

SONATAS
or
CHAMBER AIRES
for two
VIOLINS
and a
THROUGHBASS
Compos'd by the late
M^r. Ravenscroft
Opera Seconda

*Engraven in a Better Carecter and more
Corect then the former Edition*

*Note the following Prices for two Violins and a Bass may be had where these are sold
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BASSO CONTINUO

Preludio

SONATA

I Allegro

Adagio

Allemanda

Corrente Allegro

Gavotta Presto

The musical score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and ornaments, along with figured bass notation (numbers 1-7) and dynamic markings like 'Piano' and 'Presto'. The score is divided into five sections: Preludio, Allemanda, Corrente, and Gavotta. The Preludio is marked 'I Allegro' and 'Adagio'. The Allemanda is marked 'Allegro'. The Corrente is marked 'Allegro'. The Gavotta is marked 'Presto'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and ornaments, along with figured bass notation (numbers 1-7) and dynamic markings like 'Piano' and 'Presto'.

BASSO CONTINUO

SONATA II

Grave

Preludio

Tempo di Gavotta

Presto

Piano Forte Piano Forte

Adagio

Sarabanda Allegro

This musical score is for a Basso Continuo part, specifically Sonata II. It is divided into several movements and sections, each with its own tempo and dynamic markings. The movements include a Preludio, a Gavotta, a Presto, and a Sarabanda. The score is written for a single melodic line, likely representing the right hand of a lute or a similar instrument. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings (Piano, Forte). It also features figured bass notation, which consists of numbers (1-7) and symbols (♯, ♭, *). The score is organized into measures, with some measures containing multiple notes or rests. The movements are separated by double bar lines, and the Sarabanda movement is marked with a '3' over the staff, indicating a 3/8 time signature. The overall structure of the score is as follows: Preludio (Grave), Gavotta (Tempo di Gavotta), Presto, Sarabanda (Allegro), and a final section marked with a '3' over the staff.

Largo

Preludio

* **A llemanda**

Allegro

Adagio

Piano

Forte

Piano

Forte

Corrente Allegro

SONATA
(IV)

Preludio Largo

Giga Allegro

Adagio

Sarabanda Vivace

Presto

Gavotta

BASSO CONTINUO

SONATA

V

Pre ludio Largo

First section of the Sonata, 'Pre ludio Largo'. The score is written for Basso Continuo in 3/4 time. It consists of five staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The music is characterized by a slow, steady pace with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Sarabanda *Allegro*

Second section of the Sonata, 'Sarabanda Allegro'. The score is written for Basso Continuo in 3/4 time. It consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The music is characterized by a faster, more rhythmic pace with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Presto

Third section of the Sonata, 'Presto'. The score is written for Basso Continuo in 3/4 time. It consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The music is characterized by a very fast, rhythmic pace with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Allegro

Fourth section of the Sonata, 'Allegro'. The score is written for Basso Continuo in 12/8 time. It consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 12/8 time signature. The music is characterized by a fast, rhythmic pace with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Giga

Fifth section of the Sonata, 'Giga'. The score is written for Basso Continuo in 3/4 time. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The music is characterized by a fast, rhythmic pace with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

BASSO CONTINUO

SONATA VI

Preludio

Largo

Concona Allegro

This musical score is for a Basso Continuo instrument, specifically for Sonata VI. It is divided into two main sections: a Preludio and a Concona. The Preludio is marked 'Largo' and the Concona is marked 'Allegro'. The score is written in a single system with multiple staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The Preludio section consists of 43 measures, and the Concona section consists of 98 measures. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals, as well as figured bass notation (numbers 1-7) and fingering indications (asterisks). The Concona section is marked with a (3) and a (5) indicating specific measures or phrases. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

