

Missa in g

Kyrie

Anton Adam Bachschmid

Lento

Violino 1

5

p *f* *p*

12

Exercise 12 is a single-staff piece in B-flat major, common time. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature. The melody starts with a half note B-flat, followed by a quarter note A, and an eighth note G. This is followed by a triplet of eighth notes (F, E, D), then another triplet of eighth notes (C, B-flat, A), and a final triplet of eighth notes (G, F, E). The piece concludes with a half note D, a quarter note C, and a final half note B-flat. The notation includes various articulations such as slurs and accents, and a dynamic marking of 'f' (forte) is present.

20

[illegible]

Christe

Andante

31 *f* *p* *f*

37 *p* *f*

43 *tr*

49 *tr* *p*

55

61

67

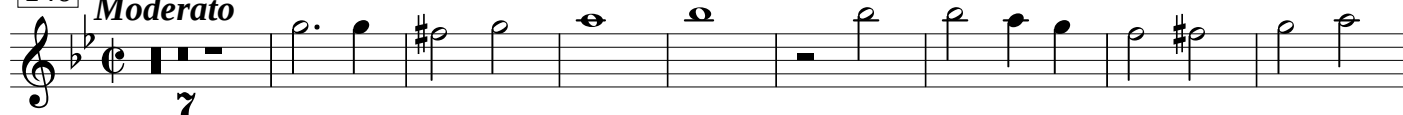
73 *tr* *fp*

79 *fp* *fp* *fp*

85 *f*

Kyrie

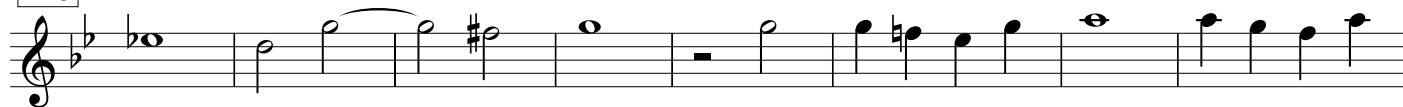
146

Moderato

161



170



178



186



198



204

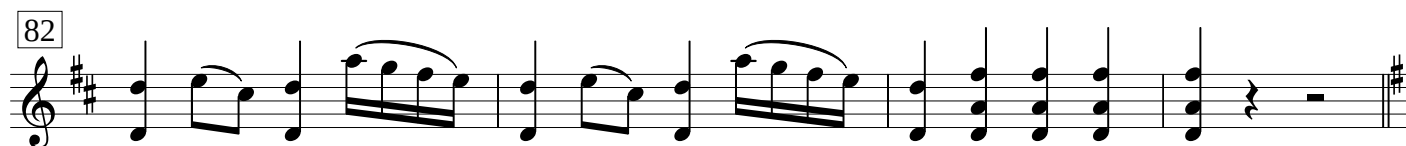
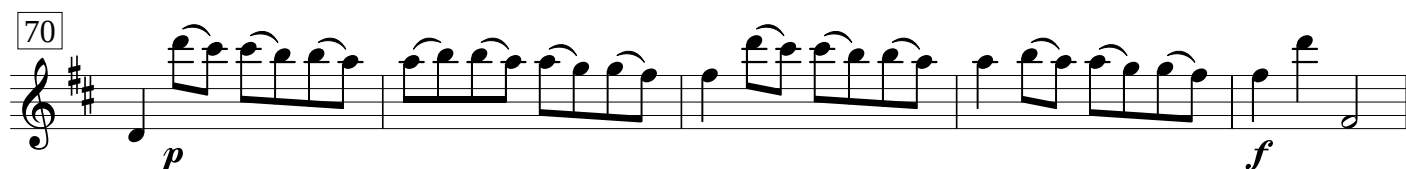
