written for piano and baritone. It begins with a piano introduction in 4/4 time, marked 'Moderato, dolente' and 'p'. The piano part features a melancholic melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The introduction concludes with a double bar line.

The vocal entry is for the Baritone (Brt), marked 'p CRISTO Baritono'. The lyrics are: 'Tri - stis est a - ni - ma me - - am u - sque ad mor - tem:'. The melody is simple and expressive, with a long note on 'am' and a triplet on 'u - sque'.

Following the vocal line, the piano accompaniment continues with a 'cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The piano part features a more active melody in the right hand, with many beamed eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a steady bass line. The tempo and mood remain 'Moderato, dolente'.

The score concludes with a final piano section marked 'mf' (mezzo-forte). This section features a more rhythmic and textured piano accompaniment, with the right hand playing chords and moving lines, and the left hand providing a solid harmonic foundation.

mf

et vi-gi - la - te me - cum — et vi-gi - la - - te me -

p

S Et cumpro-ces-sis- set pau-lu- lum, pro-ci- dit su-per ter-ram:—

p

C Et cumpro-ces-sis- set pau-lu- lum, pro-ci- dit su-per ter-ram:—

p

T Et cumpro-ces-sis- set pau-lu- lum, pro-ci- dit su-per ter-ram:—

B cum. Et cumpro-ces-sis- set pau-lu- lum, pro-ci- dit su-per ter-ram:—

mp

et fac - tus est su-dor e - - ius, si - cut gut - tae san - gui-

mp

et fac - tus est su-dor e - - ius, si cut gut - tae san - gui-

mp

et fac - tus est su-dor e - - ius, si - cut gut - tae

mp

et fac - tus est su-dor e - - ius, si - cut gut - tae

mp

nis de-cur-ren-tis in ter-ram.

nis de-cur-ren-tis in ter-ram.

san-gui-nis de-cur-ren-tis in ter-ram.

san-gui-nis de-cur-ren-tis in ter-ram.

p Et re-spon-dens a-it:

p Et re-spon-dens a-it:

p ram. Et re-spon-dens a-it:

p ram. Et re-spon-dens a-it:

p *mp*

CRISTO *mf*

Sic non po-tu-i-sti u-na ho-ra vi-gi-

mf

la - re me - - - - cum vi - gi - la - re me -

mp

cum?

mp

pp

S Et fac-tus est in a - go - ni - a, pro - li - xi us o - ra bat.

pp

C Et fac-tus est in a - go - ni - a, pro - li - xi us o - ra bat.

pp

T Et fac-tus est in a - go - ni - a, pro - li - xi us o - ra bat.

pp

B Et fac-tus est in a - go - ni - a, pro - li - xi us o - ra bat.

p CRISTO

Brt

Pa - ter, si vis, tran - sfer ca-li-cem i - - - - - stum_

Pa - ter, si vis,

Pa - ter, si vis,

Pa - ter, si vis,

Pa - ter, si vis,

p

Brt

_ a me: Ve - run - ta-tem non

ve -run- ta-tem

ve -run- ta-tem

ve -run- ta-tem

ve -run- ta-tem

mf

Brt

me - a, sed tu - a sed tu - a fi - - - at vo -

f

dim.



Brt

lun - - - - tas.

S

p *3*

fi-at vo-lun- tas tu - - a.

C

p *3*

fi-at vo-lun- tas tu - - a.

T

p *3*

fi-at vo-lun- tas tu - - a.

T

p *3*

fi-at vo-lun- tas tu - - a.

2 - ECCE ASCENDIMUS HIEROSOLYMAM

Andante

The score is written for piano and voice. The piano part consists of four systems of grand staves. The first system is marked *mf* and the second *mp*. The third system is marked *p*. The fourth system is marked *mp*. The tempo is *Andante*. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and the time signature is 2/4. The vocal part enters in the fourth system, marked *mp*, with the lyrics "Ec - ce a - scen - di - mus Hie - ro - so - ly - mam et". The vocal part is written for a soprano or alto voice.

