

MOTETS

A

GRAND CHOEUR

De M. de la Lande,

Maitre de Musique de la Chapelle

TOM. XIII.

DEUS NOSTER
REFUGIUM ET VIRTUS

Motter a 5.



du Taille ou accompagné et choeur	Deus noster, Refugium et virtus, adjutor in tribulatione: usque invenient nos nimis.....	2
Chœurs	Et optere non timemus dum turbabitis terram, et transferentur montes in eam macto.....	9
duo duo brasses avec accompagnement	Sonuerunt et turbata sunt aquæ lotum, Conturbati sunt montes in fortitudine Eius.....	28
Aeris du Taille avec accompagnement	Fluminis impetus latificat civitatem Dei, sanctificavit tabernaculum suum altissimus: Deus in medio eius non commo- reditur, adjusat lanius deus manedit lucub... 36	
a 2 Chœurs	Conturbata sunt gentes, et inclinata sunt signa, dicit vocem suam, mortalitate..... 44	
Aeris du hautecorps et Chœurs	Dominus virtutum nobis puro, suscepit hostem Deus Jacob.....	62
Trio deux hautecorps et Taille avec voix	Venito et videbo operas domini, que posuit prodigio super terram; auferens a terra usque ad finem settile.....	70
a 2 Chœurs	Accum content et confingit armis, et securis comburunt igni.....	78
Aeris du Taille avec accompagnement	Vacato, et videbo quoniam ego sum Deus, exaltabo in gentibus, et exaltabo in terrâ.....	81

fin

DEUS NOSTER, REFUGIUM ET VIRTUS

Psalm. 45.

SOCIETE
DES
CONCERTS
DE
VERSAILLES

gravement

16 forte 2 forte

2

A handwritten musical score for three voices, consisting of six staves of music. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive hand.

The lyrics are:

Deus noster Refugium et virtus
adjutor in tribulationibus quae invenient nos

Measure 1: *Domp*

Measure 2: Deus noster Refugium et virtus

Measure 3: adjutor in tribulationibus quae invenient nos

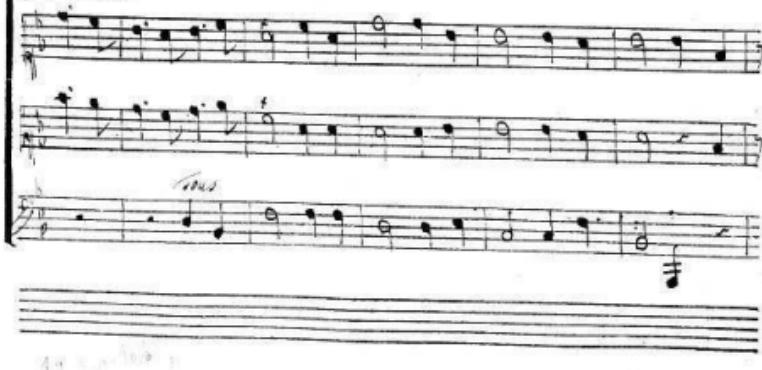
3

A handwritten musical score on four staves. The top three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor voices, each with a melodic line. The bottom staff is bass. The lyrics are written below the tenor staff: "hi = mis; adju = tor adju = tor in tri = bula = tioni = bus". The score includes various musical markings such as fermatas, slurs, and dynamic signs.

Chorus



violons



adjutor ad: jutor in tribulationibus que in ve =
 adjutor adju - tor in tribulationibus que in ve =
 adjutor adju - tor in tribulationi - bus que in ve =
 adjutor adju - tor in tribulationi - bus que in ve =
 adjutor adju - tor in tribulationi - bus que in ve =
 adjutor in tribulationibus que in ve =

adjutor in tribulationibus que in ve =
 adjutor in tribulationibus que in ve =
 adjutor in tribulationibus que in ve =
 adjutor in tribulationibus que in ve =

6

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The music is written on five-line staves. The lyrics, in Latin, are as follows:

=ne runt nos ni = mis; adjutor adjutor adjutor in
=ne runt nos hi = mis; adjutor adjutor in
=ne runt nos hi = mis; adjutor adjutor adjutor in
=ne runt nos ni = mis; adjutor adjutor
=ne runt nos hi = mis; adjutor adjutor

A continuation of the handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The lyrics are:

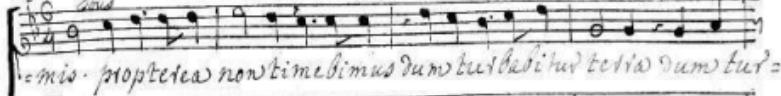
= ne runt nos ni = mis; adjutor adjutor
= ne runt nos hi = mis; adjutor adjutor
= ne runt nos hi = mis; adjutor adjutor



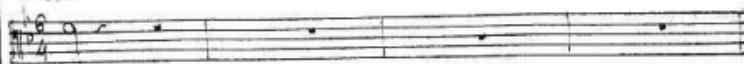
A handwritten musical score for a single melodic line, likely a soprano or alto part. The music is written on ten staves of five-line staff paper. The key signature changes from G major (two sharps) to F major (one sharp) and then to E major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is common time throughout. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some sustained notes. The lyrics, written in cursive Latin, are repeated on each staff: "Iustos in tribulationibus que invenerunt nos ni----". There are several blank staves at the bottom of the page.

Liget et anima

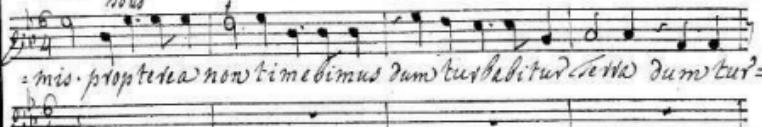
caud.



mfp .



loue



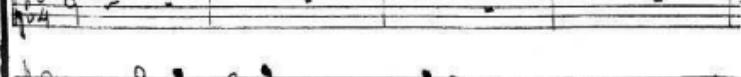
1st violons



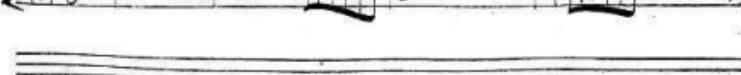
2nd violons



1st violins



2nd violins



10

Sicut erat deus propterea non timebimus, non, non ti=
propterea non timebimus, non, non ti=
propterea non timebimus non non ti=
littera terra, propterea non timebimus non non ti=
propterea non timebimus non non ti=

10

...
...
...
...
...

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano part is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts begin with the lyrics "mebimus dum turbabitur terra et transferens" followed by a fermata. The piano part begins with a forte dynamic. The vocal parts continue with "miserere nrae" and "et misericordia tua". The piano part has a sustained note on the first system. The vocal parts end with a fermata. The piano part continues with a sustained note on the second system. The vocal parts begin with "miserere nrae" again. The piano part has a sustained note on the third system. The vocal parts end with a fermata. The piano part continues with a sustained note on the fourth system. The vocal parts begin with "miserere nrae" again. The piano part has a sustained note on the fifth system.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of lyrics in German, written in cursive script, with musical notation above them. The piano part is indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef, with various dynamics and performance instructions. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Et Hanfelen ... - tu l montes in Cor ma = - rios;
Et Hanfelen ... - tu
Et Hanfelen ...
... tu Et Hanfelen tu montes in Cor ma = - rios; Et Hanfelen ...
Et Hanfelen ...