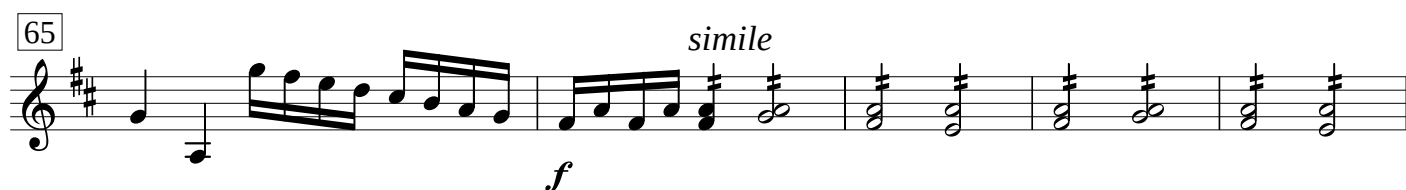
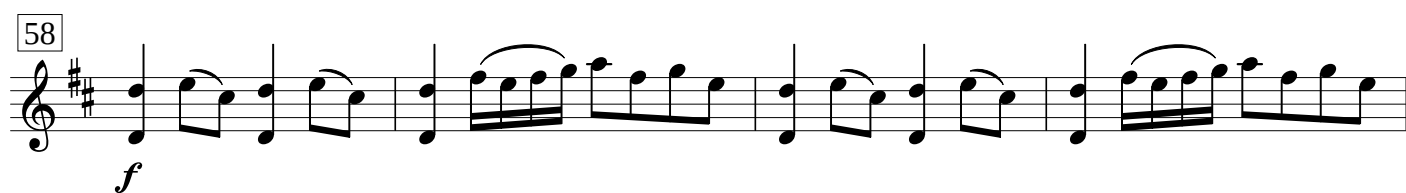
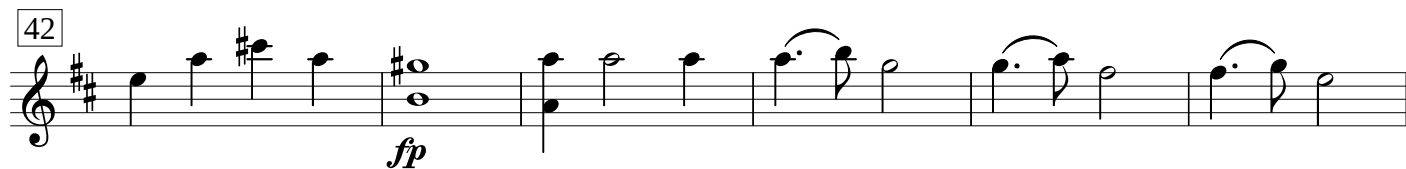


Gloria

Allegro assai

Trills (tr) are indicated above measures 1, 5, 7, 15, 32, and 35. Dynamics include *p*, *mf*, *f*, *p*, *f*, *simile*, *p*, *f*, *p*, *fp*, and *p*. Measure numbers 8, 13, 16, 19, 23, 28, 32, and 37 are shown in boxes at the start of their respective staves.

Measures 1-37 of the musical score for Gloria, marked *Allegro assai*. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a common time signature (C). The music features various dynamics including *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *simile*, and *fp* (fortissimo piano). Trills (tr) are marked above measures 1, 5, 7, 15, 32, and 35. Measure numbers 8, 13, 16, 19, 23, 28, 32, and 37 are indicated at the start of their respective staves. The score includes triplets in measures 28 and 29, and a variety of rhythmic patterns including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests and accidentals.



