

E. 40.

THE
MELOGRAPHICON:

A
New Musical Work,
BY WHICH
AN INTERMINABLE NUMBER

OF
M E L O D I E S

MAY BE PRODUCED,
AND YOUNG PEOPLE WHO HAVE A TASTE FOR POETRY
ENABLED
To Set their Verses to Music
FOR THE
VOICE AND PIANO-FORTE,
WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF
A SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE OF THE ART.

Entered at Stationer's Hall.

Price ONE GUINEA complete.

LONDON:

PUBLISHED BY CLEMENTI AND CO. 26, CHEAPSIDE;
AND
T. LINDSAY, 217, REGENT-STREET.



YARMOUTH :

PRINTED BY CHARLES SLOMAN,
KING-STREET.

TO THE READER.

IT must be apparent to every one, possessing even a superficial knowledge of the subject, that the various number of feet employed in the construction of Lyric Poetry, demand a corresponding Rythm in the Music with which they are to be combined: and therefore, in presenting the public with a work of so novel a nature as the MELOGRAPHICON, the publishers consider it necessary to premise, that the Music to be produced by it is not applicable to *every* description of verse.

The most usual and useful metres have therefore been selected.

In constructing the Music, the difficulties with which the author had to contend, from the complex nature of the work in which he was engaged, will be readily conceived; and any errors which may have escaped his detection will, it is trusted, be viewed with that indulgence to which every first effort at novelty is entitled.

To such as are wholly ignorant of Musical Theory and Composition, but who, nevertheless, have a taste for Poetry and Music, the MELOGRAPHICON, it is presumed, cannot fail to be acceptable; and although it may furnish occasional ideas even to those who possess scientific knowledge, (for many of the passages are selected from the works of the most classic authors,) yet it is by no means addressed to the Musical Profession, who are desired to consider the work rather as an amusement for the Amateur, than as an assistance to the Professor.

As a work of Art, the MYRIORAMA has no great pretensions, but the same endless variety which that ingenious contrivance displays in Pictorial Effect, the MELOGRAPHICON will be found to produce in its combined application to Music and Poetry.

It was at first intended to have published the musical part in duplicate, with the view of affording the purchaser an opportunity of dividing one copy into Cards, as mentioned at page xi; but this would have rendered the work too expensive for general circulation, and therefore the idea was abandoned. Extra copies, however, may be had separately, printed for this purpose, on one side only, at *Five Shillings* each metre.

PREFATORY REMARKS.

OF THE IAMBICS.

THE IAMBIC FOOT consists of two syllables, of which the first is short and the second long; or, according to the musical term, the first unaccented and the second accented.

The **MEASURE** consists of two lines of four syllables each, with an alternate one of six, seven, or eight.

These are adapted to a great variety of subjects: but of whatever nature the subject may be, the verses should be easy, natural, and flowing, in order that the Poetry may agreeably harmonize with the Music.

In writing verses for the **MELOGRAPHICON**, it is requisite that the **METRE** be strictly attended to, as any irregularity in that respect will interrupt the equal and smooth progress of the **MELODY**.

The following is an example of two lines of four, with an alternate line of six syllables:

We'll rove around
 The shady ground,
 And cull each flow'ry, sweet,
 Or up the hill,
 Or by the rill,
 Where chrystal waters meet.

The following Stanza by MOORE, has the alternate line of seven syllables :

Let's wreath the bowl
With flow'rs of soul,
The brightest wit can find us;
We'll take a flight
Tow'rds Heav'n to-night,
And leave dull earth behind us.

The alternate line of eight syllables may also be used :

The bards of old
Have truly told,
That 'tis not life to breathe the air,
But blithe and free,
With souls of glee,
To drink the glass that's free from care.

Each verse should consist of twelve lines; but in case of six lines only, the first three, as well as the last three, must be repeated. Two Musical Specimens of this metre are given at pages 2 and 4.

THE IAMBIC,
OF
EIGHT AND SIX SYLLABLES,
IS IN THE
STYLE OF THE PASTORAL.

“ THIS species of Poetry,” it has been observed, “ when happily executed, pleases, because innocence and simplicity

always please; and the scenes are generally laid in the country, where every thing is charming. The style ought to be humble, yet pure; neat, but not florid; easy, yet lively; and the numbers smooth."

This measure, however, is not entirely confined to Pastoral Poetry, but may be applied to various subjects. "Had I a Heart to falsehood framed," and MOORE's ballad "My Heart and Lute," are both examples, as is also the following:

Oh! share my cottage, gentle maid,
It only waits for thee,
To give a sweetness to its shade,
And happiness to me.

Another specimen follows, from MR. W. F. COLLARD's ballad, beginning

Awake, O sleeper sweet, awake!
It is thy mother's voice;
Ope, ope thy cherub eyes and make
Her throbbing heart rejoice.

Each verse should consist of eight lines; but if only six, then the two last lines must be repeated.—*See Music composed from the MELOGRAPHICON*, page 6.



OF THE ANAPESTIC.

THE ANAPEST is formed of three syllables, of which the first and second are short, or unaccented, and the third long, or accented.

ANAPESTIC POETRY, for the MELOGRAPHICON, should be constructed of couplets, each line embracing twelve syllables; but if one or both lines contain only eleven, then the first two syllables must form SPONDEES at the beginning of every line, and the two quavers must, in this case, be tied together.

A variety of subjects may be treated in this species of verse. The following lines are selected from MOORE's beautiful ballad, "The Meeting of the Waters:"

There is not in the wide world a valley so sweet,
As that vale in whose bosom the bright waters meet;
Oh! the last ray of feeling and life must depart,
Ere the bloom of that valley shall fade from my heart!

Stanzas of this measure should consist either of six or of four lines: if six, the second line only is to be repeated; if four, then the second and also the last two lines must be repeated.—See *Musical Example*, page 8.

ANNAPESTIC VERSE may also be written in lines of only six syllables each, with alternate rhymes: for instance,

At the close of the day
When the hamlet is still,
And the flocks glide away
To the murmuring rill.

OF THE TRNCHAIC.

THE TROCHEE is a foot of two syllables, of which the former is long, and the latter short.

TROCHAIC VERSES are formed of eight and seven syllables alternately.

As the music of the preceding metres is of a sprightly character, the author has, for the sake of variety, constructed the **TROCHAIC** of the pensive kind, although a lively style *might* have been adopted with equal propriety.

The celebrated “Farewell,” of **LORD BYRON**, aptly furnishes a specimen:

Fare thee well! and if for ever,
 Still for ever, fare thee well!
 E'en though unforgiving, never
 'Gainst thee shall my heart rebel.

Each verse should consist of eight lines; but, if six only, then the last two lines must be repeated.—*See Example of Music*, page 10.

OF THE DACTYLIC.

THE DACTYL is a foot of three syllables, the first being long, and the two latter short.

If **DACTYLIC VERSES** be composed of alternate lines of twelve and ten syllables, they may be set to music taken from the **ANAPESTIC MELOGRAPHICON**, according

to very simple rules, which will be given hereafter: but the *time* must move according to the character of the words.

If an additional MELOGRAPHICON had been constructed for the DACTYLIC MEASURE, the music would have proved monotonous, except, indeed, one of these metres had been set in the time of $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{8}$; but in this case, the long syllable would have been shortened of its pristine measure. For this reason, therefore, the author has at present omitted to treat the DACTYLIC METRE as a distinct article.

