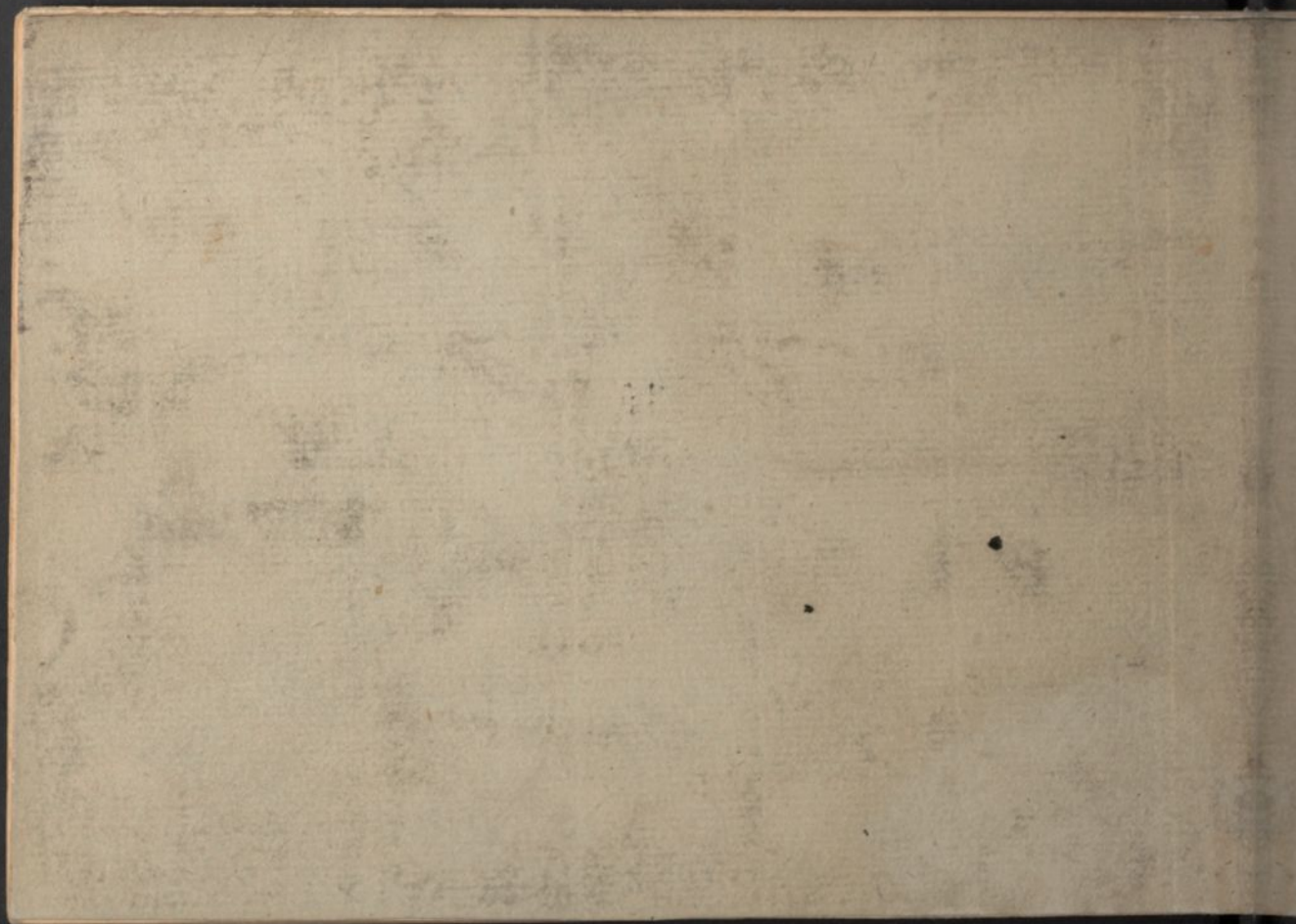


52
S.A. 76. F. 17.

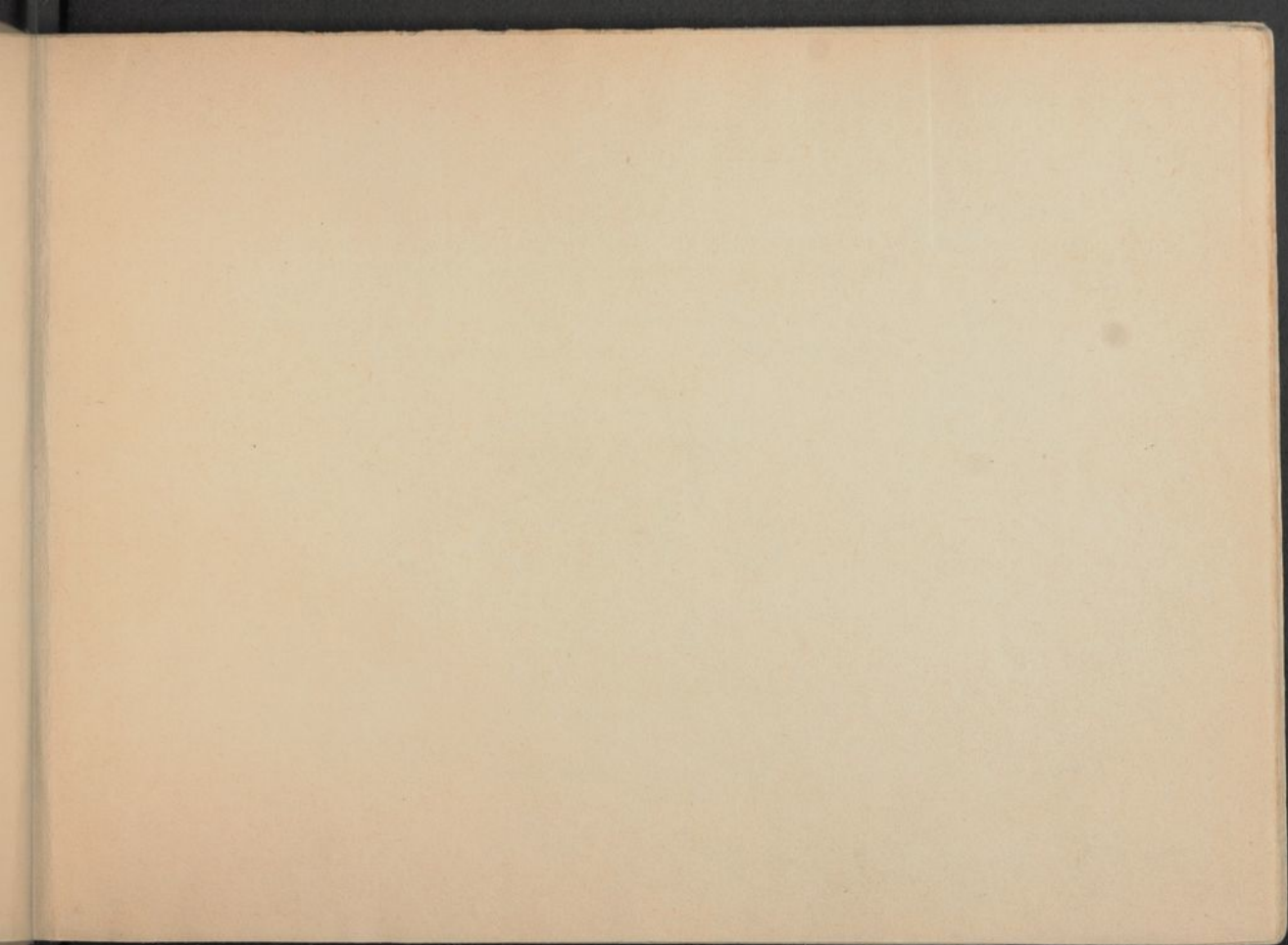
Barberis.

