

Heinrich Ernst Grosmann
(1732–1811)

Jubel Music

Op! op i Andagtsfulde Siele, etc:

*I andledning af Souverainitetens indførelse
i Dannemarck 1660*

Opført i Aarhuus Dom Kierke 1760
af
H. E. Grosmann

Score

Edited by
Christian Mondrup

Coro. Adagio

Heinrich Ernst Grosmann (1732-1811)

The musical score consists of ten staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments listed from top to bottom are: Clarino 1^{mo} (in E♭), Clarino 2^{do} (in E♭), Tympani (B♭ E♭), Cornet, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Trombone 3, Soprano, Alto, Tenore, Basso, and Continuo. The score is titled "Coro. Adagio" and is attributed to Heinrich Ernst Grosmann (1732-1811). The music is written in common time, with a key signature of one flat (B♭). The notation includes various musical symbols such as quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenore, Basso) are written in bass clef, while the instrumental parts (Clarino, Tympani, Cornet, Trombones) are written in treble clef.

7

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Continuo

$\frac{5}{3} \frac{6}{4}$
 $\frac{7}{5} \frac{6}{4}$
 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$
 $\frac{6}{5}$

14

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Continuo

Op op I An-dagts ful-de Sie-le, be -kien-der at vor Gud er stor.

Op op I An-dagts ful-de Sie-le, be -kien-der at vor Gud er stor.

Op op I An-dagts ful-de Sie-le, be -kien-der at vor Gud er stor.

Op op I An-dagts ful-de Sie-le, be -kien-der at vor Gud er stor.

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

$\frac{6}{5}$

21

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Continuo

Tak, Lov og Priis, hans Navn til Æ-re skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, han giord-te al-ting

Tak, Lov og Priis, hans Navn til Æ-re skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, han giord-te al-ting

Tak, Lov og Priis, hans Navn til Æ-re skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, han giord-te al-ting

Tak, Lov og Priis, hans Navn til Æ-re skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, skal I i dag frem-bæ-re, han giord-te al-ting

6
5 6
4 5
3

27

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Continuo

got, han giord-te _ al-ting got. Op syn-ger, hans Magt at for -tæl - le, en Æ-re Sang i hø-yen Chor, det hel-lig hel-lig

got, han giord-te _ al-ting got. Op syn-ger, hans Magt at for -tæl - le, en Æ-re Sang i hø-yen Chor, det hel-lig hel-lig

8 got, han giord-te _ al-ting got. Op syn-ger, hans Magt at for -tæl - le, en Æ-re Sang i hø-yen Chor, det hel-lig hel-lig

got, han giord-te _ al-ting got. Op syn-ger, hans Magt at for -tæl - le, en Æ-re Sang i hø-yen Chor, det hel-lig hel-lig

6 5 6 5 6 6

33

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S hel-lig Ze-ba - oth, det hel - lig hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth, det hel - lig

A hel-lig Ze-ba - oth, det hel - lig hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth, det hel - lig

T hel-lig Ze-ba - oth, det hel - lig hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth, det hel - lig

B hel-lig Ze-ba - oth, det hel - lig hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth, det hel - lig

Continuo

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

42

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth.

A hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth.

T hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth.

B hel - lig hel - lig Ze - ba - oth.

Continuo

6 6/4 5/3

51

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Continuo

6
5

6
4
3

Aria

Clarino 1^{mo}
(in E♭)

Clarino 2^{do}
(in E♭)

Tympani
(B♭ E♭)

Violino 1^{mo}

Violino 2^{do}

Basso

Continuo

The score consists of six staves. The first four staves (Clarinos, Tympani, Violins, Basso) are in common time (indicated by '2'). The Continuo staff is in common time (indicated by '4'). The key signature changes from E♭ major to B♭ major at the beginning of the Continuo part. Measure numbers 6, 5, and 5 are indicated below the Continuo staff.

8

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

The score consists of seven staves. The first three staves (Trps, Tim, Vls) are in common time (indicated by '2'). The last four staves (Vls, B, Bc) are in common time (indicated by '4'). Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 5, 6, 6, and 5 are indicated below the Bc staff.