TO COMPOSE FROM THE MELOGRAPHICON.

To compose or set a song to music: first take any bar from letter A, and write it down *; next, choose any one from letter B; thus proceeding in alphabetical order to the last letter, which concludes the symphony.

Write your words underneath the melody, one syllable to each separate note, or to every two or more notes tied together: the song is then complete.

It is not pretended that *every* air, thus fortuitously put together, will please in all its parts; but a very few experiments will convince the most incredulous that a great variety of pleasing melodies may be composed from the MELOGRAPHICON; as, indeed, may be seen by the specimens given with the work.

* The use of a Music-Slate is recommended as most convenient for this purpose.

It will readily suggest itself to the reader, that when any particular bar does not suit the character of the air, or words, another should be tried; for, as every individual bar is, in itself, capable of twelve changes, it must be apparent that every objectionable passage has thus, by substitution, eleven chances of improvement.

When two or more notes are given in the melody, choose that progression which most agreeably unites with the bar that follows.

When double copies of the music* are purchased, the duplicate pages are intended each to be cut into twelve cards, conformably with the lines which divide the plates, carefully observing to keep the cards of each letter together. By means of these cards, the bars may be changed until the air is perfect, without the trouble of writing them down.

Cards marked with the same letter, belong to the same division, the letter merely indicating the packet to which the card belongs. The cypher determines which of the twelve cards has been chosen to form the song.

As the cards drawn depend entirely on chance, if the first air thus casually thrown together should please, the music should either be immediately copied, or else the letters and figures of the cards (which may aptly be called the *Melographic Short-Hand*) must be written down, as there is scarcely the least probability of the same melody ever occurring again, when once the cards have been mixed together.

* On this subject, vide page iv.

TO COMPOSE FOR DACTYLIC VERSES

FROM THE
ANAPESTIC MELOGRAPHICON.

Omit the two first quavers, or starting notes, and begin with the full bar; change the twelfth note, or crotchet, into two quavers, and the next two quavers into a crotchet; again, omit the last two quavers in the bar, letter D, and the first part of the air is complete. Proceed with the second in a similar manner.

From such a stock of materials, it will easily be perceived that an almost endless variety of melodies may be produced; but the author will not trouble his readers with a vain and useless calculation of their number. It is sufficient to observe, that the major part of the bars which constitute the work are selected from the writings of first-rate musicians, such as HAYDN, MOZART, WEBER, ROSSINI, &c., whenever the author could find them suited to his purpose: these, together with connecting bars of his own composing, have been shaped with great labour and attention to the rhythm of the various measures; and as he believes this to be the first work, professing the same objects, which has ever been submitted to public patronage, the author has only to hope, that his humble efforts to amuse the lovers of poetry and music, may be found worthy of their approbation.

A few
MUSICAL SPECIMENS

Composed from the
Four different Metres
of
THE MELOGRAPHICON.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price

London Published by Clementi & Co. 20. New Bond Street
and T. Lindsay, 217. Regent Street.

IAMBIC METRE,

of two fours and Seven Syllables.

with Animation.

The Gob = let fill, Dull care to kill, And

ban = ish grief and sadness; For mighty wine, With

pow'r divine, Oft moves the soul to gladness. Tis

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line is in soprano C-clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass F-clef. The score consists of three systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic of p and contains lyrics: "not in books, Or sa-ges' looks, We find relief from". The second system begins with a dynamic of f and contains lyrics: "sorrow, So gai-ly pass The sparkling glass, Well". The third system concludes with lyrics: "part but with the morrow.". The piano part includes various chords and bass notes, with some markings like f and $\#$.

IAMBIC METRE,
of 8 and 6, and two fours and Six.

(Transposed from the Original Key of C.)

Allegretto.

As-sist me, all ye tune-ful bards, O!

lend me all your skill, In choicest lays, That

I may praise, Sweet Chlo-e of the Hill. How

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and bass clef, with lyrics in italics. The piano part is in bass clef. The score consists of four systems of music, each starting with a treble clef. The lyrics are as follows:

gay the glitt'ring beam of morn, That gilds the chrystral
rill, But far more bright Than morning light, Shines
Chlo - e of the Hill.

IAMBIC METRE,

of Eight and Six Syllables, alternately.

Andante.

Sing on, sweet bird, the dew-y night, Drops

The musical score continues for three voices. The Soprano part begins with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The Alto part follows with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The Bass part enters with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The vocal parts continue with eighth notes and sixteenth-note patterns. A dynamic marking p/p is placed above the Bass staff.

tears of joy the while; Thy notes are soft as

The musical score continues for three voices. The Soprano part begins with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The Alto part follows with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The Bass part enters with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The vocal parts continue with eighth notes and sixteenth-note patterns. A dynamic marking p/p is placed above the Bass staff. A crescendo mark h is placed above the Soprano staff.

beams of light, That play on beauty's smile. The

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The music is in G major, common time. The vocal line is in soprano C-clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass F-clef. The score consists of four systems of music, each with two staves. The lyrics are written below the vocal line in a cursive hand.

charmed air Dissolves in sighs, Fresh o-dours breath ea-

round, The stars expand their sil-ver eyes With

joy to hear the sound.

T H E A N A P E S T,
of Twelve Syllables, or Twelve and Eleven.

Allegretto.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time, key signature of two flats. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, and the third an alto clef. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is: "O the Ev'ning was charming and light thro' the trees, Play'd the sun=shine and rain=drops, the birds and the breeze; Play'd the sunshine and rain=drops, the birds and the breeze; For the Queen of the Spring as she". The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some sustained notes and rests.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of four systems of music, each with two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is mostly B-flat major (two flats), with some changes in the third system. The time signature varies between common time and 6/8. The vocal line is in black ink, and the piano accompaniment is in brown ink. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The score includes dynamic markings like 'ad lib.', '8va ad lib.', 'pp', and 'f'. The page number '9' is at the top right.

ad lib:

pass'd thro' the vale, Left her robe on the trees and her
8va ad lib.

breath on the gale; And the smile of her promise gave

/p/p

joy to the hours, And flush in her foot-steps sprang

her = bage and flow'r's.