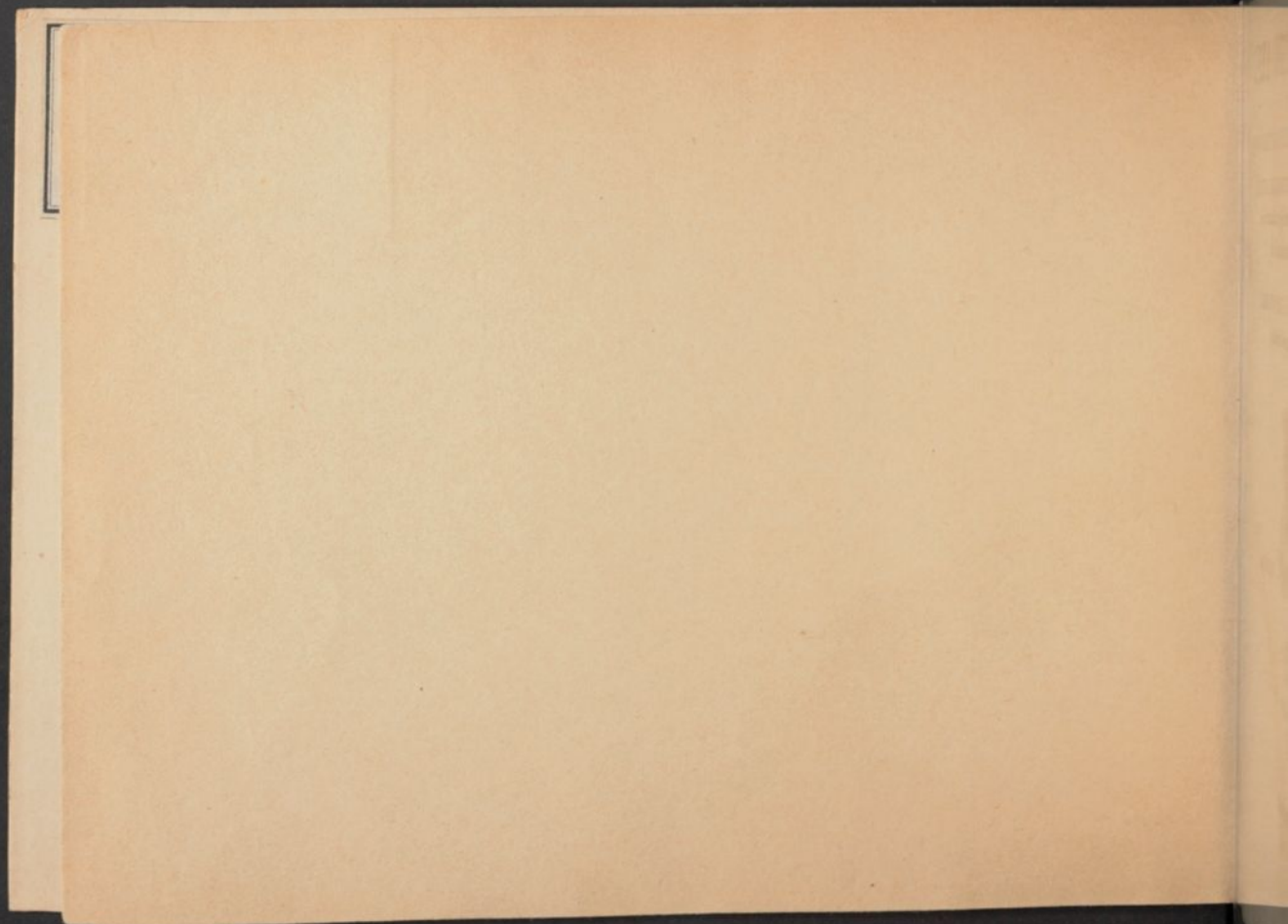
PEF



S.A. 76.F. 17.

RISM





OPERA INTITOLATA CONTINA.

