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ЛИРИЧЕСКАЯ СЮИТА

ДЛЯ ФОРТЕПИАНО

СОЧ. 32

F. BLUMENFELD
SUITE LYRIQUE

pour PIANO

OP. 32

1902
2348

Edition M. P. BELAÏEFF, Leipzig

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à Mademoiselle
TATIANA WRANGELL.

Quintet Symphonique

pour Piano

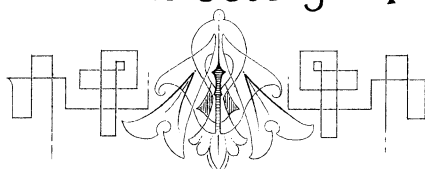
PAR

FÉLIX BLUMENFELD.

Nouvelle édition corrigée par l'auteur.

OP. 32.

Pr. $\frac{M. 2}{R. 70}$



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1902

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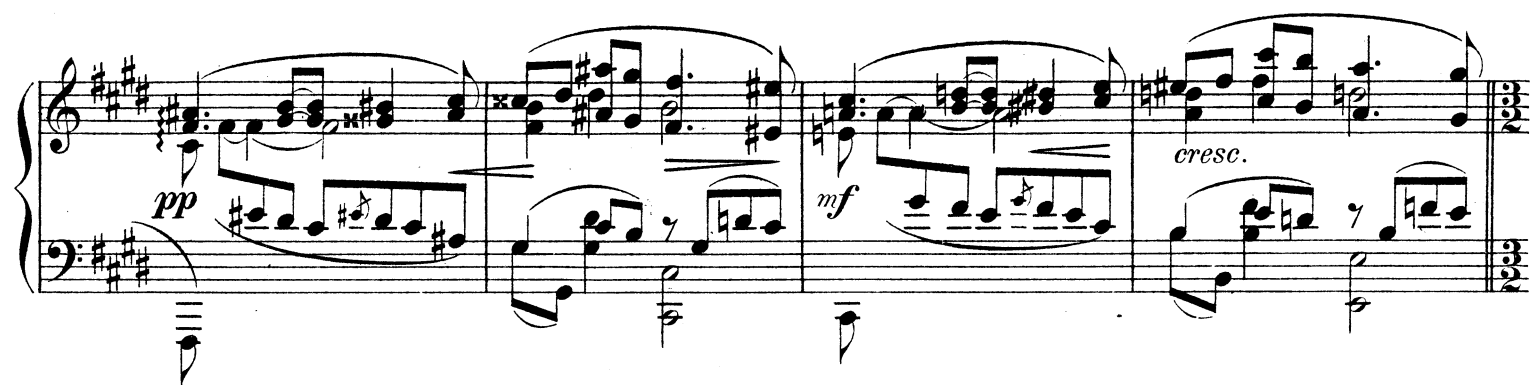
1.

Félix Blumenfeld, Op. 32.

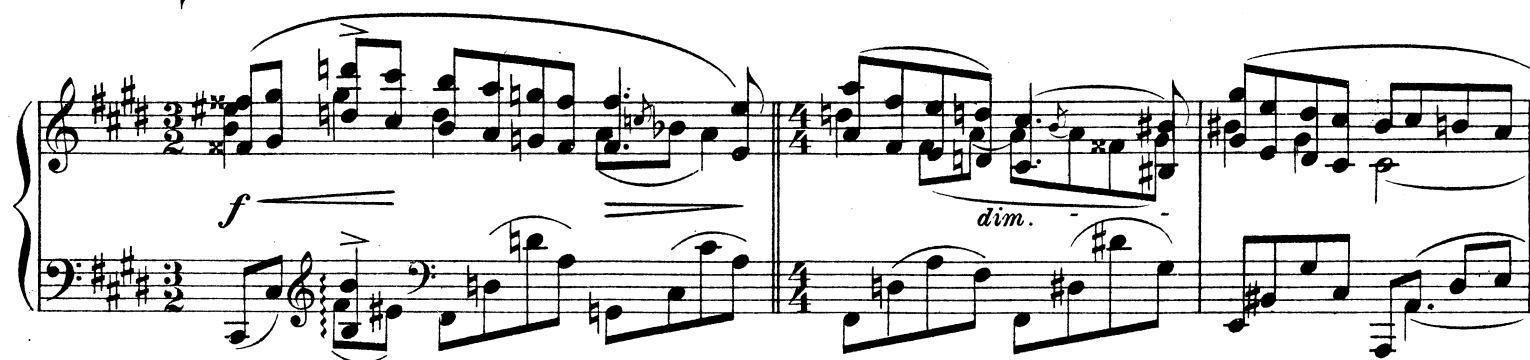
Andante mesto. $\text{♩} = 80$.