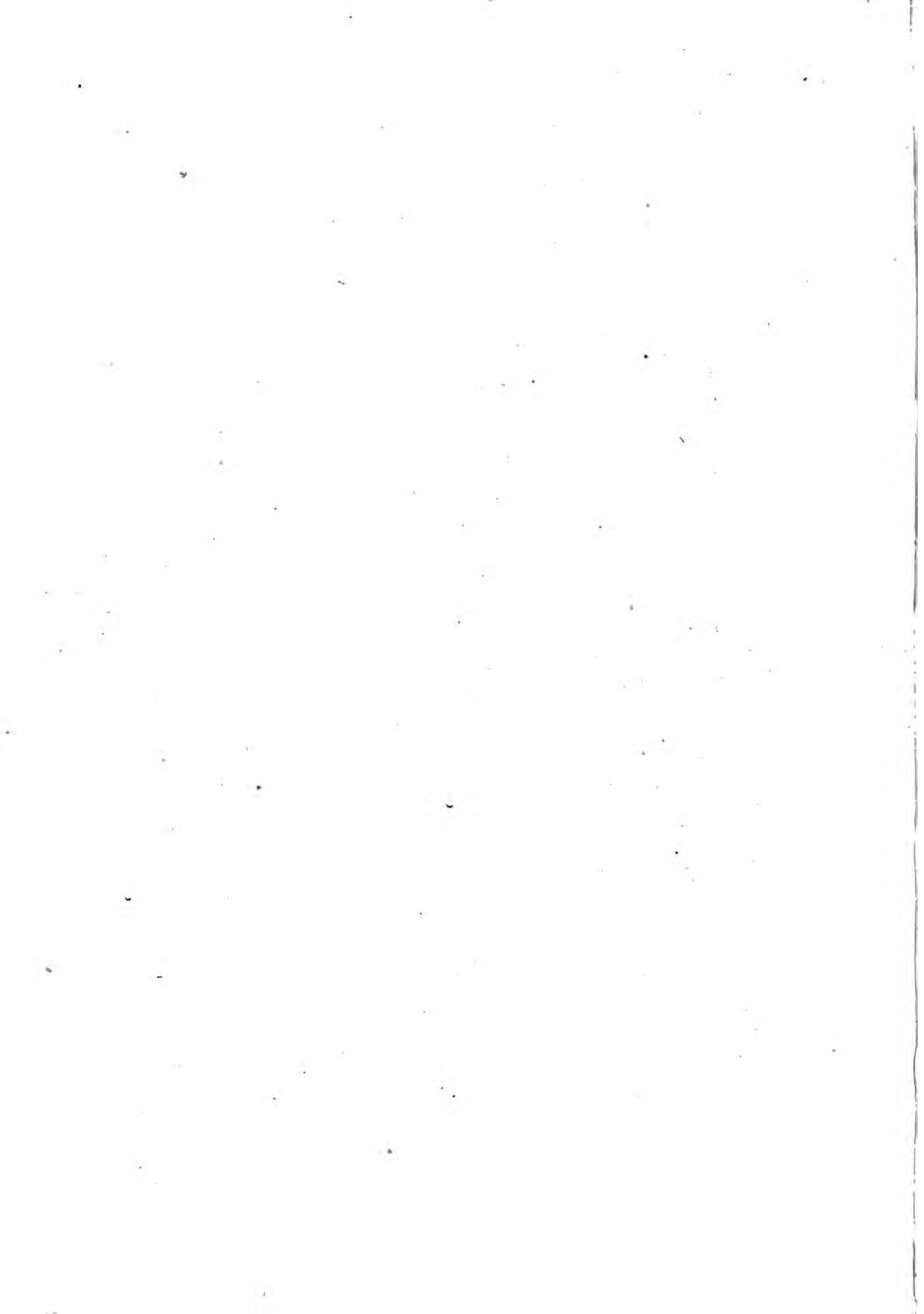
f

TROCHAIC METRE,
of Eight and Seven Syllables alternately.

*Slow
and with feeling.*

Fare thee well! and if for ev-er, Still for
 ev = er, fare thee well! E'en tho' un = for-giv = ing,
 ne = ver 'Gainst thee shall my heart rebel. Would that

breast were bared be-fore thee, Where thy head so oft hath
lain, While that placid sleep came o'er thee, Which thou
ne'er canst know a-gain!



The
LAMBIC METRE
of
TWO LINES OF FOUR,
with
AN ALTERNATE ONE
of
SIX, SEVEN, OR EIGHT
Syllables.

Melographicon.

LONDON,
Published by T. LINDSAY, 217, Regent Street,
and CLEMENTI & CO 26, Cheapside.

IAMBICS**OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.****A.1.****A.2.****A.3.****A.4.****A.5.****A.6.**

IAMBICS

13

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

A.7.



A.8.



A.9.



A.10.



A.11.



A.12.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7 or 8.

B. 13.**B. 15.****B. 17.****B. 14.****B. 16.****B. 18.**

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

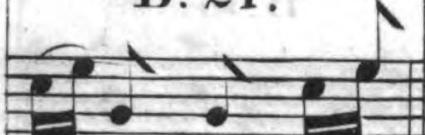
B. 19.



B. 20.



B. 21.



B. 22.



B. 23.



B. 24.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

<p style="text-align: center;">C.25.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">C.26.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">C.27.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">C.28.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">C.29.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">C.30.</p>

IAMBICUS

17

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

C.31.



C.32.



C.33.



C.34.



C.35.



C.36.



IAMEICS
OF TWO FOUPS AND 6, 7, or 8.

D. 37.**D. 38.****D. 39.****D. 40.****D. 41.****D. 42.**

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

D. 43.



D. 44.



D. 45.



D. 46.



D. 47.



D. 48.



LAMEICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

E. 49.



E. 50.



E. 51.



E. 52.



E. 53.



E. 54.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

E. 55.



E. 56.



E. 57.



E. 58.



E. 59.



E. 60.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

F. 61.



F. 62.



F. 63.



F. 64.



F. 65.



F. 66.



IAMBICS

23

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

F. 67.



F. 68.



F. 69.



F. 70.



F. 71.



F. 72.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

G.73.



G.74.



G.75.



G.76.



G.77.



G.78.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

G.79.



G.80.



G.81.



G.82.



G.83.



G.84.



TAMBIOS

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

H.85.



H.86.



H.87.

Or thus



H.88.



H.89.

Or thus



H.90.



IAMBICS

27

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

H.91.



H.92.



H.93.



H.94.



H.95.
Or thus



H.96.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

I.97.**I.98.****I.99.****I.100.****I.101.****I.102.**

IAMBICS

29

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

I.103.



I.104.



I.105.



I.106.



I.107.



I.108.



IAMBICS

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

K. 109.**K. 110.****K. III.****K. 112.****K. 113.****K. 114.**

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

K. 115.



K. 116.



K. 117.



K. 118



K. 119.



K. 120.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

<p style="text-align: center;">L.121.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.122.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">L.123.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.124.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">L.125.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.126.</p> 

IAMBICUS

33

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

L.127.



L.128.



L.129.



L.130.



L.131.



L.132.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

M.133.



M.134.



M.135.



M.136.



M.137.



M.138.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

35

M.139.



M.140.



M.141.



M.142.



M.143.



M.144.



LAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

N. 145.



N. 146.



N. 147.



N. 148.



N. 149.



N. 150.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

N.151.



N.152.



N.153.



N.154.



N.155.



N.156.



IAMBICS

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

O. 157.



O. 158.



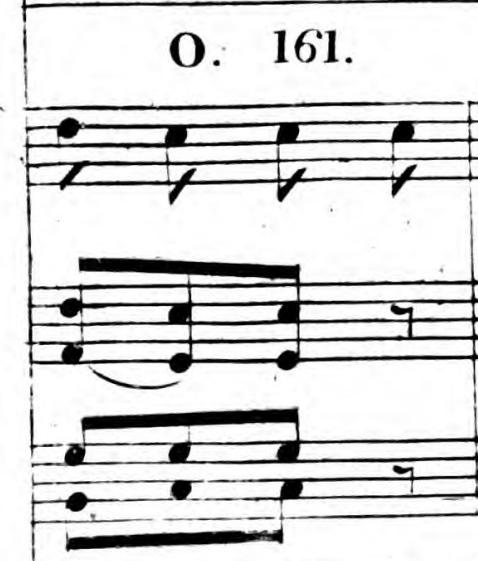
O. 159.