INTABOLATVRA DI LAVTO DI FANTASIE, MOTETTI,
CANZONI, DISCORDATE A VARIИ MODI, FANTASIE PER SONAR
*uno solo con uno Lauto, & farsi tenore & soprano: Madrigali per sonar a dui Lauti: Fantasie per
sonar a dui Lauti: Fantasie per sonar sopra la Chitara da sette corde.*

COMPOSTA PER IL REVERENDO M. PRE MELCHIORO
de Barberis Padoano, Musico, & sonator di Lauto eccellentissimo.

LIBRO



DECIMO.

Venetijs apud Hieronymum Scotum
M. D. XLIX.

IMPERATORIAE MAIESTATIS COMITI FIDELISSIMO
AC CANONICO PATAVINO RELIGIOSISSIMO HERCVLI A SANCTO

Bonifacio patrono suo obseruandis. Melchior Barberius Sacerdos Patavinus,

& humillimus seruus

S.

P.

D.



OREM, nec meo quidem iudicio aspernandum, Hercules Patavinorū Canonicoꝝ lumen, & splendor illustrissimae, olim fuisse, neminem praetereat ar bitror, ut Parthorum Regem saluaturum, cum non nisi aliquo cum munere, accedebant. Quo fiebat ut unus Aprum, alter Ceruum, hic Accipitrem, ille Falconem, alius Fætheram, alius Leonem, alius Vrsum, alius aliam rem, aut animal aliud, ei pronus offerebat. Quae omnia si depulsis animo nubibus exacte munera considerabimus, illorum alia aduentem tantum, cui inferuire, ut nihil est turpius, ita interdum nihil est perniciosius, facere: alia interdum in dominos adeo seuire, ut offense aliquid pro alimentis eis rependant, & ad mortem usq; illos insectentur: liquido dispiciemus. Quod cum ipse facile comprehendam, cupiens ea quae cum deo ueneratione te ueluti meum Regem, imò Numen salutare Laudatissimum illum morem imitari haud mihi turpe duxi. At antiquissima tuae inclitae domus pro sapia, ipsius clarissimis stigmatibus, ac rarissimo natalium tuorum splendore optime consideratis. circa quae si uellem euagari, profecto non epistolam, sed Iliadem componere mihi necesse foret. deinde ijs potius nubes effundere, q̃ laudis aliquid addere uiderer. Quandoquidem quis is est: cui ea satis superq; iam non innotuerint: aut ad cuius aures, Indos licet, Arabes, Garamantes, aut penitus toto diuisos orbe Britannos inter agat, clarissima familia à Sæculo Bonifacio non peruenerit: profecto nemo profusus. Ab ijs igitur super sedendum esse nec nimis in animum induxi meum. Si in his enim diutius immorarer, quid aliud quæso esset q̃ frustra loquitur aut (quod aiunt) actum agere, & insulsis nugis tempus conterere? Rabidos Vrsos, Tigres Hircanas, Leones indomitos, aut his similia monstra tibi tradere nequaquam mihi proposui, unde postmodum aliquid dispendij, aut noxae prouenturum esse suspicari possum, uidearq; Medea Creontis filiae exitiale munus exhibuisse. Sed rem non cicurem modo, sed rigidas quasq; feræ cicurantem & delinientem, durâq; saxa facile permulcentem, Quod Thræcius cantor, & Fudicen nobilissimus Orpheus, Thebane conditor arcis argutissimus Amphion: & Arion musicus cantatissimus facillime attestantur, tibi donare, tuoque celeberrimo nomini & inclitæ celsitudini dedicare constitui. Vnde honestissimam uoluptatem, & celestem quandam dulcedinem, quæ tuam mentem sacerdotilibus curis non raro delassatam interdum permulceat: tranquillet serenitatig; restituat, idest quasdam musicæ artis meae elucubratiunculæ, quas sub tua Aegide si modo tu quæ tua est humanitas, & in uirtutis affeclas benignissima

animi propensio) circumferri discipulo: non dedignaris sub qua non uereor me a liuidulis detractoribus, quorum plena sunt omnia, tu-
 tissime exiturum. Is enim es qui & si Ephesiam adhuc ferè non excessisti, in te tamen clara signa summæ uirtutis apparent, & exi-
 mium ingenij lumen elucescit. Quo fit ut in te omnes ingentes laudis acruos extruant, & in te uno omnium disciplinarum gloriam
 conferant, adeo ut nummodo te à tuis nobilissimis maioribus non degenerasse: uerum etiam illorum gloriam tuis multijugis uirtutibus
 adæquasse, auxisse, & propemodum superasse contendant. Sed hæc tecum dum loquor familiæ columen tuæ, sacerdotij honos im-
 mortalis, & patriæ perenne decus, dubitans ne quid in me Gnatonis esse (quod quidem à me absit) suspiceris his meis colophonem ad-
 dere non absurdum putauit, si prius tomen te rogauero, ut hæc mea eo libenti animo, quo tuæ dignitati offeruntur suscipere ne recuses,
 & si præterquam quod tua celsitudo exposceret, atq; mereret paruum munus est, Leuidentæ & crasso filo contextum, uoluntatem
 meam ingentem uelis optime consulere: quod si te fecisse comperiam, ut me comperturum esse non dubito, ad maiora conficienda num-
 modo meum, sed etiam aliorum animam, qui uirtutum candidati ob Zoilorum rabidos morsus exire limen miseri uehementer perume-
 scunt excitabis atq; compelles. Sume igitur hoc meum munusculum, & me tibi deuinctissimum mancipium in tuo ære accipere quæso
 uelis nobilissime Mecænas, securum præsidium, & dulce decus meum. Vale.

VI. Kal. Ianuarij. M D XLIX.



Recercada
Prima parte

Fantasia
Secõda parte





Deul double deul.

A handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring five systems of music. Each system consists of a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is a form of early musical shorthand, using numbers (1-5) and symbols (circles, crosses, diamonds) to represent notes and rests. Above each staff, there are diamond-shaped symbols, some of which are grouped together. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first system is labeled 'Deul double deul.' on the left. The paper shows signs of age, including some staining and a small 'X' mark in the upper left corner.

