

★ ★

7

CHOPIN
POLONAISE
As-Dur
OP. 53

(LEONID KREUTZER)



TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

Nr. 196

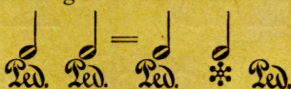
VERLAG ULLSTEIN

★ ★

VORWORT

Augenscheinliche Irrtümer im Text sind ohne weiteres verbessert worden. Subjektive Änderungen des Herausgebers sind durch kleinen Stich angedeutet. Die Vortragsbezeichnungen sind, soweit sie von Chopin stammen, in den Grundzügen festgehalten. / Phrasierungsbögen sind durch die Zeichen $\lceil$ und $\rceil$ ersetzt. (Anfang, resp. Schluß eines Gedankens.) / Das Pedal muß in der Regel nach der Note getreten werden, unter der das Zeichen steht. / Nur nach einem vorausgegangenen Staccato oder einer Pause darf es gleichzeitig mit dem Erklingen genommen werden. / „Ped“ bedeutet das Einschalten einer allgemeinen Hand- und Pedalpause, worauf das Pedal gleichzeitig mit dem Erklingen genommen werden muß. / Folgen zwei Pedalzeichen aufeinander, so wird das Pedal genau mit der neuen Note aufgehoben und wird dann wieder neu getreten. Dadurch wird ein Ineinanderfließen fremder Elemente vermieden, während gleichzeitig eine lückenlose Verbindung erzielt wird.

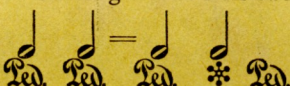
Somit heißt:



AVANT-PROPOS

Toutes les erreurs manifestes ont été simplement corrigées. Les transformations que l'éditeur a cru bon d'apporter au texte ont été gravées en petits caractères. Nous avons conservé sous ses traits fondamentaux l'indication du mouvement et du jeu, pour autant qu'elle est de Chopin. / Les arcs désignant la phrase ont été remplacés par les signes $\lceil$ et $\rceil$ (commencement ou fin d'une pensée). / En général la pédale ne doit être prise qu'après la note marquée „Ped“. / On ne peut la prendre au moment de jouer la note marquée d'un „Ped“ qu'après un staccato ou une pause. / „Ped“ signifie une pause générale des mains et de la pédale. Ensuite la pédale doit être prise en même temps que la note. / Si deux signes „Ped“ se suivent l'un l'autre, il faut lâcher la pédale au moment de toucher la nouvelle note et la reprendre ensuite. De cette façon on évite de mêler des éléments hétérogènes et l'on obtient une liaison parfaite.

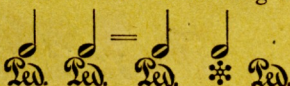
Lisez donc:



PREFACE

Obvious mistakes which were found in the text have simply been corrected. Changes held to be necessary by the Editor are indicated by small print. The execution marks, as far as indicated by Chopin, have been generally retained. / Phrasing arcs are replaced by the marks $\lceil$ and $\rceil$, i. e. beginning and close of a musical phrase. / The pedal is to be used, as a rule, after the note, below which the mark is set. / Only after a preceding staccato or a pause the pedal may be used simultaneously with the sound. / „Ped“ means interpolating of a general hand- and pedal pause, whereupon the pedal must be used simultaneously with the sound. / If two pedal marks come in succession the pedal has to be raised exactly together with the new note, and then pressed down again. A melting of heterogenuous elements is thereby avoided, and at the same time a flawless binding is effected.

