

87189

An Herrn Professor Leopold Auer.

**Vier Stücke**  
in Form  
**einer Suite**

Nº1. Toccata.  
M. 2.50

Nº2. Menuett.  
M. 2 —

Nº3. Air.  
M. 2 —

Nº4. Gavotte u. Musette.  
M. 2.50

für

**Violine**  
mit Klavierbegleitung  
von

**TOR AULIN.**

Op. 15.



Jul. Heinr. Zimmermann.  
LEIPZIG. ST. PETERSBURG. MOSKAU. LONDON.

Lith. v. F. M. Geidel, Leipzig.

CL.  
SHELF

M  
218  
493  
2.1.

# Toccata.

Tor Aulin, Op. 15. N<sup>o</sup> 1.

**Molto Allegro.**

Violine.

Klavier.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-3. The right hand features a continuous eighth-note melody. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *f* (forte), and *dim.* (diminuendo).

Second system of musical notation, measures 4-6. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody. The left hand accompaniment features more complex chordal textures. Dynamics include *dim.*, *f*, and *p*.

Third system of musical notation, measures 7-9. The right hand melody is marked with accents. The left hand accompaniment includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) section. The instruction *f con energia* (forte with energy) is written above the right hand in measure 8.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 10-12. The right hand melody shows dynamic changes. The left hand accompaniment includes a *p cresc.* (piano crescendo) section in measure 10. Dynamics include *dim.*, *p*, *f*, and *mf*.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 13-15. The right hand melody concludes with a final cadence. The left hand accompaniment features a *mf* section. Dynamics include *dim.* and *mf*.

This page of musical notation consists of five systems, each with a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature is one sharp (F#).

- System 1:** The vocal line begins with the marking *mf con espress.*. The piano accompaniment starts with *mf*.
- System 2:** The vocal line includes a *cresc.* marking and ends with a *f* dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a *ten.* (tension) marking at the end.
- System 3:** The vocal line has a *p* (piano) marking followed by *mf* and then *cresc.*. The piano accompaniment also has a *p* marking and a *cresc.* marking.
- System 4:** The vocal line starts with *f* and includes a *cresc.* marking. The piano accompaniment has a *p* marking, followed by *f* and *cresc.*, and ends with a *f tr* (forte trill) marking.
- System 5:** The vocal line begins with *mf* and includes a *ten.* marking. The piano accompaniment starts with *mf* and includes a *ten.* marking.

*f molto espress.*

*f*

*espress.*

*p*

*cresc.*

*mf*

*cresc.*

*f*

*f*

*poco sostenuto*

*f*

*p poco sostenuto*

*a tempo*

*p cresc.*

*rall. poco a poco*

*ff poco più moderato*

*p cresc.*

*f*

## Tempo I.

*f* *p* *dim.* *mf*

*f* *p* *cresc.* *mf*

*f* *p* *f*

*f* *f* *f*

*f* *f* *f*

*f* *f* *f*

*f* *p* *cresc.*

First system of musical notation, measures 1-3. The right hand features a rapid sixteenth-note scale. The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Second system of musical notation, measures 4-6. Measure 4 includes the marking *dim.* (diminuendo). Measure 5 includes *mf con espress.* (mezzo-forte with expression). Measure 6 includes *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Third system of musical notation, measures 7-9. The right hand continues with a melodic line, while the left hand provides harmonic support with sustained chords.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 10-12. Measure 12 includes the marking *cresc.* (crescendo). The right hand features a more active melodic line.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 13-15. Measure 13 includes the marking *f* (forte). Measure 14 includes *p* (piano). Measure 15 includes *mf* (mezzo-forte). The right hand has a melodic line with some rests.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a final *f* dynamic. Bass staff has a more rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a final *f* dynamic.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a final *f* dynamic. Bass staff has a more rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a final *f* dynamic. Dynamics include *p*, *f*, *cresc.*, *tr*, and *f tr*.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a final *mf* dynamic. Bass staff has a more rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a final *mf* dynamic.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a final *p* dynamic. Bass staff has a more rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a final *p* dynamic. Dynamics include *p*, *poco sostenuto*, *a tempo*, *cresc. poco*, *a*, and *poco*.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and a final *f* dynamic. Bass staff has a more rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a final *f* dynamic. Dynamics include *f*, *fp*, and *f più moderato*. The tempo marking "Tempo I ma animato." is present above the system.



