

VARIATIONS PUÉRILES

Sur une mélodie
de
CARL REINECKE

Reynaldo HAHN
(1904)
Munich

SECONDA

Andantino espressivo

Rib

p

mouvements réguliers de croches avec fidélité

V

I

p

mouvements réguliers de notes avec fidélité

cont. dans

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Introduction
Andantino espressivo

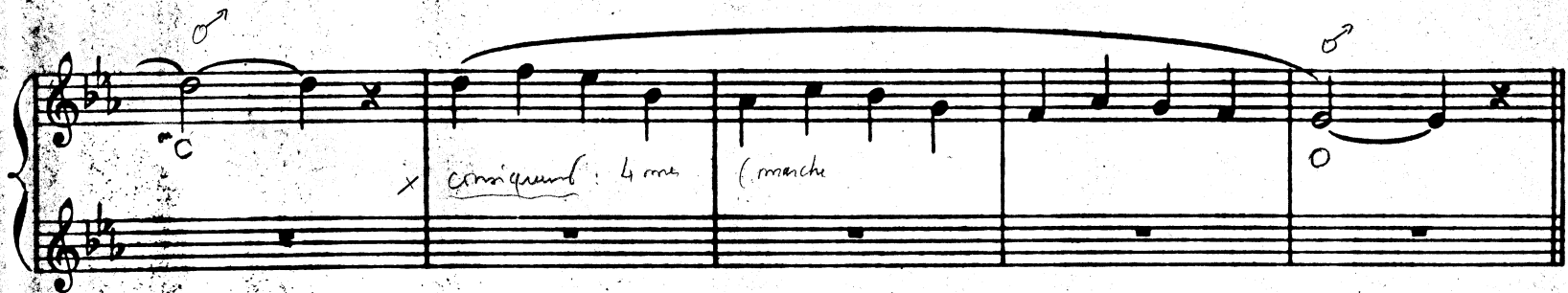
PRIMA *thème*

p *préparation du thème*

p *anticipation : 4 notes*



x *consequent : 4 notes* *(marche)*

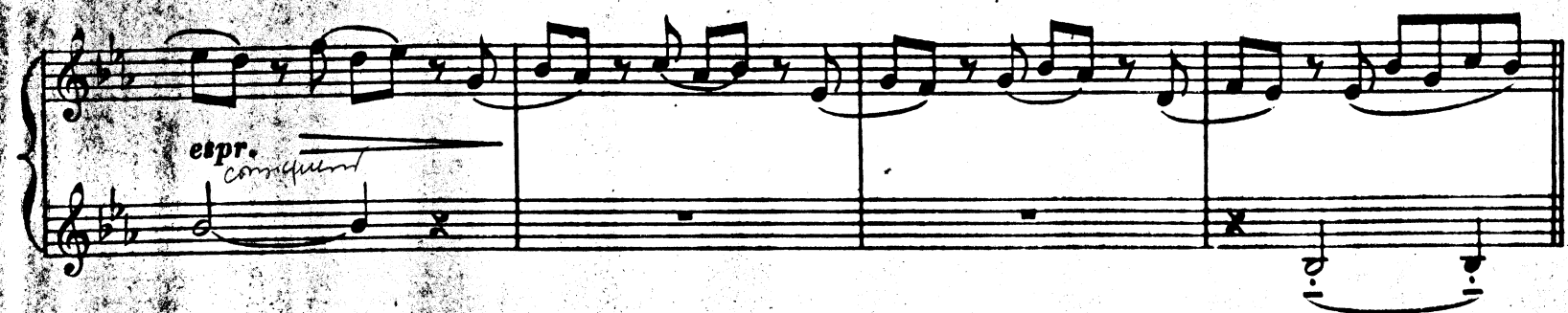


I. variation rythmique ♀

p *anticipation*



espr. *consequent*



connex classiques à 4.

II Un poco calmato *superposition des rythmes ternaires et binaires* **SECONDA**

même harmonie + note de passage → l'air plus mélodique + accompagné (à part)

III Tempo *variation rythmique : syncopée*

même harmonie

IV

même harmonie

II Un poco calmato *variation rythmique et mélodique* **PRIMA**

5

X anticipa
p espr. grazioso

conquiescent

III Tempo *variation de la base*

thème *tento*

cresc.

IV *variation orientale : mouvement continu de double*

p

pp

le 2 parties jouent à la 10^{me}

1^{re} fois *2^e fois*

V

mf

lun melo-dique marcato

VI Un poco agitato

p

sur pedale di V

VII Tempo 1^o (♩ = ♩) *variation harmonique → simplification : V I*

mf

Red. à chaque temps

I V I V I V I V

p

I V I V I V I V

V *variation synchrone sur la gamme de R. b.*

mf espr.

