

TRAUERGESANG

bey dem Tode

IOSEPH DES ZWEITEN

Für eine Stimme, mit Begleitung des Klaviers
In Musik gesetzt von

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Cum Priv. S.C.M.

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*Introduzione.**Adagio
molto.*

Handwritten musical score for 'Introduzione. Adagio molto.' The score is written on six systems of two staves each, using treble and bass clefs. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Adagio molto.' The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *dol* (dolcissimo). The score features a variety of note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The notation is elegant and characteristic of 18th or 19th-century manuscript notation.

Dynamic markings: *f*, *p*, *dol*.

A handwritten musical score on aged paper, consisting of six systems of staves. Each system contains a piano (piano) staff and a violin staff. The piano staves are written in treble clef, and the violin staves are written in treble clef. The music is in 2/4 time, indicated by the 'C' time signature. The score includes various dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *sf* (sforzando), *pp* (pianissimo), and *dol* (dolce). The notation includes eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. The paper shows signs of age, including discoloration and some wear.

Voce
Cembalo

Adagio

Trau-er herrschet in den Kayser-hallen alle Glocken tö-nen

To-des Klang alle Glocken tö-nen To-des Klang

Ach! ein Menschen va-ter ist ge-fallen Jo-seph Joseph Klagt der

Sarg ge-Sang Joseph Menschen va-ter Klagt der Sarg ge-Sang

p sf sfz

Klagt der Sarg ge-Sang To-seph Klagt der Sarg ge-Sang

p Cres f p dol

Frau-er

p Cres f sf sfz

herfchet in den Kaiser hallen al-le Glocken tö - nen To - des Klang

al-le Glocken tö - nen To - des Klang Todes Klang

Ach! ein menschen va - ter ist ge - fallen Jo - seph - Joseph klagt der Sarg ge -

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Sang Joseph menschen va-ter klagt der Sarg Ge-Sang klagt der Sarg Ge Sang

Joseph klagt der Sarg Ge-Sang To-seph klagt der Sarg Ge-Sang

Adagio
Cantabile

Menscheit! *Menscheit weih Ihm Menscheit*

dol *f* *dol* *p* *p*

deine Thränen ach! Sein Herz war gut und groß! ach Sein Herz war gut und groß,

sf *p* *sf* *f* *p*

ach Sein Herz war gut und groß *Keiner ruht von Fürsten*

p *f* *p* *p* *f* *p*

= söhnen würdi-ger in deinem Schoos keiner ruht von Fürsten-söhnen würdiger in deinem Schoos

Kei - - - ner ruht von Für - - - sten-söhnen würdiger in deinem Schoos würdi =

= ger in deinem Schoos keiner ruht von Fürsten-söhnen würdiger in deinem Schoos Keiner

Keiner Keiner ruht von Fürsten-söhnen würdiger in dei - - nem Schoos würdi-ger in

dei - - nem Schoos *all^o moderato* Er brach dir der Knechtschaft Kette für den Leib und

Geist entzwey Er - löst in der Mor - gen rö - the

Te - der Kunst die Hände frey

p p f

Strebte, alle deine Kinder gleich der Liebe einzu-weihn, Lehrte sonst ge-hast als

sf sf sf p sf f

Sünder nun mit Bruderhuld er-freun; Strebte al-le dei-ne

p sf sf

Kinder gleich der Lie - be ein - zu - - weihn lehrte sonst ge -

= haft als Sünder nun mit. Bruder - huld er - freun

lehrte sonst ge - haft als Sünder nun mit Bru - derhuld er - freun

lehr-te sonst ge-haft als Sün-der nun mit Bru-der-huld er-freun

p *Cres*

This system contains the first three staves of the musical score. The top staff is the vocal line, the middle is the right-hand piano part, and the bottom is the left-hand piano part. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The vocal line begins with a half note, followed by eighth notes, and ends with a half note. The piano parts provide harmonic support with chords and moving lines.

mit Bru-der-huld er-freun mit

This system contains the next three staves. The vocal line continues with a half note, followed by eighth notes, and ends with a half note. The piano parts continue their accompaniment.