First system of musical notation. The right hand features a rapid sixteenth-note scale. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. Dynamics include *fp* (fortissimo piano) and *f* (forte).



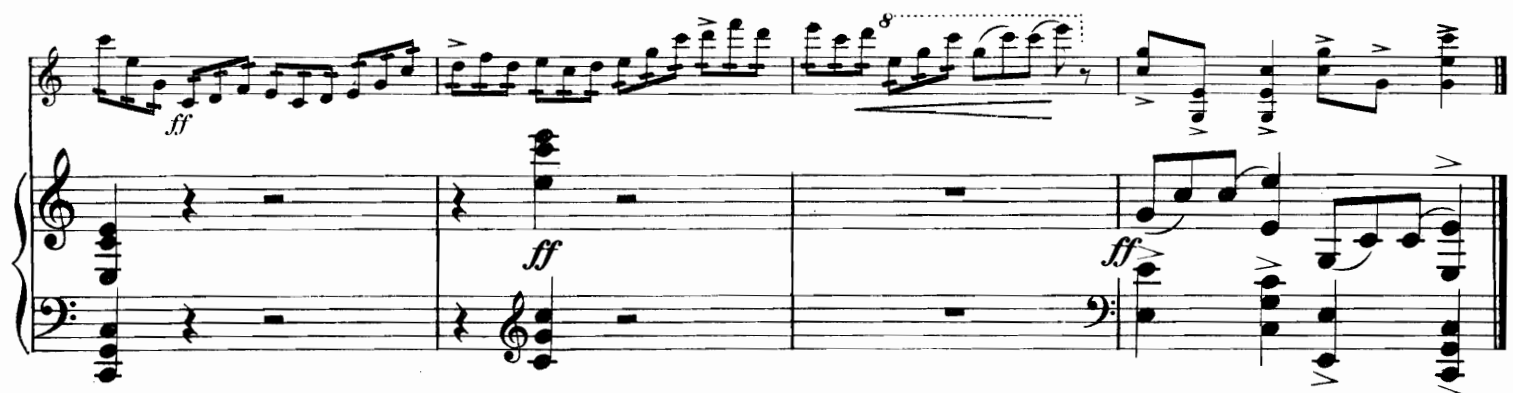
Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the scale, with a key signature change to two sharps (F# and C#) indicated by a double sharp sign. The left hand features chords and single notes. Dynamics include *fp*, *f*, and *ff* (fortissimo).



Third system of musical notation. The right hand continues the scale. The left hand features chords and single notes. Dynamics include *ten.* (tension) and *ten.* (tension).



Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand continues the scale. The left hand features chords and single notes. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *ff*.



Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand continues the scale. The left hand features chords and single notes. Dynamics include *ff* and *ff*.

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An Herrn Professor Leopold Auer.

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Nº1. Toccata.  
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Nº2. Menuett.  
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Nº3. Air.  
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# Menuett.

Allegretto grazioso.

Tor Aulin, Op. 15. N<sup>o</sup> 2.

Violine.

Klavier.

*p* *f* *p cresc.*

*p* *f* *cresc.*

*f* *p cresc.* *f* *p* *f*

*f* *p cresc.* *f* *p* *f*

*ff* *p cresc.* *8 saltando*

*ff* *fp cresc.*

*p* *p cresc.*

*p* *fp cresc.*

First system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lower staff begins with a bass clef and the same key signature. The music features a piano (*p*) dynamic, a crescendo (*cresc.*), and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a crescendo (*cresc.*). The lower staff also features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a crescendo (*cresc.*). The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff includes a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, and a fortissimo-piano (*fp*) dynamic. The lower staff includes a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, and a fortissimo-piano (*fp*) dynamic. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff includes a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The lower staff includes a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff includes a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, and a fortissimo-piano (*fp*) dynamic. The lower staff includes a piano (*p*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*f*) dynamic, and a fortissimo-piano (*fp*) dynamic. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs. The system concludes with a double bar line and the word "Fine." written below the staff.