The musical score consists of four systems, each with three staves. The notation is a form of early printed music, likely for a lute or similar instrument, characterized by circles, crosses, and numbers on the staves. Above the staves, there are various symbols including diamond shapes and vertical lines. The first system spans the top half of the page, and the second system spans the bottom half. The third system is a continuation of the second, and the fourth system is a separate piece of music starting with the text 'Il est bel & bon.'.

Il est bel & bon.



Queramus cum pastoribus.

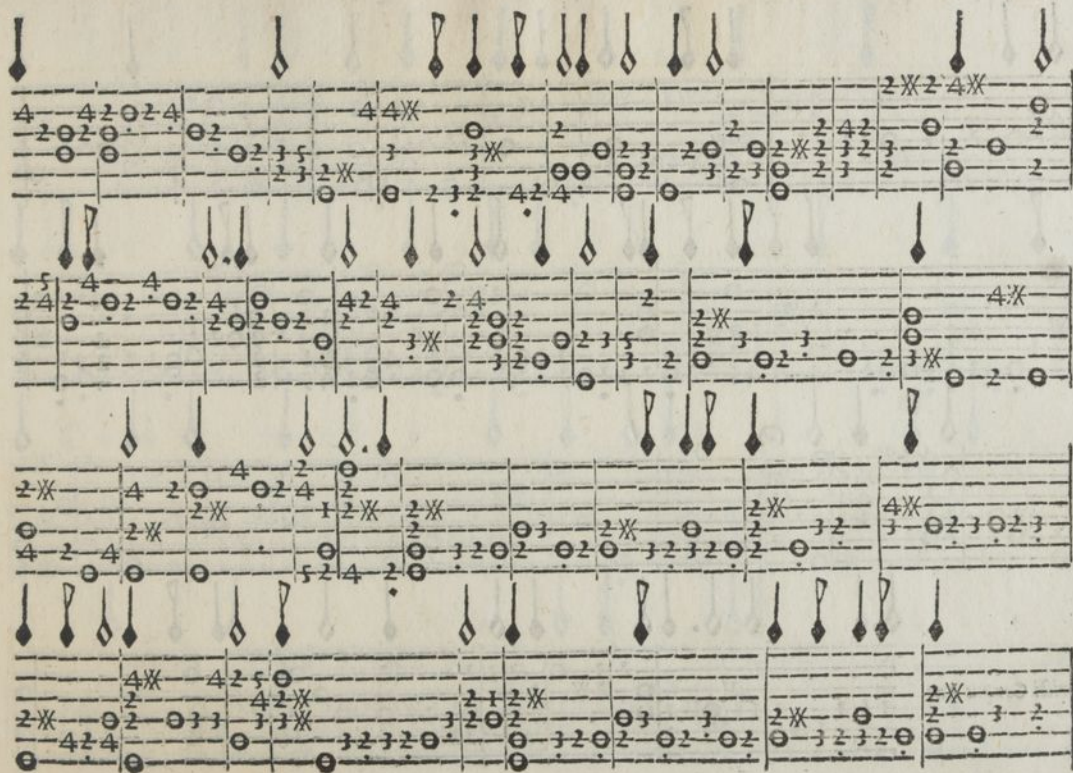
The musical notation is written on a single staff per system. The notes are mostly half and quarter notes, with some rests. There are several accidentals, including flats and naturals. Numbers (1-5) are written below some notes, possibly indicating fingerings. Asterisks (*) are used as part of the notation. Above the staves, there are several groups of diamond-shaped ornaments, some of which are grouped together. The text 'Queramus cum pastoribus.' is written in a cursive hand at the top left.



The image shows a handwritten musical score on three systems of staves. The notation is complex, featuring various note values, rests, and markings. The first system consists of two staves, the second of two staves, and the third of two staves. The notation includes many circles, some with numbers inside, and some with 'X' marks. There are also many vertical lines and some horizontal lines. The score is written in a style that appears to be from the 18th or 19th century. The paper is aged and yellowed. The handwriting is in black ink.

Seconda parte.





Handwritten musical score for "Christi Corpus Aue". The score is written on five systems of staves, each with a single line. The notation is a form of mensural notation, featuring various note values (circles, some with stems) and rests. Above the staves, there are several groups of diamond-shaped symbols, some with stems, which likely represent a specific type of ornament or a simplified melodic line. The score includes various musical symbols such as clefs (C-clefs), time signatures (e.g., 4/4, 3/4, 2/4), and repeat signs (double bar lines with dots). The text "Christi Corpus Aue" is written in a Gothic script at the bottom left of the page.

Christi Corpus Aue





Fant. ista.

A handwritten musical score on aged paper, consisting of four staves. The notation is a form of early keyboard or lute tablature, using numbers 1-5 and various symbols like 'x' and 'o' on the lines of the staves. Above the staves, there are several pairs of vertical lines with diamond-shaped markers, possibly representing fingerings or ornaments. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notation is dense and characteristic of 16th or 17th-century manuscript notation.

Cc ii

The page contains four systems of musical notation, each consisting of two staves. The notation is a form of early musical shorthand, likely for lute tablature, using letters (O, 2, 4, 5) and symbols (X, 3, 1, 2, 4) placed on or between lines of a five-line staff. Above the staves, there are various symbols including diamond shapes and vertical lines. The first system has a '3' above the first staff and a '2' above the second. The second system has a '2 4' above the first staff and a '5 X' above the second. The third system has a '3' above the first staff and a '2 X' above the second. The fourth system is labeled 'Fantasia.' on the left and has a '2 X' above the first staff and a '2 X' above the second. The notation is dense and covers the entire page.

Fantasia.