Piano.

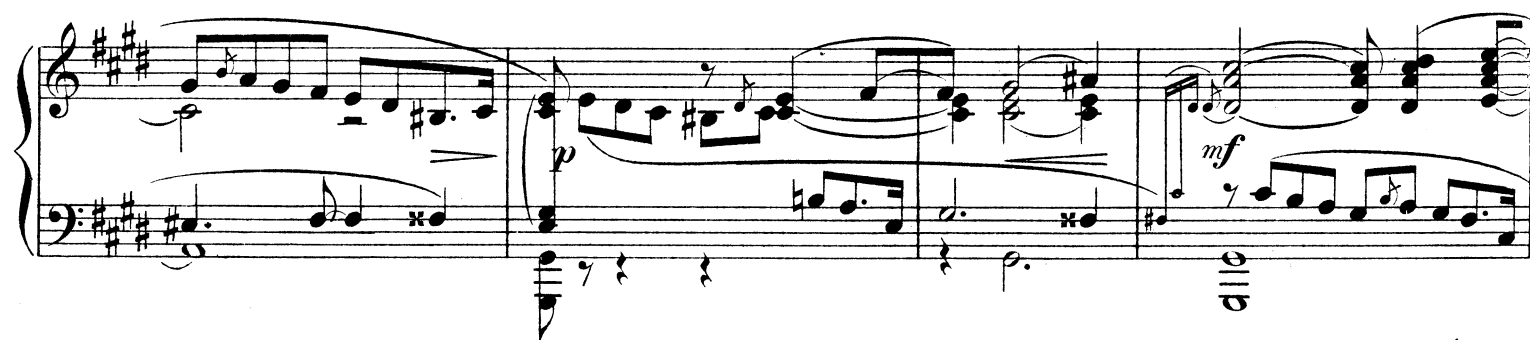
*p sempre molto legato**pp**pp**poco più f**pp**p**pp*



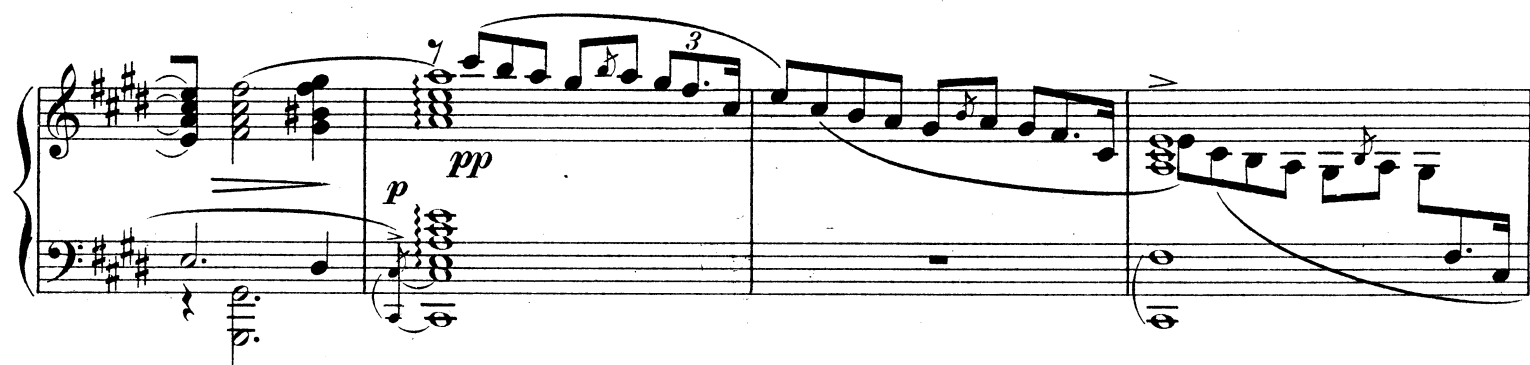
First system of musical notation. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 3/4. The music is written for piano (pp) and mezzo-forte (mf). The right hand features a complex, flowing melody with many accidentals. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *pp*, *mf*, and *cresc.*



Second system of musical notation. The key signature remains three sharps. The time signature changes to 4/4. The music is written for piano (f) and mezzo-forte (mf). The right hand continues with a complex melody. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *dim.*



Third system of musical notation. The key signature remains three sharps. The time signature is 4/4. The music is written for piano (p) and mezzo-forte (mf). The right hand continues with a complex melody. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* and *mf*.