Et transferens - - - tur montes in Cotmatis et Hansferen - - -
et Hansferen - - - tur montes in Cotmatis et Hansferen - - -
- ren - - - tur Et Hansferentur in Cotmatis in Cotmatis
- ventur mon - tes in Cotmatis in Cotmatis et Hanfe =
- - - tur transferentur montes in Cotmatis in Cotmatis

tut montes in Cet maris non non non non non non ti =
 Et Hengstelen - - - - - tut montes in Cet maris,
 den tut montes in Cet maris non, O, non O non ti =
 - - - - - tis, in Cet mar - - - - tis, in Cet maris;

 30

30

mebimus non non time = simus now,
 dum turbabitur terra

dum turbabitur terra

16

A handwritten musical score for four voices, likely a setting of the Magnificat. The score consists of five staves, each with a different vocal line. The vocal parts are labeled with Latin text: "now now time bimus" (top two staves), "Et Hanc felicem" (middle two staves), and "Et Hanc felicem tuus montes in Cor" (bottom two staves). The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

now now time bimus Et Hanc felicem tur
Et Hanc felicem tur
Et Hanc felicem tur montis in Cor
now now time bimus Et Hanc felicem tuus montes in Cor
Et Hanc felicem tur montes in Cor

montes in Cœt matis in Cœt matis, non timebimus non ti =
montes in Cœt matis in Cœt matis,
matis in Cœt matis in Cœt matis,
matis in Cœt matis in Cœt matis, non timebimus, non ti =
ma.... tis in Cœt ma... tis,

700

18

mebimus dum turbabitur terra, dum turba-----
now, now now ti-
dum turba----- situs dum turba-----
mebimus dum turbabitur terra, dum turba-----
now now now

106

19

...bitus teritus dum turba - bitus teritus dum turba =
= mebimus dum turba - bitus teritus dum turba =
bitus now timebimus dum turba habitus ferro dum turba =
bitus teritus, now, now, now, now timebimus dum turba =
now timebimus now, now, now, now timebimus dum turba =

165

166

20

=babitur terra, now now now now now non non non
 =babitur terra, now now now now now non non now
 =babitur terra, now now now now dumturbabitur dumturbat
 =babitur terra, now now now now dumturbat-----bitur
 =babitur terra, now now now now dumturbat-----bitur

1
 2
 3
 4

non timebitus dum turbas fitur setta,
non timebitus dum turbas fitur setta dum turbas
de fitur setta. dum turbabitur dum turbas fitur
setta non timebitus non timebitus dum turbabitur setta
setta non timebitus, non timebitus dum turbas

.....

.....

.....

.....

Dum turbabitur terra non, non, non, non, non ti =
betur terra non, non, non, non, non ti =
Dum turbabitur terra non, non, non, non, non ti =
betur terra non, non, non, non, non ti =
Dum turbabitur terra non, non, non, non, non ti =
betur terra, non, non, non, non, non ti =

- mebimus dum turbab - situt tetta, now, now, now
 - mebimus now time mebimus dum turbabitur tetta, now, now, now
 - mebimus dum turbab - situt tetta, now, now, now
 - mebimus now time mebimus dum turbabitur tetta, now, now, now
 - mebimus dum turbab - situt tetta, now, now, now



24

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of three staves of music with lyrics in Latin. The lyrics are:

non now time bimus
Et transfeſerem - But montes
now now time bimus
now now time bimus
now now time bimus, Et transfeſerem - But montes
now now time bimus,

The piano accompaniment is written below the vocal line, featuring six staves of music.

25

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of three staves of music with lyrics in Latin. The lyrics are:

now now time bimus
now now time bimus
now now time bimus
now now time bimus

The piano accompaniment is written below the vocal line, featuring six staves of music.



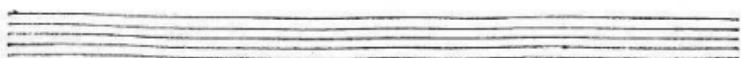
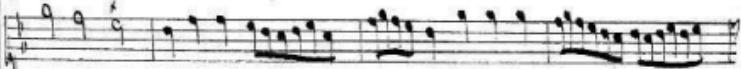
Et Hansfesen tur montes Et Hansfe-

Et Hansfesen - - - - tu Et Hansfesen - - -

in Cot matis;

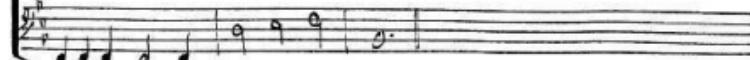
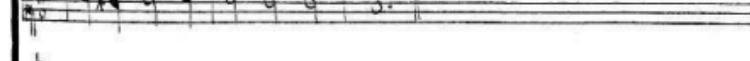
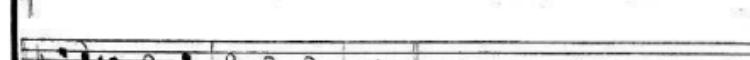
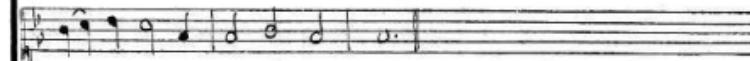
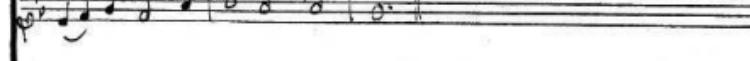
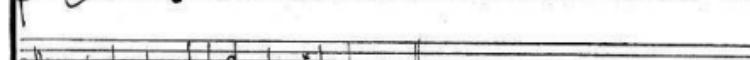
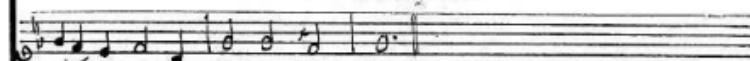
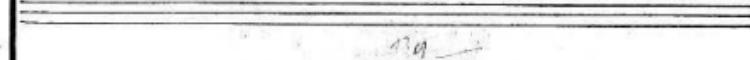
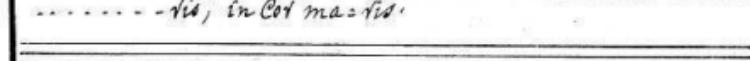
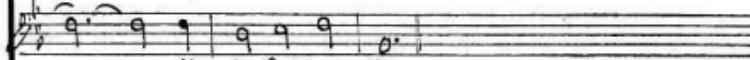
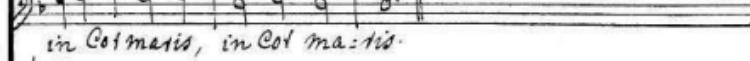
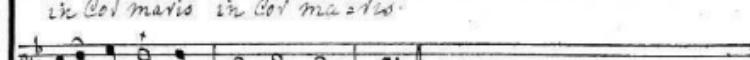
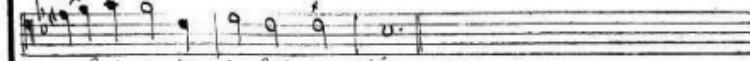
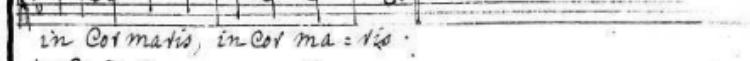
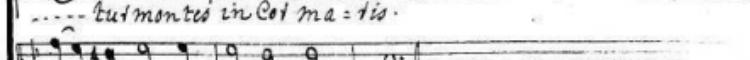
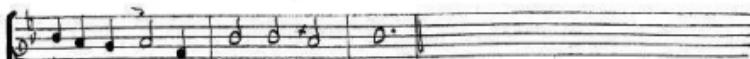
Et Hansfesen - - -

Et Hansfesen - - - - tu mon - - -



26

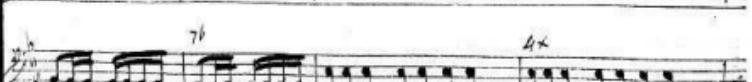
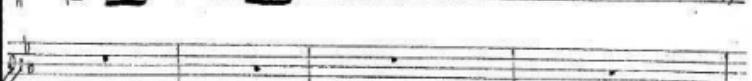
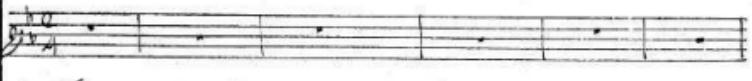
The image shows a handwritten musical score for three voices (SSA). It features six staves of music, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are written in both German and Latin, appearing below the corresponding staves. The music is in common time and includes various dynamics and performance instructions.



29

laissez devenez

100





30
 Soprano part:
 ... fuit sonus dunt et turba ... te sunt
 Sonus ... dunt et turba ... te sunt
 ...
 Bass part:
 aquas lo = rum; Conturbati sunt
 aquas lo = rum; Contur =
 3

Conturbati sunt montes *Conturbati conturbati sunt*
sunt montes *conturbati sunt*

montes in fortitudine eius, *Conturbati*
montes in fortitudine eius, *Contur-*

Conturbati Conturbati sunt montes, Conturbati
= lati Conturbati sunt montes, Conturbati
Conturbati sunt montes, Conturbati Conturbati
Conturbati sunt montes, Conturbati Conturbati

A handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) on five staves. The music consists of mostly eighth-note patterns with some sixteenth-note figures. The lyrics are written below the notes. The score includes dynamic markings like *for*, *douc*, and *sonus*. The page number 33 is in the top right corner.

for

...ti sunt montes in fortitudine e...-jus.