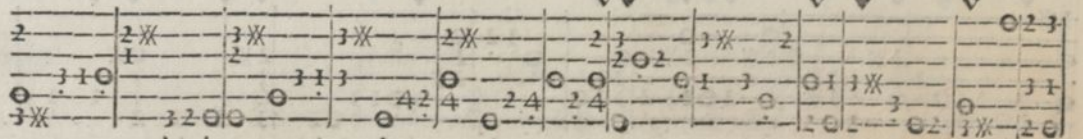
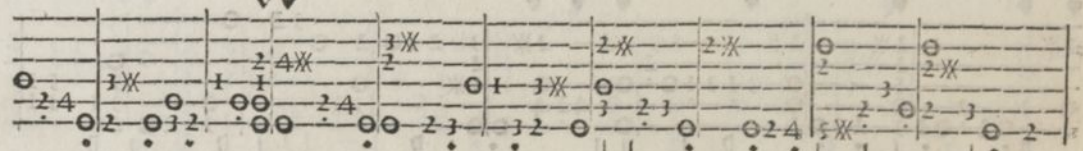
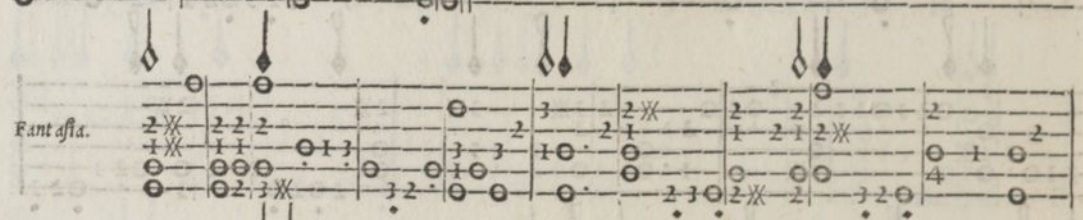
This page contains a handwritten musical score consisting of four systems, each with two staves. The notation is a form of shorthand, likely for a specific instrument or voice part. The symbols used include:

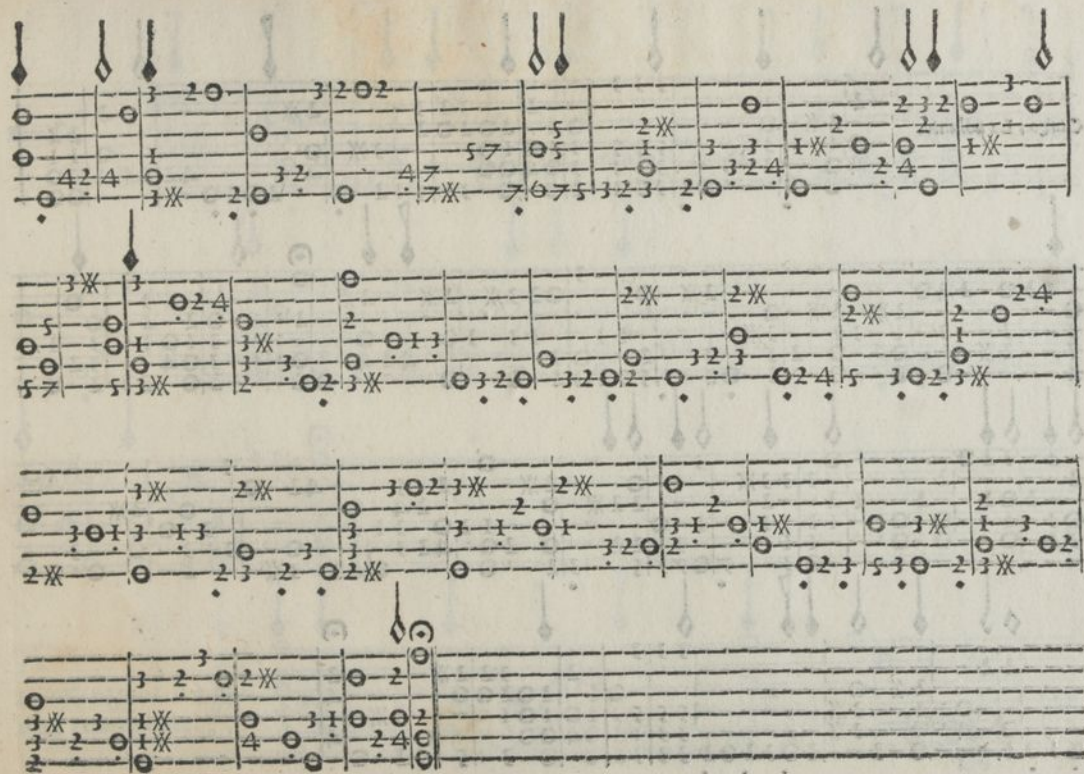
- Notes:** Circles with dots inside, some with stems, and some with flags.
- Rests:** Horizontal lines with 'X' marks.
- Accents:** Asterisks (*) placed above or below notes.
- Groupings:** Brackets and slurs grouping multiple notes.
- Time Signature:** The number '4' appears at the beginning of the first staff in the first system.
- Other Symbols:** Vertical lines with dots, possibly indicating fingerings or breath marks.

The score is written in a fluid, cursive style, characteristic of 18th or 19th-century manuscript notation. The paper shows signs of age, including slight discoloration and wear at the edges.



Fant. affa.





Canzon La uolunte.



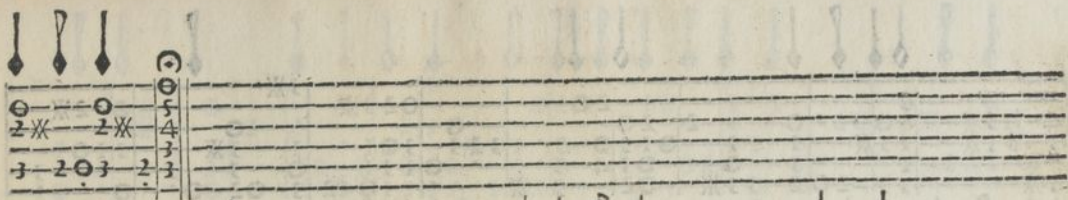
Fantasia.

