

IV.

136

Allegro non troppo, ma molto energico.

Handwritten musical score for the first system, measures 1 through 6. The staves are labeled on the left: Fl. I, Fl. II, Obi, Cl. in B, Fag., Viol. I, Viol. II, Viola, and Cello. The time signature is 2/4. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The Violin I part begins with a melodic line in measure 1, marked with a 'v' (forte) dynamic. The Violin II part plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked with a 'mf' (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The Viola part also plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked with a 'mf' dynamic. The Cello part is silent in this system.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, measures 7 through 12. The staves are labeled on the left: Fl. I, Fl. II, Obi, Cl. in B, Fag., Viol. I, Viol. II, Viola, and Cello. The time signature is 2/4. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The Violin I part continues its melodic line, marked with a 'v' (forte) dynamic. The Violin II part continues its rhythmic accompaniment, marked with a 'mf' (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The Viola part continues its rhythmic accompaniment, marked with a 'mf' dynamic. The Cello part is silent in this system.

Handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, featuring multiple staves and instruments. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Instrument Labels (from top to bottom):

- corni
- Trombe
- Tromboni I-2
- Tromboni III
- Bas Tuba
- Timp E.D.a
- Gp. C.
- Piatti

Dynamic Markings:

- p* (piano)
- pp* (pianissimo)
- ppizz.* (pizzicato)
- pizz* (pizzicato)
- p* (piano)

Section Markers:

- A** (top right)
- A** (bottom right)

Other Notation:

- Handwritten notes and rests on various staves.
- Handwritten musical symbols such as *> p* and *pp*.
- Handwritten musical symbols such as *ppizz.* and *pizz*.

Handwritten musical score on 15 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is organized into measures by vertical bar lines. The following table summarizes the content of each staff:

Staff	Content
1	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
2	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
3	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
4	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
5	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>f poco cresc.</i>
6	Rests
7	Rests
8	Rests
9	Rests
10	Rests
11	Rests
12	Rests
13	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
14	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>
15	Notes with dynamic markings: <i>poco cresc.</i>

B

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The first five staves contain musical notation with various notes and rests. The next five staves are mostly empty, with a large handwritten 'P' on the sixth staff. The bottom five staves contain musical notation, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' and 'mp'. The word 'B' is written at the bottom left of the page.

This is a handwritten musical score for a 12-staff ensemble. The notation is spread across 12 staves, with some staves grouped by brackets. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Key features include:

- Staff 1:** Features a complex, dense melodic line with many beamed notes and slurs.
- Staff 2:** Labeled with "Cof. 2 mo" (likely Clarinet in F, 2nd movement).
- Staff 3:** Labeled with "Cof." (likely Clarinet in F).
- Staff 4:** Labeled with "Pk." (likely Piccolo).
- Staff 5:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 6:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 7:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 8:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 9:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 10:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 11:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).
- Staff 12:** Labeled with "mf" (mezzo-forte).

The score is written in a single system, with the key signature of C major and a common time signature (C). The notation is dense and detailed, with many slurs and dynamic markings throughout.

This image shows a handwritten musical score on 135 staves, organized into 15 systems of 9 staves each. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The first system contains complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. The second system features a series of eighth notes. The third system has a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. The fourth system includes a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The fifth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The sixth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The seventh system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The eighth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The ninth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The tenth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The eleventh system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The twelfth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The thirteenth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The fourteenth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The fifteenth system has a series of eighth notes with a '6' above the staff. The notation is written in black ink on white paper.

A handwritten musical score on a single page, numbered 137 in the top center. The page is titled 'D' in the top right corner. The score is written on 18 staves, organized into three systems of six staves each. The notation is in a single system, with various musical symbols including notes, rests, and accidentals. The first system (measures 1-6) features complex, dense notation with many beamed notes and accidentals. The second system (measures 7-12) shows a transition to simpler notation with more rests and fewer beamed notes. The third system (measures 13-18) returns to a more complex notation, similar to the first system. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

A handwritten musical score for piano, page 138. The score is written on 18 staves, organized into two systems of nine staves each. The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns, such as sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various rests. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The score features a variety of musical symbols, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word "piano" is written in the middle of the first system. The notation is dense and detailed, with many notes and rests. The handwriting is clear and legible.

piano.