Gratias
Andante

86 *[f]* *fp*

91 *fp fp fp fp*

96 *f p f* *tr*

101 *p*

106

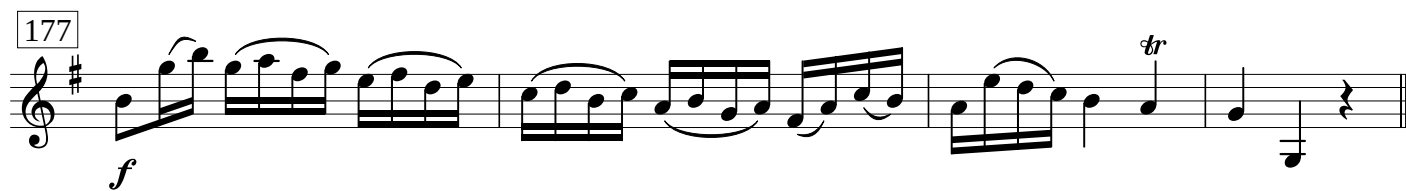
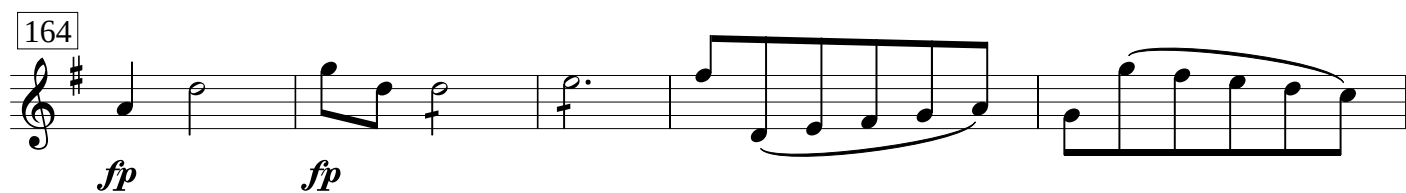
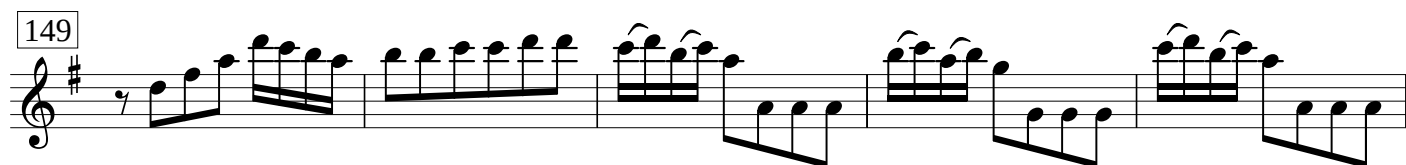
111

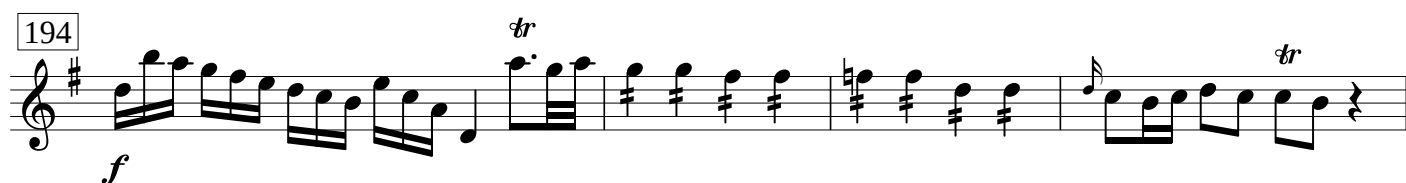
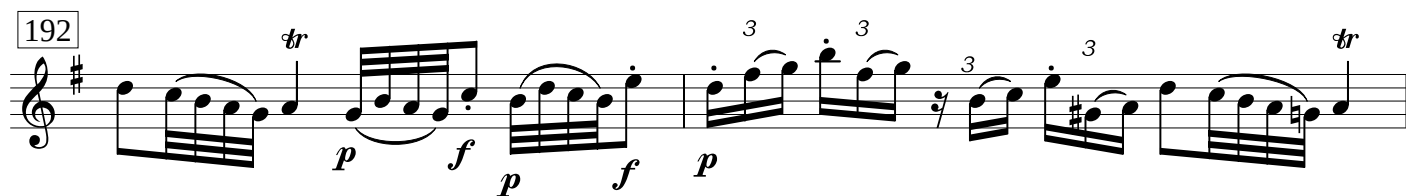
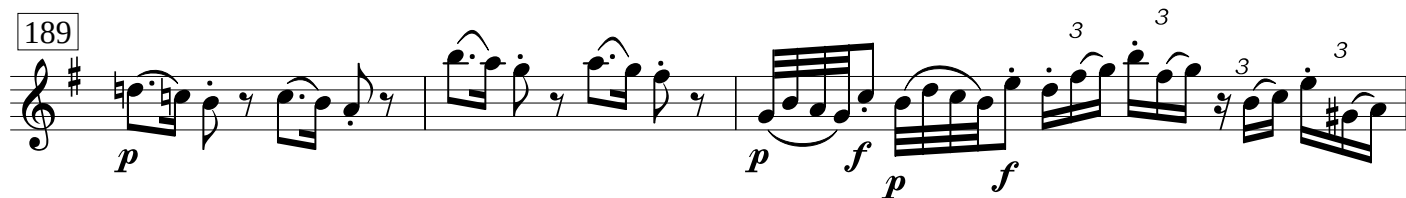
116 *tr fp fp fp*

