

BARTÓK BÉLA

RHAPSODIE

POUR LE PIANO ET L'ORCHESTRE

RAPSZÓDIA

ZONGORÁRA ÉS ZENEKARRA

Op. 1



EDITIO MUSICA BUDAPEST

Orchestra:

Flauto piccolo

2 Flauti

2 Oboi

2 Clarinetti (in Si $\flat$)

(II. anche Cl. basso in Si $\flat$)

2 Fagotti

4 Corni

2 Trombe (in Si $\flat$)

3 Tromboni

Timpani

Batteria:

Triangolo

Tamburo piccolo

Piatti

Gran Cassa

Tam-tam

Archi

Durata: 17'

NB. A réztányér jelzései: c. 1. = egy réztányér (piatto), az ütő fanyelével; a 2 = két réztányérral (piatti); ahol jelzés nincs: egy réztányér puha ütővel.

NB. Bei Piatti heisst: c.1. = ein Becken mit dem Holzschaft berühren; a 2 = mit beiden Becken. Wo keine Bezeichnung steht: ein Becken mit dem überzogenen Ende des Schlägels berühren.

NB. The signs for cymbals: c. 1. = one cymbal (piatto) with the wooden end of the drumstick; a 2 = two cymbals (piatti); where no sign is given: one cymbal with soft stick.

RAPSZÓDIA

zongorára és zenekarra

BARTÓK Béla

Adagio molto (♩ ~ 58)

Flauto piccolo

2 Flauti

2 Oboi

2 Clarinetti (Si b)

2 Fagotti

4 Corni

Trombe (Si b)

Tromboni

Timpani

Batteria

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

Doppio movimento

Picc. *sf sf*

Fl. *sf sf*

Ob. *sf sf sf sf*

Cl. (Sib) *sf sf sf sf*

Fg. *a2 sf sf sf sf sf sf* *a2 p*

Cor. *sf sf*

Tr. *sf sf*

Trb. *sf sf*

Timp. *dim.*

ptto *3/4*

Doppio movimento

Pft. *8 ff*

Vini I. *uniti p*

Vini II. *p*

Vle. *p*

Vlc. *sf sf p*

Cb. *sf sf p*

Fr. *a 2*

poco rubato dim. pp

Ptt.

Vlnl II.

Vle. *dim. pp*

Vie. *dim. pp*

Cb. *dim. pp*

Ptt.

sf *12* *sf sf sf*

Ptt.

6 *11* *8* *sf sf* *p* *cresc.* *7*

Ptt.

6 *5* *8* *12*

Tempo I. 1

Picc. *f*

Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl (Si b) *f*

Fg. *f*

Cor. *f* *a2*

Tr. *f*

Trb. *f*

Timp. *mf*

Ptto *c.l.* *mf*

Pft. *ff* *Tempo I. 1* *mf*

Vln I. *f* *uniti*

Vln II. *f*

Vle. *f*

Vle. *f*

Cb. *f*

Doppio movimento

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (S**b**)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (S**b**)

Tria.

Timp.

Ptto

Doppio movimento

poco rubato

8

f

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

Ptt. *con 8* 13 13

Ptt. *f* *mp*

Ptt. *cresc.* 3 3

Ptt. *mf* 8

Ptt. *cresc. molto* *molto rit.*

Ptt. *f* *dim.* 15

sempre Pedale

15 *ritard.* 10 11

Ptt. *p* *smorzando*

Vie.

Vlc.

Cb.

2 a tempo Tempo I. ($\text{♩} = 58-54$)

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (Sf b) *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Tr. (Sf b) *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Ptt. a tempo *mf* *p dolce*

Vie.

Vlc.

Cb.

Pft.

cresc., molto espr. f p pp p dolce

Pft.

poco cresc.

Pft.

(♩ = 50) dolce p pp

Pft.

mp

Pft.

a tempo poco f poco accel. dim.

3

Ob. *p sf = p cresc.*

Cl. (S**b**) *p sf = p cresc.*

Fg. *p sf = p cresc.*

Cor. *1.2. R p sf = p cresc.*

Ptt. *mp sf cresc.*

Fl. *1. pp*

Ob. *1. pp*

Cl. (S**b**) *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. *pp*

Ptt. *dolcissimo pp subito*

Vln I. *pp*

Vln II. *pp*

Vle. *pp*

Vlc. *pp*

Cb. *pp*

Molto accel.

Fl. *f*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (Si b) *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. *pp*

Molto accel.

Pft. *pp*

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

Detailed description: This page of a musical score, numbered 10, features a 'Molto accel.' (Molto accelerando) tempo change. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. (Si b)), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.). The string section includes Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The Percussion (Pft.) part is also present. The Flute and Oboe parts are marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic, while the Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor Anglais, and Percussion parts are marked with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. The Flute and Oboe parts feature a first ending (1.) and a second ending (1.2.). The Percussion part features a first ending (1.) and a second ending (1.2.). The string parts are marked with a first ending (1.) and a second ending (1.2.). The score is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The Flute and Oboe parts are in the treble clef, while the Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor Anglais, and Percussion parts are in the bass clef. The Violin I and II parts are in the treble clef, while the Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass parts are in the bass clef. The Percussion part is in the bass clef. The Flute and Oboe parts feature a first ending (1.) and a second ending (1.2.). The Percussion part features a first ending (1.) and a second ending (1.2.).