This page contains a handwritten musical score. The notation is spread across approximately 18 staves. The first five measures of the score are clearly written with various musical symbols, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *mf*. From the sixth measure onwards, the right half of the page is heavily obscured by a series of large, overlapping diagonal lines drawn across the staves, effectively crossing out the remainder of the musical notation. The notation visible includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and various note values.

This is a handwritten musical score on 15 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is organized into systems, with some staves grouped by brackets. The dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), *dim.* (diminuendo), *acc.* (accelerando), *rit.* (ritardando), *pl.* (pizzicato), and *forz.* (forzando). There are also some handwritten annotations like "mf cresc." and "mf". The score appears to be a draft or a working manuscript, with some staves containing only rests or being partially filled. The notation is in a single system, with the key signature and time signature not clearly visible. The overall style is that of a handwritten musical score, with some corrections and annotations visible.

A handwritten musical score on 18 staves, organized into three systems of six staves each. The notation is in black ink on aged paper. The first system (staves 1-6) features complex melodic lines in the upper staves, with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests in the lower staves. The second system (staves 7-12) shows a continuation of the melodic themes, with some staves containing triplets and sixteenth-note patterns. The third system (staves 13-18) includes more varied rhythmic patterns, with some staves showing a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. The notation is dense and expressive, with many slurs and dynamic markings. The paper shows signs of age, including some staining and wear at the edges.

This is a handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. The score is written on multiple staves, with some staves grouped by brackets. The notation includes complex chords, melodic lines, and various musical markings such as dynamics (e.g., *fz*, *p*, *fz*), articulation (e.g., *acc.*, *div.*), and performance instructions (e.g., *try*). The score is organized into measures, with some measures containing multiple staves of music. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper. The score is divided into two main sections, with the first section ending around the middle of the page and the second section beginning around the bottom of the page. The first section features a complex arrangement of chords and melodic lines, while the second section features a more rhythmic and melodic arrangement. The score is written in a style that is typical of handwritten musical notation, with clear notation for notes, rests, and other musical symbols.

This is a handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. The score is written on multiple staves, with some sections grouped by brackets. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *mf* (mezzo-forte) to *pp* (pianissimo), with some sections marked *cresc.* (crescendo) and *decresc.* (decrescendo). There are also performance markings such as *2. Aug.* (second augmentation) and *à 2* (allegretto). The score is divided into two main sections, with the first section ending around the middle of the page and the second section beginning below a large horizontal line. The notation is dense and complex, with many notes and rests. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

This is a handwritten musical score on 144 staves, organized into 12 systems of 12 staves each. The notation is dense and complex, featuring many beamed notes, triplets, and dynamic markings such as *fz* (forzando) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score includes various musical symbols, including clefs, key signatures, and time signatures. There are several instances of crossed-out sections, most notably a large section in the middle-right of the page. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

Handwritten musical score on 14 staves. The notation is written in black ink on aged paper. The score is divided into two main sections by a double bar line. The first section contains staves 1 through 10, and the second section contains staves 11 through 14. The notation is complex, with many notes and rests. The dynamic markings are written in italics.

Dynamic markings and performance instructions include:

- mp* (mezzo-piano)
- poco cresc.* (poco crescendo)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo)
- inferia.* (inferia)
- 2. ph.* (2. ph.)
- p* (piano)
- mp cresc.* (mezzo-piano crescendo)
- mp poco cresc.* (mezzo-piano poco crescendo)
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo)
- inferia.* (inferia)
- mp cresc.* (mezzo-piano crescendo)
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo)
- mp poco cresc.* (mezzo-piano poco crescendo)
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo)
- mp poco cresc.* (mezzo-piano poco crescendo)
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo)

This is a handwritten musical score for a multi-instrument ensemble, likely a string quartet or a similar small group. The score is written on 14 staves, organized into four systems of four staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. Performance markings are present throughout, including dynamics like *cris.* (crescendo), *pp* (pianissimo), and *molto* (molto). There are also markings for articulation and phrasing, such as *acc.* (accents) and *tr.* (trills). The score is written in a clear, legible hand, with some corrections and additions visible. The overall structure suggests a complex piece with multiple melodic and harmonic lines.

G

Maria Din B.
Gm B.

G

H

1.5.77

A handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures (mostly G major and B minor), time signatures, and dynamic markings like *pp* (pianissimo) and *ppp* (pianississimo). The score is divided into two systems by a double bar line. The first system contains staves 1 through 5, and the second system contains staves 6 through 10. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and slurs. At the bottom of the page, there is a large, stylized letter 'H'.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large diagonal line is drawn across the middle staves. The bottom section features a complex rhythmic pattern with many notes and rests.