O. 160.



O. 161.



O. 162.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

O. 163.



O. 164.



O. 165.



O. 166.



O. 167.



O. 168.



IAMBICS

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

P. 169.



P. 170.



P. 171.



P. 172.



P. 173.



P. 174.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, OR 8.

P.175.



P.176.



P.177.



P.178.



P.179.



P.180.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

<p style="text-align: center;">Q.181.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Q.182.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">Q.183.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Q.184.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">Q.185.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Q.186.</p> 

IAMBICUS

43

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

Q.187.



Q.188.



Q.189.



Q.190.



Q.191.



Q.192.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

R.193.



R.194.



R.195.



R.196.



R.197.



R.198.



IAMBUS

45

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

R.199.



R.200.



R.201.



R.202.



R.203.



R.204.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

S. 205.



S. 206.



S. 207.



S. 208.



S. 209.



S. 210.



OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

S. 211.



S. 212.



S. 213.



S. 214.



S. 215.



S. 216.



IAMBICS

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, OR 8.

T . 217.**T . 218.****T . 219.****T . 220.****T . 221.****T . 222.**

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

T. 223.



T. 224.



T. 225.



T. 226.



T. 227.



T. 228.



IAMBICS
OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

V.229.



V.230.



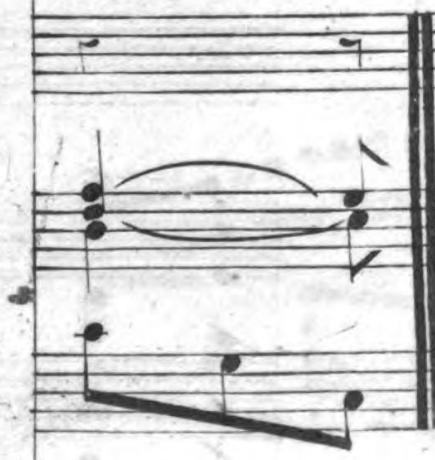
V.231.



V.232.



V.233.



V.234.



IAMBICS

51

OF TWO FOURS AND 6, 7, or 8.

V.235.



V.236.



V.237.



V.238.

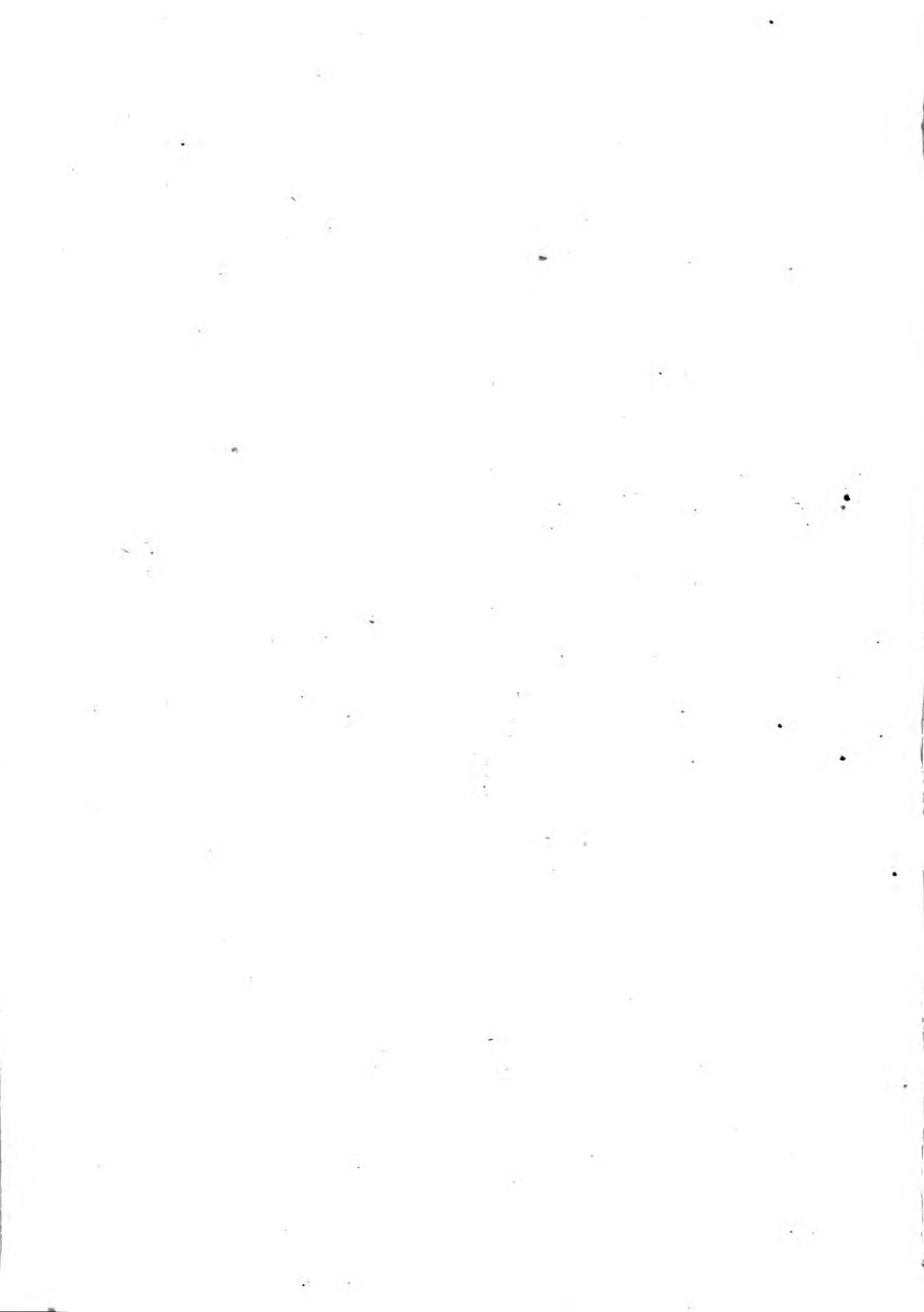


V.239.



V.240.





The
IAMBIC METRE
of
EIGHT & SIX SYLLABLES
to each line
with
ALTERNATE RHYMES.

Melographicon.

LONDON,
Published by T. LINDSAY, 217, Regent Street,
and CLEMENTI & CO. 26, Cheapside.

IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

A.1.



A.2.



A.3.



A.4.



A.5.



A.6.



IAMBICS 55
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES ;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

A.7.



A.8.



A.9.



A.10.



A.11.



A.12.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

B.13.**B.14.****B.15.****B.16.****B.17.****B.18.**

IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

57

B.19.



B.20.



B.21.



B.22.



B.23.



B.24.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

C.25.



C.26.



C.27.



C.28.



C.29.



C.30.



IAMBICS 59
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

C.31.



C.32.



C.33.



C.34.



C.35.



C.36.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

D.37.



D.38.



D.39.



D.40.



D.41.



D.42.



IAMBICUS 61
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

D.43.



D.44.



D.45.



D.46.



D.47.



D.48.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

E. 49.



E. 50.



E. 51.



E. 52.



E. 53.



E. 54.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

63

E. 55.



E. 56.



E. 57.



E. 58.



E. 59.



E. 60.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

F.61.**F.62.****F.63.****F.64.****F.65.****F.66.**

IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

65

F.67.