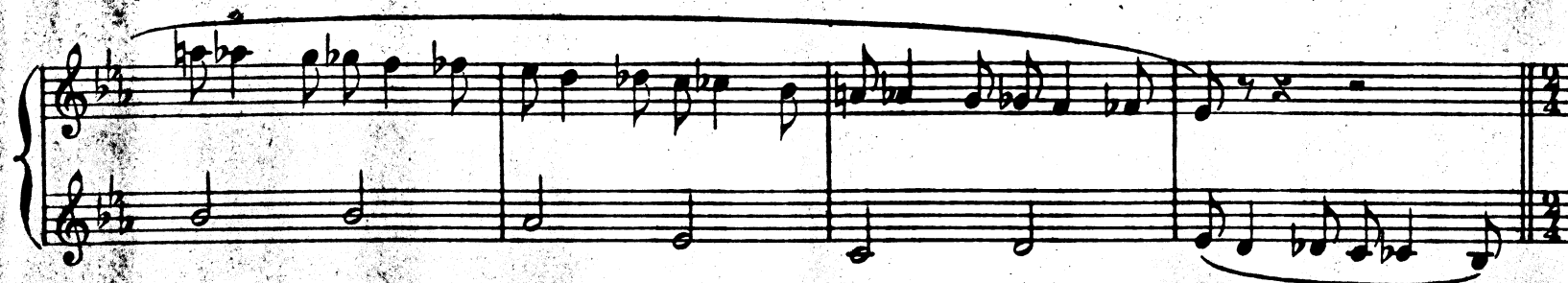
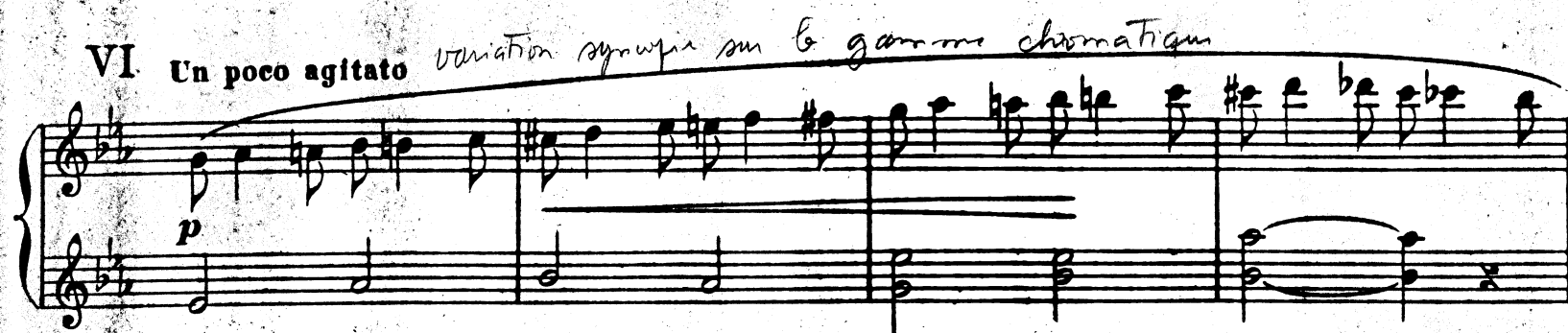


8



VI *Un poco agitato* *variation synchrone sur la gamme chromatique*

p



VII *Tempo 1º* (♩ = ♩)

mf *thème non modifié*



Meno animato
VIII senza rigore, molto espressivo

First system of music for section VIII. It consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music is in common time. Dynamics include *p*, *cresc.*, *mf*, *espr.*, and *f*.

Second system of music for section VIII. It consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music is in common time. Dynamics include *f*, *dim.*, *mf*, and *espr.*. The instruction "animez un peu" is written above the staff.

Third system of music for section VIII. It consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music is in common time. Dynamics include *dim.* and *p*.

