

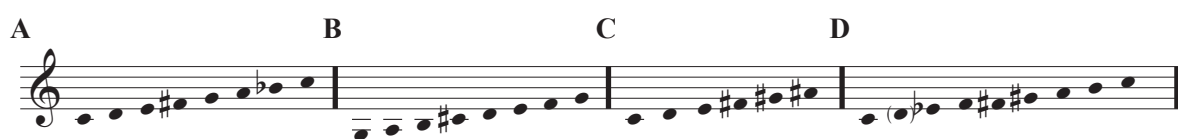
**Davide Verotta**

**String Quartet No.7**  
**Solitari**  
**(2020)**

## COMPOSITION NOTES

**String Quartet No.7, Solitari**, is as an asynchronous composition, one in which the players are not required to play notes according to their vertical alignment in the score. The motivation for the piece arises as a response to the 2020 COVID-19 epidemic, and the necessity, due to shelter-in-place directives, for ensemble players to rehearse and perform remotely from each other. The consequent use of wi-fi and communication software introduces uncontrollable delays in the individuals' playing, which in turns makes synchronization among the players as written in any score impossible. The solution to this compositional problem looks back to the semi-aleatoric writing from the second half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century and solves the problem of retaining coordination among players over the length of the composition by always identifying a lead player who effectively takes the place of a conductor.

The scales depicted below are used throughout out the piece. A, B, C and D are the C and G acoustic, whole tone, and octatonic scale. The Hungarian major (octatonic with missing D) is also used. Chords and counterpoint follow tertian and occasionally quartal harmony, but free counterpoint is also frequently used.



## PERFORMANCE NOTES

Each movement of the piece is organized as a chain of sections, each led by one of the players. The lead player is called *solitario*, and the non-lead players are identified in the score as *ad libitum*. In each part, either *solitario* or *ad libitum*, the rhythmic values should be respected; however, the *ad libitum* players are encouraged to follow the *solitario* player with a short arbitrary delay. Consequently, the placement of one note above another in the score does not necessarily mean that they are played simultaneously.

There is always only one *solitario* player, with the exception of short sections where there are none.

During each section, the players should not necessarily try to synchronize their playing. At the start of each new *solitario* section, marked by a vertical arrow in the score, the *ad libitum* players can remove, shorten, or lengthen written notes, and rests, to make sure to start playing after the *solitario* player starts the new section.

An X notehead marks notes of approximate duration. All *pizzicato* is unstopped with no vibrato.

Duration: around 15'.

## PROGRAM NOTES

**String Quartet No.7, Solitari**, is a dramatic piece in four movements written during the 2020 COVID-19 Pandemic. It is divided in five sections, a slow paced *Lontano* that opens with high register chords (played in harmonics), a faster *Scherzando Imperioso*, a pensive *Memories*, and the final fastest *Agitato* that is followed by a slow section that replays the opening chords of *Lontano* (now in a low register) and a distilled version of one of the main motives of the piece. **Solitari** is as an asynchronous composition, one in which the players are not required to play notes according to their vertical alignment in the score. The motivation for the piece arose as a response to shelter-in-place directives, which prevent ensemble players from rehearsing and performing together. The solution to this compositional problem looks back to the semi-aleatoric writing from the second half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century and solves the problem of retaining coordination among players by always identifying a lead player who serves as a reference for the other players.

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# Solitari

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**I. Lontano** ♩ = 50

*ad libitum* 5

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello

*Vc. solitario*

*p* *pp* *mp* *ad libitum*

The beginning of a solitario section is marked with an arrow.

10 15 Vln. I sltr.

*p* *pp* *mp* *ad lib.*

**A**

19 25

*ad lib.*

An X notehead marks notes of approximate duration

Vln. II sltr.

[illegible][illegible]

caotico until viola solitario

53

Vln. I

*sfz*

Vln. II

*mf*

Vla.

*sfz*

Vc.

*sfz mf*

*sfz* *mf*

55

ad lib.

58

60

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz* *mf*

*f*

*sfz* *f*

*sfz* *mf*

*f*

*sfz* *mf*

Violins I and II, Viola, and Violoncello, measures 63-66. The score shows a progression of dynamics from *sfz* to *f* to *ff*. The key signature has one sharp (F#). Measure 63 starts with a treble clef for Violins I and II, and a bass clef for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 64 has a treble clef for Violins I and II, and a bass clef for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 65 has a treble clef for Violins I and II, and a bass clef for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 66 has a treble clef for Violins I and II, and a bass clef for Viola and Violoncello. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

4  
73

ad lib.