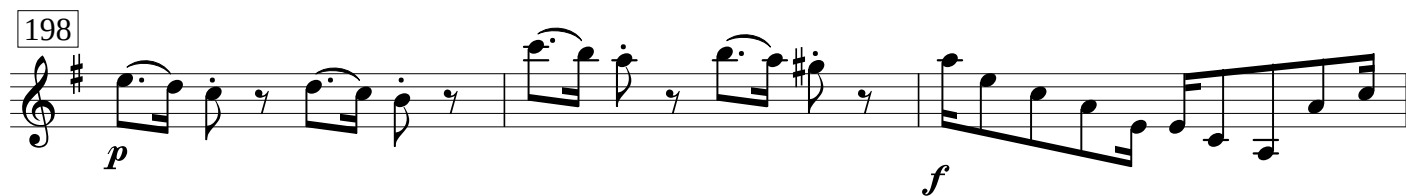
121 *fp fp fp*

126 *f p f*

130 *p*



Qui tollis Adagio



Quoniam**Allegretto**

213 *[p]* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

219 *p* *f* *p* *f*

225 *p*

231 *f*

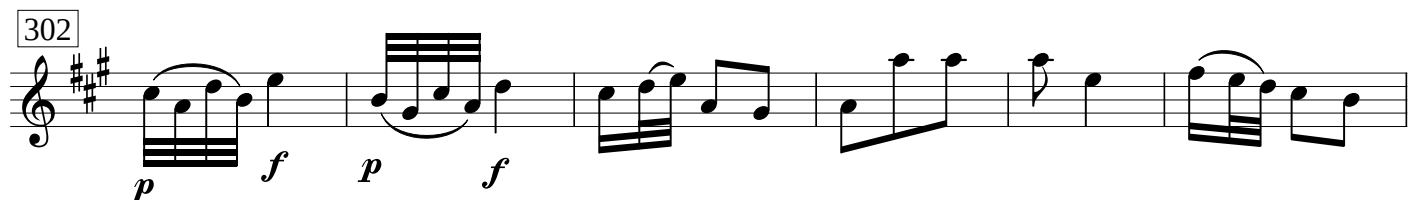
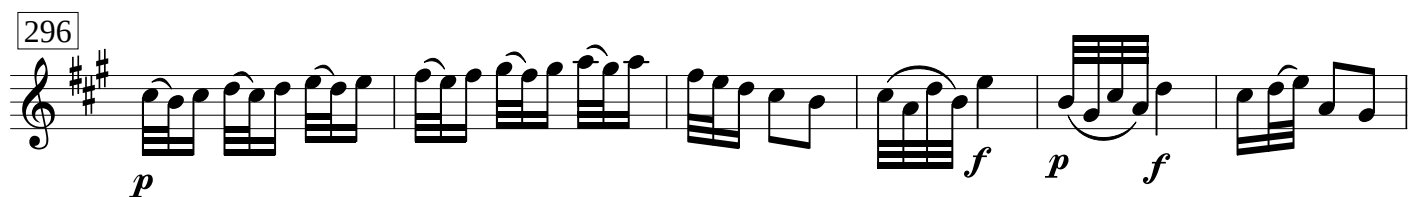
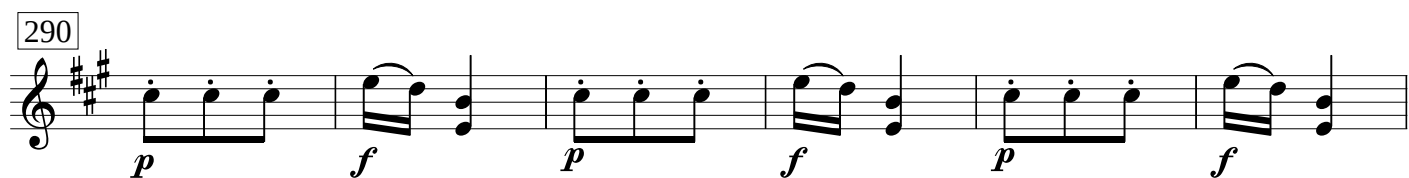
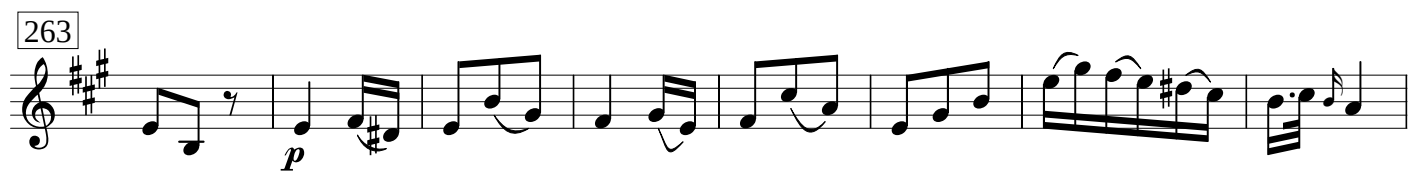
237