The image shows a page from a musical manuscript, page 13, featuring two pieces of music. The first piece, titled "Fantasia.", consists of three systems of three staves each. The notation includes various rhythmic values (circles, some with 'x' or '2' inside), accidentals, and dynamic markings like 'f' and 'ff'. Above the staves, there are several diamond-shaped ornaments. The second piece, titled "Fantasia Di scorda il Basso con il Tenore unisono.", also consists of three systems of three staves each. It features similar notation and includes a double bar line in the first system. Above the staves, there are several diamond-shaped ornaments. The piece concludes with the marking "Dd".

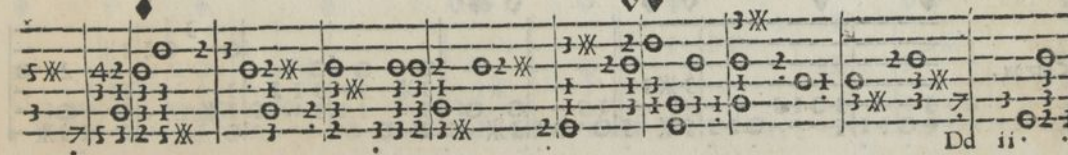
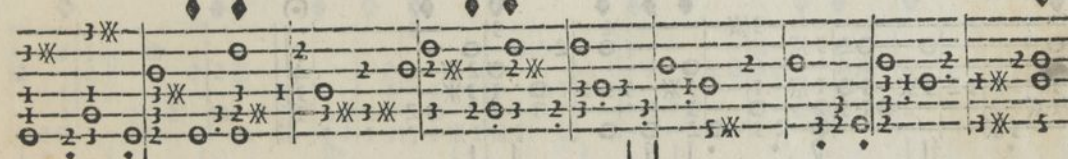
Fantasia Di scorda il Basso
con il Tenore unisono.

Dd

This page contains a handwritten musical score consisting of four systems of staves. The notation is a form of musical shorthand, likely for a specific instrument or voice part. Each system typically consists of two staves. The notation includes various note values (circles, some with flags or beams), rests, and specific symbols such as 'X' and '2'. Some notes are placed on the lines of the staff, while others are below. There are also vertical lines with diamond-shaped heads that appear to be part of the notation. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The handwriting is in black ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper.



Canzon Francese.



Dd ii.

Handwritten musical score on four systems of staves. The notation includes various symbols such as circles, crosses, and numbers, with some notes having stems and flags. Above the staves are several vertical lines with diamond-shaped ornaments. The word "Canzon." is written in the left margin of the fourth system.



The page contains four systems of musical notation, each consisting of three staves. The notation is dense and characteristic of early modern manuscript notation, featuring various symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The first system is at the top, followed by three more systems below it. The notation is written in black ink on aged, slightly discolored paper. The symbols used include various note values, rests, and clefs, typical of the period. The overall layout is organized into four distinct horizontal sections, each representing a system of music.

Madrigale Se mai
prouasti donna

Handwritten musical score on four systems of staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values (circles, crosses, vertical strokes), accidentals (sharps, naturals), and dynamic markings (diamonds). The first three systems are multi-measure rests, while the fourth system contains the vocal line with lyrics.

*Fantasia sopra Se
mai prouaſſi donna*

Handwritten musical score on page 161, featuring five systems of staves. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a style characteristic of early 20th-century manuscript notation.

The first system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff has a bass clef. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings.

The second system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff has a bass clef. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings.

The third system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff has a bass clef. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings.

The fourth system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff has a bass clef. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings.

The fifth system consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff has a bass clef. The notation includes notes, rests, and various musical symbols such as clefs, bar lines, and dynamic markings.

Handwritten musical score on four staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and markings, including asterisks and numbers. The score is written in a system of four staves, with the first staff having a treble clef and the others having a common time signature. The notation is complex, featuring many notes and rests, and is likely a transcription of a musical piece. The markings include asterisks and numbers, which may indicate specific musical instructions or performance cues. The score is written in a system of four staves, with the first staff having a treble clef and the others having a common time signature. The notation is complex, featuring many notes and rests, and is likely a transcription of a musical piece. The markings include asterisks and numbers, which may indicate specific musical instructions or performance cues.

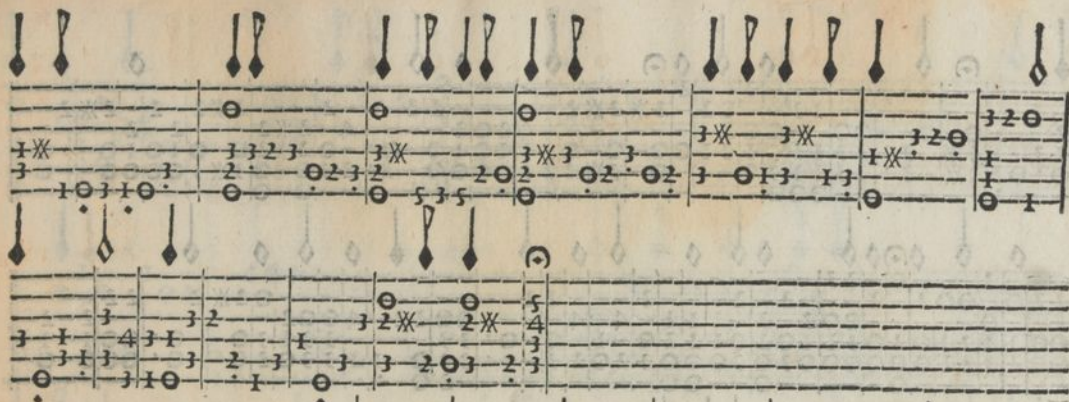
Ec

Madonna qual certezza Soprano
per sonare a dui Lauti.

The musical score is written on four systems of staves. The first system consists of two staves, the second of two, the third of two, and the fourth of two. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and figured bass symbols (e.g., 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000).