Key markings and annotations include:

- mp* (mezzo-piano)
- cresc.* (crescendo)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- pp* (pianissimo)
- trm* (trill)
- ffz* (forzando)
- Monta in B.* (Monte in B)
- 6. in F.* (6. in F)

Handwritten musical score for a symphony, featuring multiple staves with complex notation, including woodwinds (Piccolo, Flute, Clarinet), strings, and a large section of woodwinds and strings at the bottom. The score is written in a single system with various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

I

[illegible]

I

This image shows a handwritten musical score on a page numbered 117. The score is written on multiple staves, with some staves at the top and bottom containing musical notation, while the central portion is heavily obscured by a large, diagonal cross-out made of multiple parallel lines. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *fz* (for *forzando*). The handwriting is in ink, and the overall appearance is that of a working draft or a score that has been partially discarded or revised.

A page of handwritten musical notation, likely for a string quartet, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is heavily crossed out with large diagonal lines. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *criso.*, *mf*, and *sempre*. The page is numbered '22' in the top left corner. The handwriting is in ink on aged paper.

Handwritten musical score for the first system. It consists of multiple staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation is dense, with many beamed notes and slurs. Dynamic markings include *criso.* and *f*. There are also some handwritten notes like *criso.* and *f* below the staves. The left side of the page is heavily crossed out with diagonal lines.

Punkin' on the 5th of November

Handwritten musical score for the second system. It continues the piece with various musical notations and dynamics. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and complex rhythmic patterns. Dynamic markings include *mf*, *criso.*, *f*, *marc.*, and *criso.*. There are also some handwritten notes like *criso.* and *f* below the staves. The left side of the page is heavily crossed out with diagonal lines.

Handwritten musical score on page 156, page 8 of 7. The score is written on 15 staves. It features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. Dynamics include *f*, *ff*, and *molto cresc.* There are also handwritten annotations like "Tos." and "BR".

Staff 1: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 2: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 3: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 4: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 5: *molto cresc.*

Staff 6: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 7: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 8: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 9: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 10: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 11: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 12: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 13: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 14: *f* *molto cresc.*

Staff 15: *f* *molto cresc.*

Handwritten musical score on 15 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. The score is written in a system with multiple staves, likely representing different instruments or voices. The notation is dense and complex, featuring many beamed notes and slurs. There are some handwritten annotations and corrections visible, including a large 'X' mark over a section of the score and some scribbles. The paper appears aged and slightly discolored.

a tempo.

poco allarg.

poco allarg.

poco allarg.

poco allarg.

a tempo.

a tempo

poco allarg.

Br

Dir.

This is a handwritten musical score on 15 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is organized into two main systems, each containing five staves. The first system is marked with a large 'K' at the top right, and the second system is marked with a large 'K' at the bottom center. The notation is dense and includes many slurs and ties, suggesting a complex piece of music. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

Alto.

precellery

a tempo

8bassa.

rit

a.s.

rit.

[illegible]

Handwritten musical score for a 12-staff piece. The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second staff contains the handwritten text "coll I Mar." in blue ink. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Dynamic markings such as *p*, *mp*, and *espr. mar.* are present. The notation is dense, with many beamed notes and complex rhythmic patterns. The bottom staves show a variety of rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and some rests. The overall style is that of a handwritten musical manuscript.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves, organized into two systems of five staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Staff 1 (Top): Features a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth notes. It includes dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.* and a *trac.* marking in the lower right.

Staff 2: Continues the melodic line with similar rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings.

Staff 3: Labeled *Stesso* at the beginning, it shows a more rhythmic, possibly bass-like line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 4: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 5: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 6: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 7: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 8: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 9: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

Staff 10: Continues the rhythmic line with dynamic markings *criso.* and *criso.*

The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style, typical of 18th or 19th-century musical manuscripts. The notation is dense, with many beamed notes and complex rhythmic figures. The dynamic markings *criso.* are repeated frequently throughout the piece.

This is a handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. The score is written on multiple staves, with the top section containing the most complex and dense musical notation. The notation includes a variety of rhythmic values, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, as well as rests and dynamic markings such as *fz* (forzando) and *dim* (diminuendo). The bottom section of the score is less dense, featuring longer notes and rests. The overall style is that of a working draft or a composer's sketch, with some ink bleed-through visible from the reverse side of the paper. The score is organized into measures by vertical bar lines, and the staves are grouped together with brackets on the left side.