244

251 *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

258 *f*

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef, with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a 3/8 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The score consists of eight staves of music, each beginning with a measure number in a box. The first staff (213) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a series of eighth and sixteenth notes with various dynamic markings: *f*, *p*, *f*, *p*, and *f*. The second staff (219) features a triplet of eighth notes and continues with *p* and *f* dynamics. The third staff (225) contains a trill (*tr*) and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fourth staff (231) begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The fifth staff (237) continues the melodic line. The sixth staff (244) shows a key change to two sharps (F#, C#) and includes a half note. The seventh staff (251) alternates between piano (*p*) and forte (*f*) dynamics. The eighth staff (258) features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a key change to one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks.



312 *Cum Sancto*

312 *Cum Sancto*

323

327

331

335

343

347

353

358

363

368

373

Credo *Allegro assai*

f *p* *f* *p* *f*

6

11

15

19

23

p *f*

28

p *f*

33

38

43

p *f* *p*

48

f

53

Et incarnatus*Andante*

58 *f*

64 [*p*]

70 *p*

76

82 *f*

88 *p*

94

101

108 *p*

Et resurrexit Allegro

108 *f*

114 *f*

120

126

132

138 *tr*

144 *p*

151

157

164

170

176

182

188

194

200

205

210

215

221

p

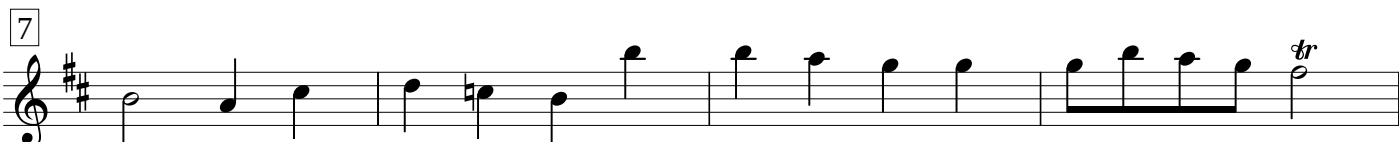
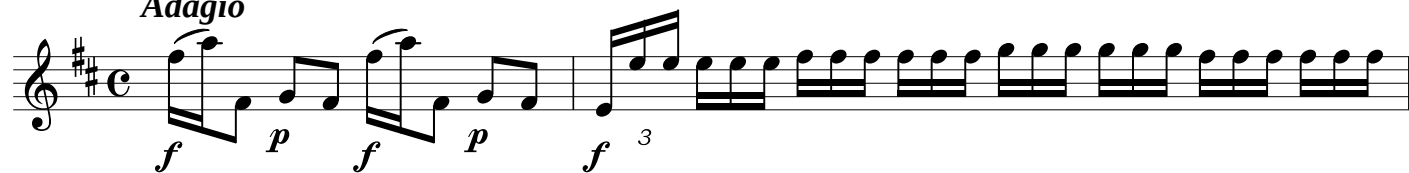
f