...ti sunt montes in fortitudine e...-jus.

douc

sonus..... sunt sonus.....

sonus.....

34



61

...tunz Et turba te sunt aquæ lo : rum,

...tunz Et turba te sunt aquæ lo : rum,

62

Conturbati Conturbati sunt montes Contuslati

Conturba.... ti sunt montes, Contur-



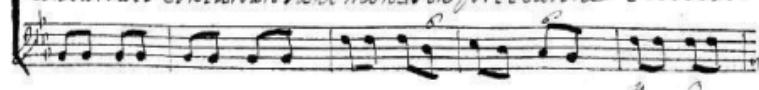
Conturbati sunt montes in fortitudine l...-jus:

=ba...-tilunt montes in fortitudine l.....-jus:



Conturbab...-ti sunt montes in fortitudine l.....-

Conturbati Conturbati sunt montes in fortitudine l.....-



36

Staccato & Loungy

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five-line staves. The music consists of two systems. The first system begins with a treble clef, common time, and a dynamic marking "Doux". The lyrics are: "Au..... minis Impetus latifileat CiVi = ta =". The second system begins with a bass clef, common time, and a dynamic marking "Poco animato". The lyrics are: "temps du..... i, leti fletat CiVi = ta = tem". The score includes various rests, slurs, and grace notes. Measure numbers 1 and 2 are written above the staves. The page is numbered 37 in the top right corner.

38



Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The vocal parts are in common time. The piano part includes bass and treble staves. The vocal parts begin with a forte dynamic. The lyrics "Cavit taberna-culum suum altis = dimus," are written below the vocal parts. The score consists of two systems of music.

Handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and organ. The score consists of six systems of music. The vocal parts are written on four-line staves, and the organ part is on a five-line staff. The music is in common time. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. Measure numbers are present above the staves.

39

Sanctificavit tabernaculum suum altis = = =

for

missa

glori..... minis

40

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of two staves of music with lyrics. The lyrics are:

Impetus Lati scat Civi: ta - tem de - - -
de: us in medio E.....

The piano accompaniment is written below the vocal line, featuring sixteenth-note patterns and rests.

41

jus non commovetur, non, non, non Commovetur;

dram

ad iustabit eam deus mano diluculo ma-----

42

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top two staves are for soprano and alto voices, both in common time. The basso continuo part is on the bottom staff, indicated by a bass clef and a large bass drum symbol. The vocal parts have lyrics written below them. Measure 12 begins with a forte dynamic. The lyrics are:

ne tilu Culo.

The basso continuo part starts with a dynamic of $\frac{1}{2}$ and includes a bass drum. The lyrics continue:

Am minis Impetus latificat Civita = tem

Handwritten musical score for two voices. The vocal parts are written on five-line staves. The music consists of mostly eighth-note patterns. The lyrics begin with "du... i, lati... ficit Civi: tatem du...". The vocal parts are separated by a double bar line with repeat dots.

Handwritten musical score for two voices, continuing from the previous page. The vocal parts are on five-line staves. The music includes eighth-note patterns and rests. The lyrics continue with "faz... au Chorus". The vocal parts are separated by a double bar line with repeat dots.

44

Premier Chorus

6
Conturbata sunt gentes
Conturbata sunt gentes
Conturbata sunt gentes
Conturbata sunt gentes

Second Chorus

6
Contur-
6
Contur-
6
Contur-
6
Contur-
Vivement
6
Violons
6
Violons
6
d.

La hauteur normale n'aide du violon lorsque la fin de la partition page 83

M. H. L.

Contus bate sunt gentes Contus bate sunt Contus bate sunt

Conturbata sunt gentes Conturbatae sunt Conturbatae sunt

Conturbata sunt gentes Conturbata sunt Conturbata sunt

Contusata sunt gentes Contusata sunt Contusata sunt

A musical score page showing a single staff of music with various notes and rests.

Contrafagotto, Contrabassoon, Contrabassoon, Contrabassoon

late sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt, Conturbata sunt, Contut-

:Pato luntarenas Contus Pato lunt Panzica tse -

A page from a handwritten musical score, showing a single system of music on five staves. The music consists of eighth-note patterns and rests, primarily in common time. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

ANSWER The answer is 1000. The first two digits of the number are 10, so the answer is 1000.

Conturbata sunt gentes Conturbata sunt gentes,
 Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes
 Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes
 Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes
 Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes

-bata sunt Conturbata sunt Conturbata sunt gentes, Contur-
 -bata sunt Conturbata sunt Conturbata sunt gentes, Contur-



Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes,
 Conturbata sunt gentes, Conturbata sunt gentes;

 Sunt Conturbata sunt, Conturbata sunt gentes;
 Sunt Conturbata sunt, Conturbata sunt gentes;
 Sunt Conturbata sunt, Conturbata sunt gentes,
 Sunt Conturbata sunt, Conturbata sunt gentes;

Les 2 Chorals Ensemble

48 *moderato*



Er In = Eli - na - ta sunt Reg - - - - na
Er In = Eli - na - ta sunt Reg - - - - na
Er In = Eli - na - ta sunt Reg - - - - na
Er In = Eli - na - ta sunt Reg - - - - na

moderato



a DusChouw's

49

A musical score for three voices (SATB) featuring three staves of music. The top two staves are soprano and alto parts, while the bottom staff is the bass part. The music consists of a single melodic line with various note heads and rests. The lyrics are written below each staff, starting with "Conturbata sunt gentes," followed by "Conturbata sunt gentes," "Conturbata sunt gentes," "Conturbata sunt gentes," and "Conturbata sunt gentes." The bass part concludes with the word "videmus". The score is set on a five-line staff with a common time signature.

A handwritten musical score for four voices, likely a setting of the Magnificat. The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a vocal line and a continuo line below it. The vocal parts are labeled with their names: Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt. The continuo parts are labeled with their names: Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt gentes, Contusata sunt, Contusata sunt. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The score is on aged paper with some foxing and staining.

made

Sunt gentes;

It is clear now

= Java sunt gentes.

$$l + \ln z = \ell n : n a =$$

= *oato sunt gentes;*

tr-in-cli-na-

Datu sunt genites,

Er In := Els na =

- Sunt gentes,

$$l\pi \quad j_n = C_1 i \dots n \omega$$

= Date sunt gentes.

$$\text{Pr. } In = Cl^+ = na =$$

\vdash para lunt genres

er In = C1: na...

2. Satz Sunt, gentes

tr in : : chi : na :

modèle

m261

un peu plus vite

ta sunt Reg...na,
ta sunt Reg...na,
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...

un peu plus vite.

ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...
ta sunt Reg...na dedit vocem su...

521

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The staves are organized into two groups of three staves each, separated by a blank space. The first group of staves begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The second group begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The music consists of various notes and rests, with some notes having stems pointing up and others down. There are several measures of rests interspersed throughout the piece. The score is written on five-line staff paper.

56

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The top four staves are vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) in common time, with lyrics written below the notes. The lyrics are: "mo = tw est sw - - - tw", "mo = tw est sw - - - tw", "mo = tw est sw - - - tw de =", and "mo = tw est sw - - - tw de =". The bottom six staves are for the piano, featuring various rhythmic patterns and dynamics.

A handwritten musical score for two voices, likely for soprano and alto, on five-line staves. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal parts are written in a cursive musical notation. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The score consists of ten staves of music.

The lyrics are as follows:

- Stave 1: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 2: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 3: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 4: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 5: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 6: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 7: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 8: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 9: *vocem suam am*
- Stave 10: *vocem suam am*

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

The vocal line consists of five staves of music, each with lyrics:

- Staff 1: F^{\flat} major, common time. Lyric: "mo-ta-va est ré---rav".
- Staff 2: F^{\flat} major, common time. Lyric: "mo-ta-va est ré---rav".
- Staff 3: F^{\flat} major, common time. Lyric: "mo-ta-va est ré---rav".
- Staff 4: F^{\flat} major, common time. Lyric: "mo-ta-va est ré---rav".
- Staff 5: F^{\flat} major, common time. Lyric: "mo-ta-va est ré---rav".