accél. ————— a tempo

Fl. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (Sib) *pp*

accél. ————— a tempo

Pft. *sf*

Vlni I. *pp* *div.* *pp*

Vlni II. *pp* *div.* *pp*

Vle. *pp* *div.* *pp* *unite*

Vlc. *pp* *12*

Cb. *pp*

4 poco meno adagio *espr.*

Fl. *mf* *cresc.*

Ob. *mf* *cresc.* *sf*

Cl. (Sib) *mf* *cresc.* *sf*

Cor. *p cresc.* *sf*

Tr. (Sib) 1. *pp* *cresc.* *mf*

Trb. *pp* *cresc.* *mf*

Timp. *mf*

4 poco meno adagio *espressivo molto*

Pft. *espressivo molto*

Vle. *div.* *p*

Vlc. *p*

Cb. *p*

a tempo

Fl. *a2*
p

Ob. *a2*
p

Cl. (Sib) 1.
p

Pft. *p cresc.*
6

a tempo
uniti 48
pp

Vln I. *pp*

Vln II. *pp*
uniti 48
unite 48

Vle. *pp*

Vlc. 48
pp

Cb. 48
pp

agitato (♩ = 69)

accel. molto

Fl. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (Si b) *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. 3. 4. *pp*

Pft. *poco f* *cresc.*

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vie.

Vic.

Cb.

Più agitato (♩ = 88)

5

Pft. *f*

Fl. *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. (Sf b) *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. *mp* *sf*

Pft. *b*

Vlnl I. *p*

Vlnl II. *p* *sf*

Vle. *mf* *sf*

Vlc. *p*

Cb. *p*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score, numbered 16, contains staves for thirteen instruments. The Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. (Sf b)), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.) parts begin with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The Cor Anglais part features a crescendo from mezzo-piano (*mp*) to fortissimo (*sf*). The Piano (Pft.) part consists of a dense, continuous texture of chords. The Violin I (Vlnl I.) and Violin II (Vlnl II.) parts start piano (*p*), with Violin II reaching fortissimo (*sf*) later. The Viola (Vle.) part starts mezzo-forte (*mf*) and reaches fortissimo (*sf*). The Violoncello (Vlc.) and Contrabass (Cb.) parts start piano (*p*).

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cor.

Pft.

più f

6

13

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

This musical score page, numbered 17, contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Bassoon, and Cor Anglais) and the string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass) are shown with rests, indicating they are not playing in this section. The Percussion (Pft.) part is the most active, featuring a complex rhythmic pattern with multiple measures of sixteenth and thirty-second notes, some beamed together. The piano part (Pft.) is marked with a forte dynamic (*f*) and includes a section marked *più f* (further forte). The percussion part includes a section marked with a '6' and a '13', likely indicating the number of measures or a specific rhythmic pattern. The score is written in a standard musical notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4.

Fl. *p*

Ob. *a2 mp sf p*

Cl. (Sb) *a2 mp sf p*

Fg. *a2 mp sf p*

Cor. *p*

Pft. *cresc. 2/4 f*

Vln I. *p mp*

Vln II. *mf sf p*

Vla. *p*

Vcl. *p*

Cb. *p*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 18. It features ten staves. The first five staves are for woodwinds: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. (Sb)), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.). The next two staves are for the Piano (Pft.), with a 2/4 time signature change and a forte (f) dynamic. The bottom three staves are for strings: Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vcl.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score is divided into two measures by a double bar line. Dynamics include piano (p), mezzo-piano (mp), mezzo-forte (mf), forte (f), and crescendo (cresc.). Articulation marks like accents and slurs are present. The woodwinds and strings play melodic lines, while the piano provides a complex rhythmic accompaniment.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

a2

Fr.

a2

p

poco cresc.

Cor.

p

1. p

2. p

Pft.

cresc.

2

4

Vini I.

poco cresc.

Vini II.

poco cresc.

Vie.

poco cresc.

Vie.

poco cresc.

Cb.

poco cresc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Si b)

Ptt.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vie.

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *mf*

Cl. (Si b) *mf*

Fg. *a2* *mf*

Cor. *mf*

Tr. (Si b) *mf*

Ptt. *molto* *ff possibile* *8* *ff* *3ff*

Vini I. *mf*

Vini II. *mf*

Vie. *mf* *div.*

Vlc. *mf*

Cb. *mf*

21

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Si b)

Pft.

Vlni I.

Vlni II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

sempre

unite

[illegible]

Cl. basso (Si b)

Fg.

Trb.

2. 3. con sord.

ppp

Cl. (Si b)

Cl. basso (Si b)

Fg.

Pft.

poco marcato

p

p dolce

pp

p

Cl. (Si b)

Cl. basso (Si b)

Pft.

dolcissimo

ppp

muta in Cl. 2.

24

Fl.

7

Ob.

Cl. (Sf b)

Fg.

Cor.

Pft.

Vint I.

Vint II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

24

Fl. *p espr.* *p espr.* *mf* 3

Ob. *p espr.* *p* *mf*

Cl. (Sf b) *p* 3 *mf*

Fg. *a2* *mf espr.* 3

Cor. *pp*

Pft. 2 3
4 4

Vint I. *div.* *pp*

Vint II. *div.* *p espr.*

Vle.

Vlc. *p espr.* 3

Cb.