Profetico comodo

CRISTO *mp*

Brt

Ec - ce a - scen - di - mus Hie - ro - so - ly - mam et

mp

fi - li - us ho - mi - nis tra - de - tur prin - ci - pi - bus sa - cer - do - tum, et scri - bis et se -

nio - - ri - bus. Et dam -

na - bunt e - um mor - te, dam - na - bunt e - um mor - te et

tra - dent e - um gen - ti - bus;

f

et il-lu-dent e-i, et co-spu-ent e-um,

f

et fla-gel-la-bunt e-um,

p *f*

et ter-ti-a di-e re-sur-get.

p *f* *dim.*

p espressivo

S Ve - re lan - guo - res no - stros i - pse tu - lit et do - lo - res

C Ve - re lan - guo - res no - stros i - pse tu - lit et do - lo - res

T Ve - re lan - guo - res no - stros i - pse tu - lit et do - lo - res

B Ve - re lan - guo - res no - stros i - pse tu - lit et do - lo - res

p espressivo

==

Mosso *mf*

no - stros i - pse por - ta - - - vit; cu - ius li -

mf

no - stro i - pse por - ta - - - vit cu - ius li - vo - - -

mf

no - stros i - pse por - ta - - - vit cu - ius li - vo - - - - -

no - stros i - pse por - ta - - - vit

Mosso *mf*

vo - re cu - ius li - vo - re sa - na - ti su - -

re vu - ius li - vo - re sa - na - ti su - -

re cu - - ius li - vo - re sa - na - ti su - -

vu - ius li - vo - re sa - na - ti su - -

==

mus.

mus.

mus.

mus.

mp *rall,*

Moderato espressivo

p Vi-di-mus e - um non ha - ben - tem spe - ci - em ne - que de - co - rem;

p Vi-di-mus e - um non ha - ben - tem spe - ci - em ne - que de - co - - rem; si - cut

p Vi-di-mus e - um non ha - ben - tem spe - ci - em ne - que de - co - rem; si - cut

si - cut

Moderato espressivo

p

==

cresc. et

cresc. o - vis ad oc - ci - si - o - nem du - - ctus est, et

cresc. o - vis ad oc - ci - si - o - nem du - - ctus est, et

cresc. o - vis ad oc - ci - si - o - nem du - - ctus est, et

cresc.

in - ter scel - le - ra - tos re - pu - ta - tus est;

in - ter scel - le - ra - tos re - pu - ta - tus est;

in - ter scel - le - ra - tos re - pu - ta - tus est;

in - ter scel - le - ra - tos re - pu - ta - tus est;



Mosso *mf*

cu - ius li - vo - re cu - ius li -

mf cu - ius li - vo - re cu - ius li

mf cu - ius li - vo - re cu - ius li -

mf cu - ius li - vo -

Mosso

vo - re sa - na - ti su - - - - -

vo - re sa - na - ti su - - - - -

vo - re sa - na - ti su - - - - -

re sa - na - ti su - - - - - mus

The first system of the musical score consists of four vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass) all sing the lyrics "vo - re sa - na - ti su -" across measures 1 to 4. The piano accompaniment features chords in the right hand and a single bass line in the left hand. A double bar line is present at the end of measure 4.

=

mp
mus sa - na - ti su - - - - -

mp
mus sa - na - ti su - - - - -

mp
mus sa - na - ti su - - - - -

mp
sa - na - ti su - - - - -

The second system of the musical score continues from the first, covering measures 5 to 8. It features the same four vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts sing "mus sa - na - ti su -" in measures 5 and 6, and "sa - na - ti su -" in measures 7 and 8. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and a bass line. A double bar line is present at the end of measure 8.

Moderato

mus sa - na - ti su - mus.

mus sa - na - ti su - mus.

mus sa - na - ti su - mus.

mus sa - na - ti su - mus.

Moderato

Moderato

p

p

$\sharp$ $\flat$ $\vee$



The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of five staves. The first four staves are vocal parts, each beginning with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff is a piano accompaniment, starting with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The piano part includes dynamic markings: *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The melody is simple and repetitive, with the vocal parts entering in sequence. The piano accompaniment provides a harmonic foundation, featuring chords and a melodic line in the right hand, and a bass line in the left hand. The score is presented in a clean, black-and-white format, suitable for a music book or a digital score display.