The piano accompaniment consists of six staves of music:

- Staff 1: Treble clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 2: Treble clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 3: Treble clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 4: Treble clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 5: Bass clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 6: Bass clef, common time. Features eighth-note patterns.

A handwritten musical score for four voices, consisting of four staves. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are labeled 'mo-ta-va est' in each staff. The lyrics are written below the notes. The score includes rests and various note heads. The page number '59' is written in the top right corner.

60

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The top section consists of five staves of vocal music in common time, featuring soprano and alto parts. The lyrics are written below the notes. The piano part begins on the bottom staff with a treble clef, common time, and a key signature of one sharp. The music continues with six staves of piano music.

Handwritten lyrics:

mo = ta
mo = ta

A handwritten musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The top section consists of four staves, each with a soprano vocal line and a basso continuo line below it. The vocal parts are labeled "Est Ter.....ta." and the continuo parts are labeled "Est Ter.....ta.". The music is in common time, with various note heads and stems. The bottom section contains five staves, all of which are continuo parts, showing basso continuo notation with various note heads and stems.

69

A musical score for piano, featuring four staves of music. The top three staves are for the right hand (treble clef) and the bottom staff is for the left hand (bass clef). The music consists of eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure 1: Right hand has a sixteenth-note pattern, left hand rests. Measure 2: Right hand has a sixteenth-note pattern, left hand rests. Measure 3: Right hand has a sixteenth-note pattern, left hand rests. Measure 4: Right hand has a sixteenth-note pattern, left hand rests.

Hairpins & Lentils

P. violans

9000

Dominus vittatum nobiscum

Do: minus virtutum nobiscum nobis.... Cum,

11

63

Suscep tot Suscep tot noster deus Jacob;

Suscep tot noster deus Jacob deus Iacob;

Suscep tot Suscep tot Jacob;

deus Jacob deus Jacob suscep.

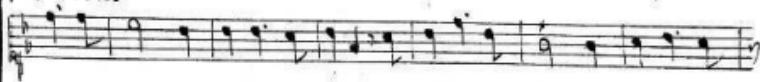
(ad Chorus)

64

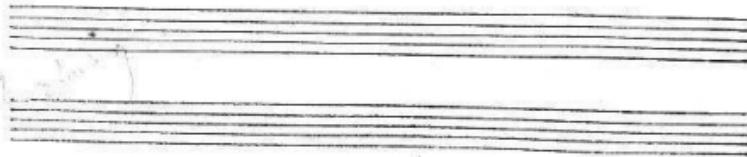
Chorus



Tonus



Tonus



-Biscum nobis = Cum, suscep..... tot suscep..... tot noster de =
 -Biscum nobis : Cum, suscep tot suscep..... tot noster de =
 -Biscum nobis = Cum, suscep..... tot noster de =
 -Biscum nobis = Cum, suscep..... tot suscep tot noster de =
 -Biscum nobis ... Cum, suscep..... tot suscep tot noster de =

sus Jacob, suscep..... tot suscep tot noster deus Ja =
 us Jacob, suscep..... tot suscep tot noster deus Ja =
 us Ja = cob,
 suscep tot noster deus Ja =
 us Jacob,
 suscep tot noster deus Ja =



6

68

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The music consists of two systems. The first system contains five staves, each with a different vocal line:

- Soprano: Cep... tot Ius: Cep tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Alto: Cep... tot suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Bass: Cep... tot suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Soprano: suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Alto/Bass: suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=

The second system begins with a soprano staff containing a single melodic line.

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The music consists of two systems. The first system contains five staves, each with a different vocal line:

- Soprano: Cep... tot Ius: Cep tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Alto: Cep... tot suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Bass: Cep... tot suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Soprano: suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=
- Alto/Bass: suscep... tot noster Deus Jacob De=

The second system begins with a soprano staff containing a single melodic line.

+ us Deus Ia = CO. 6.
 + us Deus Jacob.
 + us Deus Ia = CO. 5.
 + us Deus Ia = CO. 5.
 + us Deus Ia = CO. 5.
 + us Deus Ia = CO. 5.

Rondement
Leine de bâches

Tournez au rire

70. *Trio*

venito, ve-nito et videte opera do-mi=
 venito, venito et videte opera do-mi=
 venito, venito, et videte opera do-mi=
Violons
 violons
 violons
 ni que plus prodigi-a stupi-sse-tam:
 ni que plus prodigi-a stupi-sse-tam;
 ni que plus prodigi-a stupi-sse-tam, au-festos
 6 3 42

auf seins d' bla usque ad fi nem (rit = 108);
 auf seins d' bla usque ad fi nem (rit = 108);
 bla, auf seins d' bla usque ad finem (rit = 108);

usque ad fi nem (rit = 108);
 usque ad fi nem (rit = 108);
 usque ad finem usque ad fi nem (rit = 108);

lent

auf seines Belieb, usque ad fi

auf seines Belieb, usque ad fi

auf seines Belieb, auf seines Belieb usque ad fi

= nem 100 = 12.

= nem 100 = 12.

= nem 100 ... 12.

Deux Chœurs

73

at cum Content et Confinget Confin - - -

at cum Content et Confinget Confin -

at cum Content et Confinget Confin -

at cum Content et Confinget Confin -

Second Chœur

at cum Content et Confinget Con =

vivement

Violons

Violons

Trom.

La hautecontre le ténor la basse finiront cette partition p. 86.

... get Confinget armis et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni,
 :Ainget at = ma et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni
 :Ainget at ma et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni
 ... get at ma et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni,

 :Ainget Confinget armis et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni,
 :Ainget at ... ma et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni
 :Ainget at ... ma et leuta comburit Comburet Ig = ni,
 :Ain get at ma et leuta comburit Ig = ni,

 1

aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit et aima.
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit

aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit et aima.
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit

aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit et aima.
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit
 aitum Contentet Et Confingit Et Confin get Confingit

anima, et scuta Comburet Comburet igni et scuta Comburet Ig =
 et luta Comburet Comburet igni et luta Comburet Ig =
 anima, Confim -- get Confinget anima et luta Comburet Ig =
 anima, et scuta et luta Comburet igni et luta Comburet Ig =

 Fin - get anima et scuta Comburet Igni, et luta Comburet Ig =
 Fin get anima et luta Comburet igni, et luta Comburet Ig =
 Fin get anima et luta Comburet igni, et luta Comburet Ig =
 Fin get anima, et luta Comburet igni, et luta Comburet Ig =

igni: arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri - get Con-
 igni: arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri - get Con-
 igni: arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri - get Con-
 igni: arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri - get Con-
 igni: arcum Contentet arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri -
 igni: arcum Contentet arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri -
 igni: arcum Contentet arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri -
 igni: arcum Contentet, arcum Contentet Et Confinget Confiri -

Fin.... get Confinget arma, Et Scuta Et Scuta Combunt Com-
 -Finget arma Confinget arma, Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-
 -Fin.... get Confinget arma, Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-
 -Fin.... get Confinget arma, Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-

-get Confin... -get arma Et Scuta Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-
 --get Confin... -get arma Et Scuta Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-
 arma, Confinget Confinget arma Et Scuta Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-
 ...-get Confin... -get arma, Et Scuta Et Scuta Combunt igni Com-

: burset igni; Et Scuta Combu ret igni Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu et Scuta Combu igni Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu et Scuta Combu igni Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu et Scuta Combu igni Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu ret igni Et

: burset igni; Et Scuta Combu ret igni, Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu et igni Et Scuta Combu et igni, Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Et Scuta Combu et igni Combu et igni Et
 : burset igni; Et Scuta Combu ret Combu et igni, Et

60

Sentia Comburet igni.

Scutacomburis igni.

Scuta Comburet igni.

Lenta Comburet iō = ni

Sent to Combustion Eng'g: ni.

Cuts Combustion: ni

deux comburés ig : ni .

(c) Combutizin

On spent finivity to mottet

Si on chante le Air et suivant il faut la Partition

81

Représenter le Chœur Dominus dicit utrumque pugnari.