tr

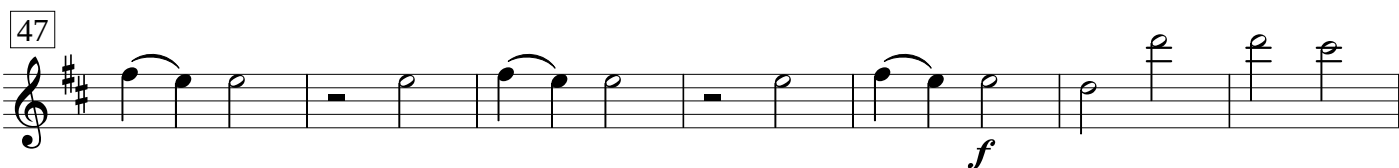
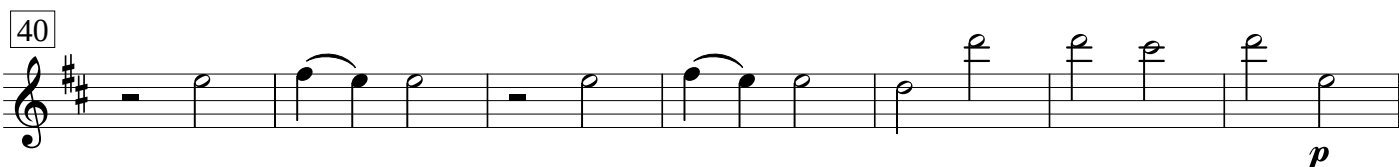
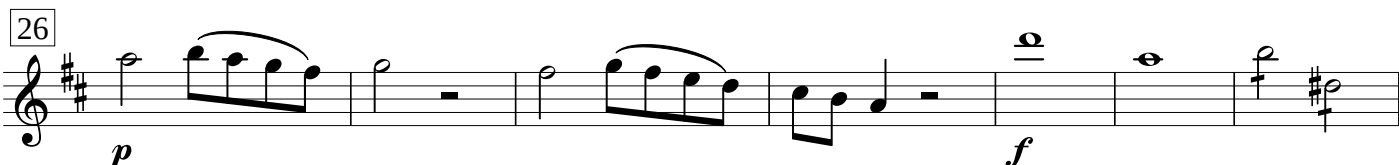
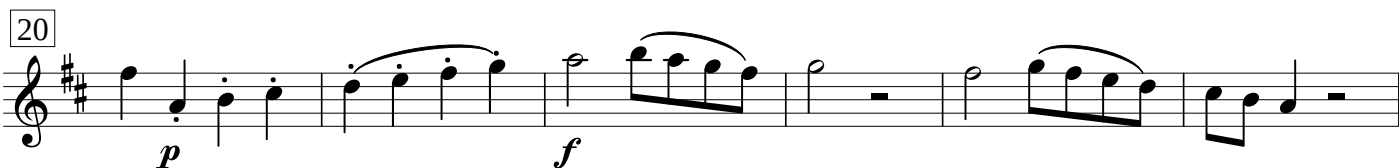
f

p

Sanctus

Adagio

Pleni sunt Allegro



Benedictus

61 *Andante*

f *p* *f*

64 *p*

66 *f* *tr*

68 *p*

70

72

74

78

80 *mf*

82 *f* *tr*

The musical score for the Benedictus section, measures 61-82, is written in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked 'Andante'. The dynamics range from fortissimo (f) to piano (p). The music features various triplet patterns and trills. Measures 61-65 show a sequence of triplets and trills, with dynamics f, p, and f. Measures 66-70 continue with triplets and trills, with dynamics f and p. Measures 71-75 show a series of triplets and trills, with dynamics p and f. Measures 76-80 show a series of triplets and trills, with dynamics mf and f. Measures 81-82 show a final sequence of triplets and trills, with dynamics f and trill.