3 - CRUCIFIGE, CRUCIFIGE EUM

Agitato

f

S
C

f

Cru - ci - fi - ge, cru - ci - fi - ge

T
B

f

Cru - ci - fi - ge, cru - ci - fi - ge

mf

f

First system of the musical score. It consists of two vocal staves (Soprano and Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts have the lyrics: "cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!". The piano accompaniment features a series of chords in the right hand and a more active line in the left hand.

cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The vocal parts have the lyrics: "cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge." and "cru - ci - fi - ge." The piano accompaniment features a series of chords in the right hand and a more active line in the left hand.

cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge.

cru - ci - fi - ge cru - ci - fi - ge.

Third system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment. The right hand has a series of chords, and the left hand has a more active line. The dynamics are marked *mf* and *mp*.

mf *mp*

Fourth system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment. The right hand has a series of chords, and the left hand has a more active line. The dynamics are marked *ff* and *mp*. The tempo is marked *allarg.*

allarg. *ff* *mp*

Meno

mf PILATO Tenore

T Ob - tu - li - stis mi - hi hunc ho - mi - nem, et ec - ce

mf

e - go nul - lam cau - sam in - ve - - - ni - o in ho - mi - ne

i - sto in his, in qui - bus e - um ac - cu - sa

S *f* Si non es - set hic ma - le - fac - tor

C *f* Si non es - set hic ma - le - fac - tor

T *f* Si non es - set hic ma - le - fac - tor

B *f* Si non es - set hic ma - le - fac - tor

Tutti

tis.

cresc. *f*

non ti - - bi tra - di - dis - se - - mus

non ti - - bi tra - di - dis - se - - mus

non ti - - bi tra - di - dis - se - - mus

non ti - - bi tra - di - dis - se - - mus

The piano accompaniment consists of a right hand with chords and a left hand with a steady bass line.

==

si non es set hic ma - le - fa - - -

si non es set hic ma - le - fa - - -

si non es set hic ma - le - fa - - -

si non es set hic ma - le - fa - - -

The piano accompaniment continues with a right hand featuring chords and a left hand with a steady bass line.

ctor, non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

ctor, non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

ctor, non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

ctor, non ti - bi tra - di - dis - se - mus e - um.

tratt. e dim.

Andante
mf PILATO

T Quid e - nim fe - cit i - ste? Nul - lam cau - sam mor - tis in - ve - ni - o in

mf

e - o: cor - ri - pi - am cor - ri - pi - am er - go il - lum,

f a tempo
Tol - le, tol - le cru - ci fi - ge

f a tempo
Tol - le, tol - le cru - ci fi - ge

tratt.
et di - mit - - tam.

Tutti f a tempo
Tol - le, tol - le cru - ci fi - ge

f a tempo
Tol - le, tol - le cru - ci fi - ge

tratt.
f a tempo

cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um tol - le cru - ci - fi - ge

cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um tol - le cru - ci - fi - ge

cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um tol - le cru - ci - fi - ge

cru - ci - fi - ge e - - - um tol - le cru - ci - fi - ge

cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

cru - ci - fi - ge e - um!

ff *dim.*

PILATO *mp*

Re - gem ve - strum cru - ci - fi - gam?

mp *mp*

f Mosso martellato

S Non ha - be - mus re - gem ni - si Cae -

A Non ha - be - mus re - gem ni - si Cae -

T Non ha - be - mus re - gem ni - si Cae -

B Non ha - be - mus re - gem ni - si Cae -

Mosso martellato

riprende

sa - rem; san - guis e - ius

sa - rem; san - - guis

sa - rem; san - guis

sa - rem; san - - guis

rall. *riprende*

≡

su - per nos san - guis su - per nos san - guis e - ius

san - guis e - ius su - per nos san - - guis

e - ius su - per nos su - per nos san - guis

su - per nos san - guis e - ius su - per nos su - per

su - per nos su - per nos et su - per fi - li - os no - -

san - guis e - ius su - per nos et su - per fi - li - os

e - ius su - per nos et su - per fi - li - os no - -

nos san - guis e - ius su - per nos et su - per fi - li - os



Meno *sempre meno*

stros su - per fi - li - os no - - - - -

no - stro su - per fi - li - os no - - - - -

stros su - per fi - li - os no - - - - -

no - stros su - per fi - li - os no - - - - -

Meno *sempre meno*

Moderato

Four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are shown, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Moderato". Each staff contains a whole rest in the first measure, followed by five measures of whole rests. The word "stros." is written below each staff.