Douc

Violons

Va : Ca = - te s Vaca = - ro Et videte

quoniam ego sum Deus, Ego sum Deus = us; Ezel =

1 4 6 8 4 5 6 7

Handwritten musical score for three voices. The music consists of four staves. The first three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor parts. The fourth staff is a basso continuo part, indicated by a bass clef and a 'C' (common time). The key signature is one flat. The vocal parts sing in homophony. The lyrics are in Latin: 'Exaltabo te in gentibus et exaltabo te in terra, exaltabo te in terra'. The continuo part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

Handwritten musical score continuation. The vocal parts (soprano, alto, tenor) continue their homophony. The continuo part begins with a new bass line. The lyrics are repeated: 'Exaltabo te in gentibus et exaltabo te in terra, exaltabo te in terra'. The continuo part continues to provide harmonic support.

Handwritten musical score for three voices. The top two staves are soprano and alto parts, and the bottom staff is bass. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics "Exaltabo exalta" are written above the vocal parts, followed by "bor in TERRA; exal-". The bass part continues below the vocal parts.

Handwritten musical score for three voices, continuing from page 83. The top two staves are soprano and alto parts, and the bottom staff is bass. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics "tabo in gentilus, et exalta" are written above the vocal parts, followed by a repeat sign and "4x". The bass part continues below the vocal parts.

84



On Repond w Chour? dominus virtutum page 64

the

CREDIDI PROPTER
QUOD LOCUTUS SUM

Motter a 5.



Ave te hautecontid dec accompagnemt	Credidi propter quod locutus sum, Ego autem humilitas tu sum nimis: Ego dixi in excessu meo Omnis homo mendax. 2
Ave te hautecontid dec accompagnemt et Choeur	quid Retribuam domino pro omnibus qua Retribuit mihi, Calicem salutatis accipiam et nomen domini invoca. Io: 6
Pro de hautecontid et hautecontid remonstracion	vota mea domino reddam coram omni populo Iesus; pietosam in conspectu domini misericordiam Iesus 22
Ave te hautecontid remonstracion	O domine qui: Ego servus tuus et filius antilla tue 41
Ave te hautecontid et hautecontid remonstracion	ditupisti vincula mea; filii laeti: ficabo hostiam laudis, et nomen domini invocabo 43
Ave te hautecontid et hautecontid remonstracion	vota mea domino reddam in conspectu omnis populi Iesus, in altaris domus domini, in medio tui Iesu salern 49
Choeur	gloriam patris et filio et spiritui sancto, sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in seculis seculorum. amen 66

finz

CREDIDI PROPTER QUOD LOCUTUS SUM

Psalms. n^o 5.

PIECCE MUSICALES

Symphonies



2

soprano
 basso

Credidi Credidi propter quod locu tus sum. Credidi

Credidi propter quod locu .. tus sum, Ego autem humili-

atus sum nimis, humiliatus sum hi---mis; ego
 autem humiliatus sum ni: mis:
 42 6 8 3 6 98

21

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The score consists of two systems of music, each with two staves. The top staff is for the Soprano voice and the bottom staff is for the Alto voice. The piano part is represented by a single staff at the bottom of each system. The music is written in common time. The vocal parts are mostly in soprano range, with some notes in alto range. The piano part includes bass notes and harmonic indications. The lyrics are written in cursive script below the vocal parts. The first system ends with a double bar line and repeat dots, indicating a repeat of the section. The second system begins with a repeat of the first section.

Soprano
Alto
Piano

21

Soprano
Alto
Piano

ego dixi in lacessu meo Omnis homo men-
-sere Omnis homo men-
-sere Ego dixi in lacessu

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top staff begins with a soprano vocal line. The middle staff begins with an alto vocal line. The bottom staff begins with a bass vocal line. The music consists of short note values (eighth and sixteenth notes) primarily. The lyrics are written below the bass staff: "mio Omnis ho - mo mien-dar, omnis homo mien-dar, omnis homo". The score is written on five-line staves.

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top staff begins with a soprano vocal line. The middle staff begins with an alto vocal line. The bottom staff begins with a bass vocal line. The music consists of short note values (eighth and sixteenth notes) primarily. The lyrics are written below the bass staff: "Omni si homo men - dar". The score is written on five-line staves.

6

Sensim et rite

A handwritten musical score for organ, consisting of two systems of music. The top system begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It features a single melodic line with various note heads and rests. The bottom system begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It also features a single melodic line with note heads and rests. The music is divided by vertical bar lines. The lyrics "quid Atribuemus do-mino pro omnibusque rea" are written below the second system.

quid Atribuemus do-mino pro omnibusque re-

The image shows a handwritten musical score for three voices (SSA). It consists of five staves, each with a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, Bass). The music is written in common time. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. The score includes various musical markings such as fermatas, dynamic signs (e.g., f, ff, p), and performance instructions. The handwriting is clear and legible.

5

Handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of four systems of music. The top system has two staves: soprano (treble clef) and alto (bass clef). The soprano staff includes a dynamic instruction "3mfp". The second system has two staves: soprano and alto. The third system has two staves: soprano and alto. The fourth system has two staves: soprano and alto. The vocal parts are written in common time. The piano part is indicated by a treble clef and bass clef with a "p" dynamic, and it includes a tempo marking "76". The lyrics "Calicem salutaris accipiam accipi=" are written above the vocal parts in the third and fourth systems. The score is written on five-line staff paper.

Calicem salutaris accipiam accipi=

=Ct = piano, Calicem salutaris accipiam accipi=

9

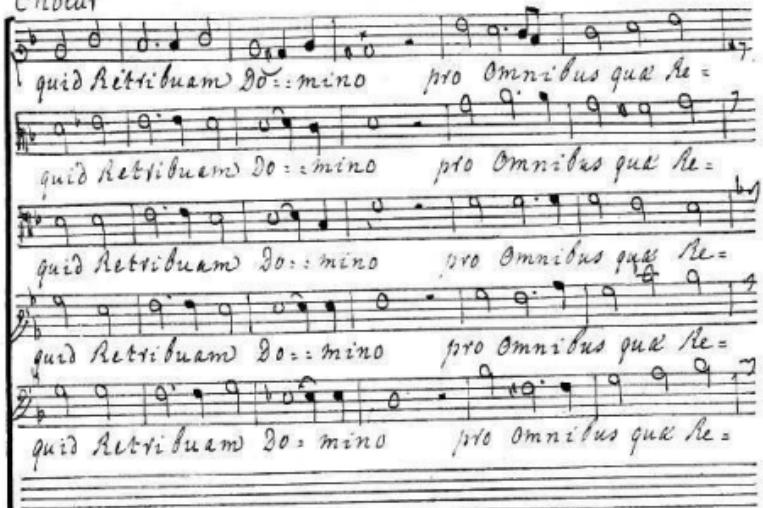
amus, et nomen domini invocabo In - voca - bo,

48

Si nomen domini invocabo In - voca - bo, In - voca - bo:

Tournet
au Clocher

10 Chorus



tribuit mi-hi; quid Re =
 tribuit mi-hi; quid Re =

A handwritten musical score for five voices, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are labeled as follows:

- Top staff: *tribuam domino*
- Second staff: *pro omnibus quae retribuit mi*
- Third staff: *tribuam domino*
- Fourth staff: *pro omnibus quae retribuit mi*
- Fifth staff: *tribuam domino*
- Sixth staff: *pro omnibus quae retribuit mi*
- Seventh staff: *tribuam domino*
- Eighth staff: *pro omnibus quae retribuit mi*
- Ninth staff: *tribuam domino*
- Tenth staff: *pro omnibus quae retribuit mi*

The music features various note heads, including solid black dots, open circles, and stems with small dots or dashes. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines, and the staves are connected by horizontal beams.

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves. The top staff is for the basso continuo (b.c.) and includes lyrics in Latin: "hi; Calicem salutatis acci---fiam, Cali---hi; Calicem salu---hi; hi; hi;". The subsequent five staves are for three voices: soprano (s.), alto (a.), and tenor (t.). The music is written in common time, with various clefs (F, C, G) and key signatures (B-flat major). The vocal parts are mostly silent, with occasional notes appearing in the alto and tenor parts. The score concludes with a final section of piano music.

Cem saluta - ris acci - piam accipiam accipiam,
- taris acci - piam, Calicem salu - taris accipiam
Calicem salu - taris accipiam
Calicem salu - taris accipiam accipiam,

Calicem salu - taris accipiam

Et nomen domini invoco invoca oo, Cali:

Calicem salutatis accipiam, Cali:

Et nomen domini invoco invoca oo; Cali:

Calicem salutatis acci..... pian, Cali:

Calicem salutatis acci..... pian, et nomen

16

Handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and organ. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system has three staves: soprano, alto, and bass. The bass staff includes lyrics in Latin: "Cem salutatis acci---piam, et nomen", repeated three times. The bottom system has one staff for the organ, featuring a continuous bass line. The music is written in common time with various note heads and stems.