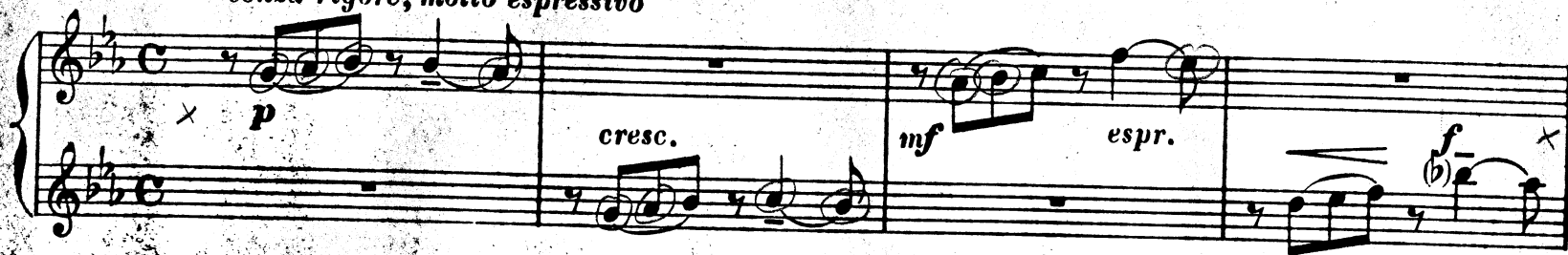
Section IX begins with the tempo marking *IX (♩ = ♩)*. The first system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music is in common time. Dynamics include *pp*. The instruction "Ped. * Ped. * simili" is written below the staff.

Second system of music for section IX. It consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music is in common time. The instruction "sempre p" is written above the staff.

amplification des camus : $2 \times 4 \rightarrow 4 \times 4$

VIII **Meno animato** *variation harmonique et rythmique* **PRIMA**
senza rigore, molto espressivo

9



animez un peu



IX *(♩ = ♩)* *variation rythmique* $C \rightarrow \frac{3}{8}$ *caractère d'amant (valse)* 8×4 mes



sans presser

p léger

First system of musical notation, marked *p léger*. It consists of two staves with a treble and bass clef. The music features a steady, light accompaniment in the bass and a melody in the treble.

sempre p

Second system of musical notation, marked *sempre p*. It continues the piece with similar accompaniment and melody.

X (♩ = ♩) rythmé, à la Viennoise

p gaîment

Third system of musical notation, marked *p gaîment*. It begins with a double bar line and a key signature change to one sharp (F#). The tempo and mood are indicated by the marking.

p *mf*

Fourth system of musical notation, marked *p* and *mf*. It continues the piece with varying dynamics.

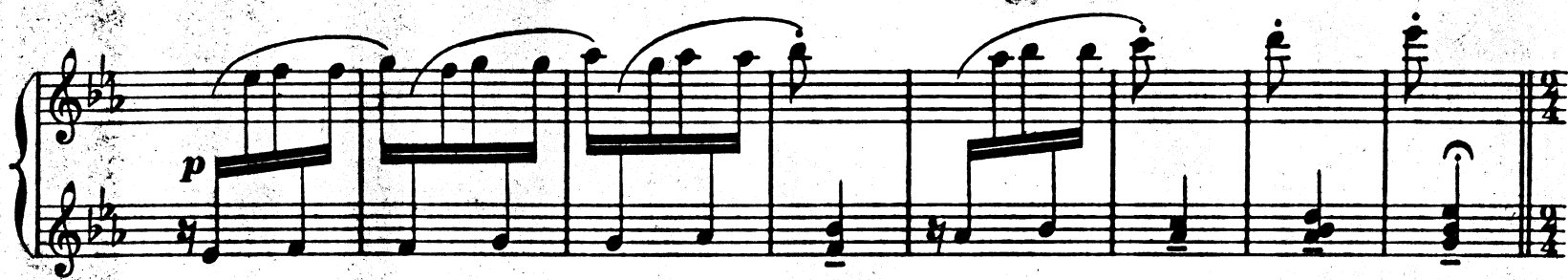
p très rythmé

Fifth system of musical notation, marked *p très rythmé*. It features a more rhythmic and lively accompaniment.

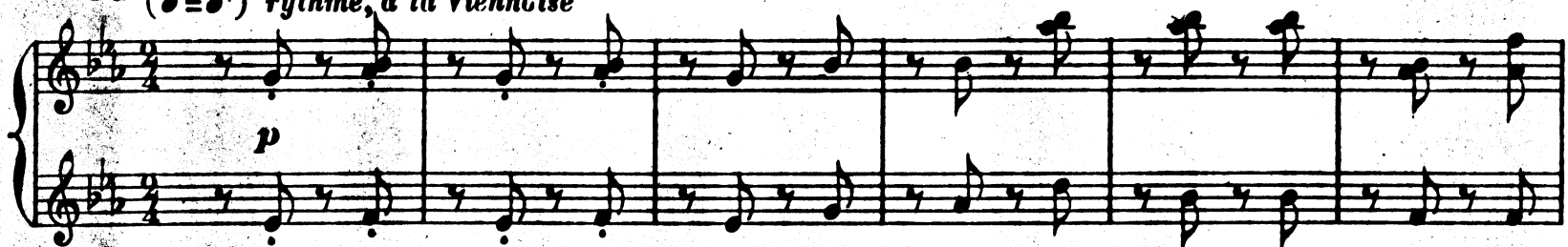
pressez

Sixth system of musical notation, marked *pressez*. It concludes the piece with a final, more urgent accompaniment.