Moderato

Piano accompaniment for the first system. The right hand (treble clef) plays chords in the first four measures, followed by a whole rest in the fifth measure, and then chords in the sixth and seventh measures. The left hand (bass clef) plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The tempo is marked "Moderato". The word "dim." is written below the right hand in the seventh measure.

Piano accompaniment for the second system. The right hand (treble clef) plays a melodic line with a whole rest in the fifth measure. The left hand (bass clef) plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The tempo is marked "Moderato". The word "CORO recit. "...super filios nostros"" is written above the right hand in the third measure. The word "p" is written below the right hand in the second measure, and "pp" is written below the right hand in the sixth measure.

4 - ET BAIULANS SIBI CRUCEM

The image displays a musical score for the piece "Meditante" by Giuseppe Verdi. The score is written for piano and voice.

Piano Accompaniment:

- The piece is in 4/4 time and D major.
- The first system shows the piano introduction, marked *p* (piano). The right hand features a melodic line with a trill on the first measure, while the left hand provides a steady eighth-note accompaniment.
- The second system continues the piano introduction, with the right hand playing a series of eighth notes and the left hand maintaining the accompaniment.
- The third system shows the piano introduction concluding, with the right hand playing a series of eighth notes and the left hand maintaining the accompaniment.

Vocal Parts:

- The vocal parts are for Sopranos and Contraltos.
- The lyrics are: "Et ba - ju - lans si - bi cru - cem, e -".
- The vocal melody is marked *p* (piano).
- The vocal parts enter in the second system, with the Soprano and Contralto parts singing the same melody.
- The piano accompaniment continues to support the vocal melody.

xi - vit in e - o qui di - ci - tur Cal - va - ri - ae lo - cum. Se - que -

xi - vit in e - o qui di - ci - tur Cal - va - ri - ae lo - cum. Se - que -

p

p

p

p

ba - tur au - tem il - lum mul - ta tur - ba po - pu - li et

ba - tur au - tem il - lum mul - ta tur - ba po - pu - li et mu -

cresc.

cresc.

p

p

mu - li - e - rum,

li - e - rum,

p

p

p

p

cresc.

mp quae plan - ge - - - bant, quae plan-ge - - - -

mp quae plan - ge - - - bant quae plan - ge - - - -

mf

mp bant, et la - men - ta - ban - - - - - tur

mp bant, et la - men - ta - ban - - - - - tur

mp

p e - - - - - um.

p e - - - - - um.

mp

Piano introduction featuring triplet figures in both the treble and bass staves. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

Molto intenso

CRISTO

Brt *p* Fi - li - ae Je - ru - sa - lem, *mf* no - li - te fle -

The vocal line (Brt) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and moves to mezzo-forte (*mf*). The piano accompaniment features sustained chords and triplet patterns.

re su - per me, sed su - per vos i - psas fle - te, et su - per fi - li - os ve - -

The vocal line continues with the lyrics. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained chords and moving lines.

stros. Quo - ni - am

mf *cresc.*

The vocal line concludes with the lyrics. The piano accompaniment includes a mezzo-forte (*mf*) section and a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic.

ec - ce ve - nient di - es in qui - bus di - cent:

p Be - a - tae ste - ri - les et ven - tres qui non ge - nu - e - runt et *cresc.*

u - be-ra quae non la - cta - ve - runt.

p Tunc in - ci - pi - ent di - ce - re mon - ti -

bus: Ca-di-te, ca-di-te su - - -

per nos, et col-li-bus: O -

pe-ri-te o-pe-ri-te o-pe-ri-te

ri-te nos.

recit. **Commosso**

Qui - a si in vi - ri - di li - gno haec fa - ci - unt, in a - ri -

pp *p*

do quid fi - et quid fi - - et?