Fl. *sf* *p* *sf*

Ob. *sf* *p* *sf*

Cl. (B♭) *sf* *p* *sf*

Fg. *cresc.*

Cor. *mf espr.* *mf espr.* *p* *mf*
mf *p* *mf*

Pft.

Vln I. *p espr.* *cresc. non div.*

Vln II. *cresc.*

Vle. *p* *mf espr.* *cresc.*

Vlc. *mf* *cresc.*

Ch. *p* *cresc.*

25

(♩ = 54)
grandioso

Fl.
Ob.
Cl. (Si b)
Fg.
Cor.
Tr. (Si b)
Trb.

mf
f

(♩ = 54)
grandioso

Pft.

Vln I
Vln II
Vle
Vlc
Cb.

div.
uniti
non div.
f
non div.
f
non div.
f
non div.
f

rubato

Pft.

Flt.

sf

sf

(♩ = 66)

27

Musical score for the first system of 'The Little Boat'. It features a piano (Pft.) accompaniment and a vocal line. The piano part begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal line starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The tempo is marked 'poco rit.' and the dynamics include 'sempre f' and 'mf'. The system concludes with a 3/4 time signature.

[illegible]

Fl. *pp* 3

Ob. 3

Cl. (Sib) *pp* 3

Fg. *pp* 3

Cor. 1. 3

Tr. (Sib) 1. con sord. *pp* possibile *mf* *p* *ppp*

Timp. *pp* poco cresc. *pp*

Tam. 3 *p* *pp*

Pft. 8 - *accel.* *cresc.* 3 8 4 *pp*

Vln I. *pizz.* *p* 3

Vln II. *pizz.* *p* 3

Vle. *div. pizz.* *p* 3

a tempo

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Timp.

a tempo

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

pp 3

pp 3

pp 3

pp 3

1. con sord. *ppp*

2. *p*

pp

p

2
8

The musical score is for page 29 of a symphony. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in B-flat, Bassoon), a brass section (Coronet), and percussion (Timpani, Snare Drum, Bass Drum). The woodwinds and brass play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, while the timpani plays a similar pattern. The snare drum and bass drum provide a steady beat. The strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass) are mostly silent, with some light playing in the Violins. The score is marked 'a tempo' and includes various dynamics such as 'pp', 'ppp', and 'p'. There are also articulations like 'con sord.' (con sordina) and 'ppp' (pianissimo) for the Coronet. The score is in 3/4 time and ends with a double bar line and a '2/8' marking.

9 Poco a poco più agitato ed accel. -----

Picc. *pp* 3 7

Fl. 3 7

Ob. 3 6

Cl. (St. b) 3 6

Cor. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Ptt. 8 3 10 7 *mf* poco a poco cresc. *cresc.* -----

Vlnl. I. arco *p*

Vlnl. II. arco *p*

Vle. arco *p*

Vlc. *p*

Cb. *p*

Fl. *mf* *al*

Ob. *mf*

Cl. (Sib) *mf*

Fg. *mf*

Cor. *senza sord.* *mf* *3.* *mf* *al*

Ptt. *cresc.* *f*

Vln I. *cresc.* *div.*

Vln II. *cresc.* *div.*

Vle. *3* *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

Fl. (♩ = 112) *Poco maestoso* (♩ = 66)

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

Fg. *a2*

Cor.

Tr. (Si b)

Ptt. *molto* *sempre ff* *Poco maestoso* (♩ = 66)

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle. *unite*

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Timp.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

Fl. *a2* *sf*

Ob. *a2* *sf*

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Trb.

Ptt. *poco a poco più agitato*
mf *ff*

Vlnl. I. *sf*

Vlnl. II. *sf*

Vle. *sf*

Vlo. *sf*

Cb. *sf*

rapidamente

Pft.

First system of the Piano part. It features a complex, rapid texture with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The right hand has several accents marked with a triangle (Δ). The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *ff* (fortissimo).

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Timp.

10 Ritenuto molto ($\lambda = 50-48$)

Pft.

Second system of the Piano part. It continues the rapid texture. The right hand has a crescendo leading to a *p* (piano) dynamic. The left hand has a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic. The system ends with a 3/4 time signature change and a 2/4 time signature change.

Cl.

Cor.

Tr.

Trb.

Timp.

Poco accel.

Pft.

Third system of the Piano part. It features a complex, rapid texture with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The right hand has a crescendo leading to a *p* (piano) dynamic. The left hand has a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic. The system ends with a 3/4 time signature change and a 2/4 time signature change.

ritenuto *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 50$)

Cl. (Sb) *p espr. molto*

Cor.

Tr. (Si♭)

Trb.

ritenuto *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 50$)

Ptt. *mf dim.*

stringendo

Cl. (Si♭) *dolente* *cresc.*

Tr. *ppp*

Trb. *ppp*

Timp. *ppp*

Ptt.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

Fg.

Cor.

Vlni I.

Vlni II.

Vle

Vie.

Cb.

Musical score for measures 36 and 37. The score is written for a full orchestra. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two measures by a vertical line. Measure 36 (left) shows various instruments playing. Measure 37 (right) shows a ritardando (ritard.) marking. The score includes dynamics such as *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in B-flat, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass) are all present. The brass section (Cor Anglais) is also present. The score is numbered 11 in the top left corner and 37 in the top right corner.

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cor.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vle.

Cb.