Bru-der-huld er-freun.

p

This system contains the final three staves of the page. The vocal line concludes with a half note, followed by eighth notes, and ends with a double bar line. The piano parts conclude with a final chord and a double bar line.

*Maestoso**Parte**Seconda*

The first system of the musical score consists of two staves, treble and bass clef. The music is written in common time (C) and features a complex, rhythmic pattern with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The tempo is marked 'Maestoso'. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The system ends with a double bar line.

Recitativo

The second system of the musical score consists of two staves, treble and bass clef. The music is written in common time (C) and features a recitativo section. The tempo is marked 'Maestoso'. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The system ends with a double bar line.

Seiner Waffen Donner brauste *deinen Feinden Unter-*

gang *Stambuls Stolze Thürm umsaufte*

f sf sf sf sf

deines Rächers Feuer-drang *Stambuls Stolze Thürm umsaufte*

f sf sf sf sf

deines Rächers Feuer drang ... *deines Rächers Feuer drang*

ff

*Basso o Canto.**Aria.
Allegro.*

The musical score is written on three systems of staves. Each system consists of a treble staff and a bass staff, with a grand staff bracket on the left. The first system begins with a treble clef and a common time signature 'C'. The music is marked with a forte 'f' dynamic. The second system continues the melodic and harmonic development. The third system includes the lyrics 'Sei - - ner Waf - - fen Dön - - - ner braufte' written below the treble staff. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs, characteristic of 18th-century manuscript notation.

dei - nen Fein - den Un - - - ter - gang dei - nen Fein - den Un - - - ter =

= gang Stam - buls Stol - - - =

= - ze Thürm um - saufte dei - - nes rä - - - chers

Feu - er drang *deines rä - chers* Feu - er drang *deines rächers*

f sf f sf

Feu - er drang *Seiner Waf - fen Don - ner brauste* deinen

f sf

Fein - den un - ter - - gang *Stambuls Stol - ze Türn um - sau - ste* *deines*

sf sf sf sf

rächers Feuer drang Stambuls Stolze Thürm umsau - - Ste dei - - - nes rä - -

chers Feu - - - er Feu - - - er drang

Sei - - - ner Waffen

Don - - - ner brau - - - ste dei - - - nen Fein - - - den

Un - - - ter - - - gang Stam - buls Stol - - - ze

Turm um - sau - ste dei - - - nes rä - - - chers

The musical score is written on three systems, each with a vocal line (soprano, alto, and tenor parts) and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent, rapid sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern in the right hand, while the left hand provides a steady harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics are written in German and French, with some words in italics. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *sf* (sforzando) and *p* (piano).

Feu - - - er drang deines rä - - - chers Feu - er drang deines rä - - - chers

Feu-er drang seiner Waf-fen Don-ner brau-ste deinen Feinden

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Stambul's stolze Thürm". The score is written on three staves. The top staff contains the vocal melody with the lyrics "Un - ter gang Stambuls stolze Thürm um - sau - fte deines rächers Feuer drang Stambuls". The middle staff is a treble clef accompaniment, and the bottom staff is a bass clef accompaniment. The music is in common time (C) and features various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *sf* and *f*.

Stolze Thürm um-sau-fte dei - - nes rä - - chers Feü - - er drang Stambuls

Stolze Thürm um-sau-fte Stambuls Stolze Thürm um-sau-fte, deines rä - chers Feü - er

drang Stambuls Stolze Thürm um-sau-fte deines rä - chers Feü - er

drang dei - nes Rä - chers Feu - er drang dei - nes Rä - chers Feuer

drang.