128.

M

This is a handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. The score is written on multiple staves, with some staves grouped by brackets. The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns, such as sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various dynamic markings. A large diagonal line is drawn across the middle of the score, possibly indicating a section change or a specific performance instruction. The score is written in a clear, legible hand, with some corrections and annotations visible.

Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo), *f* (forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *molto marc.* (molto marcato). The score also features various musical notations, including notes, rests, and slurs.

Handwritten annotations include "Cresc." (Crescendo) and "f marc." (forte marcato). There is also a large handwritten "B" or "Br" in the lower right section of the score.

This is a handwritten musical score for a 16-measure piece, numbered 167. The score is written on 16 staves, organized into two systems of eight staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' and 'f'. The first system (measures 1-8) features a complex arrangement of notes and rests, with a prominent 'p' marking in the third measure. The second system (measures 9-16) continues the piece, with a 'p' marking in the ninth measure and a 'f' marking in the thirteenth measure. The score is written in a clear, legible hand, with some corrections and erasures visible.

This is a handwritten musical score for a 12-part ensemble, organized into two systems of six staves each. The notation is dense and complex, featuring a variety of rhythmic values and melodic lines. The first system includes a large bracket on the left side, spanning the first four staves. The second system also features a large bracket on the left, spanning its first four staves. The notation includes many beamed notes, suggesting rapid passages or complex rhythms. There are also some markings that appear to be figured bass or performance instructions, such as "I-V" and "6" in the first system, and "7" in the second system. The overall style is that of a working draft or a composer's sketch, with some ink bleed-through visible from the reverse side of the paper.

N

This musical score is a complex arrangement for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or a large chamber group. It consists of multiple staves, each containing various musical notations. The notation includes notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as mf (mezzo-forte) and f (forte). The score is divided into two main sections, each marked with a large 'N' at the beginning. The first section is marked with a large 'N' at the top left, and the second section is marked with a large 'N' at the bottom left. The notation is dense and intricate, with many notes and rests. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The overall structure of the score is complex, with many different parts and a high level of musical detail.

N

Handwritten musical score, page 17, featuring multiple staves of music. The score is written in a complex, multi-measure format, likely for a large ensemble or orchestra. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (e.g., *mf*, *f*, *ff*). The score is organized into systems, with each system containing multiple staves. The first system includes a large bracketed section, possibly indicating a specific instrument group or section. The notation is dense and detailed, suggesting a high level of musical complexity.

17.



Handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, featuring multiple staves and complex notation. The score is divided into two main sections by a large bracket on the left side.

Section 1 (Top): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "0" is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 2 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 3 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 4 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 5 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 6 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 7 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 8 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 9 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 10 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 11 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

Section 12 (Bottom): This section contains 12 staves. The first four staves are grouped by a bracket on the left. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. A large "Br." is written above the first staff of this section.

This is a handwritten musical score on 172 staves, organized into systems of four staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first system (staves 1-4) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The second system (staves 5-8) continues the melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The third system (staves 9-12) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The fourth system (staves 13-16) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The fifth system (staves 17-20) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The sixth system (staves 21-24) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The seventh system (staves 25-28) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The eighth system (staves 29-32) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The ninth system (staves 33-36) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The tenth system (staves 37-40) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The eleventh system (staves 41-44) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twelfth system (staves 45-48) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirteenth system (staves 49-52) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The fourteenth system (staves 53-56) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The fifteenth system (staves 57-60) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The sixteenth system (staves 61-64) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The seventeenth system (staves 65-68) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The eighteenth system (staves 69-72) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The nineteenth system (staves 73-76) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twentieth system (staves 77-80) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-first system (staves 81-84) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-second system (staves 85-88) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-third system (staves 89-92) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-fourth system (staves 93-96) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-fifth system (staves 97-100) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-sixth system (staves 101-104) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-seventh system (staves 105-108) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-eighth system (staves 109-112) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The twenty-ninth system (staves 113-116) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirtieth system (staves 117-120) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-first system (staves 121-124) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-second system (staves 125-128) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-third system (staves 129-132) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-fourth system (staves 133-136) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-fifth system (staves 137-140) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-sixth system (staves 141-144) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-seventh system (staves 145-148) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-eighth system (staves 149-152) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The thirty-ninth system (staves 153-156) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The fortieth system (staves 157-160) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The forty-first system (staves 161-164) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The forty-second system (staves 165-168) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff. The forty-third system (staves 169-172) shows a melodic line in the first staff, with rests in the second and third staves, and a bass line in the fourth staff.