Musical score for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.). The tempo is marked "Più vivo (♩ = 100)". The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The Flute and Oboe parts have a melodic line with a slur and a fermata. The Bassoon part has a melodic line with a slur and a fermata. The Cor Anglais part has a melodic line with a slur and a fermata.

Più vivo (♩ = 100)

Musical score for Piano (Pft.). The tempo is marked "Più vivo (♩ = 100)". The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The piano part features a complex rhythmic pattern with slurs and fermatas. The piano forte part features a complex rhythmic pattern with slurs and fermatas. The tempo is marked "cresc. molto".

Musical score for Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), and Cello (Cb.). The tempo is marked "Più vivo (♩ = 100)". The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The Violin I and Violin II parts have a melodic line with a slur and a fermata. The Viola part has a melodic line with a slur and a fermata. The Cello part has a melodic line with a slur and a fermata.

Tempo I. ma poco agitato ($\text{♩} = 72$)

Cor.

Tr. (St b)

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

Cor. and Tr. (St b) parts. The Cor. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a rest followed by a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Tr. (St b) part is in 3/4 time, starting with a rest followed by a half note Bb3, then a quarter note A3, and a half note G3. Both parts are marked *p*.

Tempo I. ma poco agitato ($\text{♩} = 72$)

Pft. part. The Pft. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Pft. part is marked *f assai*.

Vln I. part. The Vln I. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Vln I. part is marked *p* and *simile*.

Vln II. part. The Vln II. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Vln II. part is marked *p* and *simile*.

Vle. part. The Vle. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Vle. part is marked *p* and *simile*.

Vlc. part. The Vlc. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Vlc. part is marked *p*.

Cb. part. The Cb. part is in 3/4 time, starting with a half note G4, then a quarter note F#4, and a half note E4. The Cb. part is marked *p*.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

2
4

Fl. *p* *cresc.*

Cl. (Sib) *p* *p* *cresc.*

Fg. *p* *cresc.*

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Pft. *più f*

Vln I. *cresc.*

Vln II. *cresc.*

Vle. *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for page 41. It features nine staves for different instruments. The Flute (Fl.) and Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. (Sib)) parts start with a piano (*p*) dynamic and include crescendo (*cresc.*) markings. The Bassoon (Fg.) part also starts piano and includes a crescendo. The Cor Anglais (Cor.) and Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Sib)) parts are present but have no dynamic markings. The Piano (Pft.) part is marked *più f* (piano fortissimo) and features complex arpeggiated figures. The Violin I (Vln I.) and Violin II (Vln II.) parts play triplet patterns and include crescendo markings. The Viola (Vle.) and Violoncello (Vlc.) parts also play triplet patterns and include crescendo markings. The Cello (Cb.) part includes a crescendo marking. The score is written in 3/4 time and includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

12

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Pft.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vie

Vic.

Cb.

Fl. *f* *pp* *cresc.* *f*

Ob. *pp* *cresc.* *f*

Cl. (Sib) *f* *pp* *cresc.* *f*

Fg. *f* *pp* *cresc.* *f*

Cor.

Pft. *agitato, rubato* *p* *more*

Vini I. *f* *f*

Vini II. *f* *f*

Vie *f* *f*

Vic. *f* *f*

Cb. *f* *f*

Fl.
pp *cresc.* *f*

Ob.
pp *cresc.* *f*

Cl. (Si b)
pp *cresc.* *f*

Fg.
pp *cresc.* *f*

Pft.
f *p* *molto cresc.* 3 - 4

Vln I.
f

Vln II.
f

Vle.
-

Vlc.
-

Cb.
-

ritardando al

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Timp.

cresc. poco

pp

ritardando al

Pft.

f

Vlnl I.

Vlnl II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

f

The musical score for page 44, measures 1-4, is written for a full orchestra. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Sib), Bassoon (Fg.), Timpani (Timp.), Piano (Pft.), Violin I (Vlnl I.), Violin II (Vlnl II.), Viola (Vle), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score features various musical notations including notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The Flute part has a 'ritardando al' marking above it. The Timpani part has a 'cresc. poco' marking above it and a 'pp' marking below it. The Piano part has a 'ritardando al' marking above it and a 'f' marking below it. The Violin I and Violin II parts have a 'f' marking below them. The Viola part has a 'f' marking below it. The Violoncello part has a 'f' marking below it. The Contrabass part has a 'f' marking below it. The score is divided into two systems by a dashed line. The first system contains measures 1-2 and the second system contains measures 3-4. The Piano part has a '9' marking above it in measures 1-2 and a '6' marking below it in measure 4. The Violin I and Violin II parts have a '9' marking above them in measures 1-2 and a '6' marking below them in measure 4. The Viola part has a '9' marking above it in measures 1-2 and a '6' marking below it in measure 4. The Violoncello part has a '9' marking above it in measures 1-2 and a '6' marking below it in measure 4. The Contrabass part has a '9' marking above it in measures 1-2 and a '6' marking below it in measure 4.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Timp.

Pft.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

13 ♩ = 58

45

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Timp.

Pft.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

mf

f

sf

24

23

23

2/4

Fl. *a2*

Ob.

Cl. (Sib)

Fg. *a2*

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb. *1.* *f* *2.3.* *f*

Timp.

Pft. *sf*

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

(♩ = 52)

Cl. (Sib)

Fg.

Cor.

Trb.

Ptt.

Vle.

Vlo.

Cb.

p espr.

pp

pp

rubato

1.

2.3.