Fourth system of musical notation. The key signature remains three sharps. The time signature is 4/4. The music is written for piano (p) and piano-piano (pp). The right hand features a complex melody with a triplet. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* and *pp*.



Fifth system of musical notation. The key signature remains three sharps. The time signature is 4/4. The music is written for piano (p) and piano-piano (pp). The right hand features a complex melody with a triplet. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *p*, *pp*, *m. g.*, and *m. d.*

2.

Andantino. ♩ = 84.

p sempre legato

pp

p

mp

p

poco agitato

cresc.

mf

cresc.

poco rit.

mf a tempo

dim.

p

This page contains six systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation is written for both the right and left hands on grand staves. The key signature consists of four sharps (F#, C#, G#, D#), and the time signature is 4/4.

The systems are marked with various dynamics and performance instructions:

- System 1:** Starts with *pp* (pianissimo) in the right hand and *p* (piano) in the left hand.
- System 2:** Features *mf cresc.* (mezzo-forte crescendo) in the right hand and *p* (piano) in the left hand.
- System 3:** Continues with *mf cresc.* in the right hand and *f* (forte) in the left hand.
- System 4:** Includes *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo) markings, along with the instruction *molto cant.* (molto cantabile) and *dim.* (diminuendo).
- System 5:** Marked with *a tempo* and includes *mp* (mezzo-piano), *dim.* (diminuendo), and *rit.* (ritardando) markings.
- System 6:** Concludes with *dim. sempre* (diminuendo sempre), *al Fine*, and ends with *ppp* (pianississimo).

3.

Presto agitato. ♩. = 168.

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time, marked "Presto agitato. ♩. = 168." The key signature has five flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat, D-flat, G-flat). The score consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef).
- The first system begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and the instruction *con fuoco*. The right hand features chords and eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment.
- The second system continues the texture, with the instruction *simile* appearing above the right hand.
- The third system includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The right hand's eighth-note patterns become more complex and rapid.
- The fourth system starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- The fifth system concludes with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic.
Throughout the piece, the left hand maintains a consistent eighth-note accompaniment, while the right hand's melody is characterized by rapid eighth-note runs and chords.



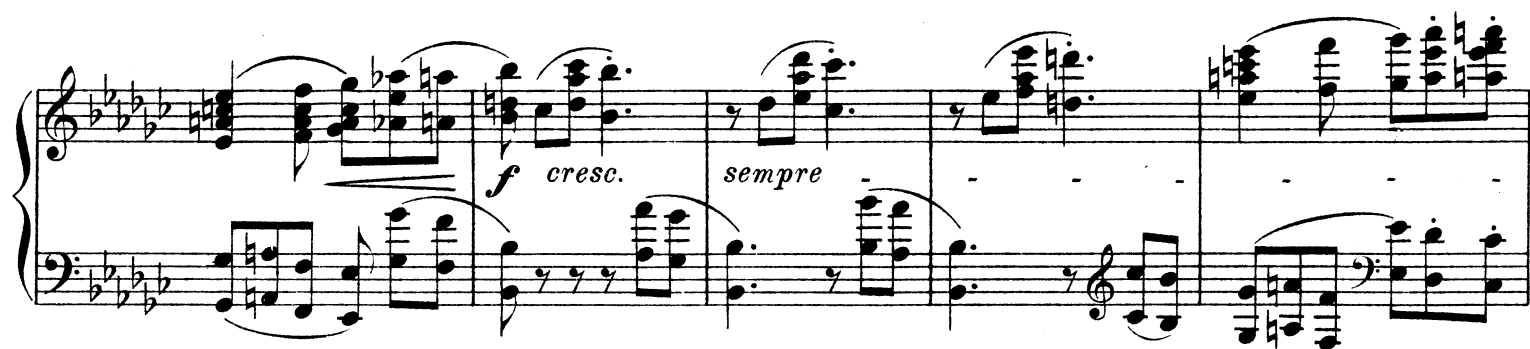
First system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, marked with *meno f* and *cresc.*. The bass staff contains a supporting line with eighth notes. The system concludes with a *f* dynamic marking.