5 - ELOI LAMMA SABACTANI

Largo sofferto

Piano introduction in 2/2 time, marked *pp*. The music features a slow, somber melody in the right hand with a long, sweeping line, and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Piano section consisting of two systems. The first system includes a first ending (I) and a second ending (II). The melody in the right hand features a triplet of eighth notes. The bass line provides harmonic support with sustained chords and moving lines.

Piano section continuing the harmonic development. It includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking leading to a *f* (fortissimo) section. The texture is dense with many sustained notes in both hands.

Piano section featuring a *mp* (mezzo-piano) marking and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The melody in the right hand is more active, while the bass line remains supportive with sustained chords.

Vocal entry for the Soprano (Brt) part, marked *pp* CRISTO. The lyrics are: "E - lo - i, E - lo - i, lam - ma sa - ba - cta - ni." The piano accompaniment consists of a single system with a treble and bass staff, providing harmonic support for the vocal line.

cresc. *mf* *f*

De - us, De - us, _____ ut quid me de-re - li - qui - sti?

cresc. *mf* *f*

Sempre largo (non troppo)

p *cresc.*

pp

In ma - nus tu - as, Do -

p

mi - ne, com - men - do spi - ri - tum me - um.

Largo assai

Piano introduction for 'Largo assai'. The music is in 3/2 time. The right hand features a tremolo on a half note G4, marked *pp*. The left hand has a half note F3, marked *pp*. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).



Vocal and piano accompaniment for 'Consummatum est'. The vocal line is in 4/4 time, with lyrics 'Con - sum - ma - tum est. _____'. The piano accompaniment is in 4/4 time, with a half note G4 in the right hand and a half note F3 in the left hand, marked *pp*. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).



Andantino

Vocal and piano accompaniment for 'Andantino'. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are in 4/4 time, with lyrics 'Ve - re Fi - li - us De - i e - rat ve - - - re'. The piano accompaniment is in 4/4 time, with a half note G4 in the right hand and a half note F3 in the left hand, marked *mp*. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

Andantino

Piano accompaniment for 'Andantino'. The music is in 4/4 time, with a half note G4 in the right hand and a half note F3 in the left hand, marked *mp*. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

allarg.

ve - re Fi - li - us De - - i e - rat

ve - re Fi - li - us De - - i e - rat

ve - re Fi - li - us De - - i e - rat

ve - re Fi - li - us De - - i e - rat *mp* qui pro no - bis pe -

allarg.

==

mf

qui pro no - bis pe -

mf

qui pro no - bis pe - pen - dit pro no - bis pe -

mp

qui pro no - bis pe - pen - dit pro no - bis pe - pen - - dit pe -

pen - dit pro no - bis pe - pen - - - - dit pro no - bis pe -

Poco più

pen - dit pro no - bis pe - pen - - dit

pen - - - dit pe - pen - - dit

pen - dit pro no - bis pe - pen - dit in li - gno cru - -

pen - - - dit pe - pen - dit in li - gno cru - -

Poco più

mf

in li - gno cru - - - -

in - li - gno cru - - - - cis in li - gno

f

in li - gno cru - - - -

in - li - gno cru - - - - cis in li - gno

cis in li - gno cru - - - - cis

cis in li - - gno cru - - cis

Appesantendo **Dolente**

cis. Plan- ge plan- ge qua-si vir - go plebs

cru - - - cis. Plan- ge plan- ge qua-si vir - go plebs

in li - gno cru - - cis. Plan- ge plan- ge qua-si vir - go plebs

in li - gno cru - - cis. Plan- ge plan- ge qua-si vir - go plebs

Appesantendo

==

me - a, u - lu - la - te

me - a, u - lu - la - te

me - a, u - lu - la - te u - lu - la - te pa - sto - res u - lu - la - te

me - - a, u - lu - la - te u - lu - la - te pa - sto - res u - lu - la - te

[illegible][illegible]

The first system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top four staves are vocal staves, each containing a whole rest. The fifth staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clef) for piano accompaniment. The piano part begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The right hand features chords and moving lines, while the left hand plays a steady bass line. The system concludes with a double bar line.