Cem salutatis acci---piam, et nomen
Cem salutatis acci---piam,
Cem salutatis acci---piam, et nomen
Cem salutatis acci---piam;
domini Invocabo In voca.....oo;

Domini In - voca ... bo; Calicem Salu-
 et nomen domini Invocabo Invoca-
 Domini In - voca ... bo; Calicem Salu-
 et nomen domini Invoca- bo Invoca-
 et nomen domini Invoca-

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely for a three-part setting such as a motet or a three-part Mass Ordinary. The music is written on five-line staves, and the vocal parts are labeled with Latin text below the staves. The first two voices begin with the text "Taris accipiam et nomen domini invocabo invoca-". The third voice begins with "Calicem salutatis accipi-". The score continues with three more lines of this text, followed by a blank space for another section. The music consists of measures with various note heads and stems, some with vertical strokes indicating pitch or rhythm. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) in common time. The music is written in Gregorian chant notation using square neumes on four-line staves. The vocal parts are labeled as follows:

- Soprano: Et nomen domini invocabo In = voca = Bo;
- Alto: Et nomen domini invocabo In vo = Ca = Bo;
- Tenor/Bass: Et nomen domini invocabo In vo = Ca = Bo;
- Alto: Et nomen domini invocabo In = voca = Bo;
- Tenor/Bass: Et nomen domini invocabo In vo = Ca = Bo;
- Alto: Et nomen domini invocabo In = vo = Ca = Bo;

The score consists of six systems of music, each starting with a different vocal part. The notation includes various neume patterns such as long, short, and double strokes, along with rests and specific rhythmic markings like 'd' and 'b' over notes.

20

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely for soprano, alto, and bass. The music is written on five-line staves. The vocal parts are labeled with Latin text: "Et nomen domini invoco ab invoco ab invoco" and "Et nomen domini invoco =". The score consists of eight staves of music, with the third staff being a repeat of the second. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of early printed music notation.

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely for soprano, alto, and bass. The music is written on five-line staves. The vocal parts are labeled above the staves: "Soprano", "Alto", and "Bass". The lyrics are written in Latin and are repeated multiple times across the staves. The score includes a key signature of one sharp (F#), common time, and a bass clef for the bass staff.

It nomen domini invocabo invoca - - Bo.
domini invoca - - - Bo, invocabo invoca - - Bo.
It nomen domini invocabo invoca - - Bo.
- Cabo, It nomen domini invoca - - Bo.
It nomen domini invocabo invoca - - Bo.

22 *legato & graciou*

violons

violons

Violins

Violins

Violins

Violins

Violins

Violins

voto mea domino reddam coram omni populo e---

voto mea domino reddam coram omni populo e---

voto mea domino reddam coram omni populo e---

22 23 24 25 26

vota mea domino reddam coram omni populo e...

vota mea domino reddam coram omni populo e...

* vota mea domino reddam coram omni populo e...)

j: Votis mea domino reddam, Coram omni populo
 j: Votis mea domino reddam Coram omni populo
 j: votis mea domino reddam Coram omni populo
 j: e: Coram omni populo e: j: e: j:
 Violon sul
 Violon sul
 e: Coram omni populo e: j:
 e: Coram omni populo e: j:
 e: Coram omni populo e: j:

Handwritten musical score for six voices (SATB and three basses). The score consists of six staves, each with a different vocal range indicated by a soprano (S), alto (A), tenor (T), or bass (B) clef. The music is written in common time. The lyrics are in Latin and are repeated three times across the staves. The lyrics are:

25

prei
os in Conspectu domini mōs mōs
prei
os in Conspectu domini mōs sanc
prei
os in Conspectu domini mōs mōs sanc =

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five staves. The score includes lyrics in Latin and musical notation with various rests and note heads.

The lyrics are:

- Soprano: Sanctorum filius, mōis mōis mōis Sanctorum l.....
- Alto: Bo-tum filius, mōis mōis mōis Sanctorum l.....
- Bass: Etōrum filius, mōis mōis mōis Sanctorum l.....
- Soprano: l...
- Alto: l...
- Bass: l...
- Soprano: l...
- Alto: l...
- Bass: l...
- Soprano: l...
- Alto: l...
- Bass: l...

pietosa pietosa in Conspectu
 pietosa pietosa in Conspectu
 pietosa in Conspectu

 Domini pietosa pietosa pietosa in Conspectu Domini
 Domini pietosa in Conspectu Domini
 Domini pietosa in Conspectu Domini

Handwritten musical score for three voices. The vocal parts are written on five-line staves. The music consists of mostly quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are in French, with some Latin words like "mots", "sanctum", and "jus". The key signature changes between common time and 3/4 time.

ni mots mots mots sanctum l..... jus; pretie
 ni mots mots mots sanctum l..... jus; pretie
 mots mots mots sancto.. sum l..... jus;

Handwritten musical score for three voices, continuing from the previous page. The vocal parts are on five-line staves. The lyrics continue in French and Latin, including "in Conspectu do: mini mots mots sanctum" and "mots Sancto.. sum l..... jus, mots mots Sanc". The key signature changes between common time and 3/4 time.

=ola in Conspectu do: mini mots mots sanctum
 =ola in Conspectu do: mini mots mots sanctum
 mots Sancto.. sum l..... jus, mots mots Sanc

29

A musical score for the first verse of "The Star-Spangled Banner". The vocal line starts with a dotted half note followed by a quarter note, then a half note, another half note, and a dotted half note. It then continues with a half note, a half note, a half note, and a half note, ending with a half note and a fermata. The lyrics "for" are written below the staff.

A musical score page featuring a vocal line on a treble clef staff and a piano accompaniment on a bass clef staff. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with lyrics including 'O'er the land of the free', 'and the brave', 'We'll be here', 'till the end', 'of the battle', 'when our cause', 'is our country', 'our home', and 'the free'. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

A musical score page showing a single line of music. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in a cursive Gothic script: 'Ejus, missus missus missi sanctorum Ejus.'

A musical score page showing measures 71 through 78. The score consists of five staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 71 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note. Measure 72 begins with a half note. Measure 73 contains a single eighth note. Measure 74 features a half note. Measure 75 includes a half note. Measure 76 has a half note. Measure 77 contains a half note. Measure 78 concludes with a half note.

A musical score page showing two measures of music. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). Measure 10 starts with a half note followed by a whole note. Measure 11 starts with a half note followed by a whole note.

A page from a handwritten musical score. The page contains two systems of music. System 1 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It consists of four measures of music. System 2 starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It also consists of four measures of music.

A blank musical staff consisting of five horizontal lines and four spaces, starting with a clef.

*Tombeau
du Chœur*

A musical score page showing measures 1 through 7. The key signature changes from B-flat major (two flats) to A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 1 starts with a half note. Measures 2-4 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 5-7 continue the eighth-note patterns, with measure 7 ending on a half note.

Chœur. hymnus

30



Sigil



l...-jus,
l...-jus,
l...-jus;
l...-jus;

vota mea domino
vota mea domino
vota mea domino
vota mea domino

l...-jus
l...-jus

vota mea domino

A handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and piano. The vocal parts are in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The piano part is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts consist of three staves, each with a different vocal range: soprano (highest), alto, and bass (lowest). The piano part is on a single staff below the vocal parts. The music is divided into two systems. The first system contains five measures of vocal music followed by a measure of piano music. The second system contains four measures of vocal music followed by a measure of piano music. The lyrics are in Latin: "Ridam Coram omni populo e...-jus, vota mea domino". The score is written in black ink on white paper.