F.68.



F.69.



F.70.



F.71.



F.72.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

<p style="text-align: center;">G.73.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">G.74.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">G.75.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">G.76.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">G.77.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">G.78.</p> 

IAMBICS 67
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

G.79.



G.80.



G.81.



G.82.



G.83.



G.84.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

H.85.



H.86.



H.87.



H.88.



H.89.



H.90.



IAMBICS 69
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES ;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

H.91.



H.92.



H.93.



H.94.



H.95.



H.96.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

J.97.



J.98.



J.99.



J.100.



J.101.



J.102.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

71

J.103.



J.104.



J.105.



J.106.



J.107.



J.108.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

K. 109.



K. 110.



K. 111.



K. 112.



K. 113.



K. 114.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

73

K. 115.



K. 116.



K. 117.



K. 118.



K. 119.



K. 120.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

L. 121.



L. 122.



L. 123.



L. 124.



L. 125.



L. 126.



JAMBICS

75

OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

L. 127.



L. 128.



L. 129.



L. 130.



L. 131.



L. 132.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

M.133.



M.134.



M.135.



M.136.



M.137.



M.138.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

77

M.139.



M.140.



M.141.



M.142.



M.143.



M.144.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

N.145.**N.146.****N.147.****N.148.****N.149.****N.150.**

IAMBICS 79
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES ;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

N.151.



N.152.



N.153.



N.154.



N.155.



N.156.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

O. 157.



O. 158.



O. 159.



O. 160.



O. 161.



O. 162.

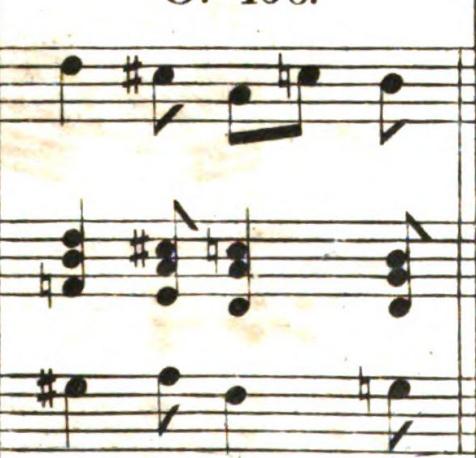


IAMBICS

81

OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;

ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

O. 163.**O. 164.****O. 165.****O. 166.****O. 167.****O. 168.**

TAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

P.169.



P.171.



P.173.



P.170.



P.172.



P.174.



OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

P.175.



P.176.



P.177.



P.178.



P.179.



P.180.



IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES ;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

Q.181.



Q.182.



Q.183.



Q.184.



Q.185.



Q.186.



OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

Q.187.**Q.188.****Q.189.****Q.190.****Q.191.****Q.192.**

IAMBICS
 OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
 ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

R.193.



R.194.



R.195.



R.196.



R.197.



R.198.



IAMBICS

87

OF EIGHTS, AND SIXES ;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

R.199.



R.200.



R.201.



R.202.



R.203.



R.204.



IAMBICS
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

S.205.



S.206.



S.207.



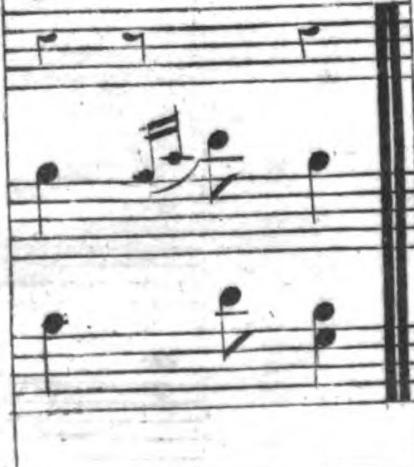
S.208.



S.209.



S.210.



TAMBICS 89
OF EIGHTS AND SIXES;
ONE SHORT AND ONE LONG ALTERNATELY.

S.211.



S.212.



S.213.



S.214.

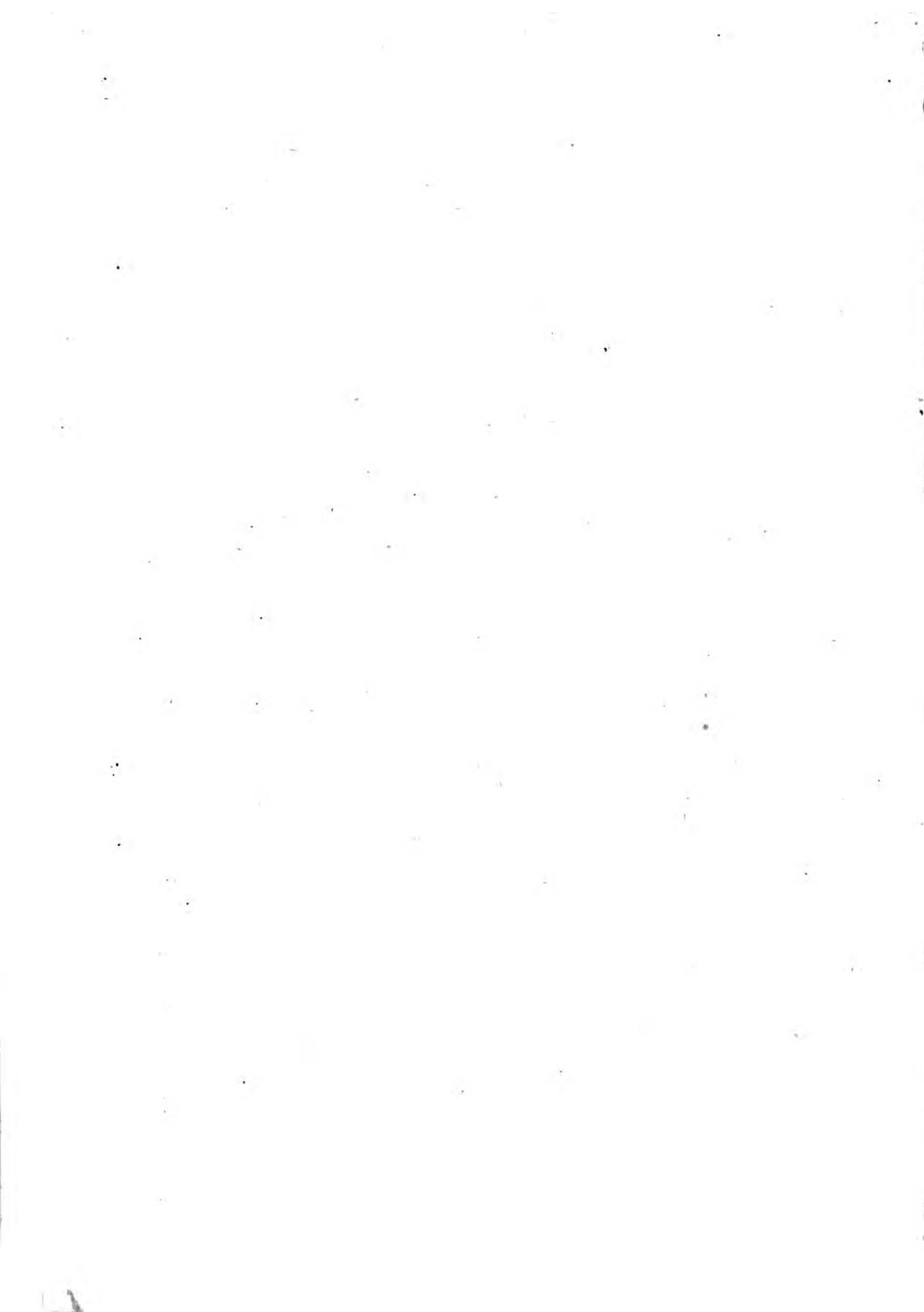


S.215.



