

4° Mus. Pr. 57556 12

THE MUSICO
IN
Macbeth.
BY
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1



The image displays three staves of musical notation, likely for a two-voice setting such as a duet or a treble/bass combination. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses a bass clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Each staff consists of five horizontal lines. The music is written in common time. The top staff contains six measures of music, starting with a dotted half note followed by a series of eighth notes. The middle staff contains six measures, starting with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The bottom staff contains six measures, starting with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests.

Recit:

1st WITCH

2^d WITCH

Speak Sister speak is the deed done
Long a-

- go long a-go a-hove twelve glas-ses since have run

G major

C major

M A C B E T II

3

Ill deeds are seldom seldom slow seldom slow
single but following following crimes following crimes on
for - - mer wait the worst of Creatures the
worst fast - - est pro - - po - gate.

V.S.

4

MACBETH

Many more many more murders many more many
more must this one en - sue Let hor - hor still a bound in
ev - ry place a-round as if in death were found
pro-pa-gation too as if in death as if in death were

MACBETH

found propa - ga - tion too He must he

will he shall spill much more blood

and be - come worse and be - come worse become

worse to make his ti - tle good

6 CHORUS.

MACBETH

First time Piano, Second time Forte.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature changes between common time and common time with a repeat sign. The lyrics are as follows:

He must he must he will he will he
He will he will he
He must he will he shall he shall he
He must he must he will he will he shall he shall he
shall spill much more Blood, He must he must he
shall spill much more Blood, He must he must he
shall spill much more Blood, He must he must he
shall spill much more Blood, He

MACBETH

7

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and common time, with a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff uses an alto F-clef and common time, also with a key signature of one flat. The lyrics are repeated four times in each section. The first section's lyrics are: "will he will he shall spill much more Blood," followed by a repeat sign. The second section's lyrics are: "and become worse, and become worse, worse," followed by a repeat sign.

will he will he shall spill much more **Blood**,
will he will he shall spill much more **Blood**,
will he will he sha**H** spill much more **Blood**,
will he will he shall spill much more **Blood**,

{

and become worse, and become worse, worse,
and become worse, and become worse, worse,
and become worse, and become worse, worse,
and become worse, and become worse, worse,

{

MACBETH

worse to make his ti - tle good.



MACBETH

9

ADAGIO

solo Full Chorus

This musical score page features five staves of music. The top three staves are in common time (C), while the bottom two are in 2/4 time (F). The vocal parts are labeled 'solo' and 'Full Chorus'. The lyrics 'a-greed' appear three times, once per staff. The vocal line ends with 'Now let's Dance'. The piano accompaniment consists of eighth-note chords.

a-greed a-greed

a-greed a-greed

a-greed

Now let's Dance

a-greed

a-greed

ADAGIO

Full Chorus

This musical score page contains four staves of music. The vocal part consists of a single line with lyrics repeated three times: 'We should re-joice when good Kings bleed'. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

We should re-joice when good Kings bleed

A musical score for two voices and piano, featuring four staves of music. The top two staves represent the vocal parts, and the bottom two staves represent the piano accompaniment. The music is in common time and consists of eight measures. The vocal parts sing "re-joice" in a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note chords.

re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - - re-
re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - - re-
re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - -
re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - -
re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - -
re-joice - - - - re-joice - - - -
- joice - - - - we should re-
- joice - - - - re-joice - - - - we should re-
- - - - re-joice re-joice we should re-
- - - - re-joice - - - - we should re-

1101265

- - joice we should re - joice.
- - joice we should re - joice.
- - joice we should re - joice. **SOLO**
- - joice we should re - joice. When Cat - tle die a -

- bout - - a - bout a - bout we go a - bout - - a -
- bout - - a - bout a - bout we go When lightning

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The vocal parts are in common time, 2/4 time, and 3/4 time. The piano part is in common time.

The lyrics are:

and dread thunder rend stubborn Rocks a - sunder
and fill the World with wonder what should we
re - joice - - - - - re - joice - - -
re - joice - - - - - re - joice - - -
re - joice - - - - - re -
do re - joice - - - - - re -