3

4

2

3

div.

sf

div.

sf

==

Ptt.

pp

rubato

10

11

Pft.

First system of music for Pft. (Piano Forte). The score is in 3/8 time, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The right hand features a complex melodic line with many accidentals and slurs. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The system concludes with a double bar line and a 2/4 time signature change.

Pft.

Second system of music for Pft. (Piano Forte). The score is in 3/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. The right hand has a melodic line with triplets and slurs. The left hand has a bass line with chords and single notes. The system concludes with a double bar line and a 3/4 time signature change. Dynamics include *pp* and *con*.

Adagio molto ($\text{♩} = 48$)

Poco allegretto

($\text{♩} = 66$)

Cl.

Fg.

4 Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Third system of music, featuring woodwinds and brass. The score is in 3/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. The instruments are Clarinet (Cl.), Flute (Fg.), 4 Cornets (4 Cor.), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Sib)), and Trombone (Trb.). The woodwinds and brass parts are mostly rests, with some melodic lines in the 2/4 section. Dynamics include *ppp* and *p*. The system concludes with a double bar line and a 2/4 time signature change.

Adagio molto ($\text{♩} = 48$)

Poco allegretto

($\text{♩} = 66$)

Pft.

Fourth system of music for Pft. (Piano Forte). The score is in 3/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The left hand has a bass line with chords and single notes. The system concludes with a double bar line and a 2/4 time signature change.

Ob.

Cl. (Si b)

Fg.

a2

a2

mf *1.2. muta in La*

Pft.

molto capriccioso

p poco a poco cresc.

Vlni II.

Vle

Vle.

Cb.

pizz.

div.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

Pft.

poco a poco accel.

Pft.

mp

Pft.

sempre più vivo

cresc.

f

breve

Pft.

First system of the Piano part. It features a complex texture with many chords and arpeggios in both hands. There are some markings like 's' and 'sf'.

Pft.

Second system of the Piano part. It continues the complex texture. There are markings for 'poco rit.', 'sf', and 'simile'.

Fl.

14 Allegretto (♩ = 126)

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Trg.

Third system of the score, showing parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. (La)), Bassoon (Fg.), and Triangle (Trg.). The Flute part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'pp'. The Clarinet part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'mf'. The Bassoon part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'p'. The Triangle part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'p'.

Pft.

14 Allegretto (♩ = 126) poco . . . poco . . . più . . . vivo

Fourth system of the score, showing the Piano part for Pft. (Piano Forte). It continues the complex texture.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle

Vle.

Cb.

Fifth system of the score, showing parts for Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle), Violoncello (Vle.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The Violin I part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'pizz.'. The Violin II part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'pizz.'. The Viola part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'arco'. The Violoncello part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'div. (pizz.)'. The Double Bass part has a first ending marked '1.' and 'pizz.'.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

4 Cor.

Trg.

Vln I. *div.* *uniti*

Vln II.

Vie

Vic.

Cb.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

4 Cor.

Vln I. *arco*

Vln II. *arco*

Vie *div.* *non div.*

Vic. *arco* *div.* *non div.*

Cb.

Fl.

mf

Ob.

mf

Cl. (La)

mf

Fg.

mf

4 Cor.

1. 2. *p*

Tr. (Sl b)

1. con. sord.

pp

senza sord. 1. 2.

mf

Trg.

Tb. picc.

pp

Vlni I.

pp

Vlni II.

pp

Vle

pp

Vlc.

pp

Cb.

pp

arco

f

vivo *breve* *a2* *dr*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

4 Cor.

Tr. (SI b)

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

3. 4.

3. 4.

1. 2.

a4

1.

a2

2.

4 Cor.

Tr. (SI b)

Timp.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

poco rit.

Meno allegro ($\text{♩} = 108$)

Cor.

Tr. (S1 b)

Timp.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Ch.

a4

a2

p capriccioso

poco a poco accelerando

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 160$)

Pft.

cresc. sempre

poco rit.

Pft.

f

Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. (La) *f*

Fg. *f*

4 Cor. *f*

Tr. (SI b) *mf*

Timp. *mf*

Allegro (♩=170)

Vln I. *f sf sf*

Vln II. *f sf sf*

Vle. *f sf sf sf simile*

Vlc. *f*

Cb. *f*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

4 Cor.

Tr. (St)

Timp.

Gr. C.

Gr. Cassa

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

mf

a2

a4

f

17 Sostenuto (♩ = 116)

Fig. *a4*

4 Cor. *a2*

Tr. (Sib) *a2*

Gr. C. *p* *mf* *p*

Vln I. *ff* *sul IV.*

Vln II. *ff* *sul IV.*

Vle. *ff*

Vlc. *ff*

Cb. *ff*

poco rit. *Allegro* (♩ = 170) *Sostenuto* (♩ = 116) *poco rit.*

Fig. *a2*

4 Cor. *a2*

Tr. (Sib) *a2*

Gr. C. *mf*

poco rit. *Allegro* (♩ = 170) *Sostenuto* (♩ = 116)

Pft. *p* *1*

Vln I. *pizz.* *p* *ff* *sul IV. arco*

Vln II. *pizz.* *p* *ff* *sul IV. arco*

Vle. *pp* *ff*

Vlc. *f*

Cb. *f*

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 170$) (vivo)

Cl. (La) *pp*

Trg. *p*

Pft. *p*

Vini I. *pizz. p*

Vini II. *pizz. p*

Vie. *p*

poco rit.