54

doucement

pietiosa in Conspectu Domini in Conspectu Domi-

pieti-

pietosa pieti-

pietosa pietosa in Conspectu Domi-

pieti: os in Conspectu Domi-

doucement

ni mots sanctorum e...-jus, mots sanctorum e...-jus, mots
- ois in Conspec-tu do: mini mots mots mots
- ois in Conspec-tu do: mini mots
ni mots sanctorum e...-jus, mots mots
ni mots sanctorum e...-jus, mots mots

Soprano

mots sanctotum l...-jus, mots mots mots Jane =
 mots sanctotum l...-jus, mots mots Jane =
 mots sancto:rum l...-jus, mots mots sancto =
 mots sancto:rum l...-jus, mots mots sancto =

totum l-----jus, pretiosa p*re*tiosa in Conspectu Domini
 : to ... tum l-jus,
 : tum l-----jus,
 : tum l-----jus, p*re*tiosa in Conspectu Domini
 : tum l-----jus,

(Measures 1-4)

(Measures 5-8)

(Measures 9-12)

(Measures 13-16)

ni mots mots Sanctorum l-----jus, mots mots
 pretiosa in Conspectu Do:- mini mots
 pretiosa pretiosa in Conspectu Domini mots mots
 hi mots mots Sanctorum l-jus, mots mots
 pretiosa in Conspectu Do:- mini mots

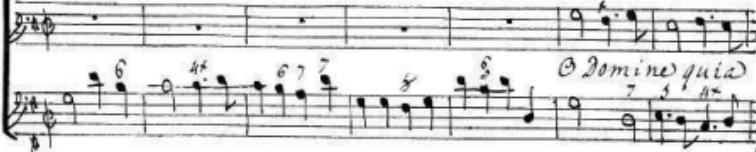
Sancto:rum E--jus, mots mots sanctorum E--jus,
mots sanctorum E--jus, mots mots sanctorum E--jus,
Sanctorum E--jus, mots mots sanctorum E--jus,
Sancto:rum E--jus, mots sanctum mots sanctum E--jus,
mots sancto:rum E--jus, mots mots sanctorum E--jus,

A handwritten musical score on six staves. The first five staves are soprano voices, each with a different key signature: F major (one sharp), C major (no sharps or flats), G major (one sharp), D major (two sharps), and A major (three sharps). The lyrics are in Latin, repeated in each staff: "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sancto : rum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", and "mots mots sancto --- rum l...-jus.". The sixth staff is blank.

A continuation of the handwritten musical score on six staves. The staves correspond to the soprano voices from the previous page, maintaining the same key signatures and lyrics: "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sancto : rum l...-jus.", "mots mots mots sanctotum l...-jus.", and "mots mots sancto --- rum l...-jus.". The sixth staff is blank.

grecorum et latini tenor

41



O Domine quia



Ego servus tuus

quid Ego servus tuus,



Ego servus tuus, et filius ancille tuae, et filius ancille



Tu - - w;
 O Domine quia Ego servus
 tuus,
 quia Ego servus tuus,
 Ego servus
 tuus,
 tu: us, et filius ancilla tu - - - - - a,

A handwritten musical score page featuring five staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The vocal line starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The third staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It contains a melodic line with various note values and rests. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It includes dynamic markings such as *hautbois haut* and *violons*, and includes measure numbers 4, 5, 6, and 7.

et filius ancilla tua, et filius ancilla tua - - - -

4 6 5 6 4 3

hautbois haut

violons

24

A handwritten musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and basso continuo. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, while the continuo part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts consist of soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The continuo part includes a basso continuo staff and a harpsichord staff. The vocal parts sing in Latin, with lyrics including "Diripiasti vincula mea", "Diripiasti diripiasti diripiasti", "Diripiasti vincula mea... a, trahi sacrificabo", "hostiam lau... dis, trahi, siebi sacrificas...", and "7 8". The continuo part features basso continuo notation with various basses and a harpsichord part with sixteenth-note patterns.

Diripiasti vincula mea Diripiasti diripiasti diripiasti diripiasti
Diripiasti vincula mea... a, trahi sacrificabo
hostiam lau... dis, trahi, siebi sacrificas...
7 8

Bo sacrificia... Bo hostiam lat... dis.

Et nomen domini invoc...

Ca... Bo Invoca... Bo, et nomen domini invoc...

46

Cabo Invoca - - - - Bo Invoca - - - -

Dirupisti vincula meas dirupisti

Dirupisti dirupisti vincula mea - - a, te =

bi hæcificabo hostiam lau... sis et nomen domini Invoco...

ca... bo Invoca... bo, et nomen domini Invocabo

In voca... bo In voca... bo

1
2
3
4
5

Invoca..... so nomen domini

Invoca..... so

Invoca..... so.

Flutes

Flutes

votis meis a domino reddamus in conspectu Omnis

violons

populi et justus in atrio domini, in

(soutien)
ou chœur

medio rui Ierusalensis Ierusalem.

50

Chorus

A handwritten musical score for a four-part choir. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal range: soprano (S), alto (A), tenor (T), and bass (B). The music is written in common time. The lyrics, written in Latin, are repeated five times across the top of the page. The lyrics are:

vota mea domino reddam in conspectu omnis populi
vota mea domino reddam in conspectu omnis populi

The music features various note heads, including quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and thirty-second notes. There are also rests and fermatas. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

e...-...-jus, in altis do-mus domini in medio

l...-jus, in atrio domus Domini in medio

E-----ias, in altis domus domini in medio

l.....-jus, in atrio domus domini in medio

8.....-jus, in atrio domus domini in medio





sous

53

in Conspectu Omnis populi

in atris

in atris

in atris

in atris

in atris

sous

sous

sous

sous

Domus Domini in medio tui Ierusalem Ierusa=
Domus Domini in medio tui Ierusalem Ierusa=

June

55

-sem; in altis do-mus domini, in medio tui Je-

$\approx 1.2 \text{ m}$;

269

100

1000

Flutes

Hauter

200

Drexel

Tonus

i:tu = Salu: vota mea domino reddam in conspectu
 votas mea domino reddam in conspectu

Tonus

Tonus

Tonus

Omnis populi Iesus, in attis domus domini,
 Omnis populi : Iesus, in attis domus domini,
 Omnis populi Iesus
 Omnis populi Iesus in medio
 Omnis populi Iesus, in medio
 Omnis populi Iesus, in medio



A handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The top three staves are for voices, with lyrics in Latin: "in altis do: mus domini Iesu.....", "in altis do: mus domini Iesu.....", and "in medio tui se-". The bottom five staves are for piano, showing a bass line and harmonic progression. The music is in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, B-flat major). The score is written on five-line staff paper.

... Salém Jérusalém, in medio tui Jésu... Salém: in
 Jérusalém Jérusalém; in medio tui Jésu..... Salém:
 Jérusalém Jérusalém in medio tui Jésu: Salém:
 Jérusalém Jérusalém, in medio tui Jésu-Salém:
 Jérusalém Jérusalém; in medio tui Jésu-Salém.

Musical score for four voices and three instruments:

- Flute 1:** The top staff consists of two parts. The first part starts with a melodic line in common time, followed by a section where the notes are grouped in pairs. The second part begins with a sustained note (held over from the previous measure).
- Flute 2:** The middle staff consists of two parts. The first part is a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second part begins with a sustained note.
- Organ:** The bottom staff consists of two parts. The first part is a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second part begins with a sustained note.

Go

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The top staff is soprano, the second staff is alto, the third staff is bass, and the fourth staff is tenor. The fifth through tenth staves are for the piano. The vocal parts begin with a melodic line, while the piano parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

altis domus domini, in medio tui Ierusalem

Tonus

Jerusalem: in atris do-mus domini in medio
Jeru.....alem in medio

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano part is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#), indicated by a treble clef and a sharp sign above the staff.

The vocal parts sing the same melody, which consists of eighth-note patterns. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note chords.

The lyrics are repeated four times, starting with "Tui Jerusalēm Je-rusalem: vota mea domino reddam," followed by "Iu.....alem Jerusalēm: vota mea domino reddam," and so on. The lyrics are written in a cursive Gothic script.

Below the musical score, there is a blank area for handwriting practice, consisting of five sets of five-line staves.

in Conspectu omnis populi ejus, in atris do-mus
in Conspectu omnis populi ejus, in atris do-mus
in Conspectu omnis populi ejus,
in Conspectu omnis populi ejus,
in Conspectu omnis populi ejus,



A handwritten musical score for four voices (SATB) and piano. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system has four staves, each with a vocal line and a basso continuo line below it. The bottom system has three staves, each with a vocal line and a basso continuo line below it. The vocal parts are written in common time, while the continuo parts are in 6/8 time. The music is in G major, indicated by a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. The first system starts with "Domini, in atris domus domini". The second system starts with "in medio tui Ierusalem". The continuo parts provide harmonic support, with basso continuo parts featuring sustained notes and chords.