75

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vla. sltr.*

78

80

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

84

85

Ⓒ

*sempre p*

*sempre p*

*ad lib.*

*mp*

*Vc. sltr.*

*mp*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

91

95

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

97

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz*

*f* *f* *f*

5

102

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz*

*ad lib.* *ad lib.*

*f* *ff* *ff*

107

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*f* *f* *f*

(D)

110

112

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf* *mf* *mf*

0

6  
117

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*ad lib.*

*Vln. II sltr.*

*p*

120

123

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sempre ad lib.*

125

128

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sempre ad lib.*

130

III. Memories ♩ = 60

*Vln. I sltr.*

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II

Vla. pizz. ad lib. *f*

Vc. pizz. ad lib. *f*

*mf*

*p*

3

5

7

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II pizz. ad lib. *f*

Vla. *f*

Vc. *f*

*p*

*f*

6

10

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II arco *p*

Vla. *mf*

Vc. *mf*

*ad lib.*

*Vln. II sltr.*

*p*

11

15

Vln. I

Vln. II *ad lib.*

Vla. arco

Vc. arco *p*

*mp*

*mp*

*Vc. sltr.*

3

3

3

**E**

Più veloce ♩ = 72

17

8 24 25

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*p*

*pp*

*Vln. II sltr.*

*pp*

*ad lib.*

*pp*

30

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*p*

*p*

35 40

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

41 45

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*pp*

*ppp*

*f*

*p*

*Vla. sltr.*

*ad lib.*

Più veloce ♩ = 80

48 50 9

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

51 *Vln. I sltr.* **F**

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*ad lib.*

*p*

*mf*

*p*

*mf*

54 55

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*f*

*mf*

*p*

*mf*

*p*

57

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*p*

*mf*

*p*

10  
59

60

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*f*

62

65

Tempo Primo ♩ = 60

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*f*

*sfz*

Vln.II, Vla. and Vc.  
emphatically cut off sequentially  
(in the same order in which they entered)

66

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*p*

IV. Agitato ♩ = 100

Vln.I repeats ad lib. until Vla. starts playing

5

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*p*

*Vla. sltr.*

*p*

7 10

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

13 15

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vln. I sltr.*  
*p*

*ad lib.*

*p* *pp*

20

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sf p* *sf p*

*ad lib.*

*pp* *Vln. II sltr.*

*p* *pp*

27 30

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*p* *ad lib.*

*sf p* *sf p*

*Vc. sltr.*  
*p*

12 34 35

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*pp*

*p*

*pp*

*sf*

*p*

*sf*

*p*

*sf*

*p*

*pp*

*ad lib.*

40 45

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*mf*

*ad lib.*

*mf*

*mf*

47 50

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

53 55

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

59 60 ad lib.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

65

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

70 75

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

*sfz*

76 80

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sfz*

*ff*

*ff*

*ff*

14 82 85

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

87

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

↓

**Molto più lento** ♩ = 80

93 95

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vla. sltr.*

*sub. p*

*p*

98 100

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*ad lib.*

*Vc. sltr.*

*p*

*mf*

*subito f*

104 105

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*ff*

*ff*

15

109 110

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vln. II sltr.*

*ff*

ad lib.

115 120

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*f*

*f*

121 125

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vln. I sltr.*

ad lib.

16  
127

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*sempre ad lib.*

*ff*

*f*

*ff*

*f*

*sempre ad lib.*

*ff*

140

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

$\text{♩} = \text{♩} (\text{♩} = 80)$

ad lib.

145

*p*

ad lib.

*mp*

*pp*

*p*

*Vc. sltr.*

*p*

*mp*

*pp*

*p*

Violin I (Vln. I) part: Measures 149-155. The part begins with a half note G4 (marked *p*), followed by a half note A4 (marked *pp* with an accent). In measure 150, there is a whole rest. In measure 151, there is a half note B4 (marked *p*). In measure 152, there is a whole note B4. In measure 153, there is a whole note B4. In measure 154, there is a whole note B4. In measure 155, there is a whole note B4. A downward arrow points to measure 150 with the text "Vln. I str.".

Violin II (Vln. II) part: Measures 149-155. The part consists of whole rests in all measures.

Viola (Vla.) part: Measures 149-155. The part begins with a half note G3, followed by a half note A3. In measure 150, there is a whole rest. In measure 151, there is a half note B3. In measure 152, there is a whole note B3. In measure 153, there is a whole note B3. In measure 154, there is a whole note B3. In measure 155, there is a whole note B3. A downward arrow points to measure 150 with the text "ad lib.".

Violoncello (Vc.) part: Measures 149-155. The part begins with a half note G2, followed by a half note A2. In measure 150, there is a whole rest. In measure 151, there is a half note B2. In measure 152, there is a whole note B2. In measure 153, there is a whole note B2. In measure 154, there is a whole note B2. In measure 155, there is a whole note B2.

160

ad lib.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*pp* *Vln. II sltr.*

*mf*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*p*

*p*

169

170

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*Vln. I sltr.*

*Vla. sltr.*

ad lib.

*Vc. sltr.*

178

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.