Fl. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (La) *pp*

Pft. *mp*

poco rit.

a tempo ($\text{♩} = 170$) *poco a poco accel.*

Pft. *poco a poco cresc.*

Pft.

cresc. molto

18 **Molto vivace** (♩ = 180)

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Molto vivace (♩ = 180)

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (SI b)

Trb.

Timp.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

strepitoso

ff

mf

a2

f

1.2.

8

7

7

7

7

[illegible]

19 **Meno allegro** ($\text{♩} = 160$)

Fl. *a²* *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. (La) *f* *a²* *ff*

Eg. *ff*

Cor. *a²* *ff* *a²* *ff*

Tr. (SI b) *mf* *f*

1. 2. *p* *f*

Trb. *p* *f*

3. *f*

Timp. *f*

ptto *c.l.*

Meno allegro ($\text{♩} = 160$)

Pft. *f*

Vln I. *f*

Vln II. *f*

Vle *dm* *f*

Vlc. *f*

Cb. *ff*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Timp.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

The musical score for page 63 is arranged in three systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in La (Cl. (La)), and Bassoon (Fg.). The second system includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Sib)), and Trombone (Trb.). The third system includes Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The Flute, Clarinet in La, and Violin I parts feature melodic lines with various ornaments (accents, slurs, and grace notes) and dynamic markings (p, f). The Oboe, Cor Anglais, and Violin II parts play sustained notes with slurs. The Bassoon, Trumpet in B-flat, Trombone, and Double Bass parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and slurs. The Timpani part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Viola part features a melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings. The Violoncello part features a melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Si b)

Trb.

Timp.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

dim.

non div.

B

a2

1.

2.

95

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 64. It contains staves for various instruments: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in La (Cl. (La)), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Si b)), Trombone (Trb.), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The woodwinds and strings are playing melodic lines, while the brass and percussion provide harmonic support. The Flute part has a dynamic marking of *B* and a breath mark. The Clarinet and Bassoon parts have an *a2* marking. The Trumpet part has a first ending bracket. The Trombone part has a second ending bracket. The Timpani part has a *dim.* marking. The Violoncello part has a *non div.* marking. The page number 64 is in the top left corner.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Timp.

Pft.

(poco rubato)

ff

con *g*

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vle

Vic.

Ch.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 65. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwinds (Ob., Cl. (La), Fg.) and brass (Cor., Tr. (Sib), Trb.) sections have staves with notes and rests. The percussion section (Timp.) has a staff with notes. The piano (Pft.) section has a grand staff with a piano introduction marked '(poco rubato)' and '*ff*'. The string section (Vini I., Vini II., Vle, Vic., Ch.) has staves with notes and rests. The piano introduction for the strings is marked 'con *g*'. The score is written in a standard musical notation with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.

Ptt.

con 8

ff

22.

Ptt.

Più allegro ($\text{♩} = 170$) (non rubato)

Ptt.

mf (subito)

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Trg.

20

pp

f

pp

f

pp

f

pp

f

Ptt.

p

sf p subito

Pft.

cresc.

Vle.

p

cresc.

Vlc.

p

cresc.

Cb.

p

cresc.

Cor.

p

Pft.

f

Vle.

f

Vlc.

f

Cb.

f

Cor.

Pft.

f

Vle.

p

Vlc.

Cb.

21 (♩ = 180)

Cor.

Timp.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

Cor. (mf) (♩ = 180)

Timp. (p)

Pft. (f) (♩ = 180) cresc. -----

Vln I. (p) (f)

Vln II. (p) (f)

Vle. (p) (f)

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl. *mf* *cresc.*

Ob. *mf* *cresc.*

Cl. (La) *mf* *cresc.*

Fg. *mf* *cresc.*

Cor. *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.*

Pft. *8*

Vln I. *cresc.*

Vln II. *cresc.* *div.*

Vle. *cresc.* *div.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a full orchestra. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in La, Bassoon) and brass section (Cor Anglais, Timpani) are marked with *mf* and *cresc.*. The Piano part features a complex texture with multiple voices, marked with a rehearsal mark '8'. The string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) is marked with *cresc.* and *div.* (divisi) for the Violins and Viola. The overall texture is dense and dynamic.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for a large ensemble of instruments, including woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The instruments listed on the left are: Fl. (Flute), Ob. (Oboe), Cl. (La) (Clarinet in B-flat), Fg. (Bassoon), Cor. (Horn), Tr. (Stb) (Trumpet in B-flat), Timp. (Timpani), Pft. (Piano), Vln I. (Violin I), Vln II. (Violin II), Vle. (Viola), Vlc. (Violoncello), and Cb. (Contrabass). The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is in a major key. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamic markings include 'f' (forte) and 'dim.' (diminuendo). There is a rehearsal mark 'B' indicated by a dashed line. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with staves for each instrument and a common time signature. The page is numbered '1' in the bottom right corner.

rit. G. P.

Cl. (La) 2. 1

Fg.

mf p glass

Pft. 1

G. P.

G. P. riten. molto pp

Pft. 2

22 a tempo (all^o vivace) (♩ = 180)

1. 2.