16

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vi11

Vi2

B

Bc

Glæd dig o_ Dan-ne-mark lyk - li - ge Land!

[*pia*] [*for*]

6 6 6 6 — 6 — — 5 — 6 5

25

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vi11

Vi2

B

Bc

Glæd dig o_ Dan-ne-mark lyk - li - ge Land, o Dan-ne-mark lyk - - - - - li - ge

pia

pia

6 6 5 5 6

33

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Land, fra hun - dre Aar, du Kon - ger har som vel _ re - gie - re _____ du Kon-ger

Bc

6 6 5 5 2 7 6 5 7 5

41

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

for

B

har _____ som vel re - gie - re.

Bc

for

7 6 5 — 6 — 5 — 6 — 4

49

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

9 8 51 3 9 8 6 6 4 3

57

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

for
for pia
pia

Glæd dig o_ Dan-ne-mark lyk - li - ge Land. Glæd dig o_

pia for pia

5 6 — 6 — — 5 — 6 — 6 4

65

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Dan-ne-mark lyk - li - ge Land, fra hun - dre Aar, du Kon - ger har, som vel ___ re -

Bc

6 6 6 5 6 6

73

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

gie - re, fra hun - dre Aar, du Kon - ger har, som vel _____

Bc

6 2 6 — 7 7 6

82

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

VI1

VI2

B

Bc

for

for

for

som vel re - gie

re.

9 — 8 6
6 5 6 6
6 4 5
6 6
6

91

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

6 ————— 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6

99

[Fine]

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

De Mag-ten ha - ver, Naa - den prii - ser, som Gud dem, de sig os be - vii - ser.

pia

pia

6 6 5 6 2 6 6 7 6 6 5 6 4 5

109

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

Hver Ar-ving er sin Fa - der liig, En Chri - sti - an en Frie - de - rich, o Land, hvad vil du

4 \natural — 6 \natural 6 — 6 6 \natural \natural 4 \natural 6 6 \natural 6 6 6 \flat 5 \flat 6 6

118

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

B

Bc

ha - ve mee - re O Land! hver Ar-ving er ___ sin Fa - der liig, een Chri - sti -

6 — 6 4# 6 6# # 4#

128

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

VI1

VI2

B

Bc

D. Cap:

an — en Frie - de - rich, o Land hvad vil du ha - - - ve mee - - - re?

6 6 5
5 4 #

5 6
6 5
6 6 4
5 #

Choral

Clarino 1^{mo}
(in E♭)

Clarino 2^{do}
(in E♭)

Tympani
(B♭ E♭)

Cornet

Trombone 1

Trombone 2

Trombone 3

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Continuo

Kon - gers
See dog

Kon - ge
med et

i det

Naa - dig

Hø - ye,
Ø - ye,

du som

Vor

ee - ne

Kon - ge

al - ting
og vor

Kon - gers
See dog

Kon - ge
med et

i det

Naa - dig

Hø - ye,
Ø - ye,

du som

Vor

ee - ne

Kon - ge

al - ting
og vor

Kon - gers
See dog

Kon - ge
med et

i det

Naa - dig

Hø - ye,
Ø - ye,

du som

Vor

ee - ne

Kon - ge

al - ting
og vor

Kon - gers
See dog

Kon - ge
med et

i det

Naa - dig

Hø - ye,
Ø - ye,

du som

Vor

ee - ne

Kon - ge

al - ting
og vor

6 6 6

8

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S

A

T

B

Bc

kand,
Land

Med Vel - sig - nel - ser Ham kro - ne og stad - fæst hans Kon - ge Tro - ne,

kand,
Land

Med Vel - sig - nel - ser Ham kro - ne og stad - fæst hans Kon - ge Tro - ne,

kand,
Land

Med Vel - sig - nel - ser Ham kro - ne og stad - fæst hans Kon - ge Tro - ne,

kand,
Land

Med Vel - sig - nel - ser Ham kro - ne og stad - fæst hans Kon - ge Tro - ne,

6 6 6

4 6

17

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Crn

Trb1

Trb2

Trb3

S Og lad Fre - den hos os boe, Hver Mand glæ - de sig i Roe.