Read therefore:



LEONID KREUTZER

F R É D É R I C C H O P I N

P O L O N A I S E

AS-DUR, OP. 53

H E R A U S G E G E B E N

V O N

L E O N I D K R E U T Z E R

T O N M E I S T E R

A U S G A B E

Nr. 196

V E R L A G U L L S T E I N / B E R L I N

FRÉDÉRIC CHOPIN

POLONAISEN

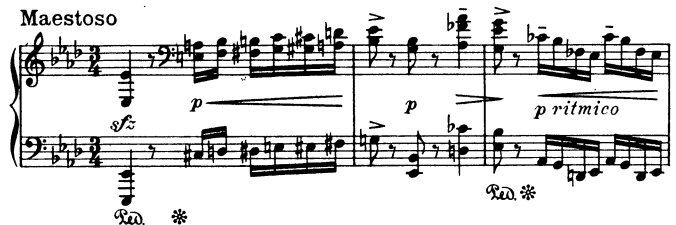
Nr. 193. Heft 1 — cahier 1 — part 1.

Nr. 1. cis-moll — ut dièse mineur — c sharp minor Op. 26 Nr. 1.
Allegro appassionato



Nr. 196. Heft 4 — cahier 4 — part 4.

Nr. 6. As-dur — a bémol majeur — a flat major Op. 53.
Maestoso



Nr. 2. es-moll — mi bémol mineur — e flat minor Op. 26 Nr. 2.
Maestoso



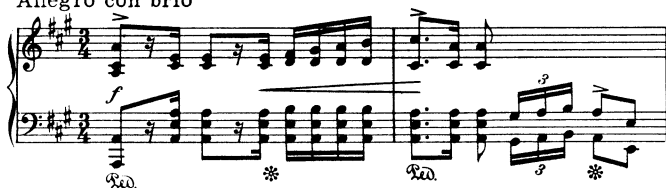
Nr. 197. Heft 5 — cahier 5 — part 5.

Nr. 7. Polonaise-Fantaisie As-dur — a bémol majeur — a flat major
Allegro maestoso Op. 61.



Nr. 194. Heft 2 — cahier 2 — part 2.

Nr. 3. A-dur — la majeur — a major Op. 40 Nr. 1.
Allegro con brio

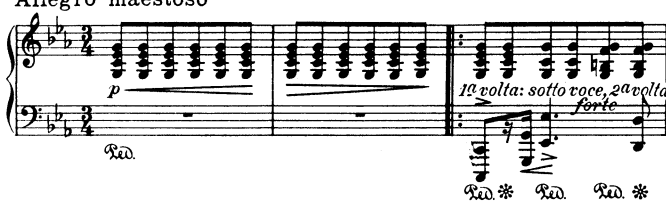


Nr. 198. Heft 6 — cahier 6 — part 6.

Nr. 8. d-moll — ré mineur — d minor Op. 71 Nr. 1.
Allegro maestoso



Nr. 4. c-moll — ut mineur — c minor Op. 40 Nr. 2.
Allegro maestoso



Nr. 9. B-dur — si bémol majeur — b flat major Op. 71 Nr. 2.
Allegro, ma non troppo



Nr. 195. Heft 3 — cahier 3 — part 3.

Nr. 5. fis-moll — fa dièse mineur — f sharp minor Op. 44.
Moderato



Nr. 10. f-moll — fa mineur — f minor Op. 71 Nr. 3.
Allegro moderato



POLONAISE

MAESTOSO
FRÉDÉRIC CHOPIN, Op. 53

6.

The musical score for Chopin's Polonaise in B-flat major, Op. 53, No. 6, is presented in five systems. The key signature is two flats (B-flat major), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked **MAESTOSO**. The score includes various musical notations and performance instructions:

- System 1:** Features a **sforzando** (**sfz**) dynamic in the first measure, followed by **piano** (**p**) dynamics. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1-5. The system concludes with a **ritmico** marking.
- System 2:** Continues the melodic and harmonic development with **piano** (**p**) and **sforzando** (**sfz**) dynamics. It includes fingerings and a **Red.** (Reduction) marking.
- System 3:** Shows a **piano** (**p**) dynamic and a **sforzando** (**sfz**) dynamic. The system includes fingerings and a **Red.** marking.
- System 4:** Features a **crescendo** (**cresc.**) marking and a **sforzando** (**sfz**) dynamic. The system includes fingerings and a **Red.** marking.
- System 5:** Concludes the piece with a **crescendo** (**cresc.**) marking and a **ritardando** (**rit.**) marking. The system includes fingerings and a **Red.** marking.