S. 216.





The
ANAPESTIC METRE
IN COUPLETS
of
TWELVE SYLLABLES,
or
TWELVE and ELEVEN,
to each line.

Melegraphicon.

L O N D O N ,
Published by T. LINDSAY, 217 Regent Street,
and CLEMENTI & C° 26, Cheapside.

THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

A.1.	A.2.
A.3.	A.4.
A.5.	A.6.

THE ANAPEST,

93

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

A.7.



A.8.



A.9.



A.10.



A.11.



A.12.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

B.13.



B.14.



B.15.



B.16.



B.17.



B.18.



THE ANAPEST,

95

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11:

B.19.



B.20.



B.21.



B.22.



B.23.



B.24.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

C.25.



C.26.



C.27.



C.28.



C.29.



C.30.



THE AN^APEST

97

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

C.31.



C.32.



C.33.



C.34.



C.35.



C.36.



THE AN^oA PEST^v,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

D.37.



D.38.



D.39.



D.40.



D.41.



D.42.



THE ANDANTE,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

99

D.43.



D.44.



D.45.



D.46.



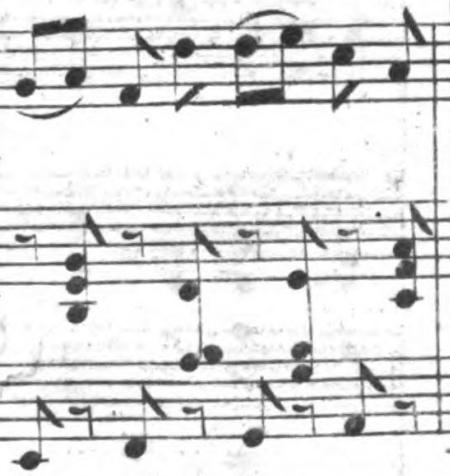
D.47.



D.48.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

E. 49.**E. 50.****E. 51.****E. 52.****E. 53.****E. 54.**

THE ANAPEST,

101

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

E. 55.



E. 56.



E. 57.



E. 58.



E. 59.



E. 60.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

F.61.



F.62.



F.63.



F.64.



F.65.



F.66.



THE ANAPEST,

103

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

F.67.



F.68.



F.69.



F.70.



F.71.



F.72.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

G.73.**G.74.****G.75.****G.76.****G.77.****G.78.**

THE ANAPEST,

105

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

G.79.



G.80.



G.81.



G.82.



G.83.



G.84.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

H.85.**H.86.****H.87.****H.88.****H.89.****H.90.**

THE ANNOVAPEST,

107

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

H.91.



H.92.



H.93.



H.94.



H.95.



H.96.



THE ANAPLST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

I.97.



I.98.



I.99.



I.100.



I.101.



I.102.



THE ANAPEST,

109

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

I.103.



I.104.



I.105.



I.106.



I.107.



I.108.



THE ANTHEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

K.109.



K.110.



K.111.



K.112.



K.113.



K.114.



THE AN'APEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

111

K.115.	K.116.
A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on A and C. Alto has eighth notes on G and B. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F.	A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on D and F. Alto has eighth notes on C and E.
K.117.	K.118.
A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on D and F. Alto has eighth notes on C and E. <i>ad lib.</i>	A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on D and F. Alto has eighth notes on C and E. <i>p ad lib.</i>
K.119.	K.120.
A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on D and F. Alto has eighth notes on C and E.	A musical score for two voices. The top voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has an alto clef. The music consists of four measures. Measure 1: Bass has eighth notes on G and B. Alto has eighth notes on F and A. Measure 2: Bass has eighth notes on F and A. Alto has eighth notes on E and G. Measure 3: Bass has eighth notes on E and G. Alto has eighth notes on D and F. Measure 4: Bass has eighth notes on D and F. Alto has eighth notes on C and E.

THE AN^NAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

<p style="text-align: center;">L.121.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.122.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">L.123.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.124.</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">L.125.</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">L.126.</p> 

THE ANAPEST,

113

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

L.127.



L.128.



L.129.



L.130.



L.131.



L.132.



THE ANAPEST.
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

M.133.	M.134.
M.135.	M.136.
M.137.	M.138.

THE ANTHEM,
115

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

M. 139.



M. 140.



M. 141.



M. 142.



M. 143.



M. 144.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

N.145.



N.146.



N.147.



N.148.



N.149.



N.150.



THE ANAPEST,

117

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

O.157.**O.158.****O.159.****O.160.****O.161.****O.162.**

THE ANAPLST,

119

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

O.163.



O.164.



O.165.



O.166.



O.167.



O.168.



THE ANTHOPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

P.169.



P.170.



P.171.



P.172.



P.173.



P.174.



THE ANAPEST,

121

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

P. 175.



P. 176.



P. 177.



P. 178.



P. 179.



P. 180.



THE ANAPEST,
OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

Q.181.



Q.182.



Q.183.



Q.184.



Q.185.



Q.186.



THE AN^NAPEST,

123

OF 12 AND 12, OR 12 AND 11.

Q.187.



Q.188.



Q.189.



Q.190.



Q.191.



Q.192.





The
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EIGHT & SEVEN SYLLABLES

to each line

RHYMING ALTERNATELY.

The Music of this Metre is of a Pensive Character.

Melographicon.

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TROCHIEES;
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

A.1.	A.2.
A.3.	A.4.
A.5.	A.6.

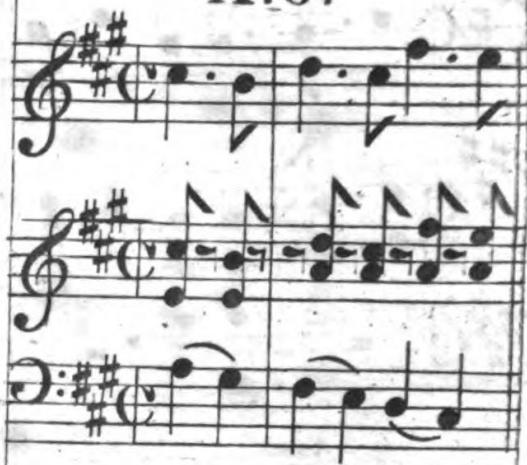
TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

127

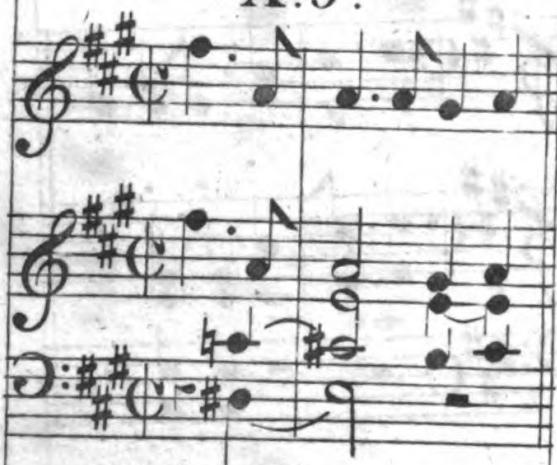
A.7.



