

# ZAMPA

DU LA FIANCÉE DE MARBRE

Musique de F. Herold

# OUVERTURE

arrangée

POUR

# LE PIANO

à deux mains.

Pr. M. 1-

avec Violon ad-lib.

Pr. M. 25.

pour 2 Pianos à 8 mains

Pr. M. 4.-

à quatre mains.

Pr. M. 9.-

à grand Orchestre

Pr. M. 25

Propriétés des éditeurs

**MAYENCE, B. SCHOTT'S SÖHNE.**

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# OUVERTURE

de l'Opéra: **ZAMPA** de HEROLD.

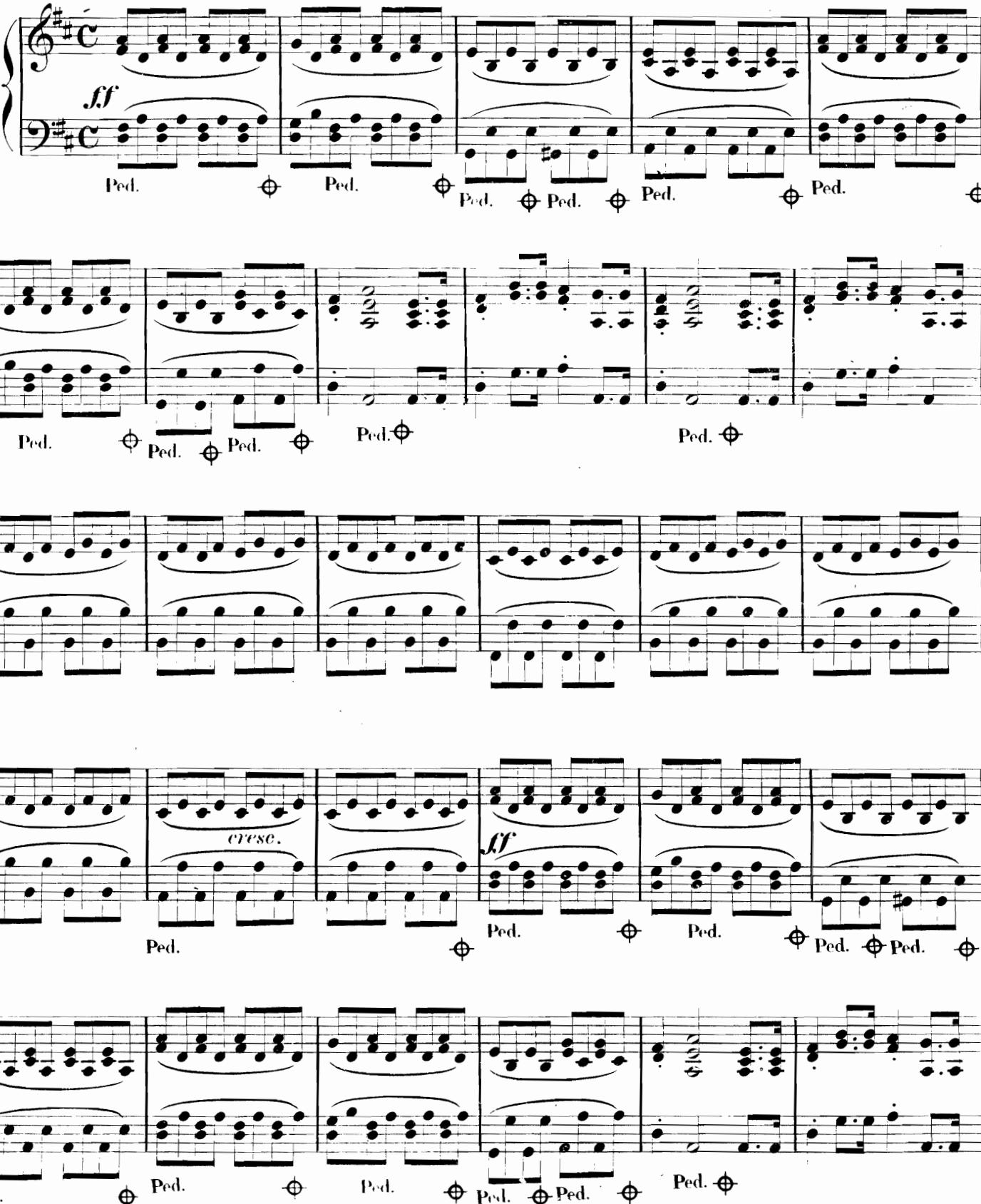
## Piano primo.