T. A. 196

This page of musical notation consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The music is written in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, trills, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The systems are as follows:

- System 1:** Starts with a *cresc.* marking. The right hand features complex chords and trills, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Fingerings like 4, 2, 1 and 3, 2, 1 are shown. A *ff* marking appears later in the system.
- System 2:** Continues the melodic and harmonic development. It includes trills and more complex chordal textures. The left hand maintains its accompaniment pattern.
- System 3:** Features a trill in the right hand and a *dim.* marking. The left hand has some rests marked with an asterisk (*).
- System 4:** Includes a trill and a *mf* marking. The right hand has a trill marked with a 'tr'. The left hand has a rest marked with an asterisk (*).
- System 5:** The final system on the page, ending with a trill in the right hand and a *mf* marking. The left hand has a rest marked with an asterisk (*).

Throughout the piece, there are various musical notations including notes, rests, trills, and dynamic markings. The left hand often has rests marked with an asterisk (*).

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet. The left hand has a bass line with eighth notes and chords. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *Red.* (ritardando). There are asterisks (*) marking specific measures.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the melodic development with chords and eighth notes. The left hand has a steady bass line. Dynamics include *Red.* and *f*.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand features a rapid ascending scale. The left hand has a bass line with eighth notes. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *Red.*.

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand has a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. The left hand has a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Dynamics include *fp* (fortissimo piano) and *crescendo*. There are asterisks (*) marking specific measures.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. The left hand has a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Dynamics include *ff* and *marc.* (marcato). There are asterisks (*) marking specific measures.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a single staff with a treble clef, a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The melody begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a half note A4, and a quarter note B4. The second system is a grand staff with a treble and bass clef, a key signature of three flats, and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Andante' (And.) and the dynamics are 'ff' (fortissimo). The bass line starts with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G3, a half note A3, and a quarter note B3. The melody continues with a quarter note C4, a half note D4, and a quarter note E4. The piece concludes with a final cadence in the bass line.

(sostenuto)

2 3 I 3 ²⁴tr I 3 2 I tr

f

2 3

f

Red.

Red.

*

Red.

*

Red.

*

Red.

*

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system contains measures 1 through 12, and the second system contains measures 13 through 14. The music is written for a piano (Pno.) and a vocal part (Voc.). The piano part is in the bass clef, and the vocal part is in the treble clef. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and ornaments. The vocal part features a melodic line with a trill in measure 12. The piano part provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The score is marked with 'Ped.' (pedal) and asterisks (*) indicating specific performance techniques. The title 'The Rose Tree' is written in a decorative font at the bottom of the page.

This page of musical notation consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The notation includes various musical elements:

- System 1:** Features a trill (tr) on a high note in the treble staff, marked with a fermata and a wavy line. The bass staff has a melodic line with a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The system ends with a fortissimo (ff) dynamic and a trill.
- System 2:** Continues the melodic development in both staves, with a trill in the treble staff.
- System 3:** Shows a melodic line in the treble staff with a trill, and a more active bass staff. The system concludes with a trill in the treble staff.
- System 4:** Features a trill in the treble staff and a melodic line in the bass staff. The system ends with a trill in the treble staff.
- System 5:** The final system on the page, featuring a decrescendo (dim.) in the treble staff and a melodic line in the bass staff. The system concludes with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic and a trill in the treble staff.

Throughout the piece, there are numerous markings for "Red." (likely a recording or editing mark) and asterisks (*) in the bass staff. The page is numbered "T. A. 196" at the bottom center.

First system of the musical score. It features a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in a key with three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes, while the left hand plays a more active line. A dynamic marking *f* (forte) is present. Below the staff, there are several measures of music with a 'Ped.' (pedal) marking and asterisks indicating specific notes.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff notation. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand plays a steady accompaniment. A 'Ped.' marking is visible below the staff.