Handwritten musical score on 18 staves. The score is written in a system of six staves per system, with three systems visible. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first system contains measures 1-6, the second system contains measures 7-12, and the third system contains measures 13-18. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and ties. The word "ga pa" is written in the middle of the second system, and "Pro" is written in the middle of the third system. The score is written on a single page.

A handwritten musical score for a piano and orchestra. The score is written on multiple staves, with the piano part on the right and the orchestra on the left. The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. Dynamic markings such as "poco accel.", "molto cresc.", and "fff" are present. Performance instructions like "arco" and "p" are also included. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style, and there are some large, bold markings like "arco" and "p" that are likely performance instructions. The overall layout is dense and detailed, typical of a professional musical manuscript.

P

Trumpet I

175

2000000

ll

sh

pp

pp

pp

pp

meno

pp

pp

pp

div

rit

pp

pp

176.

Handwritten musical score for 176 measures. The score is written on multiple staves, with various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

Key markings and annotations include:

- mp cresc. poco cresc.* (measures 176-177)
- mf* (measures 178-179)
- in a. Cl.* (measure 180)
- ad lib.* (measure 180)
- P poco cresc.* (measure 181)
- poco cresc.* (measures 182-183)
- poco cresc.* (measures 184-185)
- mp cresc.* (measures 186-187)
- mp cresc.* (measures 188-189)
- mp poco cresc.* (measures 190-191)
- mp poco cresc.* (measures 192-193)

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Key markings and annotations include:

- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo) at the top left.
- f* (forte) in the second measure.
- cresc.* (crescendo) in the third measure.
- mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo) in the fourth measure.
- Cres. f* (Crescendo forte) in the fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the tenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eleventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twelfth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fourteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventeenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the nineteenth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twentieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the twenty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirtieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the thirty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fortieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the forty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fiftieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the fifty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixtieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the sixty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the seventy-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eightieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the eighty-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninetieth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-first measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-second measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-third measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-fourth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-fifth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-sixth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-seventh measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-eighth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the ninety-ninth measure.
- fz* (forzando) in the one hundredth measure.

Handwritten musical score for a 178-measure piece. The score is written on multiple staves, likely for a piano and possibly a vocal line. The notation is complex, featuring many slurs, triplets, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (piano). The piece is marked with a large 'R' at the beginning and end, and the number '178.' is written at the top. The handwriting is in ink on aged paper.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves, organized into two systems of five staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

System 1 (Top Five Staves):

- Staff 1: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 2: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 3: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 4: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 5: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.

System 2 (Bottom Five Staves):

- Staff 6: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 7: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 8: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 9: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 10: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps. Contains a series of eighth notes.

Handwritten Annotations:

- A large, stylized "V" is written above the first staff of the second system.
- A large, stylized "V" is written above the fifth staff of the second system.
- Dynamic markings "fz" (forzando) are present on several staves, indicating a sudden increase in volume.
- Other markings include "p" (piano) and "f" (forte).

A handwritten musical score for a symphony, likely for a string ensemble or orchestra. The score is written on multiple staves, with musical notation including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics include 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'p' (piano). A section of the score is marked 'Trio' in the middle. The notation is in a standard musical staff format, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style, with some corrections and annotations visible. The overall layout is a single page of music, with the staves arranged in a vertical column. The handwriting is clear and legible, with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The score is a single system, with the staves connected by a brace on the left side. The music is written in a standard musical staff format, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The dynamics include 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'p' (piano). A section of the score is marked 'Trio' in the middle. The notation is in a standard musical staff format, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style, with some corrections and annotations visible. The overall layout is a single page of music, with the staves arranged in a vertical column. The handwriting is clear and legible, with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.