A Og lad Fre - den hos os boe, Hver Mand glæ - de sig i Roe.

T ⁸ Og __ lad Fre - den hos os boe, Hver Mand glæ - de sig i Roe.

B Og lad Fre - den hos os boe, Hver Mand glæ - de sig i Roe.

Bc

6 6 5 5 3

Efter Prediken

Recitat:

Soprano Hvor lyk - ke - lig er du, o Nor - dens Tvil - ling

Continuo

3

S Ri - ge, da Krig og Rov og Brand for - styr - rer man - ges Land, da Magt og Vold - som - hed selv Ret - ten un - der -

Bc

6

S træ - der, Ka - no - ners Skrald til Gra - ve tord - ner Folk og Stæ - der, kand

Bc

8 Arioso:

S du ved de - res - Lyd, i - stem - me - Ju - bel - Sang, - hvad der _____ er Jam - mer, er

Bc

11 Recit:

S her nu Glæ - de - Sang, hvor Glad maae du nu si - ge, Gud tak og fem - te Frie - de - rich.

Bc

Aria. Fornøyelig

Clarino 1^{mo}
(in E♭)

Clarino 2^{do}
(in E♭)

Tympani
(B♭ E♭)

Violino 1^{mo}

Violino 2^{do}

Tenore

Continuo

17

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1
for

Vl2
for *pia*

T
Bc
Hvor lyk - ke - lig er vi — thi un - der
[pia]

6 5 6b 5 6 6 6 5 6 5 5

26

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1
for *pia*

Vl2
[for] *[pia]*

T
vo - re — Hyt - ter Gud Ze - ba - oth os selv be - skyt - ter, — vor Kon - ge giv os Fred
[for] *[pia]*

Bc
6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 5 5

35

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

ved Guds al - mæg - tig Haand, ved Guds al - mæg-tig Haand ved Guds al - mæg-tig Haand

tasto solo

5 6 6 5 b tasto solo

42

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

vor Kon-ge giv os Fred ved Guds ved Guds al - mæg-tig Haand.

[for] for

6 5 6 5 b 5 6 6 5 5 4b 6 6 b

51

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

6 6 5 5 5 5 7 5 6 6 6 5

60

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

Hvor lyk - ke - lig er vi — thi un - der vo - re — Hyt - ter, — hvor lyk - ke - lig er vi — thi un - der
pia

6 6 7 6 5 6 6 5

69

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

for pia for pia for

[for] [pia] [for] [pia] [for]

vo - re __ hyt - ter __ Gud Ze - ba - oth os selv _ be - skyt - ter __ vor Kon - ge giv os Fred

[for] [pia] [for] [pia]

6 5 6b b — 5 9 8 4b 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 5

78

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

pia pianiss pianiss

ved Guds al - mæg - tig Haand, ved Guds al - mæg - tig Haand, ved Guds al - mæg - tig Haand, pia

tasto solo

85

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1
for pia for pia for pia

Vl2
[for] [pia] [for] [pia] [for] [pia]

T
Gud Ze-ba-oth os selv be - skyt-ter vor Kon-ge giv os Fred ved Guds ved Guds al -
[for] [pia] [for] [pia]

Bc

6 5 6 6 4 3 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 2 6 6

94

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1
for

Vl2
for

T
mæg-tig Haand.
for

Bc

6 4 5 3 6 6 2 6 5b — 4 3 5 5 7 — 6

103 [Fine]

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

VI1

VI2

T

Bc

6 5 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 5

Med Glæ-de vi der-for, i dag til ham hen-ha-ste,

pia

111

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

VI1

VI2

T

Bc

6 ♫ 7b 6 ♫ 5 7 6 5 6# 6

og for hans Tro-ne os for-un-drings-ful-de ka - ste, — og prii - se ham med

119

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

Siel og — Aand, og for hans Tro-ne os — for-un-drings-ful-de ka - ste, — og prii -

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{\sharp}$

\natural

\flat

$7\flat$ 6

5 \natural

7 6

127

Trp1

Trp2

Tim

Vl1

Vl2

T

Bc

se ham med Siel og — Aand — med Siel og Aand.