Third system of the musical score. It includes a dynamic marking *ff* (fortissimo). The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand plays a steady accompaniment. A 'Ped.' marking is visible below the staff.

Fourth system of the musical score. It includes a dynamic marking *pp* (pianissimo) and a 'staccato' marking. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand plays a steady accompaniment. A 'Ped.' marking is visible below the staff.

Fifth system of the musical score. It continues the grand staff notation. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes. The left hand plays a steady accompaniment. A 'Ped.' marking is visible below the staff.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves in G major (three sharps). The bass line features a continuous eighth-note pattern. The treble line has chords and eighth-note figures. A first pedal point is indicated by a bracket and the number 1.

sempre la stesso pedale

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble line includes a 4-measure rest, a 2-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The bass line continues with eighth notes. Dynamics include *poco*, *a* (with fingerings 1, 2, 1, 1), *poco*, and *crescendo*. A 4-measure rest is marked with a 4 over a 2.

poco *a* *poco* *crescendo*

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble line features a 4-measure rest and a 4-measure rest. The bass line continues with eighth notes. A forte dynamic (*f*) is indicated.

f

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble line features a 4-measure rest and a 4-measure rest. The bass line continues with eighth notes. A 4-measure rest is marked with a 4 over a 2. Dynamics include *Red.* and *Red.*

Red. *Red.*

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble line features a 4-measure rest and a 4-measure rest. The bass line continues with eighth notes. Dynamics include *ff*, *pp*, and *m.s.* (marked with an asterisk).

ff *pp* *m.s.*

The first system of musical notation consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The treble staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a series of chords and eighth notes. The bass staff features a continuous, rapid eighth-note pattern throughout the system.

pedale come sopra

The second system continues the musical piece. The treble staff shows chords and eighth notes, while the bass staff maintains the rapid eighth-note pattern. The notation includes various rests and dynamic markings.

The third system of musical notation shows the continuation of the piece. The treble staff has a melodic line with some grace notes. The bass staff continues with the eighth-note pattern. The text *poco a poco* is written above the bass staff in the latter part of the system.

The fourth system of musical notation continues the piece. The treble staff has a melodic line with some grace notes. The bass staff continues with the eighth-note pattern. The text *cresc.* is written above the bass staff in the latter part of the system.

The fifth system of musical notation is the final system on the page. The treble staff features a melodic line with a crescendo hairpin. The bass staff continues with the eighth-note pattern. The text *f* is written above the bass staff in the latter part of the system.

The image displays a page of musical notation for a piano piece, consisting of five systems of staves. Each system typically includes a treble staff and a bass staff, with some systems featuring a single staff for a specific instrument or voice part. The notation is written in a key with three flats (B-flat, E-flat, and A-flat) and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (piano). The piece includes fingerings and articulation marks, and the notation is presented in a clear, professional layout.

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a complex melodic line with numerous fingerings (e.g., 2, 1, #4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 4, 231, 2, 1, 2, 1, #4, 3, 1, 2, 4, 1, 3, 5, b4, 2, 1) and slurs. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes, including a triplet of eighth notes. The system concludes with a fermata over the final measure.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand begins with a *rubato* marking and contains a series of slurs and fingerings. The left hand includes a *p* (piano) dynamic marking and a triplet of eighth notes. The system ends with a fermata.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with fingerings and slurs, including a triplet of eighth notes. The left hand continues the accompaniment with chords and single notes. The system concludes with a fermata.

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand starts with a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic marking and contains a melodic line with fingerings and slurs. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. The system ends with a fermata.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand begins with a *rubato* marking and contains a melodic line with fingerings and slurs. The left hand includes a *mf* dynamic marking and a triplet of eighth notes. The system concludes with a fermata.