84

Exercise 84 is a single-measure piece in 2/4 time, marked 'Allegretto'. It is written for a single melodic line in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The notation consists of the following sequence of notes and ornaments: an eighth note G#4, a triplet of eighth notes (A#4, B4, C#5), a triplet of eighth notes (B4, A#4, G#4), a triplet of eighth notes (F#4, E4, D4), a trill on D4, a dotted eighth note C#4, a sixteenth note B4, a triplet of eighth notes (A#4, B4, C#5), a triplet of eighth notes (B4, A#4, G#4), a trill on G#4, an eighth note F#4, an eighth note E4, an eighth note D4, and a final quarter rest.

86

Exercise 86 consists of two measures. The first measure begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and a dynamic marking of *p* (piano). The melody starts on a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a triplet of eighth notes (B4, C5, B4) beamed together, and ends with a quarter rest. The second measure continues with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note F#4, then a quarter note E4, and ends with a quarter rest.

88

Exercise 88 consists of two measures. The first measure contains a quarter note G4, an eighth note A4, a triplet of eighth notes B4, C5, and D5, and a quarter rest. The second measure contains a triplet of eighth notes E5, F5, and G5, a quarter note A4, an eighth note G4, a quarter note F4, and a quarter rest. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

91

f *p*

94

Exercise 94 is a single-staff piece in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, featuring a triplet of eighth notes in the final measure.

97

103

p

[illegible]

Example 107 shows measures 107 and 108. Measure 107 begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking. Measure 108 continues the melody with triplet markings (indicated by a '3' over the notes) and a *f* (forte) dynamic marking.

111 **Osanna** *Allegro*

111 **Osanna** *Allegro*

117

123 *p* *f* *p*

129 *f* *p*

136

143 *f*

149

156

164 *tr*

171

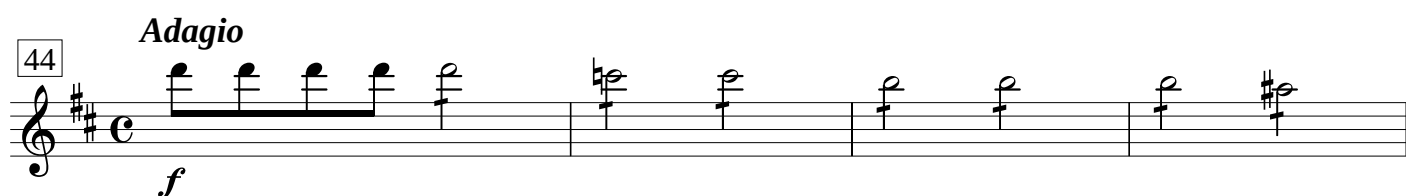
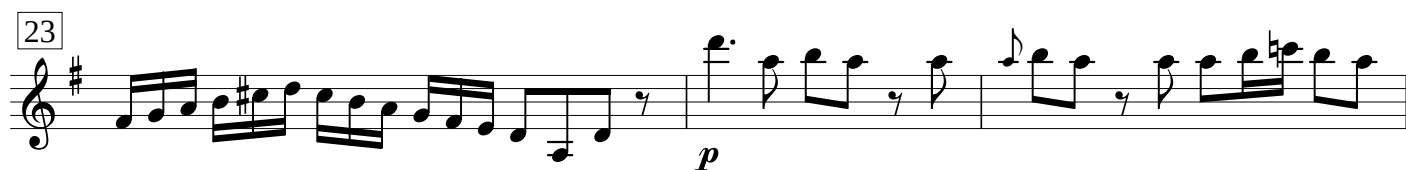
178 *p* *f* *p* *tr*

186 *f* *tr*

Adagio

17

f p



Dona nobis52 ***Allegro***