## Trio.

mf marcato

p

mf

p

1.

2.

mf espress.

mf

f

mf

p

p

pp

cresc.

The musical score is for a Trio section, measures 1 through 24. It is written for three staves: a single treble staff at the top, and a grand staff (treble and bass) below it. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The first system (measures 1-4) begins with a treble staff melody marked *mf marcato*. The grand staff accompaniment starts with a piano (*p*) texture. The second system (measures 5-8) features a first ending bracket over measures 5-6 and a second ending bracket over measures 7-8. The treble staff melody in the second system is marked *mf espress.*. The grand staff accompaniment has a *mf* dynamic. The third system (measures 9-12) shows a *f* (forte) dynamic in the grand staff. The fourth system (measures 13-16) continues with a *p* (piano) dynamic in the treble staff. The fifth system (measures 17-20) features a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic in the grand staff. The sixth system (measures 21-24) concludes with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

First system of the musical score. The right hand features a rapid, ascending scale-like passage. The left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The tempo/mood is marked *f con fuoco* and *molto cresc.*

Second system of the musical score. The right hand continues with a melodic line, while the left hand maintains a rhythmic accompaniment. The tempo/mood is marked *ff marcato* and *ff*.

Third system of the musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand continues with a rhythmic accompaniment. The tempo/mood is marked *Mennett D. C. al Fine e poi la Coda.*

Fourth system of the musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand continues with a rhythmic accompaniment. The tempo/mood is marked *Coda.* and *p grazioso*.

Fifth system of the musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand continues with a rhythmic accompaniment. The tempo/mood is marked *pizz.* and *pp*.

An Herrn Professor Leopold Auer.

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in Form  
**einer Suite**

Nº1. Toccata.  
M. 2.50

Nº2. Menuett.  
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LEIPZIG. ST. PETERSBURG. MOSKAU. LONDON.

## Air.

Andante espressivo.

Tor Aulin, Op. 15. N<sup>o</sup> 3.

Violine.

Klavier.

The musical score is written for Violin and Piano. It begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/8 time signature. The tempo and mood are indicated as "Andante espressivo." The score is divided into four systems. The Violin part (top staff) includes trills (tr), triplets (3), and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *cresc.* (crescendo). The Piano part (bottom staff) features chords, triplets, and dynamic markings like *p*, *mf*, and *cresc.*. The piece concludes with a double bar line.



First system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with trills and triplets, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines.



Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the melodic development with trills and triplets, marked with a crescendo (*cresc.*). The left hand maintains the accompaniment.



Third system of musical notation. The right hand features trills and triplets, marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The left hand continues the accompaniment, marked with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic.



Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand features trills and triplets, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The left hand continues the accompaniment, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The tempo is marked *poco rall.* and *a tempo*.



Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features trills and triplets, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The left hand continues the accompaniment, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The tempo is marked *molto rit.* and *f*.

## Un poco meno lento.

musical score for the first system, marked *Un poco meno lento.* The score is in treble and bass clefs, with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is indicated by the title. The first system includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and a *molto legato* instruction. The melody features triplets and a crescendo (*cresc.*). The piano accompaniment is marked *p* and includes a first ending bracket labeled *1.* The second system continues the melody with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a decrescendo (*dim.*) and a piano (*p*) dynamic, then a crescendo (*cresc.*) and another decrescendo (*dim.*). The piano accompaniment includes a second ending bracket labeled *2.*

## Con molto sentimento.

musical score for the second system, marked *Con molto sentimento.* The score is in treble and bass clefs, with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is indicated by the title. The first system includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The melody features triplets and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment is marked *p* and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second system continues the melody with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment is marked *p* and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic. The third system continues the melody with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment is marked *p* and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic.