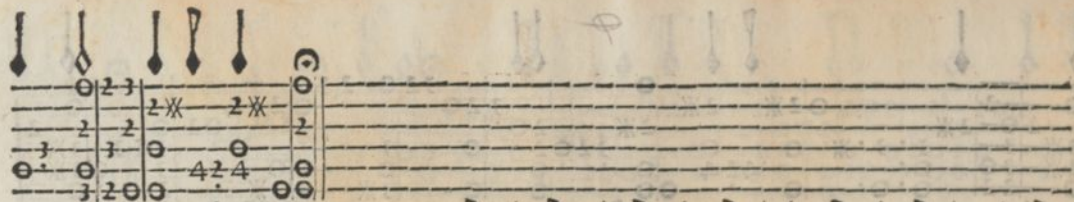
Tenor di Madama qual
certezza.

Accordail Basso uodo
e il Tenor uodo.



Handwritten musical score on four systems of staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values (circles, crosses, numbers) and accidentals. Above the staves are diamond-shaped ornaments. The fourth system includes the text "Pas de mi bon compagni." followed by more musical notation.





*Fantasia per sonar con
dui Lauti in ottava.*

Soprano.



Two staves of music with lute tablature. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff has a bass clef. The lute tablature is written on a six-line staff with letters (C, D, E, F, G, A) and numbers (1-6). The music is in a 16th-century style, featuring a mix of whole, half, and quarter notes, with some rests and accidentals. The first staff contains measures 1-6, and the second staff contains measures 7-12. The lute tablature is written below the notes, with some letters and numbers indicating fret positions.

Fantasia ante scritta per so-
nare con dui Lauti in ottava.

Tenor.

Single staff of music for the Tenor voice. The staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in a 16th-century style, featuring a mix of whole, half, and quarter notes, with some rests and accidentals. The first staff contains measures 13-18, and the second staff contains measures 19-20. The lute tablature is written below the notes, with some letters and numbers indicating fret positions.



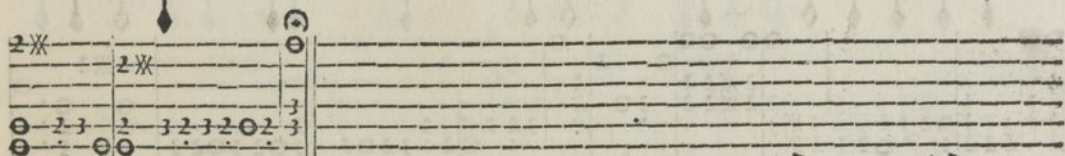
A handwritten musical score on four staves. The notation includes various note values (circles, some with stems), rests, and performance markings such as '4', '2', '3', '5', 'Ff', and 'u'. The score is written in a historical style, possibly for a keyboard or lute. The first staff begins with a '4' and a '2'. The second staff has a '4 2' and a '2'. The third staff has a '3' and a '4'. The fourth staff has a '5' and a '2'. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. There are also some markings above the staves, possibly indicating fingerings or breath marks.



*Fantasia per sonar un Lauto, & farsi
Tenor & Soprano.*

*Accorda il Basso uodo una ottava piu
bassa della Sottana alli. 3. tasti: il Bora-
don per quarta, il Tenor per quarta,
la Mezana, la Sottana, & el Cato ua una
quarta piu alta una de l'altra.*





*Fantasia discordata per sonare
silo uno.*

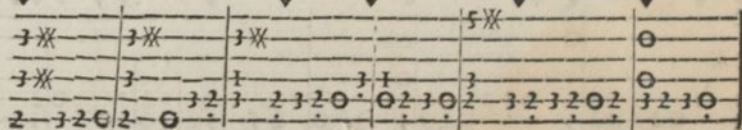
*Accorda la sottana per quinta,
e'l canto per quarta: l'altre cor
de uanno accordate secundo il
comun uso.*





Fantasia discordata.

Accorda il Bordon uodo unifono con
la Sottana uoda: il Tenor uodo con il
Canto uodo unifono: laltre corde ac-
corda secondo il comun uso.





Fantasia.
Prima parte.

Handwritten musical score on four systems of staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals.

System 1: The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes notes, rests, and accidentals. The second staff continues the melody with similar notation.

System 2: The third staff continues the melody, featuring notes, rests, and accidentals. The fourth staff continues the melody with similar notation.

System 3: The fifth staff continues the melody, featuring notes, rests, and accidentals. The sixth staff continues the melody with similar notation.

System 4: The seventh staff continues the melody, featuring notes, rests, and accidentals. The eighth staff continues the melody with similar notation.

The score concludes with the signature "Gg." in the bottom right corner.

Fantasia.
Seconda parte.