MACBETH

13

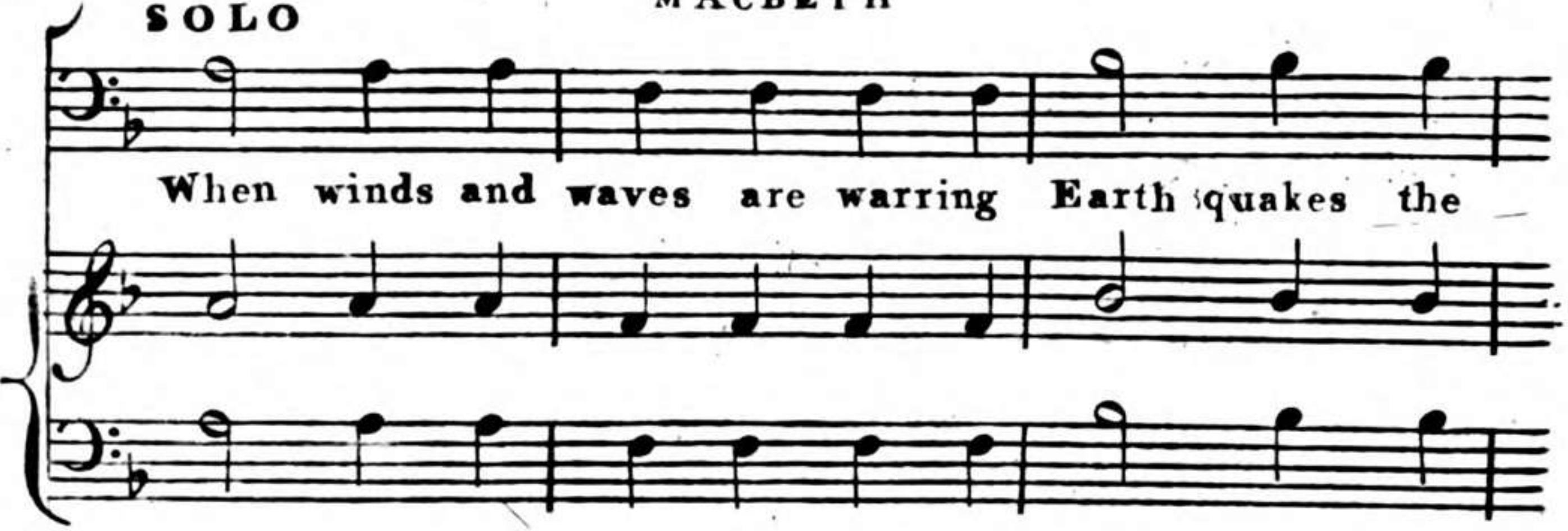
A musical score for four voices. The top two staves are soprano (G clef), and the bottom two are bass (C clef). The lyrics are: "re - joyce - - - - -", "re - joyce - - - - -", "- joyce - - - - -", "re - joyce - - - - -", "re - joyce - - - - -". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

A continuation of the musical score. The lyrics are: "we should re - joyce", "we should re - joyce". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

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SOLO

MACBETH



When winds and waves are warring Earth quakes the



Mountains tearing and Monarchs die despairing what should we

CHORUS



re - joyce re - joyce re - joyce - - - re -

re - joyce re - joyce re - joyce - - - re -

re - joyce re - joyce re - joyce - - -

do re - joyce re - joyce

re - joyce - - -



MACBETH

15

Musical score for 'Rejoice' featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics 're - joice' are repeated throughout the section.

Musical score for 'we should rejoice' featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music consists of quarter-note patterns. The lyrics 'we should rejoice' are repeated throughout the section.

MACBETH

16

Let's have a dance up - - on the Heath we
gain new life by Duncans death Some times like brinded
Cats we shew having no mu - sic but our mew To
which we dance in some old Mill up - on the Hopper

stone or wheel To some old saw or bardish rhyme Where

This block contains the first two staves of a musical score. The top staff is in G clef, common time, and the bottom staff is in C clef. The lyrics "stone or wheel To some old saw or bardish rhyme Where" are written below the top staff.

still the Mill - clack does keep time.

This block contains the next two staves of the musical score. The top staff shows a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, and the bottom staff provides harmonic support. The lyrics "still the Mill - clack does keep time." are written below the top staff.

CHORUS

Where still the Mill - clack does keep time.

Where still the Mill - clack does keep time.

Where still the Mill - clack does keep time.

Where still the Mill - clack does keep time.

This block contains the musical score for the chorus, which consists of four staves. The lyrics "Where still the Mill - clack does keep time." are repeated four times across the staves. The music includes both treble and bass clefs, and various note values like eighth and sixteenth notes.

MACBETH

SOLO

Some times about a hollow Tree a-round a-round a-

-round dance we and thither the chirping Crickets come and

Beetles sing in drowsy hum some times we dance o'er

Ferns or Furze to howls of Wolves or barks of Curs or

A musical score page featuring a vocal melody and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line begins with a melodic line in G major, followed by a piano accompaniment in G major. The vocal part continues with a melodic line in G major, ending with a piano accompaniment in G major.