5 \natural

6

6 5

6 4

5 \natural

6

7

5 6

6 4

5 \natural

D. Capo

Igen det første Chor:

Critical notes

Heinrich Ernst Grosmann

Heinrich Ernst Grosmann (1732–1811) grew up and received his school education in Haderslev, at that time a town in the duchy of Schleswig under the reign of the Danish King. 1754 he graduated from the grammar school and travelled to Jena (in the duchy of Saxony) with a recommendation from his headmaster. He studied at the Jena university for 4 years. Upon his return he served as a private tutor at manor houses incl. *Tjelle*¹ until 1760 where he was appointed cantor and teacher for elementary school classes at the grammar school associated with the cathedral of the Danish town Aarhus. Through the years he was promoted and 1781 was appointed vice headmaster of the grammar school after having passed a masters degree at the university of Copenhagen.² Grosmann retired as vice headmaster 1789 after having lost his sight but was allowed to carry on his work as cantor³

At that time the church choirs of the Danish cathedrals consisted of disciples from the grammar schools. In Aarhus the most talented among them received extra music education from the cantor.⁴ It was his among the duties of Grosmann as a cantor to prepare musical performances at the major festivals in the 2 churches in Aarhus. For that purpose he adapted existing works by composers like Georg Philipp Telemann by underlaying them Danish text, most likely in his own translation and inbetween also changing their instrumentation.⁵ But he also contributed with compositions of his own.

A Part of his collection of scores and parts still exists. It was later donated to the State Library of Aarhus⁶ where it is preserved along with a collection of early 19th century scores from the library of the Aarhus grammar school.⁷ Unfortunately the Grosmann collection has still not been catalogued by the State Library, But it is partially registered in RISM⁸

The music reflects the repertoire Grosmann grew up with in his own school days. It appears old fashioned and is hardly musically significant. But as stated by a late music librarian of the State Library: “Often the music history characteristic of an era emerges more clearly through the works of minor minds.”⁹

Grosmann played an important role in the music performances taking place in Aarhus around 1760¹⁰ in the house of count Frederik Danneskiold-Samsøe (1703–1770).¹¹

“Jubel Music”

This edition is the first modern edition of Grosmann’s cantata, *Jubel Music. Op! op i Andagtsfulde Siele, etc: I andledning af Souverainitetens indførelse i Dannemarck 1660*, composed 1760 as part of the celebration of the centenary of Danish absolute monarchy taking place everywhere in the Danish-Norwegian twin kingdom October 16–18 1760. Common to the jubilee cantatas, speeches etc. was the praise of King Frederick V (1723–1766) as garantor of equal and impartial justice, law based government, protection of subjects and their property against war and violence.¹² A similar example is this recitative from “Music for the Solemn Jubilee Feast” written by Johan Frederik Classen (1697–1775), cantor and organist at the Saviour’s Church in Christiania¹³ (today the cathedral of Oslo, capital of Norway).

¹Sejr 1923.

²Tauber 1811, p. 102, Hertel 1810, pp. 535 sqq.

³Blache 1872–1873, pp. 67 sq.

⁴The choir service took up a considerable part of the school hours, *ibid.*, pp. 39 sqq.

⁵Andersson 1994, p. 21.

⁶Since 2017 merged with The Royal Library in Copenhagen.

⁷Winkel 1945, p. 164.

⁸RISM, search for ‘grosmann, henrik ernst’.

⁹“Det er dog ofte saaledes, at en Epokes Særpræg, selve det musikhistoriske Tidsbilledet, træder nok saa tydeligt frem i de mindste Aanders Frembringelser.” Winkel 1945, p. 164, translation by the editor.

¹⁰Sejr 1923, Friis 2005, p. 97.

¹¹Wikipedia-DA, Frederik Danneskiold-Samsøe.

¹²Horstbøll 1992, pp. 127 sq.

¹³Wikipedia-NO, Johan Frederik Clasen.