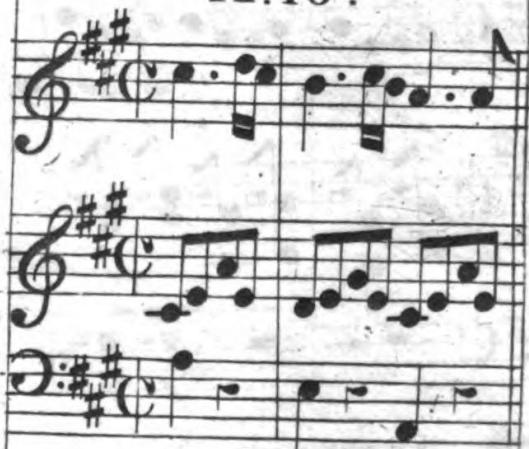
A.8.



A.9.



A.10.



A.11.



A.12.



TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

B. 13.



B. 14.



B. 15.



B. 16.



B. 17.



B. 18.



TROCHIEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

129

B. 19.	B. 20.
B. 21.	B. 22.
B. 23.	B. 24.

TROCHEEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

C. 25.



C. 26.



C. 27.



C. 28.



C. 29.



C. 30.



THE CHIEFS,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

C. 31.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 31. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

C. 32.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 32. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

C. 33.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 33. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

C. 34.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 34. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

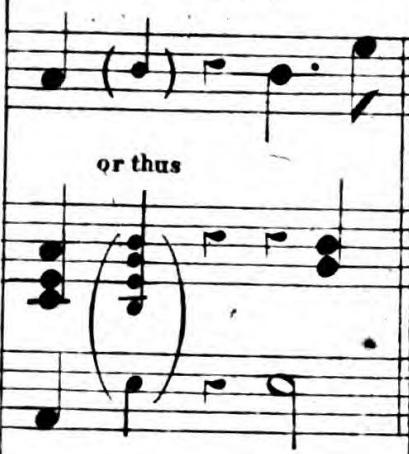
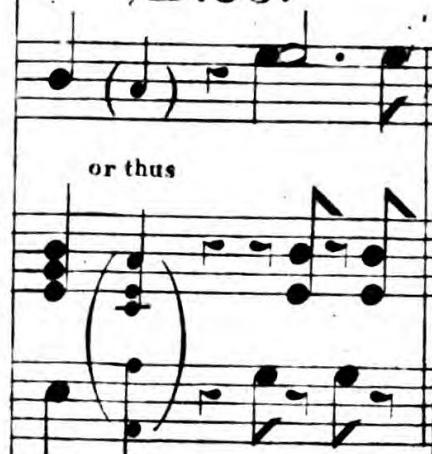
C. 35.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 35. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

C. 36.

A musical score for one system, labeled C. 36. It consists of five staves of music. The first two staves show eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a sequence of chords. The fourth staff shows eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff shows a sequence of chords.

TROCHEEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

D.37.**D.38.****D.39.****D.40.****D.41.****D.42.**

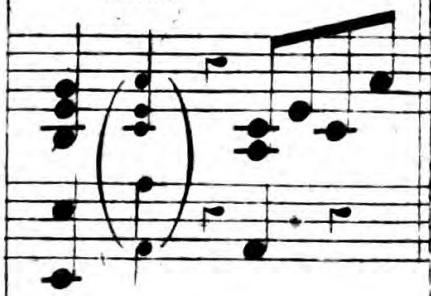
TROCHEE S,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

133

D.43.



or thus



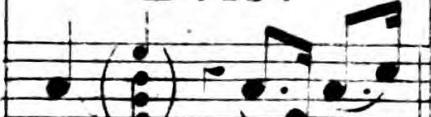
D.44.



or thus



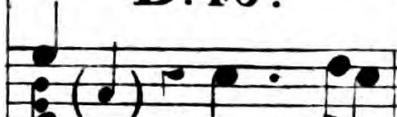
D.45.



or thus



D.46.



or thus



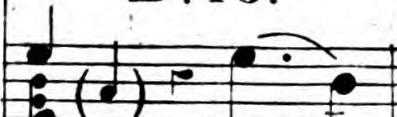
D.47.



or thus



D.48.



or thus



TROCHHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

E. 49.



E. 50.



E. 51.



E. 52.



E. 53.



E. 54.



TROCHIEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

E. 55.



E. 56.



E. 57.



E. 58.



E. 59.



E. 60.



TROCHÉES.

OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

F. 61.



F. 62.



F. 63.



F. 64.



F. 65.



F. 66.



THE CHEESES.
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

137

F. 67.



F. 68.



F. 69.



F. 70.



F. 71.



F. 72.



TROCHEEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

G. 73.	G. 74.
	
G. 75.	G. 76. <i>fr</i>
	
G. 77.	G. 78.
	

TROCHÆRS,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

139

G.79.



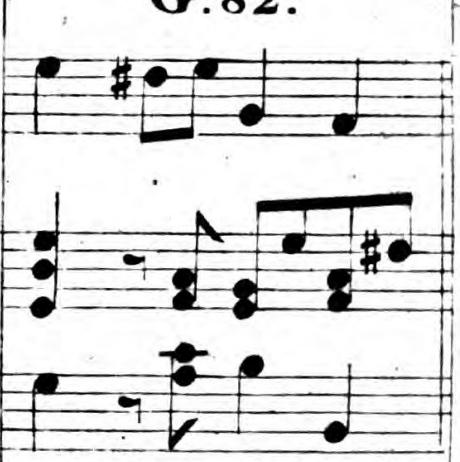
G.80.



G.81.



G.82.



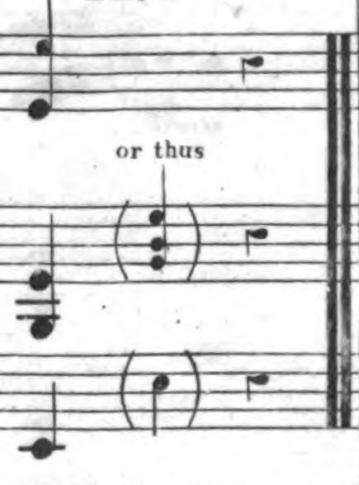
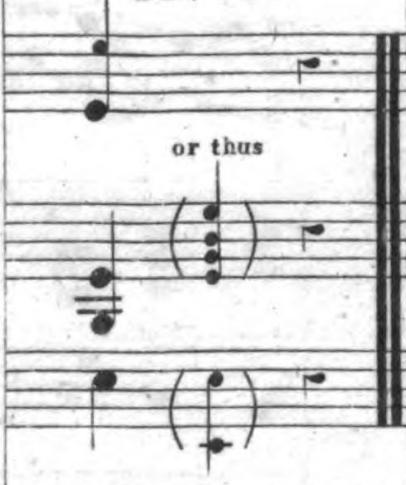
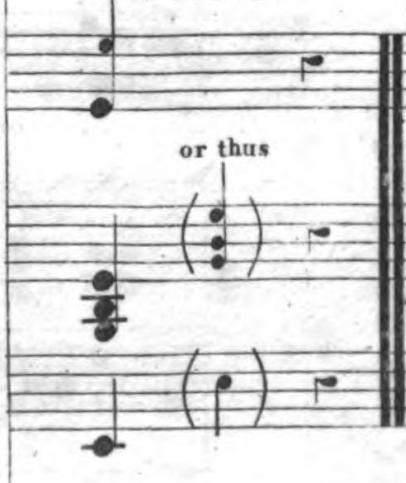
G.83.