Cor. p

Pft. p

Vle. pp

Vlc. pp

Cb. pp

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

pp

pp

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

sf

pizz.
mf

pizz.
mf

pizz.
mf

pizz.
mf

23

Pft. *cresc.* *p*

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc. *arco* *pp*

Cb. *pp*

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

ptto *p*

Pft. *cresc.* *f*

Vln I. *div. (pizz.)* *f*

Vln II. *div. (pizz.)* *f*

Vle. *(pizz.)* *f*

Vlc. *pizz.* *f*

Cb. *pizz.* *f*

Fl.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trg.

Pft.

Vlnl. I.

Vlnl. II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

Cor. *f espr.* *mf*

Trg.

Pft.

Vln I. *div.* *pp*

Vln II. *pp*

Vle.

Vlc.

Ch.



Cor. *pp*

Trg.

Pft. *p*

Vln I.

Vln II.

24 Presto (♩ = 92)

Fl. *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. (La)

Trg.

Pft. *sf* *cresc.* *sf*

Cl. (La)

Cor. 1. 2. *pp* *mf* *espr.* *mf*

Trg.

Pft.

Vln I. *pp*

Vln II. *pp*

Vle. *pp*

Vlc. *pp*

Cb. *pizz.* *p* *mf*

Cl. (La)

Cor.

p

Pft.

cresc.

f

Vlni I.

Vlni II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

25

Fl.

Ob.

Trg.

p

Pft.

mf

p

f

cresc.

Vlni I.

Vlni II.

pizz.

div.

pp

div.

pizz.

pp

FL.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Trg.

Pft.

Vln I

Vln II

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

p

pp

sf

p

div. pizz.

pp

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

(pizz.)

p

1.

1.2.

6

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 79. It features ten staves. The woodwind section includes Flute (FL.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in La (Cl. (La)), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.). The string section includes Violin I (Vln I), Violin II (Vln II), Viola (Vle), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The piano (Pft.) is also present. The score is in 4/4 time and features a key signature of one sharp (F#). The woodwinds and strings play sustained chords and moving lines. The piano has a complex, rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), *sf* (sforzando), and *arco* (arco). The piano part includes a section marked *div. pizz.* (divided pizzicato) and a section marked *arco* (arco). The string parts include a section marked *div. pizz.* (divided pizzicato) and a section marked *arco* (arco). The double bass part includes a section marked *(pizz.)* (pizzicato). The score is written for a full orchestra and piano.

Fig.

Cor.

mf espr.

Ptt.

cresc.

Vlnl. I.

arco
mf espr.

Vlnl. II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

26

Fig.

Cor.

Ptt.

f
sempre f

Vlnl. I.

pp

Vlnl. II.

pp

Vle.

pp

Vlc.

pp

Cb.

pp
arco

PTT.

Vlnl I.

Vlnl II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

ptti

Ptt.

Vlnl I.

Vlnl II.

Vle.

Vic.

Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor

ptti

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

27

a2

f

senza scord.

a2

mf

f

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Bb)

Timp.

Ptti

Pft.

Vlnl I.

Vlnl II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

senza sord.

senza sord.

mf

mf

a2

a2

a2

Pft. *impetuoso*
con B

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

Pft.

Pft. *poco allarg.*

Pft.

28 a tempo (♩ = 92)

Fl. *a2* *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. (La) *a2* *f*

Fg. *f*

Cor. *f*

Tr. (Sib) *f*

Trb. *f*

Timp. *f*

Pttl *a2*

28 a tempo (♩ = 92)

Ptt. *f*

con *g*

Vlnl I. *f*

Vlnl II. *f*

Vie. *f*

Vlc. *f*

Cb. *f*

Fl. ^{a2}

Ob.

Cl. (La) ^{a2}

Bg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib) ^{a2}

Trb.

Timp.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

This musical score page, numbered 86, contains measures 1 through 8. The instrumentation includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in A (Cl. (La)), Bassoon (Bg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Sib)), Trombone (Trb.), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The Flute, Clarinet in A, and Trumpet in B-flat parts are marked with 'a2', indicating a second octave. The score is written for a full orchestra with woodwinds, strings, and percussion.

poco allarg. - - - -

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (SI b)

Trb.

3.

Timp.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in La, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) are in the upper staves. The brass section (Cor Anglais, Trumpet in B-flat, Trombone, Timpani) is in the lower staves. The score features a variety of musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A tempo change to 'poco allarg.' is indicated at the top right. A rehearsal mark '3.' is placed below the Trombone staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

29 **Meno vivo**

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Sib)

Trb.

Timp.

Trg.

p

rall.

Meno vivo

8

p

3

8

3

rall.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle

Vlc.

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 88, marked with rehearsal mark 29. The tempo is 'Meno vivo'. The score is for a full orchestra. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in La, Bassoon) and brass section (Cor Anglais, Trumpet in B-flat, Trombone) are currently silent, indicated by whole rests. The Timpani and Triangle are also silent. The Piano part is the most active, featuring a complex rhythmic pattern with eighth and sixteenth notes, including triplets. It is marked with a piano dynamic (*p*) and includes a 'rall.' (ritardando) section. The string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) is also silent, indicated by whole rests. The Violoncello and Contrabass parts have a 'pizz.' (pizzicato) marking.

accel. — al.

Trg.

Pft.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

acccl. leggiero

al

pizz.

pp

pizz.

pp

pizz.

pp

pp

pp

Presto ($\text{♩} = 92$)

Pft.

Vini I.

Vini II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

sempre staccatissimo

cresc. molto

Presto ($\text{♩} = 92$)

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (61 b)

Trb.