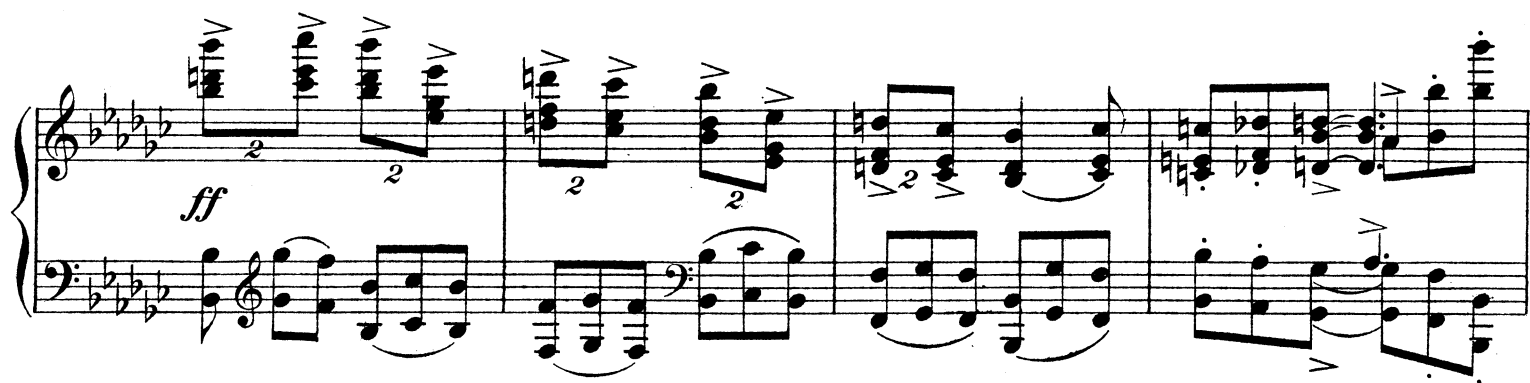
Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff features a more active line with eighth notes. A *meno f* dynamic marking appears in the middle of the system.



Third system of musical notation. The treble staff has a melodic line with some rests. The bass staff has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *mp* and *cresc.*.



Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff features dense chordal textures. The bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include *f*, *cresc.*, and *sempre*.



Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff features chords with accents and a '2' marking. The bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The system begins with a *ff* dynamic marking.

*a tempo**fff* *strepitoso**fff**f**fff**cresc.**molto**fff*

4.

Lento. $\text{♩} = 76$.

p
simile
simile
poco f
simile
dim.
p
cresc.
f
poco dim. ed espress.
p
cresc.
ed
agitato

a tempo

poco rit.

f dim.

p sempre

cresc.

f

poco stringendo

cresc.

ff

8

The musical score is written for piano on five systems of grand staves (treble and bass clef). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The first system includes the instruction *a tempo* and *poco rit.* (poco ritardando). The second system includes *p sempre* (piano sempre). The third system includes *cresc.* (crescendo). The fourth system includes *f* (forte). The fifth system includes *poco stringendo* (poco stringendo) and *ff* (fortissimo). A bracket with the number 8 is placed above the final measure of the fifth system.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass staff contains a supporting line with eighth notes. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo/mood marking *pochiss. rit.* is placed above the treble staff. The dynamic marking *dim.* is placed above the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the supporting line. The key signature remains three sharps. The tempo/mood marking *calando sempre al Fine.* is placed above the treble staff. The dynamic marking *p* is placed below the bass staff.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the supporting line. The key signature remains three sharps. The dynamic marking *pp* is placed below the bass staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the supporting line. The key signature remains three sharps. The tempo/mood marking *dim.* is placed above the bass staff. The tempo/mood marking *per -* is placed above the treble staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth notes. The bass staff contains a supporting line with eighth notes. The key signature is three sharps. The tempo/mood marking *pochiss. meno mosso cant.* is placed above the treble staff. The dynamic marking *dendosi* is placed below the bass staff. The dynamic marking *p* is placed below the bass staff. The dynamic marking *più p* is placed below the bass staff. The dynamic marking *pp* is placed below the bass staff. The tempo/mood marking *m.g.* is placed above the treble staff. The tempo/mood marking *m.d.* is placed below the bass staff.

5.

