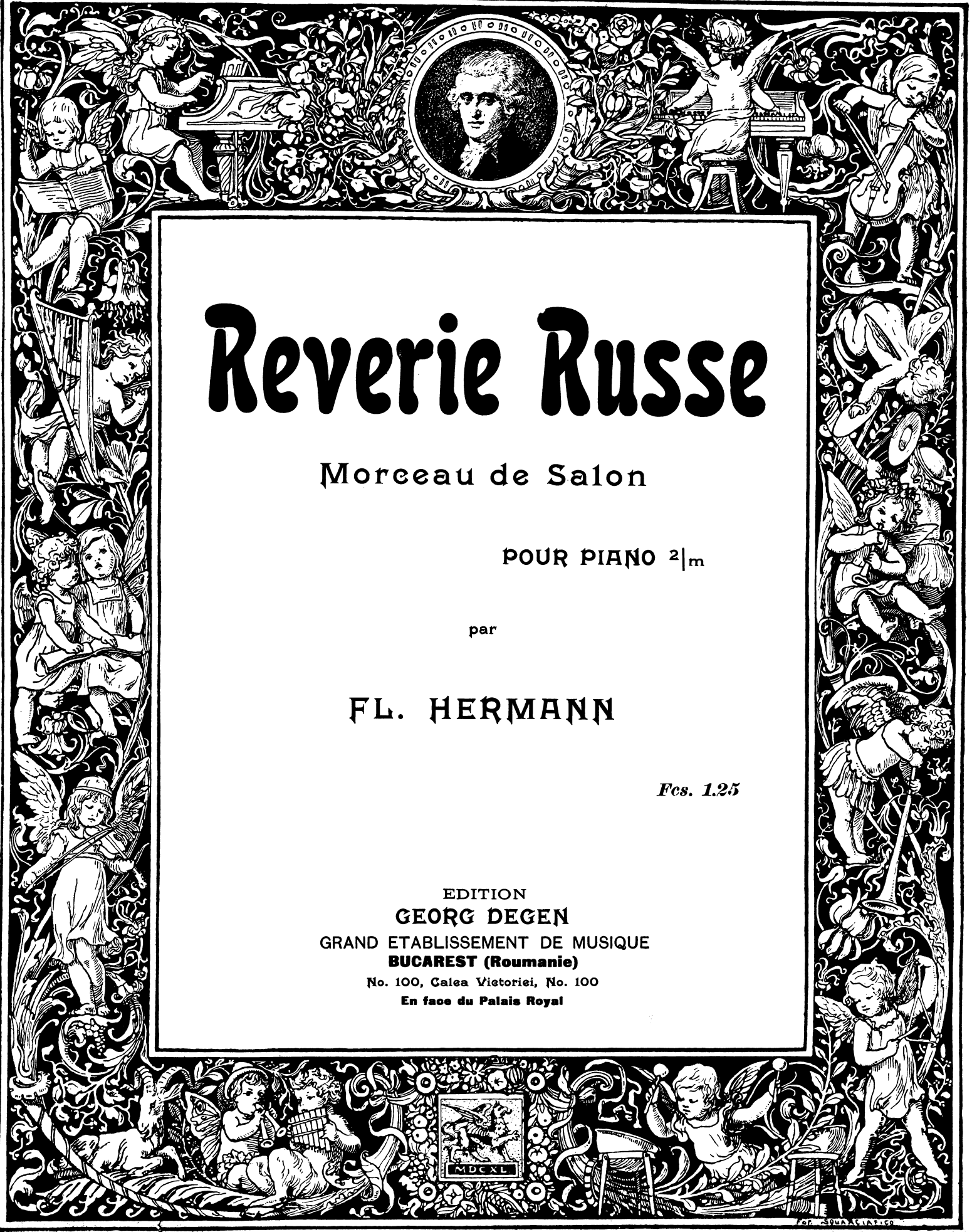


The entire page is framed by a highly detailed, black and white ornate border. It features numerous cherubs (putti) in various poses, some playing musical instruments like harps, pianos, and violins. The border is filled with intricate floral and scrollwork patterns. At the top center, there is a circular medallion containing a portrait of a man, likely the composer. At the bottom center, there is a small rectangular stamp with the year 'MDCCXL' (1844) and a figure.

Reverie Russe

Morceau de Salon

POUR PIANO 2|m

par

FL. HERMANN

Fcs. 1.25

EDITION
GEORG DEGEN
GRAND ETABLISSEMENT DE MUSIQUE
BUCAREST (Roumanie)

No. 100, Calea Victoriei, No. 100
En face du Palais Royal

RÊVERIE RUSSE.

Florian Hermann, Op. 2.

Introduction.

PIANO.

The Introduction is written for piano in a minor key with a common time signature. It features a series of chords and single notes in the right hand, with a more active bass line. Dynamics include piano (*p*) and fortissimo (*ff*). Fingering numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are indicated for the right hand.

Rêverie.

Andante con moto.

The main body of the piece is marked 'Andante con moto' and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and the instruction 'dolorosamente' (dolorously). The melody in the right hand is characterized by long, expressive intervals and is often accompanied by a simple harmonic bass line. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and repeat signs. Dynamics fluctuate between piano (*p*) and fortissimo (*f*). Fingering is extensively used throughout the piece. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs for the final section.