CHORUS

A musical score for a chorus, consisting of four staves of music. The first staff features a vocal line with lyrics: "of our feet. We dance to the Ec-choes of our feet." The second staff features a vocal line with lyrics: "We dance to the Ec-choes of our feet." The third staff features a vocal line with lyrics: "We dance to the Ec-choes of our feet." The fourth staff features a piano accompaniment with a dynamic marking "sym".

ADAGIO

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first three staves are soprano voices in G major, indicated by a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff is a bassoon part in F major, indicated by a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff is a bassoon part in E major, indicated by a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff is a bassoon part in C major, indicated by a bass clef and a key signature of zero sharps or flats. The vocal parts sing "At the nights Ravens" in unison. The bassoon parts play eighth-note patterns. A dynamic marking "Ped: dim:" appears above the bassoon staves. The vocal parts sing "Thunder." followed by "At the nights Ravens". The bassoon parts continue their eighth-note patterns. The vocal parts sing "dismal voice when o - - thers trem - ble when" three times. The bassoon parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The vocal parts sing "dis - mal voice when o - - thers trem - ble when" three times. The bassoon parts continue their eighth-note patterns. The vocal parts sing "when o - - thers" once. The bassoon parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns.

MACBETH.

o - - thers trem - ble we re - joice . And
 o - - thers trem - ble we re - joice . And
 o - - thers trem - ble we re - joice . And
 trem - ble trem - ble we re - joice . And

ALLEGRETTO.

nim - bly dance we
 nim - bly dance we
 nim - bly dance we
 nim - bly dance we

A musical score for the opera Macbeth, page 22. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system features a soprano vocal line in G clef, a basso continuo line in F clef, and a piano accompaniment. The vocal part repeats the lyrics "still to the echo" three times, followed by "to the echo" three times, and then "echo of our hollow hill" three times. The piano part includes dynamic markings such as p/p , f , and p/p . The bottom system continues the piano accompaniment, also featuring dynamic markings like p/p .

still to the echo to the echo to the
still to the echo to the echo to the
still to the echo to the echo to the
still to the echo p/p to the echo p/p to the
echo of our hollow hill
echo of our hollow hill
echo of our hollow hill
echo of our hollow hill

ACT III.

MACBETH

23

RECIT:

Hecate Hecate Hecate come a-way

Hark I'm call'd. My little little airy spi-rit see

see see see sits in a fog - - gy

Cloud and waits for me. My me.

24

MACBETH.

Hecate, Hecate, Thy chirping voice I hear, so pleasing
to my Ear, at which I post a-way, with all the speed I
may, Where's Puckle, Here, Where's Stadling, Here, And
Hopper too, and Hellway too, we want but you, we want but you.

CHORUS

MACBETH

25

Come a - way come a - way come come come come
ALLEGRO

Come a - way come a - way come come come come

Come a - way come a - way come come come come

Come a - way come a - way come come come come

ALLEGRO

come come come come come a - way make up th'Ac

come come come come come a - way make up th'Ac

come come come come come a - way make up th'Ac

come come come come come a - way make up th'Ac

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, and Bass) in common time. The key signature changes between G major (two sharps), F# major (one sharp), and E major (no sharps or flats). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, and bass clef. The lyrics are: "count come come come a - - way make", repeated three times, followed by a repeat sign and another three repetitions. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines, and the piano accompaniment is indicated by a bass staff below.

A continuation of the musical score from page 26. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Bass) sing "up th'ac-count come a - way come a - way come", repeated three times. The piano accompaniment is shown with a bass staff below the vocal parts. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

MACBETH

27

Musical score for "Come Come Come" from Macbeth. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, the third is in bass clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. The music is in common time. The lyrics "come come come" are repeated three times, followed by a single "a". The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords.

Musical score for "Way Make Up Th'ac-count" from Macbeth. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, the third is in bass clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. The music is in common time. The lyrics "way make up th'ac-count" are repeated three times, followed by a single "a". The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords.

- way make up th'ac - count.
- way make up th'ac - count.
- way make up th'ac - count.
- way make up th'ac - count.

	C	
	C	
	C	
	C	

RECIT:

A musical score for a recitative from Macbeth. The vocal line is in soprano C-clef, the piano accompaniment in treble G-clef, and the basso continuo in bass F-clef. The key signature is one flat. The vocal part begins with eighth-note chords, followed by a melodic line with lyrics: "With new fall'n dew, from church yard". The piano part features sustained notes and chords. The basso continuo part consists of single notes.