Andante. ♩ = 112 - 120.

p *amoroso ed armonioso*

mp *mf*

imitando

dim. *cant.* *p* *sonante* *mf*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for piano, consisting of four systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature is A major (four sharps: F#, C#, G#, D#) and the time signature is 6/8. The tempo is marked 'Andante' with a metronome indication of ♩ = 112 - 120. The first system begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and the instruction 'amoroso ed armonioso'. The second system features mezzo-piano (*mp*) and mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamics. The third system is marked 'imitando'. The fourth system includes 'dim.' (diminuendo), 'cant.' (cantabile), piano (*p*), 'sonante' (sonorous), and mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamics. The score is characterized by flowing sixteenth-note passages, often beamed together, and various articulations like slurs and accents. The piece concludes with a final chord in the right hand.

p *f*

poco larg.
f molto cant *p subito* *a tempo*

pp cant. *pp*

p *più p*

mp *dim.* *perdendosi* *ppp*

Musical notation for piano, featuring five systems of staves. The notation includes various dynamics (p, f, pp, mp, ppp) and tempo markings (poco larg., a tempo). The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

6.

Allegro vivo. ♩ = 132 - 138

*p sempre leggero**mf**p**poco più f*

First system of music. Treble and bass staves in G major. The first two measures are marked *f* and *con Ped.*. The next two measures are marked *mf* and *senza Ped.*. The music features eighth-note patterns in the right hand and quarter-note patterns in the left hand.

Second system of music, continuing the first system. It follows the same structure with *f* and *con Ped.* for the first two measures, and *mf* and *senza Ped.* for the next two measures.

Third system of music. The first two measures are marked *cresc.* and *f*. The next two measures are marked *dim.*. The music continues with eighth-note patterns in the right hand and quarter-note patterns in the left hand.

Fourth system of music. The first two measures are marked *p*. The next two measures are marked *cresc.*. The music features eighth-note patterns in the right hand and quarter-note patterns in the left hand. Fingering numbers 1, 2, and 3 are visible in the right hand.

Fifth system of music. The first two measures are marked *cresc.*. The next two measures are marked *8*. The music continues with eighth-note patterns in the right hand and quarter-note patterns in the left hand. Fingering numbers 1, 2, and 3 are visible in the right hand.

This page of musical notation consists of five systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

System 1: The first system begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes in both hands, with a large slur spanning across the measures. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 5) are indicated above certain notes.

System 2: The second system continues the melodic and harmonic development with similar rhythmic patterns and slurs.

System 3: The third system introduces a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic marking, followed by a mezzo-piano (*mp*) marking, and concludes with a *dim. al Fine.* instruction.

System 4: The fourth system features a piano-piano (*pp*) dynamic marking and continues the melodic lines with slurs.

System 5: The fifth system begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking, followed by a *dim.* (diminuendo) instruction, and ends with a pianissimo (*ppp*) marking. It includes a final flourish with a slur and a repeat sign.

7.

Lento disperato. ♩ = 60.

m.s. *f* e pesante

ben ten. sempre il Ped.

*ff**ff**ff**ff**dimin.*

This page of musical notation consists of four systems, each with three staves: a treble staff, a bass staff, and a grand staff. The key signature is A major (three sharps) and the time signature is 3/4. The notation includes various musical elements such as chords, arpeggios, triplets, and dynamic markings.

System 1: The first system begins with a treble staff containing a complex chordal texture. The bass staff has a single note. The grand staff has a single note. Dynamics include *mp* and *mf*. A *cresc.* marking is present in the bass staff.

System 2: The second system features a treble staff with a triplet of eighth notes. The bass staff has a single note. The grand staff has a single note. Dynamics include *f* and *p*. A *cresc.* marking is present in the bass staff.

System 3: The third system features a treble staff with a triplet of eighth notes. The bass staff has a single note. The grand staff has a single note. Dynamics include *p* and *cresc.*. A *p* marking is present in the bass staff.

System 4: The fourth system features a treble staff with a triplet of eighth notes. The bass staff has a single note. The grand staff has a single note. Dynamics include *f*, *dim.*, *p*, and *cresc.*. A *p* marking is present in the bass staff.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The music features complex chordal textures with many accidentals. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The system concludes with a double bar line.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The music continues with dense chordal patterns. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The system concludes with a double bar line.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The music features triplet markings (3) over certain notes. Dynamics include *fff* (fortississimo), *meno f* (less forte), *dim.* (diminuendo), and *sempre* (always). The system concludes with a double bar line.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. The music features dense chordal textures. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The system concludes with a double bar line.