*con passione*

First system of musical notation. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a melodic line marked *cresc.* and *f*. The lower staff (bass clef) features a piano accompaniment marked *con passione* and *cresc.*. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#).

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff includes a first ending bracket labeled "1." and a *dim.* marking. The lower staff also features a *dim.* marking. The piano part includes triplets and a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a second ending bracket labeled "2. *rall.*" and a *Tempo I.* marking. The lower staff includes a *rall.* marking and a *p* dynamic marking. The piano part features a complex rhythmic pattern.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff includes trills (*tr*) and a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The lower staff also features a *pp* marking. The piano part includes a *p* marking and a *pp* marking.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff includes trills (*tr*) and a *dim. e rall.* (diminuendo e rallentando) marking. The lower staff also features a *dim. e rall.* marking. The piano part includes a *cresc.* marking and a *pp* marking.

# Konzertstücke für Violine

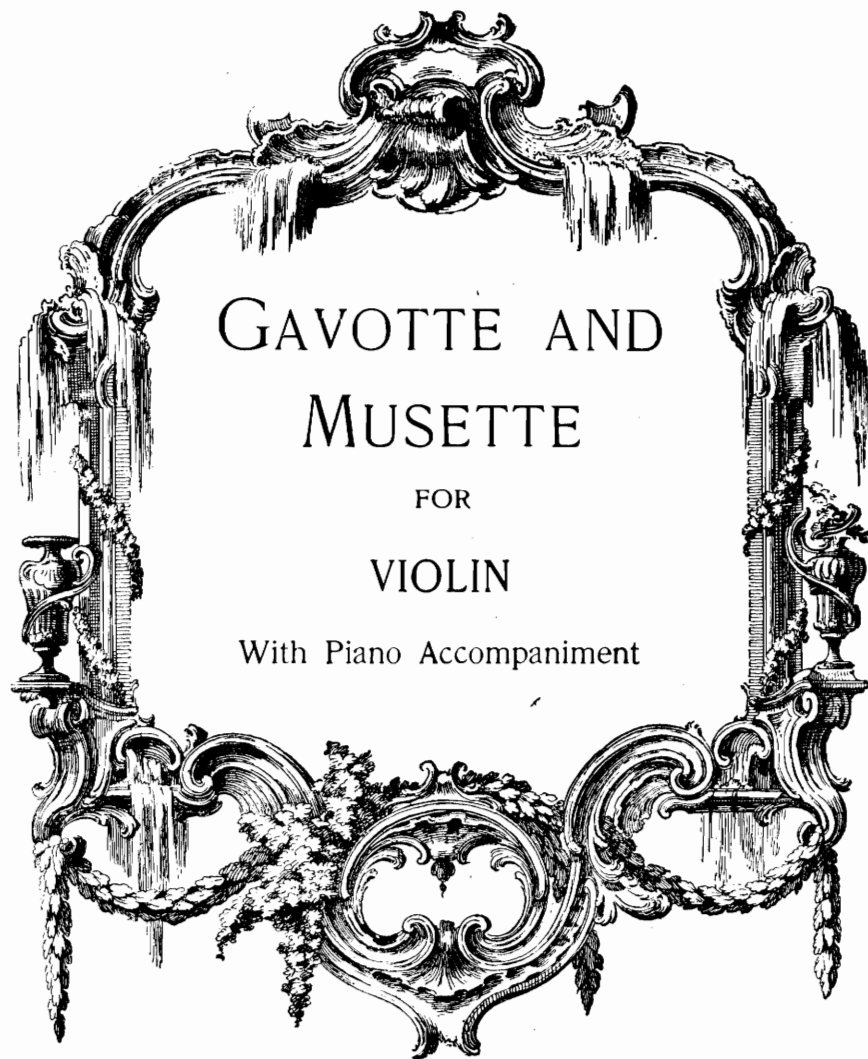
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TOR AULIN