G.84.



TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

H.85.**H.86.****H.87.****H.88.****H.89.****H.90.**

TROCHEES,

141

OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

H.91.

or thus



H.92.

or thus



H.93.

or thus



H.94.

or thus



H.95.

or thus



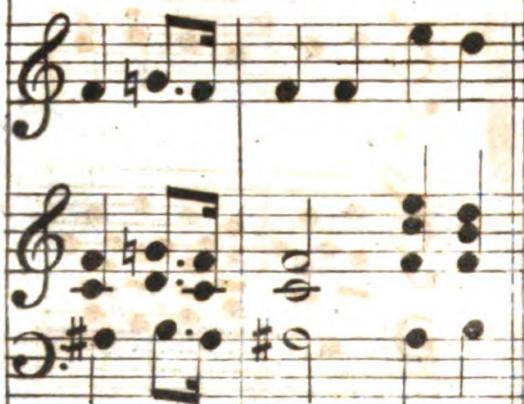
H.96.

or thus



TROCHEE S,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

I.97.



I.98.



I.99.



I.100.



I.101.



I.102.



TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

143

I. 103.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

I. 104.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

I. 105.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

I. 106.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

I. 107.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

I. 108.

This musical example consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and shows a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and includes a basso continuo staff below it, which provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

K.109.



K.110.



K.111.



K.112.



K.113.



K.114.



TROCHÉES,

145

OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

K.115.



K.116.



K.117.



K.118.



K.119.



K.120.



TROCHHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

L.121.	L.122.
	
L.123. <i>tr</i>	L.124.
	
L.125.	L.126.
	

OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

L.127.**L.128.****L.129.****L.130.****L.131.****L.132.**

TROCHEEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

M.133.

Minor. Major.



or thus

M.135.

Minor. Major.



or thus

M.137.

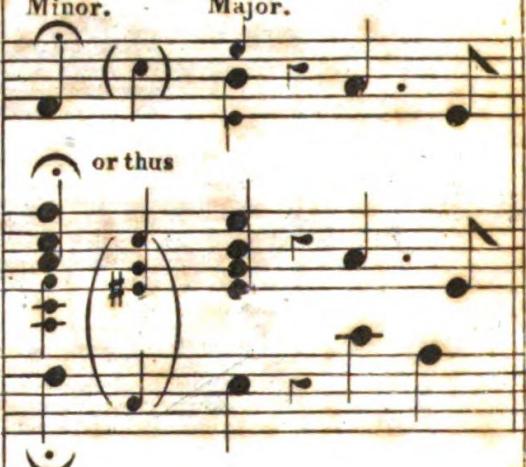
Minor. Major.



or thus

M.134.

Minor. Major.



or thus

M.136.

Minor. Major.



or thus

M.138.

Major. Minor.



or thus

TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

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<p>M. 139.</p> <p>Minor. Major.</p> <p>or thus</p>	<p>M. 140.</p> <p>Major. Minor.</p> <p>or thus</p>
<p>M. 141.</p> <p>Major. Minor.</p> <p>or thus</p>	<p>M. 142.</p> <p>Minor. Major.</p> <p>or thus</p>
<p>M. 143.</p> <p>Major. Minor.</p> <p>or thus</p>	<p>M. 144.</p> <p>Major. Minor.</p> <p>or thus</p>

TROCHIEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

N.145.



N.146.



N.147.



N.148.



N.149.



N.150.



TRADUCERS,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

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N.151.	N.152.
	
N.153.	N.154.
	
N.155.	N.156.
	

TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

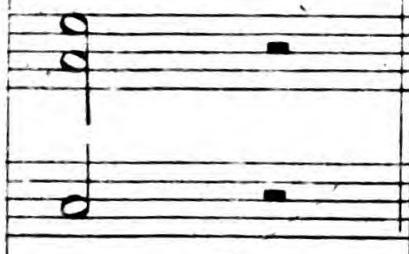
O.157.	O.158.
	
	
	
O.159.	O.160.
	
	
	
O.161.	O.162.
	
	
	

TROCHEEES,

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OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

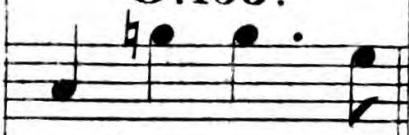
O.163.



O.164.



O.165.



O.166.



O.167.



O.168.



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OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

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THE CHIEFS,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

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TROCHÉES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

Q.181.



Q.182.



Q.183.



Q.184.



Q.185.



Q.186.



OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

Q.187.



Q.188.



Q.189.



Q.190.



Q.191.



Q.192.



TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

R.193.



R.194.



R.195.



R.196.



R.197.



R.198.



OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

R.199.



R.200.



R.201.



R.202.



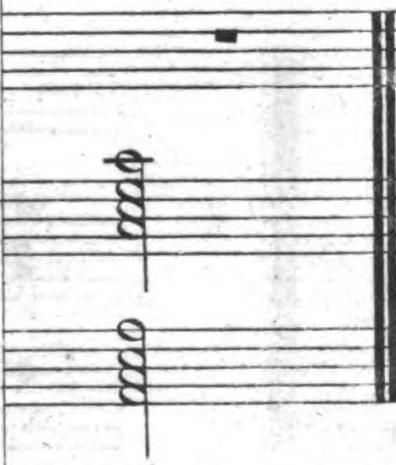
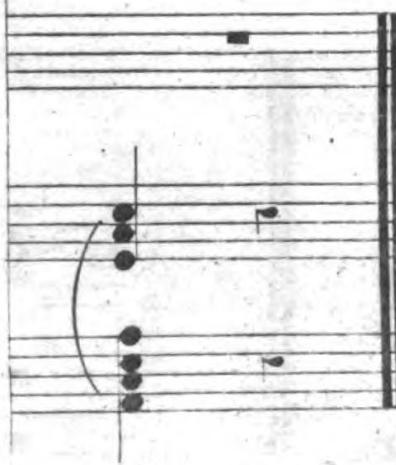
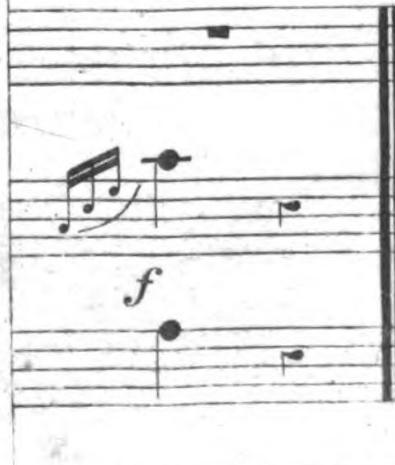
R.203.



R.204."



TROCHEEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

S. 205.**S. 206.****S. 207.****S. 208.****S. 209.****S. 210.**

TROCHEES,
OF EIGHTS AND SEVENS.

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S.211.



S.212.



S.213.



S.214.



S.215.



S.216.