*Andante
molto.*

dol *sf* *p*

Doch ge-biet auch deinen Zähren Sein er-habner Bruder hebt dich zum Gipfel

p *sf* *p*

aller Ehren wornach er für dich ge-strebt *Er dein Liebling auf den Throne, Leo-*

p *sf* *p*

=pold gelobt dir dieß, denn auch er nimt nur die Kro-nen dir zu baun ein Pa-ra-

=dieß denn auch er nimt nur die Krone dir zu ba - - - - - un ein

Pa-ra-dieß doch ge-biet auch deinen Zähren doch ge-

biert auch deinen Zuhren sein erhabner Bruder hebt dich zum Gipfel aller Ehren wornach

Er für dich ge-strebt Er dein Liebling auf dem Throne Le-o-pold gelobt dir

dieß denn auch er nimt nur die Krone dir zu baun ein Para-dieß Er dein Liebling auf dem

Throne Le-o-pold ge-lobt dir dieß denn auch Er nimt nur die Kro-ne dir zu

baun ein Pa-ra-dieß denn auch Er nimt nur die Krone dir zu ba - - - -

un dir zu ba - - - un ein Pa-ra dieß ein

Recit^{vo}

Pa-ra-dies *Drum so theile unter beide*

p *mf* *f*

Brüder nach Verdienften gleich, dein dank bar Herz weihe Le-opolden Jubel Lieder wie du

Joseph weiht deine Schmerz wie du Joseph weiht deinen Schmerz

Finale

*Allegro
moderato*

Tutti *Solo* *Tutti* ²⁹

Weih Leo-polden auf dem Throne weih ihm Ju-bel Ju-bel Lieder weih Leo-

polden auf dem Throne weih ihm Ju-bel Ju-bel Lieder

wie du Joseph in dem Sar-ge weihst ge-rechten ge-rechten Schmerz wie du

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Joseph in dem Sarge weihst ge rechten ge rechten Schmerz weih Leo-pol-den

auf dem Throne weih ihm Ju - bel Ju - bel Lie - der wie du Joseph in dem Sarg

wie du To - seph in dem wie du To - seph in dem Sarg

First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music includes dynamic markings such as *sf* and *p*.

Second system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music includes dynamic markings such as *f* and *p*.

Weih Leo-polden auf dem Throne weih ihm Ju-bel Ju-bel Lieder weih Leo-polden auf dem

Third system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music includes dynamic markings such as *p* and *f*.

Throne weih ihm Ju-bel Ju-bel Lieder wie du Joseph

in dem Sar-ge weihst ge-rechten ge-rechten Schmerz wie du Jo-seph in dem Sarge weihst ge-

-rechten ge-rechten Schmerz weih Leo-pol-den auf dem Thron weih ihm Ju-bel

Ju-bel Lie-der wie du Joseph deinen Schmerz deinen Schmerz weih Leo-pol-den

Ju-bel Lie-der wie du Jo-seph deinen Schmerz weih Leo-pol-den Ju-bel Lieder wie du

p f

Jo-seph deinen Schmerz wie du Jo-seph deinen Schmerz wie du Jo-seph dei-nen

p f

Schmerz wie du Jo-seph deinen Schmerz wie du Jo-seph dei-nen Schmerz ge-rechten

p Cres f

Schmerz ge-rechten Schmerz.

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It begins with a whole rest followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff is a piano accompaniment in treble clef, featuring chords and moving lines. The bottom staff is a piano accompaniment in bass clef, also with chords and moving lines. The system concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and a *dol* (dolore) marking over a final chord.

The second system of musical notation continues the piece. It features three staves. The top staff (vocal) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (piano) is in treble clef and contains chords and moving lines. The bottom staff (piano) is in bass clef and contains chords and moving lines. The system concludes with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking.

The third system of musical notation continues the piece. It features three staves. The top staff (vocal) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff (piano) is in treble clef and contains chords and moving lines. The bottom staff (piano) is in bass clef and contains chords and moving lines. The system concludes with a final chord.