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a complex melodic line with numerous triplets and sixteenth-note patterns. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment with eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the melodic development with more triplets. The left hand includes a section marked *smorz.* (diminuendo). The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand features a series of sixteenth-note runs. The left hand has a section marked *cresc.* (crescendo). The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand has a section marked *allargando* (ritardando). The left hand features a section marked *ff* (fortissimo). The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features a section marked *a tempo* and *tr* (trills). The left hand has a section marked *ff* (fortissimo). The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

This page contains six systems of musical notation for piano. The notation is complex, featuring many chords, arpeggios, and various musical markings. The systems are arranged vertically, with each system consisting of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs).

- System 1:** Features a series of chords and arpeggios. The bass line has markings: *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *'Red.*, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *.
- System 2:** Continues the complex texture. The bass line has markings: *Red.*, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *'Red.*, *'Red.*, *'Red.*.
- System 3:** Includes a *dim.* marking in the bass and a *mf* marking in the treble. The bass line has markings: *'Red.*, *'Red.*, *'Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *.
- System 4:** Features a *f* marking in the bass. The bass line has markings: *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *.
- System 5:** Continues the complex texture. The bass line has markings: *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*.

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a rapid ascending scale. The left hand has a descending scale. The system concludes with a *ff* (fortissimo) chord. Below the staff, the word "Red." is written multiple times, with asterisks indicating specific measures.

Second system of musical notation. It includes a trill (tr) and various rhythmic markings such as 24, 23, 4, 3, and 3. The system ends with a measure marked with a "5" and a "1 2 4 5" sequence. "Red." and asterisks are used below the staff.

Third system of musical notation. It features a trill (tr) and rhythmic markings like 3 and 3. The system concludes with a measure marked with a "5". "Red." and asterisks are used below the staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. It begins with a *ff* (fortissimo) marking. The system concludes with a measure marked with a "5". "Red." and asterisks are used below the staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. It includes a *ff* (fortissimo) marking and a measure marked with a "5". The system concludes with a measure marked with a "5". "Red." and asterisks are used below the staff.

KLAVIERWERKE IN DER TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

J. S. BACH (EDWIN FISCHER)

- Nr.
10. Englische Suiten I:
Nr. 1. A-dur, Nr. 2. a-moll,
Nr. 3. g-moll
11. Englische Suiten II:
Nr. 4. F-dur, Nr. 5. e-moll
12. Englische Suiten III:
Nr. 6. d-moll
5. Fantasia und Fugen a-moll
Nr. 1 und 2
Fantasia c-moll und a-moll
6. Präludien und Fugen
Nr. 1. a-moll, Nr. 2. a-moll,
Nr. 3. G-dur
7. Fantasia c-moll
Chromatische Fantasia
8. Französische Suiten I:
Nr. 1. d-moll, Nr. 2. c-moll,
Nr. 3. h-moll
9. Französische Suiten II:
Nr. 4. Es-dur, Nr. 5. G-dur,
Nr. 6. E-dur
*3. Zweistimmige Inventionen
*4. Dreistimmige Inventionen
166. Italienisches Konzert F-dur
13. Partiten I:
Nr. 1. d-moll, Nr. 2. c-moll
14. Partiten II:
Nr. 3. a-moll, Nr. 4. D-dur
15. Partiten III:
Nr. 5. G-dur, Nr. 6. e-moll
*1. Zwölf kleine Präludien und
sechs kleine Präludien
16. Toccaten und Fugen I:
Nr. 1. D-dur, Nr. 2. d-moll
17. Toccaten und Fugen II:
Nr. 3. g-moll, Nr. 4. G-dur
Nr. 5. e-moll
18. Toccaten und Fugen III:
Nr. 6. fis-moll, Nr. 7. c-moll
167. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 1
168. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 2
169. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 3
41. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 1
111. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 2
170. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 3
2. Leichtere Vortragsstücke:
Menuetten, kleine Fugen, drei
kleine Stücke in H-dur
165. Variationen in italienischer
Manier / Fuge über den Na-
men Bach / Präludio, Allegro
und Fuge Es-dur / Capriccio
über die Abreise des gelieb-
ten Bruders