Yew, I will but noint, and then I'll mount.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and a melodic line. The piano part includes a dynamic crescendo. The basso continuo part follows the vocal line.

Now I'm furnish'd, now I'm furnish'd now I'm furnish'd for my flight.

Final section of the musical score. The vocal line concludes with eighth-note chords. The piano part ends with a final chord. The basso continuo part ends with a single note.

H E C A T E
A I R

Now I go now now now I fly

Mal-kin my sweet Spi-rit and I o what a dain-ty

A musical score for a vocal piece, likely a solo or duet, with four staves of music. The music is in common time and consists of measures in G major, A major, and G major. The lyrics are integrated into the musical lines, appearing below the notes. The score includes a basso continuo staff at the bottom.

plea - sure is this to sail in the Air when the

Moon shines fair - - to sing - - to dance -

- - to toy - - - and kiss

O - ver Woods high Rocks and Mountains o - - ver Hills and

A musical score for 'MACBETH' on page 32. The score consists of four staves, likely for a soprano or alto voice with piano accompaniment. The lyrics are integrated into the musical lines.

The lyrics are:

- mis - ty Fountain o - ver Steeples Town and Turretts
- we fly by night we fly by night mongst
- troops of Spirits. we fly by night
- we fly by night mongst troops of spirits.

The music features various note values (eighth and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings. The vocal line includes several melodic phrases and harmonic changes indicated by key signatures and chords in the piano part.

CHORUS.

MACBETH.

A musical score for two voices. The top voice (Soprano) has lyrics: "We fly by night", "We fly by night", "We fly by night mongst", "We fly by night", "We fly by night mongst", "We fly by night", "We fly by night fly by night mongst", "We fly by night", "We fly by night fly by night mongst". The bottom voice (Cello/Bass) provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The music consists of six staves of music with various clefs and key signatures.

A musical score for two voices. The top voice (Soprano) has lyrics: "troops of spirits", "We fly by night", "troops of spirits We fly by night", "We fly by night", "troops of spirits We fly by night", "We fly by night", "troops of spirits We fly by night", "We fly by night", "troops of spirits We fly by night", "We fly by night". The bottom voice (Cello/Bass) provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The music consists of six staves of music with various clefs and key signatures.

MACBETH

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is in G clef, common time, and the bottom staff is in C clef. The lyrics "we fly we fly - - - - -" appear at the beginning of both staves. The lyrics "we fly by night" follow, with the bass line continuing "we fly by night" while the treble line continues "we fly by night". The lyrics "we fly we fly - - - - -" appear again, followed by "we fly we" on the treble staff. The bottom staff concludes with "by" on the bass line. The top staff begins with a bass line "we fly by night" followed by "we fly we fly by night by". The lyrics "fly - - - we fly - - - - - - - by" appear, with the bass line continuing "fly - - - we fly - - - - - - - by". The bottom staff concludes with "by" on the bass line.

MACBETH

35

night mongst troops of spirits. S.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top three staves are in treble clef, G major, and common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, and common time. The lyrics "night mongst troops of spirits." are repeated three times, each preceded by a fermata and followed by a measure of rests. The fourth staff begins with a measure of rests, followed by a dynamic instruction "S.", then a measure of rests, and finally a measure of eighth-note chords.

The continuation of the musical score consists of four staves of music. The top three staves are in treble clef, G major, and common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, and common time. The first three staves are blank, consisting of measures of rests. The fourth staff begins with a measure of eighth-note chords, followed by a measure of rests, and then continues with a series of eighth-note chords.

A C T . I V .



HECATE

Black Spirits and white Red Spirits and grey

mingle mingle mingle mingle you that mingle may

CHORUS

mingle mingle mingle mingle you that mingle may

Recitative.

Tiffin Tiffin keep it Tiffin Fire Drake Pucky

make it lucky Laird Robin you must bob in

CHORUS

A-round a-round a-round a-round a -
A-round a-round a-round a-round a -
A-round a-round a -
A-round a-round a-round a -

MACBETH

39

MACBETH

39

The musical score consists of four staves of music, each with a different clef (Treble, Bass, Alto, and Tenor) and key signature (B-flat). The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the musical phrases. The lyrics are:

- bout a - bout a - bout a - - - bout a -
- bout a - bout a - bout a - - - bout a -
- bout a - bout a - bout a - - - bout a -
round a - - bout a - bout a - bout a -

A musical score consisting of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time and have a key signature of one flat. The fourth staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp, indicating a change in key. The lyrics "about a - bout a - bout a - - bout all" are repeated three times across the first three staves, with the final "all" on the fourth staff.