Skjøn paa dit meget Got o Norden!
 Du i saa slibrig Tid ej veed
 Af Fejde, Krig, dens Ild og Torden
 Din Velstand groer i gylden Fred,
 I Lykkens Skød du rolig sover
 Naar andre alt for Livet vover
 O skøn paa slige Himlens Gaver,
 Og pris Din Store *FRIDERICH*
 Hvis Viisdom, Magt og Naade laver,
 At Krig hos dig ej Sæde fik.
 For Kongen send til Himlen Sukke:
Gud sildig ham til Dig indlukke.¹⁴

The cantata is scored for vocal soloists (soprano, tenor and bass), four-part mixed choir, 2 clarini (natural trumpets), timpani, cornett, 3 trombones (alto, tenor and bass) 2 violins and organ continuo. Grosmann lived and worked in Aarhus housing a town musicians corps the members of which played all these instruments.¹⁵ Among their duties was to regularly assist the cantor at the church music.¹⁶ Cornetts and trombones may seem oldfashioned instruments compared to music composed around 1760 but Grosmann's instrumentation reflects the capabilities of the town musicians.

RISM ascribes the cantata to Grosmann.¹⁷ But neither the authorship of the music nor that of the text is specified in the manuscript source. On the score front page there's only a statement saying that the cantata "was performed in the Aarhus Cathedral by H. E. Grosmann".¹⁸ Grosmann reused parts of the music and text¹⁹ in a cantata for the beginning of the 19th century January 1st 1801.²⁰ The manuscript scribe²¹ ascribes this cantata to Grosmann, suggesting that he was also the author of the jubilee cantata from 1760.

The existing manuscripts are all written by the same hand. According to RISM their status as autograph is uncertain.

<i>SC</i>	Full score.
<i>CHS</i>	Separate part for "Soprano" (choral soprano).
<i>CHA</i>	Separate part for "Alto" (choral alto) notated in soprano clef.
<i>CHT</i>	Separate part for "Tenore" (choral tenor) notated in soprano clef.
<i>CHB</i>	Separate part for "Basso" (choral bass).
<i>TRP1</i>	Separate part for "Clarino 1 ^{mo} " in E♭.
<i>TRP2</i>	Separate part for "Clarino 2 ^{do} " in E♭.
<i>TIM</i>	Separate part for "Tympani" (E♭ and B♭).
<i>COR</i>	Separate part for "Cornet" (cornett, Zink) notated as an E♭ instrument.
<i>TRB1</i>	Separate part for "Trombone 1." (alto trombone) notated as an E♭ instrument.
<i>TRB2</i>	Separate part for "Trombone 2." (tenor trombone) notated as an E♭ instrument.
<i>TRB3</i>	Separate part for "Trombone 3." (bass trombone) notated as an E♭ instrument.
<i>VL1</i>	Separate part for "Violino 1 ^{mo} ".
<i>VL2</i>	Separate part for "Violino 2 ^{do} ".
<i>ORG</i>	Separate part for "Organo" (organ continuo).

There are no separate parts for the vocal soloist and there is no separate part for stringed bass instruments (viOLONcello, double bass) among the manuscripts. Most likely they were not used in the performance in 1760. The Basso part in this edition is just a replication of the organ continuo part without figured bass digits.

This modern edition is primarily based on the separate parts for a couple of reasons: 1) The separate parts probably reflect the music that was actually performed more closely than the full score, 2) there are discrepancies between the instrumental parts in the full score and the music found in the separate parts, 3) the "Violino 2^{do}" part is missing in the full score.

¹⁴Claussen 1760.

¹⁵Koudal 2000, pp. 355 sqq.

¹⁶ibid., p. 390.

¹⁷RISM, ID 150201883.

¹⁸"Opført i Aarhuus Dom Kierke 1760 af H: E: Grosmann."

¹⁹The initial "Coro" and to some degree the secco sections of the recitative.

²⁰"Cantata paa 1^{ste} Januarii 1801 i Anledning af det Nittende Aarhundredes Indtrædelse", not in RISM.

²¹These manuscripts are not autographs since Grosmann had lost his sight 1789.