BEETHOVEN (ARTUR SCHNABEL)

155. Albumblatt „Für Elise“
161. Andante F-dur (Andante fa-
vori)
156. Bagatellen op. 33
157. Neue Bagatellen op. 119
158. Bagatellen op. 126
162. Ecossaisen
159. Fantasia g-moll op. 77
154. Rondo C-dur op. 51 Nr. 1 und
Rondo G-dur op. 51 Nr. 2
*123. Sonate Nr. 1. f-moll op. 2 Nr. 1
*124. Sonate Nr. 2. A-dur op. 2 Nr. 2
*125. Sonate Nr. 3. C-dur op. 2 Nr. 3
*126. Sonate Nr. 4. Es-dur op. 7
*127. Sonate Nr. 5. c-moll op. 10
Nr. 1
*128. Sonate Nr. 6. F-dur op. 10
Nr. 2
*129. Sonate Nr. 7. D-dur op. 10
Nr. 3
*130. Sonate Nr. 8. c-moll op. 13
(Pathétique)
*131. Sonate Nr. 9. E-dur op. 14
Nr. 1
*132. Sonate Nr. 10. G-dur op. 14
Nr. 2
*133. Sonate Nr. 11. B-dur op. 22
*134. Sonate Nr. 12. As-dur op. 26
135. Sonate Nr. 13. Es-dur op. 27
Nr. 1. (quasi una fantasia)
136. Sonate Nr. 14. cis-moll op. 27
Nr. 2. (quasi una fantasia)
(Mondscheinsonate)
137. Sonate Nr. 15. D-dur op. 28
138. Sonate Nr. 16. G-dur op. 31
Nr. 1
139. Sonate Nr. 17. d-moll op. 31
Nr. 2
140. Sonate Nr. 18. Es-dur op. 31
Nr. 3
141. Sonatine Nr. 1. g-moll, op. 49
Nr. 1, Nr. 2. G-dur, op. 49 Nr. 2
142. Sonate Nr. 21. C-dur op. 53
143. Sonate Nr. 22. F-dur op. 54
144. Sonate Nr. 23. f-moll op. 57
(Appassionata)
145. Sonate Nr. 24. Fis-dur op. 78
146. Sonate Nr. 25. G-dur op. 79
147. Sonate Nr. 26. Es-dur op. 81a
(Les adieux)
148. Sonate Nr. 27. e-moll op. 90
149. Sonate Nr. 28. A-dur op. 101
150. Sonate Nr. 29. B-dur op. 106
(Für das Hammerklavier)
151. Sonate Nr. 30. E-dur op. 109
152. Sonate Nr. 31. As-dur op. 110
153. Sonate Nr. 32. c-moll op. 111
207. Sechs Variationen F-dur op. 34

208. Fünfzehn Variationen mit Fuge
Es-dur op. 35 (Eroica-Var.)
209. Dreiunddreißig Veränderun-
gen über einen Walzer von
Diabelli, C-dur op. 120
210. Zweiunddreißig Variationen
c-moll
211. Sechs Variationen über das
Ballett „Nel cor più non mi
sento“ von Paisiello, G-dur /
Sechs leichte Variationen über
ein Originalthema G-dur /
Sechs leichte Variationen über
ein Schweizer-Lied F-dur /

* * *

CHOPIN (LEONID KREUTZER) Balladen

- *115. Nr. 1. g-moll op. 23
*116. Nr. 2. F-dur op. 38
*163. Nr. 3. As-dur op. 47
*164. Nr. 4. f-moll op. 52

Etüden

- *171. op. 10. Nr. 1—3. C-dur, a-moll,
E-dur
*172. op. 10. Nr. 4—6. cis-moll, Ges-
dur, es-moll
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KLAVIERWERKE IN DER TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

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(JAMES KWAST)

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(JAMES KWAST)

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