Domini, in atris domus domini
Domini, in atris domus domini, in
in medio tui Ierusalem in
in medio tui Ierusalem in
in medio tui Ierusalem in

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are written on four-line staves, and the piano part is on a single staff below them. The vocal parts begin with the lyrics "Iesu - - - - - Ierusalem Ierusalem" followed by "me dio tui Ierusalem Ierusalem". The piano part consists of a bass line and harmonic chords. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The page number 63 is in the top right corner.

Iesu - - - - - Ierusalem Ierusalem.
me dio tui Ierusalem Ierusalem.
me dio tui Ierusalem Ierusalem.
me dio tui Ierusalem Ierusalem.

turnez
au cléur

66 Chœur

Handwritten musical score for choir, numbered 66. The score consists of six staves of music in G major, 4/4 time. The lyrics are written in Latin, appearing below the first, second, third, and fourth staves. The first staff begins with a soprano vocal line, followed by alto, tenor, bass, and two more bass voices. The lyrics are:

gloria Sa...Hi et fi...lio et spi...ru...

gloria Sa...Hi et fi...lio

gloria

The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

Spiritui sancto glorias beatus
 glorias beatus filio et spiritu tuo
 glorias beatus tri et filio et spiritu tuo
 glorias beatus tri et filio et spiritu tuo
 beatus tri et filio et spiritu tuo

Hi et filio et spiritui sancto; gloria Ba...
 i spiritu rui sancto;
 spiritu spiritui sancto;
 et spiritu-i sancto;
 spiritu-i sancto;

(The music consists of five staves of handwritten musical notation in common time, featuring quarter and eighth notes, rests, and various rhythmic patterns. The notation is written on five-line staff paper, with some staves having a key signature of one sharp and others having no sharps or flats. The lyrics are written below each staff, corresponding to the musical phrases.)

A handwritten musical score for organ or choir, featuring two systems of music. The top system consists of three staves, each with a soprano vocal line and an organ harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics are written in Latin: 'et sp̄iti... tui sancto glori...', 'gloria la... et fi... o gloria', 'gloria la... tri et fi... li...', and 'gloria la... tri et'. The bottom system contains five staves, all of which are currently blank, suggesting they are intended for a second choir or a different section of the organ.

: a Da... tri et filio er fi... li o et spiritui sancto
 lati et fi... li o et spiritui sancto et spiritui sancto
 = o gloria Da... tri et fi... li o et filio glori=
 fi... li o gloria Da... tri et fi... li =
 gloria gloria as Da... tri et fi... li =

A handwritten musical score for two voices, featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of ten measures of music, each containing lyrics in Latin: "la...to, gloria La...tti et fi...lio", repeated three times, followed by "gloria La...ti et fi...li:o, gloria La...ti et fi...li:o". The bottom staff consists of five measures of music, ending with "gloria La...". The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems.

A continuation of the handwritten musical score from page 71. It features two staves of music. The top staff has four measures of music, ending with a repeat sign and a double bar line. The bottom staff has five measures of music, ending with "gloria La...". The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems.

gloria La... tri li filio et spiritui spiritu-
 fi li o et spiritui et spiritui spiritu-
 = o et fi li o et spiritui et spiritui spiritu-
 li fi = li = o et spiritu = tui spiritu =
 = tui et fi = li = o et spiritu = tui spiritu =

legatolement

Sicut erat in principio et nunc est tempus
Sicut erat in principio et nunc est tempus

legatolement

Sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in saecula saeculo =
 Sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in saecula saeculo =
 et in saecula saeculo =

:tum amen, a.....men, et in saecula
 :tum amen, et in saecula saecu = losum in saecula
 :tum a...men, a.....men, et in saecula
 :tum a...men, a.....men, Et in saecula
 :tum a...men, et in saecula
 :tum a...men, et in saecula

Seculorum a:men, Sicut Erat in principio et nunc et sem=
 Seculorum amen, Sicut Erat in principio et nunc et sem=
 Seculorum a:men, Sicut Erat in principio et nunc et sem=
 Seculorum a:men, Sicut Erat in principio et nunc et sem=
 Seculorum a:men, Sicut Erat in principio et nunc et sem=



Seculotum amen, a-----men, et in
 Seculotum amen, et in Secula Seculo-rum amen, et in
 Seculotum amen, et in Secula Seculotum amen, et in
 Et in Secula Seculotum amen, et in
 a-----men, et in

The musical score is handwritten on ten staves of five-line staff paper. The top two staves contain Latin text: "Seculotum amen, a-----men, et in" on the first, and "Seculotum amen, et in Secula Seculo-rum amen, et in" on the second. The bottom six staves provide harmonic support, starting with eighth-note chords on the first staff, followed by sixteenth-note patterns on the second, and sustained notes on the third through ninth staves. The notation uses various clefs (G, C, F) and time signatures (common time). The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are vocal parts, each with lyrics: "Amen, a - men, a - men". The bottom four staves are for the piano, featuring a variety of rhythmic patterns and dynamics. The music is written in common time, with various clefs (F, C, G) and key signatures.

men, et in secula seculorum amen, a - - -
 men, et in secula seculorum a - men, a - - -
 Et in secula seculorum a - men, a - - -
 men, et in secula seculorum a - men, a - - -
 Et in secula seculo - rum amen, a - - -

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and basso continuo. The score is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, while the continuo part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts consist of three staves: Soprano (top), Alto (middle), and Tenor (bottom). The continuo part is on a single staff at the bottom of the page. The music is written in black ink on white paper. The vocal parts feature melodic lines with various note heads and stems. The continuo part includes a bass line with note heads and a series of vertical strokes indicating the performance of the harpsichord or organ. The score is set within a rectangular border.

men a---men; sicut erat in principio et nunc et
men a---men; sicut erat in principio et nunc et
men a---men; sicut erat in principio et nunc et
men a---men; sicut erat in principio et nunc et
men a---men; sicut erat in principio et nunc et

Semper; et in secula sa: Cu: lotum et in secula
Semper a mens amissio a
Semper; et in secula sa: Cu: lotum
Semper; et in secula sa: Cu: lotum
Semper;
Semper;

A handwritten musical score page featuring five systems of music. The first system consists of two staves, both in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The lyrics 'secu = lo.....tum a.....' are written above the top staff, and 'men, et in secula se:cu = lotum' is written below the bottom staff. The second system contains two staves, both in common time. The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The lyrics 'a.....' are written above the top staff, and 'a.....' is written below the bottom staff. The third system contains two staves, both in common time. The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The fourth system contains two staves, both in common time. The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The fifth system contains two staves, both in common time. The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef.

A handwritten musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The top section consists of two staves for voices, each with a soprano and alto part. The lyrics are written below the notes. The basso continuo part is at the bottom, featuring a bassoon line with various slurs and grace notes, and a cello/bass line with sustained notes. The score is in common time.

men a - men, a - men, a -
men a - men, a - men, a -
men a - men, Et in Sacula sa - cu - lo -
men a - men, Et in Sacula sa - cu - lo -
Et in Sacula sa - cu - lo -

:men et in secula sa : cu = lo --- rum et in secula
 :rum et in secula sa : cu = lo = = rum, et in secula
 :rum et in secula sa : cu = lo --- rum et in secula
 :rum et in secula

et in secula

:rum a men, et in secula

Ite Cu = lo : sum
a
Ite Cu = lo : sum
a
Ite Cu = lo : sum Et in Sacula Ite Cu = lo : sum
a
Ite Cu = lo : sum Et in Sacula Ite Cu = lo : sum
a
Ite Cu = lo : sum a

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and organ. The score consists of eight staves. The first four staves are vocal parts with Latin text: "mew a ... mew, a ...", "mew a ... mew, a ...", "amen a ... men, et in sacula sa : calorum", and "amen, a ... men, et in sacula sa : calorum". The fifth staff is for the organ, featuring a continuous pattern of sixteenth-note chords. The sixth staff is also for the organ, showing a similar pattern. The seventh staff is for the organ, and the eighth staff is for the organ.

men, a - men.

men a - men.

Amen, a - men.

amen, a - men.

men, a - men.