[illegible]

pp e leggerissimo

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The music is in common time. The score consists of two systems. The first system has a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The piano part includes a bass line and a treble line. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings. There are also some markings like "8" and "4" above the vocal line, and "2" and "3" below the piano line. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff features a sequence of chords and triplets, with an 8-measure rest indicated by a dashed line. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with sustained chords.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff includes complex rhythmic patterns with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and an 8-measure rest. The bass staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a crescendo hairpin. A dynamic marking of *pp e poco rall.* appears in the middle of the system. The system concludes with a fermata over a chord in the bass staff.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with chords and includes a mezzo-forte (*m.g.*) marking. The bass staff features a mezzo-dolce (*m.d.*) marking and a 4-measure rest. The system ends with a fermata over a chord in the bass staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff consists of sustained chords. The bass staff contains a series of eighth-note runs, with a 5-measure rest indicated by a dashed line. The system concludes with a fermata over a chord in the bass staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff features sustained chords. The bass staff continues with eighth-note runs, including a 5-measure rest indicated by a dashed line. The system concludes with a fermata over a chord in the bass staff.

First system of musical notation. The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes. The left hand features a melodic line with a four-measure phrase, a three-measure phrase, and a five-measure phrase. Dynamics include *cresc*, *f*, and *p*.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues with chords. The left hand has a melodic line with a five-measure phrase and a three-measure phrase. Dynamics include *poco rit.* and *cresc.*

Third system of musical notation. The right hand plays chords. The left hand features a melodic line with a five-measure phrase and a four-measure phrase. Dynamics include *f*, *p*, and *poco rit.*

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand plays chords. The left hand has a melodic line with a five-measure phrase and a four-measure phrase. Dynamics include *cresc.* and *p*.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand plays chords. The left hand features a melodic line with a five-measure phrase and a four-measure phrase. Dynamics include *rit.*, *a tempo*, *poco rit. e calando*, and *pp*.

Nou! Nou! MARE SUCCES Nou! Nou!

Noutăți musicale apărute în editura Magasinu-
lui de Musică

Georg Degen

BUCURESCI, CALEA VICTORIEI, 100
..... în fața Palatului Regal

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| 1. Romanțe. — | Baronca Visul Ferice | 25. Galop brillant. — | Baronca, Virginie Galop |
| 2. » | Degen, Sophie Fuge timpul | 26. Valses. — | Collini M., Laura Vals. |
| 3. » | Brătianu Ionel, Nu-i de glumit cu ochi frumoși. | 27. » | Ohlesen, Dolce Far Niente |
| 4. » | Brătianu Ionel, Un prinț înamorat | 28. » | Berger, Réponse a Amoureuse. |
| 5. » | Collini M. Privirea ta (Ton Regard). | 29. » | Degen Sophie. Le voyage de noce |
| 6. » | Constantinescu E. Nu întreba | 30. » | Dicker, Le premier amour |
| 7. » | » De s'ar putea. | 31. » | » Pensée d'une amoureuse IV ^{ème} édition. |
| 8. » | Sub. Locot. Dâmboviceanu, Zadarnic. | 32. » | » Jeanette Vals IV ^{ème} edition |
| 9. » | Lax B. Ochiul tăi atât de mândri | 33. » | Margis, Vals bleue |
| 10. » | Ziehrer, Fiul slăvită o noapte de amor. (din operetta «Vagabonții» | 34. » | Berger F. Amoureuse |
| 11. » | Polihroyadé, Lângă tine draga mea. | 35. » | » » » avec paroles françaises. |
| 12. » | » In ochii tăi | 36. » | Reinhardt H. Süsse Mäd'ln (Fetele drăguțe) din Operetta. |
| 13. » | Udal, Visul de Amor (Du mein Girl). | 37. » | Zierer, In Lauschiger Nacht |
| 14. » | Reinhardt, Fata Drăguță, Cuplet din opereta «das Süsse Mäd'l». | 38. » | Zieher, Sammt ü'Seide, aūs de Operette (Fremdenführer). |
| 15. » | Andriani, Cât de grea mi'e Viața. (Que le jour me dire). | 39. » | Guardia, Au Golf de Neaple. |
| 16. » | Penn, Das Honigblümchen und die Biehne | 40. » | Wessley, Fiançailles. |
| 17. » | Tagliafico, Pauvre fou (Sermani disperat). Text Franc. și Român. | 41. » | Depret, Sourire d'Avril |
| 18. » | Tagliafico, Chanson de Marinette. (Cântul Mariorei) | 42. Polka-Mazurka — | Lax B. Sourire de mai |
| 19. » | Tagliafico, Je t'aime! Je t'aime! Je t'aime! (Mi-ești dragă). | 43. Morceau de Salon. — | Herman F. Reverie Russe. |
| 20. » | Delmet, Stance à Manon (Pentru Manon) | 44. » | Spindler, Steluța |
| 21. Marșuri. — | Kratochwill A., Sen. Viața Militară. (Brazda). Cu text. | 45. Hore. — | Alexandrescu N. Hora Gălățianca |
| 22. » | Bosc, Petits Pierots | 46. » | Brătianu Ionel, » Amorezaților |
| 23. » | Capua, Bersaglieri. | 47. » | Constantinescu E. » din Vlădeni |
| 24. Galop brillant. — | Baronca, Brune & Blonde IV ^{ème} edition | 48. Sârbe. — | Collini M. Sârba Turcréscă |
| | | 49. » | Constantinescu E. » Bucurie |
| | | 50. » | » » Veselie |
| | | 51. » | » » din Leordeni |
| | | 52. Dolna. — | Degen Sophie, Doina Ciobanului |

(În continuare alte noutăți!)