Op. 15, No. 4



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## Gavotte and Musette

Tor Aulin. Op.15, N° 4

*Vivace con spirito*

Violin

*mf molto marcato e scherzando*

Piano

*f* *dim.* *p*

*p* *cresc.*

*p* *cresc.*

*il basso marcato*

*pizz.* *arco* *pizz.*

*ff* *p* *cresc.* *f* *ff*

*f* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

*p* *cresc.* *ff*

*p* *cresc.* *ff*

First system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The lower staff, in grand staff notation, begins with a bass clef and contains a bass line with dynamic markings *p* and *cresc.*.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line with dynamic markings *fp*, *cresc.*, and *f*, ending with the instruction *arco pizz.*. The lower staff continues the bass line with dynamic markings *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*, ending with the instruction *staccato e marc.*.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff features a melodic line with a *dim.* marking and ends with a *p* dynamic. The lower staff features a bass line with a *dim.* marking and ends with a *p* dynamic. Both staves include an 8-measure rest indicated by a dotted line and the number 8.

Fourth system of musical notation. This system contains a single melodic line in the upper staff, featuring various accidentals and slurs. The lower staff is empty.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a *cresc.* marking, followed by *poco rall.* and *a tempo*. The lower staff begins with a *cresc.* marking, followed by *poco rall.*, *f*, and *a tempo*. Both staves include an 8-measure rest indicated by a dotted line and the number 8.

*p* *energico e cresc.*

*p* *staccato*

*f* *molto cresc.*

*p* *cresc.*

*p* *cresc.*

*f* *pizz.* *arco*

*f* *pizz.* *arco*

*saltando* *p* *poco sostenuto* *f*

*p* *poco sostenuto*

This page of musical notation consists of five systems of staves, each containing a treble and bass staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *fp* (fortissimo piano) to *ff* (fortissimo). Other markings include *cresc.* (crescendo), *pizz.* (pizzicato), *rall.* (rallentando), and *ff e marc. animando* (fortissimo e marcato animando). The piece concludes with a final flourish in the bass staff.

*fp* *cresc.* *f*

*p* *cresc.* *f*

*p* *cresc.*

*f* *p* *cresc.*

*f* *f* *mf*

*rall.* *pizz.* *ff*

*ff e marc. animando*

*a tempo*  
arco  
*p*

*poco rubato*

*p*

*p a tempo*

col violino *b*

*cresc.*

*poco rall.*

*f*

*a tempo*

*cresc.*

*f poco rall.*

*a tempo*

## Musette

*p e dolce*

*poco gliss.*

*p*

*pp*

*pp una corda*

Harm.

*ritard.*

*mf*

*ritard.*

*mf tre corde*

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with slurs and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The left hand provides harmonic support with chords and single notes. A *p* (piano) dynamic marking is present in the right hand.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand includes a *pp* (pianissimo) marking, a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking, and a *rall.* (rallentando) marking. The left hand features a *pp una corda* marking. The system concludes with a *mf espressivo* marking in the right hand and a *mf a tempo* marking in the left hand.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking and a *cresc. sempre* (crescendo sempre) marking. The left hand includes a *mf* marking and a *cresc. sempre* marking.