8.

Lento, mesto. $\text{♩} = 60$, poco rubato.

The musical score is written for piano in 4/4 time, key of B-flat major (three flats). It consists of five systems of two staves each. The tempo and mood are marked 'Lento, mesto. ♩ = 60, poco rubato.' The first system begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and 'espr. molto' (expressive) marking. The melody in the right hand features triplet eighth notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The second system continues this texture with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The third system introduces a 'poco *f*' (poco forte) dynamic and includes a 'poco pesante' (poco pesante) marking at the end. The fourth system features a 'più *f*' (più forte) dynamic and a 'pp' (pianissimo) marking. The fifth system concludes the passage with a final melodic flourish in the right hand and a sustained accompaniment in the left hand.

First system of musical notation. The treble and bass staves are connected by a brace on the left. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The first measure is marked *f dispereto*. The second measure is marked *mp*. The music consists of chords and single notes, with some notes beamed together.

Second system of musical notation. The first measure is marked *f*. The second measure is marked *dim. poco a poco*. The music continues with chords and single notes, showing a gradual decrease in volume.

Third system of musical notation. The first measure is marked *mp supplicante*. The second measure is marked *p*. The music continues with chords and single notes, showing a decrease in volume.

Fourth system of musical notation. The first measure is marked *cresc.*. The second measure is marked *ff*. The third measure is marked *mf*. The music continues with chords and single notes, showing a gradual increase in volume.

Fifth system of musical notation. The first measure is marked *ff*. The second measure is marked *p*. The third measure is marked *ppp*. The fourth measure is marked *m.g.* and *m.d.*. The music continues with chords and single notes, showing a decrease in volume.

9.

Andante. ♩ = 76
tranquillo

The musical score is written for piano in a key of three flats (B-flat major or D-flat minor). It consists of five systems of two staves each. The first system is in 4/4 time, marked 'Andante. ♩ = 76' and '*tranquillo*'. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second system continues in 4/4 time. The third system features a change to 3/4 time, marked '*rit. pochiss.*' (ritardando, very little), followed by a return to 4/4 time marked '*a tempo*'. Dynamics include *p* and '*poco 3 crescendo*'. The fourth system continues in 4/4 time, with dynamics *mp*, *f*, and *dim.* (diminuendo). The fifth system changes to 3/4 time, marked '*poco larg.*' (poco larghetto), and includes dynamics *cresc.*, *mf*, and '*cresc. molto*'. The score is numbered 2348 at the bottom.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. Treble and bass staves in 4/4 time, key of B-flat major. Measure 1 has a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure 4 has a 7-measure rest in the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Treble and bass staves in 4/4 time. Measure 5 has a *più f* dynamic. Measure 6 has a triplet of eighth notes in the treble staff. Measure 7 has a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. Measure 8 has a forte (*f*) dynamic and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Treble and bass staves in 4/4 time. Measure 9 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 10 has a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. Measure 11 has a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic and a *pesante* (heavy) marking. Measure 12 has a forte (*f*) dynamic and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. Treble and bass staves in 4/4 time. Measure 13 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 14 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 15 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 16 has a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. Treble and bass staves in 4/4 time. Measure 17 has a *sempre dim. al Fine.* (always diminuendo to the end) marking. Measure 18 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 19 has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 20 has a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *Red.* (Reduction) marking.

Compositions pour Piano

publiées par

M. P. Belaïeff à Leipzig.

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No. 4. Improptu.	—60	—25

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No. 1. Valse. Sol ♭.	1.—	—35
No. 2. Etude.	—80	—30

Op. 12. Nocturne.	—80	—30
Op. 13. Improptu et Valse. Complet.	1.20	—45
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No. 3. La.	—60	—25

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Op. 12. 4 Préludes. Complet.	1.60	—60
Séparément.		
No. 1. en Sol.	—60	—25
No. 2. en Mi.	—60	—25
No. 3. en Ut ♯.	—60	—25
No. 4. en Ré.	—40	—15

Op. 13. 2 Improptus. Complet.	1.80	—65
Séparément.		
No. 1. La ♭.	1.40	—50
No. 2. Sol ♭.	—80	—30

Op. 14. Sur mer. Etude.	1.60	—60
Op. 16. Valse-Improptu.	1.60	—60
Op. 17. Préludes.		

