

non so quel n. 22. Se copia per l'editore
in una lettera per l'editore

205 28 Moretti
per l'editore
H. Lorenzini
4 Feb 1846

VARIAZIONI

per la Chitarra

Composte e Dedicate

al Signor Versace

Segretario d'Ambasciata di S. M. Siciliana,

presso S. M. C.^{ma}

Dal c. Signor Conte

LUIGI MORETTI Y GASCON

Commendatore dell'Ordine insigne di S. Stefano,
di Toscana, Cavaliere dell'Ordine di Carlo III, Accademico
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d'Italia.

à Paris

Propriété de l'AUTEUR

orig. autogr. per Bregondi 26 Jul 1846

2

*me 20. Jul 1870. Beginn am 20. Oct. 1870.
Aber das Präludium aber. Man 25. Nov.
200. Ich habe. So sehr das Präludium aber. 20. Oct. 1870.*

200

ALLEGRO.

LARGO.

(M)

207
5

204

A musical score consisting of six staves. The first five staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The sixth staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are some handwritten annotations, such as '7' and 'i' with a circle, scattered throughout the score.

TEMA .

A musical score for a section labeled 'TEMA'. It consists of three staves in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp) and a time signature of 2/4. The first staff begins with a 'sf' (sforzando) marking. The music is characterized by eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The section concludes with a double bar line.

(M)

3rd ed.
1896

25 Jan
1896
204

4 202
2/10

1^{re} VAR.



The first variation consists of five staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The melody is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages and slurs. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a time signature of 2/4. The music flows through various intervals and rests, ending with a repeat sign and a final note.

INTERCALARE.



The intercalare section consists of two staves of music in G major and 2/4 time. It features a more rhythmic melody with eighth and sixteenth notes. The first staff starts with a treble clef, one sharp, and a 2/4 time signature. The section concludes with a double bar line.

Piu Largo.

2^e VAR.



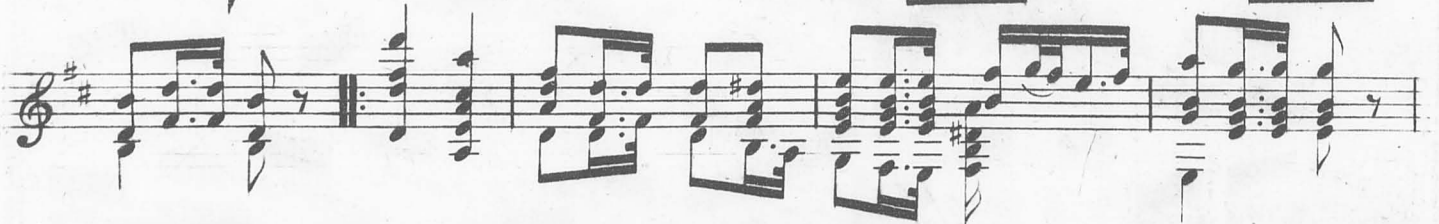
The second variation consists of three staves of music in G major and 2/4 time, marked 'Piu Largo'. The tempo is slower than the previous sections. The melody is more melodic, with some slurs and longer note values. The first staff begins with a treble clef, one sharp, and a 2/4 time signature. The section ends with a repeat sign and a final note.

Tempo solito.

INTERCALARE

3. VAR.

INTERCALARE



205
7

MS
2/3

Adagino smorfioso.

5^o. VAR.

The main musical score consists of six staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a time signature of 2/4. The music is characterized by a slow, expressive tempo indicated by the title 'Adagino smorfioso'. It features various musical notations including eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, often grouped in beams. There are several trills (tr) and triplets (3) throughout the piece. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'f' (forte) and 'sf' (sforzando). The piece concludes with a double bar line.

INTERCALARE

The 'INTERCALARE' section consists of two staves of music. It maintains the same key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The music is more rhythmic and features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. It ends with a double bar line.

(M)

30 Aug
11 Jan

206
214
22

Allegro assai.

6^a VAR.

INTERCALARE.

John
313.41
1254
1152

2/5

ALLEGRETTO.

Musical score for Allegretto, measures 1-12. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the bass line is primarily eighth notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 12.

ALLEGRO
assai.

Musical score for Allegro assai, measures 1-24. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the bass line is primarily eighth notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 24.

(M)

2 Aug 1866

14 May 1867
faint handwritten notes
14 Sept 1868