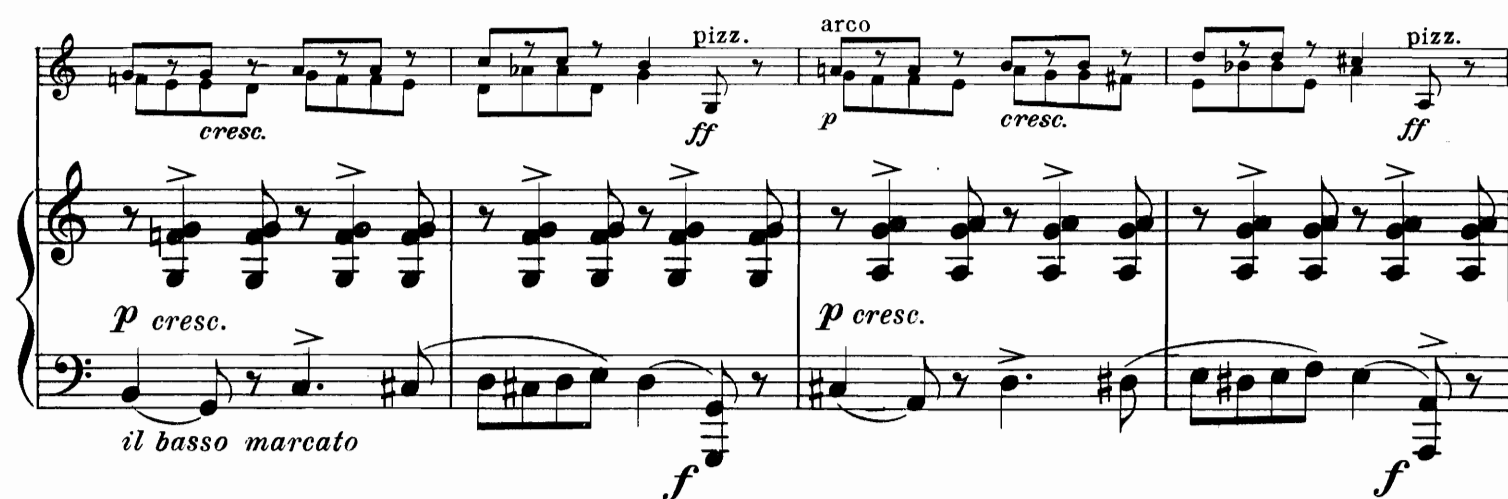
Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand features a *f* (forte) marking and a *cresc.* marking. The left hand includes a *f* marking and a *cresc.* marking.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand includes an *espress.* (espressivo) marking and a *rall.* (rallentando) marking. The left hand includes a *marcato* marking and a *rall.* marking.

## Tempo I



First system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a melodic line starting on a half note G4, followed by eighth notes, and ending with a half note F4. The lower staff begins with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and contains a piano accompaniment. The first measure of the lower staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic marking.



Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line with various dynamics: *cresc.*, *ff*, *pizz.*, *arco*, *p*, *cresc.*, *ff*, and *pizz.*. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *p cresc.* and *f*. The instruction *il basso marcato* is written below the lower staff.



Third system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line with dynamics *ff*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *ff*, *p*, and *cresc.*.



Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line with dynamics *ff*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *ff*, *p*, and *cresc.*.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. It contains a melody starting with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a fortissimo (*fp*) section with a crescendo (*cresc.*). The lower staff, in grand staff notation, begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a piano (*p*) section with a crescendo (*cresc.*). The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff is marked *arco pizz.* and ends with a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The lower staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a *staccato e marcato* instruction, followed by a *dim.* marking. The music continues with complex rhythmic figures and rests.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and an *arco* instruction, followed by a *poco rall.* (poco rallentando) marking. The lower staff also begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The music features a variety of note values and rests.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a *pp molto rall.* (pianissimo molto rallentando) marking, followed by a *Vivo* section marked *ff stringendo al fine* (fortissimo stringendo al fine), and ends with an *arco* instruction. The lower staff begins with a *pp molto rall.* marking, followed by a *ff* section marked *p stringendo al fine* (piano stringendo al fine), and ends with a *ff* marking. The music concludes with a final cadence.

## THREE TRANSCRIPTIONS FOR VIOLIN AND PIANO

BY

### MISCHA ELMAN

- |                                                                                      |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 1. F. SCHUBERT. Ständchen ( <i>Serenade</i> )                                        | .90 |
| 2. F. SCHUBERT. Wiegenlied ( <i>Cradle-Song</i> )                                    | .60 |
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THESE three transcriptions have an interest for violinists which might, at the first glance, seem out of proportion in view of the fact that arrangements of the same compositions already exist for the violin. In this case, however, more is involved than the mere transfer of two vocal melodies to the strings. One of the greatest virtuosos on the violin, and one who has charmed thousands with the magic of his art, presents these numbers in that individual conception of them which he has made his own—just as he plays them himself—and it is this that lends them an added value and a very special appeal.



## TWO ARRANGEMENTS FOR VIOLIN AND PIANO

BY

### MAUD POWELL

- |                                          |     |
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