Dynamics present either in the full score or in a separate parts are reflected in this modern edition. Dynamics and ornaments added by the editor are within angled brackets.

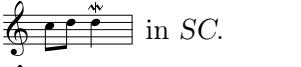
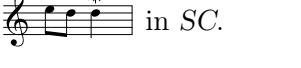
Coro. Adagio

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
2	Crn		 in SC.
6	Trp2		 in SC.
8–9	Trb2	4,1	Accidental ♯ missing in TRB2.
18	Ch.S		Text “Gud er stoor” in CHS.
18	Ch.B	4	1 octave lower in SC.
20	Trp2		 in SC.
22	Ch.a	3	“g” in SC.

Recitat:

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
10	Sl.S	4	Dubious symbol before note in SC, probably ♯.

Aria (1)

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
17	Trp1		 in SC.
24	Vl1,Vl2		 in SC.
48	Trp1	2	Accidental ♯ missing in SC and TRP1.
49	Vl1,Vl2	7	Accidental ♯ missing in SC.
	Vl1		 in VL1.
51	Vl1,Vl2		 in SC.
55	B.c.	4	B.c. digit “4” in SC.
88	Tim	4	No dynamics for in TIM.
99	Trp1		 in SC.

Aria (2)

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
38	B.c.	1	No basso continuo figure ♯ in ORG.
51	Vl2	3–4	No slur in VL2.
66	Sl.Tn		Text “vor lykke-” in SC.
119	Vl1,Sl.Tn	4	Accidental ♯ missing in SC.

Literary text

Coro

Op op i Andagtsfulde Siele,
Bekiender at vor Gud er stoer.
Tak, Lov og Priis, hans Navn til Ære
Skal I i dag frembære,
Han giordte alting got.
Op synger, hans Magt at fortælle,
En Ære Sang i højen Chor
Det hellig, hellig, hellig Zebaoth.

Recitativ

O store Dag! vi billigen os glæde,
Da Fiendens store Magt,
I dag for hundre Aar
Oss søgte at nedtræde,

Da kom den Eevige,
Som boer udi det Høye,
Og viiste at alt Magt
For hans Magt sig maa bøye.

Da Haanden udstrakt var,
Selv efter Kronen,
Og halv fortvifled
Vi vented siidste Stød,

Da Zebaoth selv Sværdet
Udaf Haanden brød,
Og trods ald Magt og Storm og Krig,
Tog tredie Friderich,

Og til hver trofast Undersaatters Glæde,
Med ny Zierat og Glæde
Befestede hans Konge Sæde
Ja gav ham evig Tronen. **Aria**

Glæd dig o Dannemark, lyklige Land!
Fra hundre Aar, du Konger har, som vel regiere.

De Magten haver, Naaden priiser,
Som Gud dem, de sig os beviiser.
Hver Arving er sin Fader liig,
En Christian en Friederich,
O Land, hvad vil du have meere?

Choral

Kongers Konge i det Høye,
Du som eene alting kand,
See dog med et Naadig Øye,
til Vor Konge og vor Land.
Med Velsignelser Ham krone
Og stadfæst hans Konge Trone,
Og lad Freden hos os boe,
Hver Mand glæde sig i Roe.

Efter Prediken xy

Recitativ

Hvor lykkelig er du,
O Nordens Tvilling Rige,
Da Krig og Rov og Brand
Forstyrrer manges Land,

Da Magt og Voldsomhed
Selv Retten undertræder,
Kanoners Skrald til Grave
Tordner Folk og Stæder,

Kand du ved deres Lyd,
Istemme Jubel Sang,
Hvad der er Jammer,
Er her nu Glæde Sang,

Hvor Glad maae du nu sige,
Gud tak og femte Friederich.

Aria

Hvor lykkelig er vi
Thi under vore Hytter
Zebaoth os selv beskytter,
Konge giv os Fred
Ved Guds almaegtig Haand.

Med Glæde vi derfor,
I dag til ham henhaste,
Og for hans Trone os
Forundringsfulde kaste,
Og priise ham med Siel og Aand.

Igen det første Chor:

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