- bout a - bout a - bout a - - bout all

- bout a - bout a - bout a - - bout all

- bout a - bout a - bout a - - bout all

- bout a - - bout 'a - bout a - bout a -

10

MACBETH

Music score for Macbeth, page 10, featuring three staves of music. The first two staves are in G clef, and the third staff is in C clef. The lyrics are:

ill come running running in all
ill come running running in all
ill come running running in all
bout all ill come running running

Continuation of the musical score for Macbeth, page 10, featuring three staves of music. The first two staves are in G clef, and the third staff is in C clef. The lyrics are:

ill come running running in all good keep
ill come running running in all good keep
ill come running running in all good keep
in come running running in all good keep

A musical score for four voices, likely a soprano quartet, from the opera Macbeth. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal range indicated by a clef: soprano (G-clef), alto (C-clef), tenor (F-clef), and bass (B-clef). The music is in common time and includes lyrics in all-caps. The lyrics are repeated three times: "out all good keep out." The score concludes with a final section of music where the voices sing eighth-note patterns.

out all good keep out.
out all good keep out.
out all good keep out.
out all good keep out.

I'LL WITCH

MACBETH

HECATE

Here heres the blood of a Bat O put in

that put in that Heres Libbards Brain

put in a grain a here's juice of Toad here's oil of Adder

that will make the charm grow akmadder.

MACBETH

43

The musical score consists of four staves of music, each with a different key signature and time signature. The lyrics are repeated in each staff.

Staff 1: Key of G major, 3/4 time. Notes: D, E, F# (rest), G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: Put in all these put in all.

Staff 2: Key of A major, 3/4 time. Notes: E, F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: Put in all these.

Staff 3: Key of B major, 3/4 time. Notes: F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: Put in all these.

Staff 4: Key of C major, 3/4 time. Notes: D, E, F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: Put in all these.

Staff 5: Key of G major, 3/4 time. Notes: D, E, F# (rest), G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: Put in all these put in all.

Staff 6: Key of A major, 3/4 time. Notes: E, F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: put in all these put in all.

Staff 7: Key of B major, 3/4 time. Notes: F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: put in all these put in all.

Staff 8: Key of C major, 3/4 time. Notes: D, E, F#, G, A, B, C (rest). Lyrics: put in all these put in all.

44

MACBETH

Musical score for Macbeth, vocal parts for three voices. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in G major, the third is in F major, and the bottom two are in C major. The vocal parts are labeled 'these 'twill raise the stench.' repeated three times. The music features eighth-note patterns and rests.

HECATE

Musical score for Hecate. The vocal part is in G major and includes the lyrics 'Hold here's three ounces of a red haird wench.' The piano accompaniment is in C major, featuring eighth-note chords and patterns. The vocal part begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes.

М А С В Е Т Н

45

A musical score for four voices, arranged vertically from top to bottom as Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The music is in common time. Each voice part consists of a single staff with a clef, key signature, and a continuous melody. The soprano and alto parts begin with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. The tenor and bass parts begin with eighth notes. The lyrics 'A-round a-round a-round a-round a-' are repeated in each measure across all voices. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines, and the measures are separated by horizontal bar lines.

A musical score for "Macbeth" page 46. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in G clef, the middle staff is in F clef, and the bottom staff is in C clef. The lyrics are written below the notes. The first section of lyrics is:

- bont a bout a-bout a - - bout All
- bont a bout a-bout a - - bout All
- bont a bout a-bout a - - bout All

The second section of lyrics is:

- - bout a - - bout a-bout a-bout a - - bout a -

Continuation of the musical score for "Macbeth" page 46. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in G clef, the middle staff is in F clef, and the bottom staff is in C clef. The lyrics are written below the notes. The lyrics are:

III come running running in all
III come running running in all
III come running running in all

The final section of lyrics is:

bout all III come running running

— M A C B E T H

47

ill come running — running in all
ill come running — running in all
ill come running — running in all
in come running — running in all

good keep out all good keep out.
good keep out all good keep out.
good keep out all good keep out.
good keep out all good keep out.

The musical score consists of two systems of music, each with four staves. The top system begins with a treble clef staff, followed by three bass clef staves. The bottom system begins with a bass clef staff, followed by three treble clef staves. The music is written in common time. The first system contains a single measure of rests followed by a melodic line in the fourth staff. The second system contains a melodic line in the first staff, with harmonic support from the other staves. Measures are separated by vertical bar lines.