Handwritten signature

154

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Key markings and annotations include:

- Staff 4:** *az* (above the staff), *inc.* (above the staff), *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 5:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 6:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 7:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 8:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 9:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 10:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 11:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 12:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 13:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 14:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 15:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 16:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 17:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 18:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 19:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 20:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 21:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 22:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 23:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 24:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 25:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 26:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 27:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 28:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 29:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 30:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 31:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 32:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 33:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 34:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 35:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 36:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 37:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 38:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 39:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 40:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 41:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 42:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 43:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 44:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 45:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 46:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 47:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 48:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 49:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 50:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 51:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 52:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 53:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 54:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 55:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 56:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 57:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 58:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 59:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 60:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 61:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 62:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 63:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 64:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 65:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 66:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 67:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 68:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 69:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 70:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 71:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 72:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 73:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 74:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 75:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 76:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 77:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 78:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 79:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 80:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 81:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 82:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 83:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 84:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 85:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 86:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 87:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 88:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 89:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 90:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 91:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 92:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 93:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 94:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 95:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 96:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 97:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 98:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 99:** *inc.* (below the staff).
- Staff 100:** *inc.* (below the staff).

Handwritten musical score for 'L'Alceste' by Gluck. The score is written on multiple staves, including vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The handwriting is in ink, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

Key markings and annotations include:

- Dynamic markings:** *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *cruc.* (crescendo).
- Performance markings:** *rit.* (ritardando), *marci.* (march).
- Handwritten notes:** *adieu* written across a staff.

The score is organized into systems, with each system containing multiple staves. The notation is dense, with many notes and rests, indicating a complex musical composition.

This is a handwritten musical score for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. The score is written on 20 staves, organized into four systems of five staves each. The notation is dense and complex, featuring a variety of rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Slurs are used extensively to group notes across measures. Dynamic markings, such as *ff* (fortissimo), are present throughout the score. A large, bold letter 'T' is written at the top center, above the first system. The score is written in a single key signature, which appears to be D major or A minor, indicated by two sharps (F# and C#) on the first staff of each system. The handwriting is in black ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper. The overall style is that of a professional composer's manuscript.

A handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation is dense and complex, featuring many beamed notes, slurs, and dynamic markings. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The notation includes many beamed notes, slurs, and dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). There are also some handwritten annotations in the margins, including 'cresc' and 'dim'. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical score for a 12-measure piece, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' and 'f'. The score is divided into three systems of four measures each. A large 'X' is drawn across the first two systems, and a large 'Z' is drawn across the third system. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and note values.

V

u

Handwritten musical score for a 12-measure piece. The score is written on multiple staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and several single staves. The notation is complex, featuring many triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings such as *fff sempre* and *ff*. The piece is divided into measures, with some measures containing multiple notes and rests. The score is written in a single system, with the measures numbered 1 through 12. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and ties. The piece ends with a double bar line and a fermata. The score is written in a single system, with the measures numbered 1 through 12. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and ties. The piece ends with a double bar line and a fermata.

This page contains a handwritten musical score. The notation is spread across approximately 15 staves. The top section includes several staves with melodic lines, some featuring triplets and slurs. A large, diagonal line is drawn across the middle of the page, crossing several staves. Below this line, there are more staves, some of which contain dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The bottom section of the page shows more musical notation, including what appears to be a piano introduction or a new section. The handwriting is in ink, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

Tat 12 - 15 Okt. 188.

A handwritten musical score on a page with 12 staves. The score is heavily crossed out with several thick, dark diagonal lines that run from the top-left to the bottom-right, creating a large 'X' shape across the page. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures (sharps), notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'ff'. The staves are numbered 12, 13, 14, and 15 at the top. The bottom right corner of the page contains the handwritten text '5 hilles!'.

5 hilles!

X

The image shows a handwritten musical score on 18 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *dim* (diminuendo). The score is heavily crossed out with large diagonal lines, and there is a large 'X' in the top right corner. At the bottom, the word "Spilles!" is written. The page is numbered "189." at the top center.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves, organized into two systems of five staves each. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

System 1 (Top 5 staves):

- Staff 1: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 2: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 3: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 4: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 5: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.

System 2 (Bottom 5 staves):

- Staff 6: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 7: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 8: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 9: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.
- Staff 10: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Contains a series of eighth notes.

Handwritten Annotations:

- A large "X" is drawn across the middle of the page, crossing out the second system of staves.
- The word "Harp" is written in the middle of the second system, between the third and fourth staves.
- The word "Harp" is written in the middle of the second system, between the third and fourth staves.
- The word "Harp" is written in the middle of the second system, between the third and fourth staves.

This is a handwritten musical score for a choir, consisting of eight staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first four staves are grouped together with a brace on the left, and the last four staves are also grouped with a brace. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Time

Sp. Chs. 10