==

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top four staves are vocal staves with lyrics. The lyrics are: "plan - - ge", "plan-ge plan-ge qua-si vir - go", "plan - - ge", and "plan - - ge". The dynamics for the vocal parts are *mf* (mezzo-forte). The fifth staff is a grand staff for piano accompaniment. The piano part begins with a *rallent.* (rallentando) marking and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The right hand features chords and moving lines, while the left hand plays a steady bass line. The system concludes with a double bar line.

plebs me - - - a,

qua - si vir - go plebs me - - - a,

qua - si vir - go plebs me - - - a, qui - a

plebs me - - - a, qui - a

p *mp* *p* *mp* *mp*

==

qui - a ho - di - e oc - ci - - sus est Sal

qui - a ho - di - e oc - ci - - sus est Sal -

ho - di - e oc - ci - - sus est

ho - di - e oc - ci - - sus est

f *f* *f* *f* *p* *p*

va - tor mun - - - - di.

va - tor mun - - - - di.

p Sal - va - tor mun - - - - di.

p Sal - va - tor mun - - - - di.

p

lunga

lunga

lunga

VALENTINO DONELLA

ATTENDITE ET VIDETE

QUINQUE DOLORIS MYSTERIA

1 - TRISTIS EST ANIMA MEA

- CRISTO** Tristis est anima mea usque ad mortem:
sustinete hic, et vigilate mecum.
- CORO** Et cum processisset paululum, procidit super
terram: et factus est sudor eius, sicut guttae
sanguinis decurrentis in terram. Et respondes ait:
- CRISTO** Sic non potuistis una hora vigilare mecum?
Et factus est in agonia, prolixius orabat.
- CORO** Pater, si vis, transfer calicem istum a me:
veruntamen non mea, sed tua fiat voluntas.

2 - ECCE ASCENDIMUS HIEROSOLYMAM

- CRISTO** Ecce ascendimus Hierosolymam et filius hominis
tradetur principibus sacerdotum, et scribis et senioribus.
Et damnabunt eum morte, et tradent eum gentibus;
et illudent ei, et cospuent eum et flagellabunt eum,
et tertia die resurget.
- CORO** Vere languores nostros ipse tulit et languores nostros
ipse portavit; cuius livore sanati sumus.
Vidimus eum non habentem speciem neque decorem;
sicut ovis ad occisionem ductus est, et inter scelleratos
reputatus est; cuius livore sanati sumus.

3 - CRUCIFIGE, CRUCIFIGE EUM

CORO Crucifige, crucifige eum!
PILATO Obtulistis mihi hunc hominem, et ecce ego nullam causam invenio in homine isto ex his, in quibus eum accusatis.
CORO Si non esset hic malefactor, non tibi tradissemus eum.
PILATO Quid enim fecit iste? Nullam causam mortis invenio in eo: corripian ergo illum, et dimittam.
CORO Tolle, tolle, crucifige eum!
PILATO Regem vestrum crucifigam?
CORO Non habemus regem nisi Caesarem; sanguis eius super nos et super filios nostros.

4 - ET BAIULANS SIBI CRUCEM

CORO Et bajulans sibi crucem, exivit in eum, qui dicitur Calvariae locum. Sequebatur autem illum multa turba populi et mulierum, quae plangebant, et lamentabantur eum.
CRISTO Filiae Jerusalem, nolite flere super me, sed super vos ipsas flete, et super filios vestros. Quoniam ecce venient dies in quibus dicent: Beatae steriles et ventres qui non genuerunt et ubera quae non lactaverunt. Tunc incipient dicere montibus: Cadite super nos, et collibus: Operite nos. Quia si in viridi ligno haec faciunt, in arido quid fiet?

5 - ELOI LAMMA SABACTANI

CRISTO Eloi, Eloi, lamma sabactani. Deus meus, Deus meus ut quid me dereliquisti?
 In manus tuas, Domine, commendo spiritum meum.
 Consummatum est.
CORO Vere Filius Dei erat qui pro nobis pependit in ligno crucis. Plange quasi virgo plebs mea, ululate pastores in cinere et cilicio, quia hodie occisus est Salvator mundi.