Timp.

piti

Trg.

Pft.

Vlni I.

Vlni II.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

cresc.

f

mf

p

ff

arco

f

arco

f

arco

f

arco

f

cresc.

f

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (Bb)

Timp.

p.ttl

Trg.

Pft.

Vln I.

Vln II.

Vle.

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl. (La)
Fg.
Cor.
Pft.

This system contains the first four measures of a musical score for woodwinds and percussion. The Flute (Fl.) and Oboe (Ob.) parts enter in measure 3 with a half-note chord (F#4, A4) and a half-note chord (Bb4, D5) respectively. The Clarinet in A (Cl. (La)) and Bassoon (Fg.) parts enter in measure 3 with a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The Cor Anglais (Cor.) part enters in measure 3 with a half-note chord (F#3, A3) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The Percussion (Pft.) part enters in measure 3 with a half-note chord (F#3, A3) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl. (La)
Fg.
Pft.
Vln I.
Vln II.
Vle.
Vlc.
Cb.

This system contains measures 5-8 of a musical score for woodwinds, percussion, and strings. The Flute (Fl.) and Oboe (Ob.) parts enter in measure 5 with a half-note chord (F#4, A4) and a half-note chord (Bb4, D5) respectively. The Clarinet in A (Cl. (La)) and Bassoon (Fg.) parts enter in measure 5 with a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The Percussion (Pft.) part enters in measure 5 with a half-note chord (F#3, A3) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The Violin I (Vln I.) and Violin II (Vln II.) parts enter in measure 5 with a half-note chord (F#4, A4) and a half-note chord (Bb4, D5) respectively. The Viola (Vle.) and Violoncello (Vlc.) parts enter in measure 5 with a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The Double Bass (Cb.) part enters in measure 5 with a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) and a half-note chord (Bb3, D4) respectively. The system ends with a double bar line.

[illegible]

Fl. ^{a2}

Ob. *p*

Cl. (La) ^{a2} *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. *p*

Tr. (Sib) *p*

Trb. *pp*

Timp. *p*

Ptt. *con 8. sempre ff*

Vln I. *div.* *p*

Vln II. *div.* *p*

Vle. *p*

Vic. *p*

Cb. *p*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score, numbered 94, features a variety of instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in A (Cl. (La)), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. (Sib)), and Trombone (Trb.). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (Vln I.), Violin II (Vln II.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vic.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The Piano (Ptt.) part is marked 'con 8.' and 'sempre ff'. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (p, pp, ff), articulation (accents), and performance instructions (div.). The woodwinds and strings are playing sustained notes or chords, while the piano has a more active, rhythmic part. The timpani has a single stroke. The violin I and II parts have a 'div.' (divisi) marking and are playing a melodic line. The viola, cello, and contrabass are playing sustained notes.

Ob.

Cl. (La)

Cor.

Timp.

Ptt.

Vln I.

Vle

Vlc.

Cb.

p

pp

dim.

8

p

p

This musical score page, numbered 95, contains staves for the following instruments: Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in La (Cl. (La)), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Timpani (Timp.), Piccolo (Ptt.), Violin I (Vln I.), Viola (Vle.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The woodwinds and strings are marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The Cor Anglais part includes a decrescendo (*dim.*) marking. The Timpani part is marked *pp*. The Piccolo part features complex rhythmic patterns with triplets and sixteenth notes. The Violin I part includes a measure marked with the number 8. The Viola and Violoncello parts are marked *p*. The Contrabass part is marked *p*.

[illegible]

Cor.

p *espr.*

3

Pft.

8

p

espr.

mf

Vie.

div. *espr.*

3

Vie.

div.

Cor.

1.

3

Pft.

3

4th

pp *smorz.* *ppp*

p

mf

6

Vie.

3

Fl. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Ob. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Cl. (La) *pp cresc.* *ff*

Eg. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Cor. *p cresc.* *ff*

Tr. (Si b) *mf* *f*

Trb. *f*

Timp. *mf*

Pft. *cresc.* *ff*

Vini I. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Vini II. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Vle. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Vlc. *pp cresc.* *ff*

Cb. *pp cresc.* *ff*

The musical score is for measures 1 and 2 of a piece. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in B-flat, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I & II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) all play sustained chords that crescendo from *pp* to *ff*. The Cor Anglais plays a single note that also crescendos from *p* to *ff*. The Trumpet in B-flat and Trombone play sustained notes, with the Trumpet moving from *mf* to *f*. The Timpani plays a single note, *mf*. The Piano features a complex, arpeggiated figure in both hands, marked *cresc.* and reaching *ff* by the end of the second measure. The strings are marked with *div.* (divisi) and *v* (vibrato).

32

Fl. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. (La) *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. *pp*

Tr. (Sib) *pp*

Trb. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Pft. *espr.* *p*

Vln I. *pp*

Vln II. *pp*

Vle. *pp*

Vlo. *pp*

Cb. *pp*

Cor. 1. Solo
p espr.

Pft.

Cor.

Pft. *p*

Cor.

Pft. *mp espr.*

Cor.

Pft. *ritard.*

Cor. *ppp*

Pft. *Molto tranquillo*

Fg. *dolcissimo*

Cor. *pp* *dim.*

Trb. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Pft. *pp*

Vini I. *pp* *div.* *dim.*

Vini II. *pp* *div.* *dim.*

Vle. *pp* *div.* *dim.*