All. vivace  $\sigma = 96.$

SECONDO.

arr. par **F. LUX.**

**PIANO.**



ff

pp

cresc.

ff

Ped.  $\diamond$  Ped.  $\diamond$  Ped.  $\diamond$  Ped.  $\diamond$  Ped.  $\diamond$  Ped.  $\diamond$

# OUVERTURE.

de l'Opéra: **ZAMPA** de HEROLD.

## Piano primo.

All. vivace  $\text{d} = 96.$

PRIMO.

arr. par F. LUX.

**PIANO.**

The musical score for 'Piano primo' begins with a dynamic of **ff**. The first two staves show a continuous eighth-note pattern in common time. The third staff begins with **pp**, followed by a section where the piano plays eighth-note chords. A dynamic of **cresc.** leads to a section marked **ss**. The score continues with eighth-note patterns and chords, with the piano frequently using the sustain pedal (indicated by a circle under the Ped. label).

**Andante** ♩ = 84.

The musical score consists of six staves of organ music. The first staff uses a treble clef and a bass clef, with dynamics *pp*, *trem.*, *pp*, *pp*, *pp*, and *pp*. The second staff begins with *Piu mosso.* and *pp*, followed by *Ped.* and *trem.* The third staff starts with *cresc.*, *Ped.*, *pp*, *Ped.*, and *Pf. II.* The fourth staff features *pp*, *Ped.*, *Ped.*, *Ped.*, and *p*. The fifth staff is labeled *Poco piu mosso.* The sixth staff concludes with *Poco piu mosso.*

Andante  $\bullet = 84$ .

Andante.

Poco piu mosso.

Poco piu mosso.

## SECONDO.

*Piu mosso.*

Musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses bass clef and the bottom staff uses bass clef. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). Measures 1-6 show a continuous pattern of eighth-note chords and sustained notes. Measure 6 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

Measures 7-12 continue the pattern from the previous section. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Measure 12 concludes with a sustained note followed by a fermata.

Ped.



Measures 13-18 show a transition to a new section. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Pedal points are marked with the symbol at the end of each measure.

All. vivace.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Measures 19-24 continue the "All. vivace." section. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Pedal points are marked with the symbol at the end of each measure.

Ped.

Ped.

Measures 25-30 continue the "All. vivace." section. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Pedal points are marked with the symbol at the end of each measure.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Measures 31-36 continue the "All. vivace." section. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Pedal points are marked with the symbol at the end of each measure.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Measures 37-42 conclude the piece. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support. Pedal points are marked with the symbol at the end of each measure.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

PRIMO.  
*Piu mosso.*

7



8



Ped. Ped. Ped.

All vivace.

8



8



Ped.

Ped.

8



Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.



2

2

ff

ff

## SECONDO.



Piu lento. a Tempo.

Ped.

Piu mosso  $\text{♩} = 100$ .

*p*  
Ped. Ped. Ped.

Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped.



Più Tento.

Più Tento.

*dolce con espress.*

Tempo.

ritard.

Piu mosso  $\text{d} = 100$ .

string.

ritard. **pp**

**p**

8-----

8-----

## SECONDO.

The first section of the score consists of four staves of music for organ. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. The music is in common time. The dynamic is *pp*. Pedal points are indicated by a circle with a dot and the word "Ped." below each note. The notes are mostly eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

**Piu mosso. = 116.**

The second section begins with a dynamic of *ff*. The tempo is marked as *Piu mosso.* at 116 BPM. The music continues with the organ's bass line providing harmonic support. The dynamic changes to *pp* at the end of the section.

The final section of the score shows the organ's bass line continuing with various dynamic markings: *pp*, *ff*, and *pp* again. The bass line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes.

94661, P. I.

The image shows a page from a musical score for organ, consisting of six systems of music. The score is divided into two manuals (upper and lower) and a pedal. The key signature is mostly A major (three sharps). Measure 19 starts with a dynamic of *Ped.*, followed by *pp* and *B*. Measure 20 begins with *P. II.* and ends with *ff*. The score includes various performance instructions such as *Ped.*, *pp*, *ff*, and *Piu mosso.* The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 116$ . Measure numbers 19 and 20 are explicitly marked. The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note figures and sustained notes. Measure 20 concludes with a dynamic of *Ped.*

## SECOND.

## PRIMO

Stretto  $\text{d} = 152.$

8 -

2 9 *ff.*

Ped.

1<sup>a</sup> 9<sup>a</sup>

Ped. Ped. Ped.

8 -

8 -

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8 -

Ped.

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8 -

Ped.

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8 -

8 -

8 -

Ped.

*sf.*