sans presser



X (♩=♩) rythmé, à la Viennoise



Tempo

mf

cour



XI Vivo (♩ = 152)

mf

harmonie du début

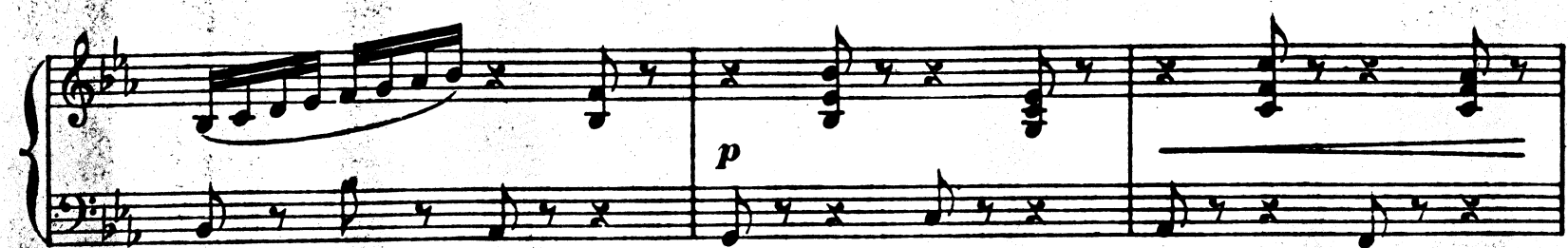


XII

p léger *p* *léger* *poco cresc.*



p



mf *p*

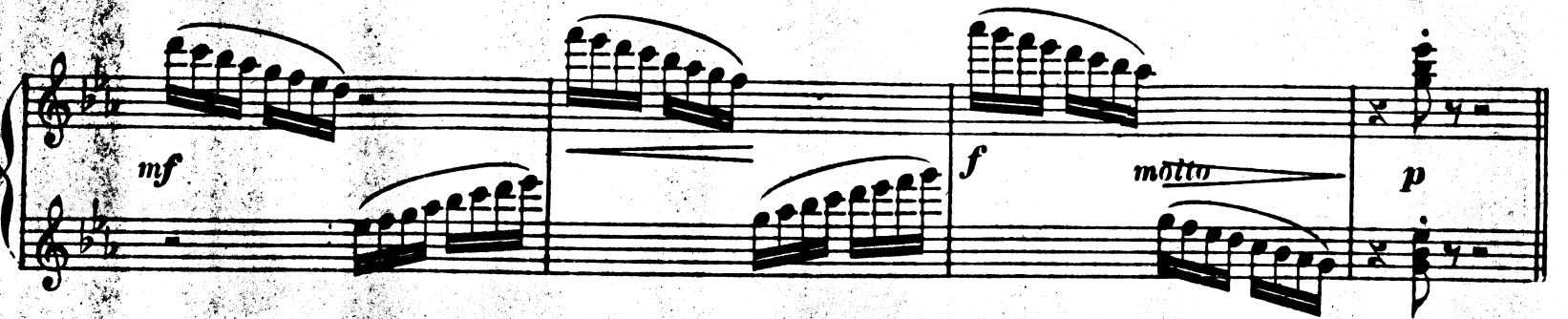


Tempo, très rythmé

XI Vivo ($\text{♩} = 152$)

variation orientale

- retour de canon à 4 du début

variation orientale
sur la gamme de B $\flat$
alternant en 4 et 2

CODA

revenez . . . au . . . 1^{er} Mouvt

The musical score for the Coda section consists of six systems of piano accompaniment. The first system (measures 14-15) includes the lyrics "1" and "2" above the first two measures, followed by a *pp* dynamic marking. The second system (measures 16-17) features a *p espr.* marking. The third system (measures 18-19) contains a *Qd.* marking and an asterisk. The fourth system (measures 20-21) includes a *dolce* marking. The fifth system (measures 22-23) features a *poco più lento* marking and a *molto espr.* marking. The sixth system (measures 24-25) includes a *rit.* marking and a *pp* dynamic marking. The score is written in a grand staff with a key signature of two flats and a common time signature.

CODA *per le trombe doppie a l'ottava* PRIMA
 revenez - - au - - 1^{er} Mouvt