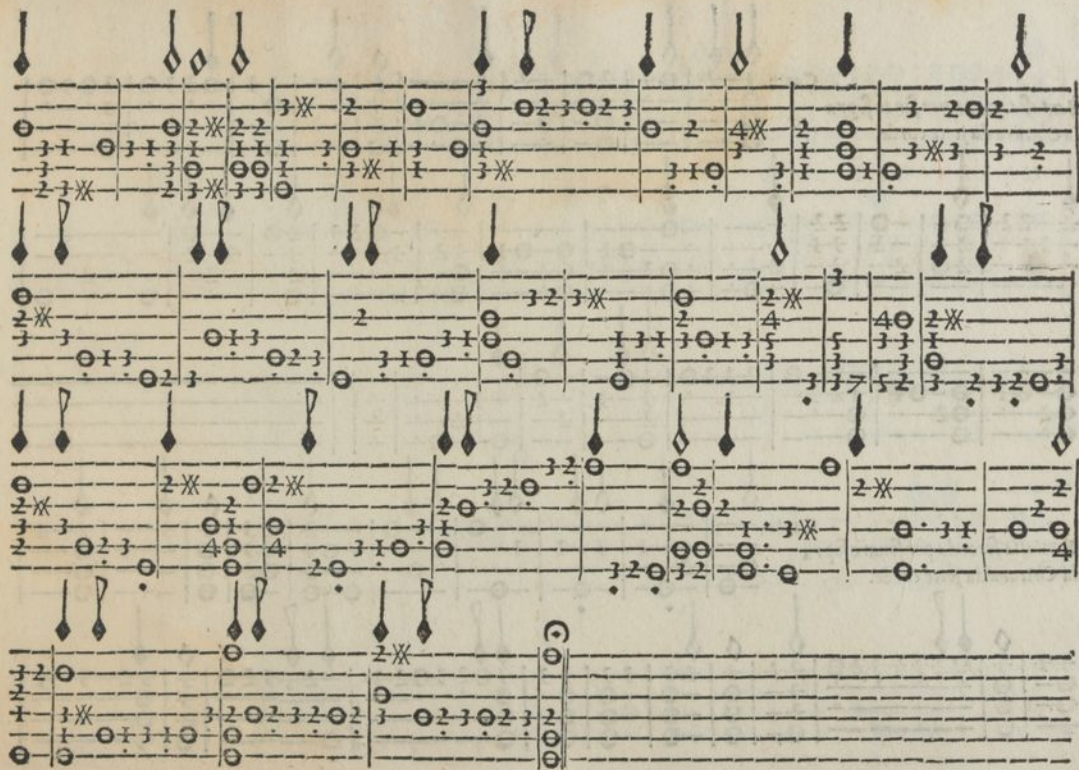
This page contains a handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Fantasia. Seconda parte." The score is written on ten staves, organized into five systems of two staves each. The notation includes various rhythmic values (circles, some with crosses or dots), rests, and dynamic markings. Above the staves, there are several vertical lines with diamond-shaped notes, likely representing a lute tablature. The manuscript is on aged, slightly stained paper.

Handwritten musical score on page 26, featuring five systems of staves. The notation includes notes, rests, and various markings such as '2X', '4X', '5X', and '3X'. The score is written in a style characteristic of early printed music, with a focus on rhythmic values and melodic lines. The first system consists of two staves, the second of three, the third of four, and the fourth and fifth of two staves each. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and dynamic markings.



*Fantasia.
Terza parte.*

Gg iii



*Fantasia prima per sonar sopra
la Chitarra da sette corde,*

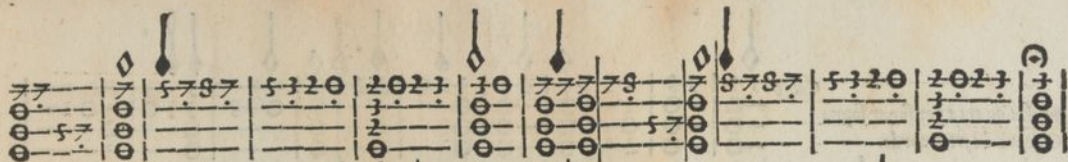
Canio.

The musical score for the first fantasia consists of two staves. The top staff is labeled 'Canio.' and contains a vocal line with diamond-shaped notes and numbers 1-5. The bottom staff is labeled 'la Chitarra da sette corde,' and contains a guitar line with circles and numbers 1-5. The music is written in a single system with multiple measures, including rests and various rhythmic values.

*Fantasia seconda per sonare sopra
la Chitarra da sette corde.*

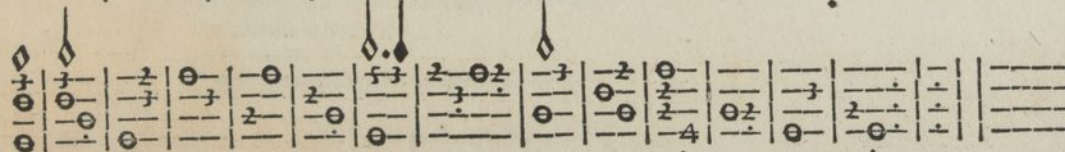
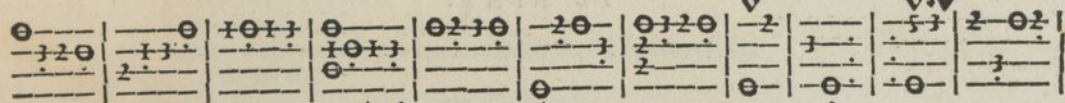
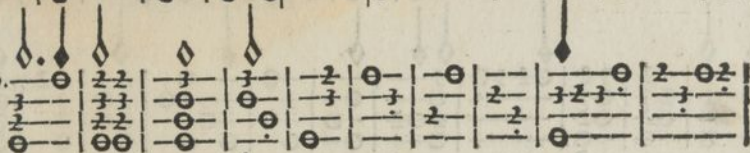
Canto.

The musical score for the second fantasia consists of two staves. The top staff is labeled 'Canto.' and contains a vocal line with diamond-shaped notes and numbers 1-5. The bottom staff is labeled 'la Chitarra da sette corde,' and contains a guitar line with circles and numbers 1-5. The music is written in a single system with multiple measures, including rests and various rhythmic values.



*Fantasia terza per sonare sopra la
Chitara da sette corde.*

Canto.



Fantasia quarta per sonar sopra
la Chitara da sette corde.

Canto.

IL FINE.

Recercada due parti.
Deul double deul.
Il est bel e bon.
Queramus cum pastoribus, prima & seconda parte.
Christi corpus aue.
Fantasie numero tre.
La uolunte Canzon.
Fantasia una.
Fantasia discordata.
Canzon due Franzese.
Se mai prouasti donna. Madrigale.
Vna Fantasia composta sopra Se mai prouasti donna.
Madonna qual certezza, Soprano per sonar a dui Lauti.
Tenor di Madonna qual certezza.
Pas de mi bon compagni. Canzone.
Vna Fantasia Soprano per sonar a dui Lauti in ottaua.
Tenor di detta Fantasia.
Vna Fantasia per sonar un Lauto solo.
Due Fantasie per sonar sopra un Lauto solo, & farsi Soprano & Tenor uno solo.
Vna Fantasia discordata a altro modo della prima.
Vna Fantasia in tre parti.
Vna Canzone.
Fantasia 4. per sonar sopra la Chitara da corde. 7.





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131