Cahier I. Complet.	2.—	—70
Séparément.		
No. 1. Ut.	—40	—15
No. 2. la.	—80	—30
No. 3. Sol.	—40	—15
No. 4. mi.	—80	—30
No. 5. Ré.	—80	—30
No. 6. si.	—60	—25

Cahier II. Complet.	2.—	—70
Séparément.		
No. 7. La.	—80	—30
No. 8. fa ♯.	—40	—15
No. 9. Mi.	—40	—15
No. 10. ut ♯.	—40	—15
No. 11. Si.	—60	—25
No. 12. sol ♯.	—80	—30

Cahier III. Complet.	2.—	—70
Séparément.		
No. 13. Fa ♯.	—60	—25
No. 14. mi ♭.	—40	—15
No. 15. Ré ♭.	—80	—30
No. 16. si ♭.	—60	—25
No. 17. La ♭.	—60	—25
No. 18. (Memento mori.) fa.	—60	—25

Félix Blumenfeld.

	M.	R.
Op. 17. Préludes.		
Cahier IV. Complet.	2.—	—70
Séparément.		
No. 19. Mi ♭.	—60	—25
No. 20. ut.	—60	—25
No. 21. Si ♭.	—60	—25
No. 22. sol.	—60	—25
No. 23. Fa.	—60	—25
No. 24. ré.	—60	—25

Op. 20. Nocturne-Fantaisie en Mi.	1.40	—50
Op. 21. 3 Morceaux. Complet.	1.60	—60
Séparément.		
No. 1. Moment de désespoir.	—60	—25
No. 2. Le soir.	—60	—25
No. 3. Une course.	1.—	—35

Op. 22. 2 Morceaux.		
No. 1. Mazurka (en La ♭).	—80	—30
No. 2. Valse brillante (en Si).	1.40	—50
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No. 2. Ala Mazurka (Kujawiak).	—80	—30
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No. 4. Mazurka (Mazurek).	—80	—30

Op. 24. Etude de concert en fa ♯.	1.40	—50
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Séparément.		
No. 1. sol.	1.20	—45
No. 2. mi ♭.	1.20	—45

Op. 27. 10 Moments lyriques.		
Cahier I. No. 1. Mi ♭. No. 2. Sol ♯. No. 3. Si. No. 4. Mi. No. 5. Sol.	1.40	—50
Cahier II. No. 6. Ré. No. 7. Sol. No. 8. Mi ♭. No. 9. Do. No. 10. Fa.	1.40	—50

Op. 28. Improptu (en Si).	1.—	—35
Op. 29. 2 Etudes. Complet.	1.40	—50
Séparément.		
No. 1. en Ré.	—80	—30
No. 2. en La.	—80	—30

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No. 3. Mazourka.	1.—	—35
No. 4. Polonaise.	1.40	—50

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Op. 33. 2 Fragments caractéristiques.	—80	—30
Op. 34. Ballade (en forme de Variations).	1.60	—60
Op. 35. 3 Mazourkas. Complet.	1.40	—50
Séparément.		
No. 1. en La ♭.	—80	—30
No. 2. en do.	—60	—25
No. 3. en Mi ♭.	—60	—25

Compositions pour Piano

publiées par

M. P. Belaïeff à Leipzig.

A. Kopylow.

	A.	R.
Op. 3. 2 Mazurkas. Complet	1.60	— .60
Séparément.		
No. 1. mi	— .80	— .30
No. 2. sol	— .80	— .30
Op. 6. Valse	— .80	— .30
Op. 8. Mazurka	1.60	— .60
Op. 9. Etude	1.20	— .45
Op. 12. 3 Fugues. Complet	1.60	— .60
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No. 2. ré	— .60	— .25
No. 3. si	— .60	— .25
Op. 18. 4 petits Morceaux. Complet	1.60	— .60
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No. 2. Sol	— .40	— .15
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No. 2. ré	— .40	— .15
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Séparément.		
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No. 3. La	— .80	— .30
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	A.	R.
Op. 10. 2 Improptus. Complet	1.40	— .50
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Op. 14. 2 Improptus. Complet	1.20	— .45
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Séparément.		
No. 1. Si	— .60	— .25
No. 2. fa ♯	— .60	— .25

Op. 15. 5 Préludes	1.40	— .50
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Op. 16. 5 Préludes	1.40	— .50
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